Users and Permissions: Takeaways ₪

by Dataquest Labs, Inc. - All rights reserved © 2021

Syntax

- Identifying users and their groups
 whoami
 id
 groups
 See file 's metadata: stat file
 Changing permissions:
 Symbolic notation: chmod [ugoa][+-][rwx] files .
 Adding execution permission to the owner on file : chmod u+x file .
 Removing writing permission to the primary group on file : chmod g-w file .
 Setting read and execution permissions to others on file : chmod o=rx file
 Changing several permissions simultaneously on file : chmod u+w,g-x,o-r file .
 Octal notation: chmod ddd where d represents a digit between 0 and 7 .
 ---: 0 (no permissions)
 --x: 1 (execute only permissions)
 -w-: 2 (write only permissions)
 - r-- : 4 (read only permissions)
 - r-x : 5 (read and execute permissions)

• -wx : 3 (write and execute permissions)

- rw- : 6 (read and write permissions)
- rwx: 7 (read, write, and execute permissions)
- Changing ownership on file : chown [new_owner][:new_group] file
 - Changing both the ownership and the group of file1 : sudo chown new_owner:new_group file .
 - Changing the ownership of file while maintaining its group: sudo chown new_owner file .
 - Changing the group of file while maintaining its ownership: sudo chown :new_group file .
- Running command with superuser privileges: sudo command

Concepts

- Operating systems implement the concept of users.
- In Unix-like systems, everything is a file.
- Files have owners and group owners.

- Permissions are limits to the actions that users can perform.
- Permissions are a property of both files and users.
- To facilitate managing permissions, there is also the concept of group (of users). Groups also have permissions.
- Some users (like the superuser) have permissions to do everything.
- Users can elevate their priveleges to that of the superuser. Extra care is needed when using this power.
- In *nix systems, users can elevate their privileges with sudo .

Resources

- The origin of "Everything is a file".
- The <u>setuid and setgid</u> permission bits.
- Difference between symbolic link and shortcut
- <u>Identifying file types in Linux</u>
- POSIX standards on chmod
- The Uppercase X in chmod
- Effective user and real user
- Changing default permissions on file creation

Takeaways by Dataquest Labs, Inc. - All rights reserved © 2021