Multiple Regression

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```
yx= read.csv("sim-reg-data.csv")
print(summary(yx))
##
                            x1
                                              x2
##
          :-2.2770
                             :0.00348
                                             : 0.004425
   \mathtt{Min}.
                     Min.
                                       Min.
   1st Qu.: 0.4562
                     1st Qu.:2.33474
                                       1st Qu.: 2.398081
  Median : 1.2172
                     Median :4.83693
                                       Median: 4.775174
## Mean
          : 1.2110
                     Mean
                             :4.90519
                                       Mean
                                              : 4.920732
    3rd Qu.: 2.0133
                                       3rd Qu.: 7.440223
                     3rd Qu.:7.48680
##
   Max.
          : 5.2494
                             :9.99582
                                       Max.
                                              : 9.999662
                     Max.
##
          xЗ
                              x4
                                                 x5
##
           :0.0001646
                               :0.001629
                                                  :0.001979
  Min.
                       Min.
                                          Min.
   1st Qu.:0.2444854
                       1st Qu.:0.247012
                                          1st Qu.:0.248805
## Median :0.5096922
                       Median :0.514615
                                          Median :0.515297
## Mean
         :0.5017638
                       Mean :0.506709
                                          Mean
                                                :0.506733
## 3rd Qu.:0.7567860
                       3rd Qu.:0.761047
                                          3rd Qu.:0.761768
## Max. :0.9999581
                       Max. :1.006039
                                          Max.
                                                 :1.005441
```

firstly do a multiple regression using all x variables

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim ., data = yx)
## Residuals:
                1Q Median
## -3.4575 -0.6490 0.0287 0.6639 4.0229
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.024640
                          0.089157
                                    -0.276
                                               0.782
                          0.007686
                                     3.295
                                               0.001 **
## x1
                0.025323
## x2
                0.035590
                          0.007742
                                      4.597 4.55e-06 ***
## x3
               4.248433 10.888697
                                      0.390
                                               0.696
               -5.126662
                          7.773133
                                    -0.660
                                               0.510
## x4
               2.767445
                          7.835586
                                     0.353
## x5
                                               0.724
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.007 on 1994 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2434, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2415
## F-statistic: 128.3 on 5 and 1994 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

compare out of sample error using x1, x2 and just x3

```
# number of rows (samples)
n = nrow(yx)
nd = 100
set.seed(99)
# define function to calculate RMSE
rmse =function(y, yhat){sqrt(mean((y-yhat)^2))}
n_{train} = floor(0.75*n)
# we want to do nd times and stores the rmse into the matrix
resM=matrix(0.0, nd, 2)
for(i in 1:nd)
  # sample n samples, create permutation and get n_train of them
  ii =sample(1:n, n_train)
  dftrain =yx[ii,]
  dftest=yx[-ii,]
  # use model to do regression and stroe result into the matrix
  lm12 = lm(y~x1+x2,dftrain)
  resM[i,1] = rmse(dftest$y, predict(lm12, dftest))
  lm3 = lm(y~x3, dftrain)
  resM[i,2]=rmse(dftest$y, predict(lm3, dftest))
}
print(resM)
##
              [,1]
                        [,2]
##
     [1,] 1.084532 0.9465677
     [2,] 1.159760 1.0207619
##
##
     [3,] 1.140393 1.0304673
##
     [4,] 1.081111 0.9760524
     [5,] 1.193746 1.0260841
##
##
     [6,] 1.136701 0.9894967
##
     [7,] 1.178023 1.0447490
##
     [8,] 1.184070 1.0323363
##
     [9,] 1.108348 0.9626128
## [10,] 1.176449 1.0366901
## [11,] 1.143812 0.9970594
   [12,] 1.156065 1.0229532
## [13,] 1.151103 0.9960485
## [14,] 1.143408 0.9990172
## [15,] 1.082749 0.9581638
## [16,] 1.186524 1.0530382
## [17,] 1.171890 1.0755028
## [18,] 1.145289 1.0100585
## [19,] 1.172381 1.0191388
## [20,] 1.137630 0.9861111
## [21,] 1.180952 0.9981352
## [22,] 1.149686 1.0090806
##
   [23,] 1.167521 1.0558872
## [24,] 1.150178 1.0277853
## [25,] 1.062680 0.9661059
## [26,] 1.108091 0.9790073
```

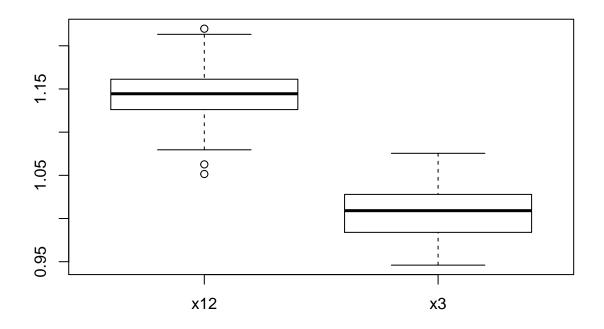
[27,] 1.144355 1.0209601

```
[28,] 1.193359 1.0280426
##
    [29,] 1.116866 0.9704890
    [30,] 1.123000 0.9763653
##
    [31,] 1.113875 1.0202733
##
    [32,] 1.136630 0.9685605
##
    [33,] 1.152949 1.0281195
    [34,] 1.142520 0.9935414
    [35,] 1.113631 1.0025701
##
    [36,] 1.194388 1.0481231
##
    [37,] 1.157918 1.0169777
    [38,] 1.143830 1.0312722
##
    [39,] 1.155738 1.0268724
    [40,] 1.122530 0.9789579
##
    [41,] 1.112717 0.9763913
##
    [42,] 1.149733 1.0301176
##
    [43,] 1.144565 1.0178586
##
    [44,] 1.159356 0.9935109
##
    [45,] 1.119263 0.9836522
    [46,] 1.130186 0.9509780
##
    [47,] 1.160347 1.0463073
##
    [48,] 1.113564 1.0032611
    [49,] 1.219810 1.0413093
##
    [50,] 1.163381 1.0398078
    [51.] 1.140961 1.0151551
##
    [52,] 1.153670 1.0018993
    [53,] 1.092996 0.9720844
##
    [54,] 1.171326 1.0034216
    [55,] 1.090527 0.9709416
##
    [56,] 1.162226 1.0334637
    [57,] 1.116269 0.9921441
##
    [58,] 1.152287 1.0462352
##
    [59,] 1.086699 0.9594445
##
    [60,] 1.136125 0.9842839
##
    [61,] 1.145939 1.0229774
##
    [62,] 1.118734 0.9800884
##
    [63,] 1.144952 1.0486906
##
    [64,] 1.129948 1.0114813
##
    [65,] 1.127878 0.9937986
##
    [66,] 1.140320 1.0189492
##
    [67,] 1.109268 0.9460153
    [68,] 1.155567 1.0063649
##
    [69,] 1.134475 1.0090669
    [70,] 1.148127 0.9934541
##
    [71,] 1.147409 1.0167974
    [72,] 1.147652 1.0031857
##
    [73,] 1.139542 0.9990304
    [74,] 1.199937 1.0252645
##
    [75,] 1.132503 1.0033179
    [76,] 1.171519 1.0359515
##
    [77,] 1.200366 1.0616450
##
    [78,] 1.149828 0.9931991
##
   [79,] 1.124358 0.9754937
##
   [80,] 1.172001 1.0532724
    [81,] 1.169434 1.0373105
```

```
[82,] 1.172918 1.0184050
    [83,] 1.051536 0.9557478
##
    [84,] 1.130450 0.9972808
##
    [85,] 1.137225 0.9723699
##
##
    [86,] 1.150057 1.0209316
##
    [87,] 1.165861 1.0172905
##
    [88,] 1.147746 1.0337237
    [89,] 1.101526 0.9809385
##
##
    [90,] 1.079561 0.9636960
##
    [91,] 1.131713 1.0147510
   [92,] 1.184355 1.0753226
   [93,] 1.213280 1.0711508
##
##
   [94,] 1.118285 0.9726385
   [95,] 1.142860 1.0145129
   [96,] 1.133813 1.0094608
##
   [97,] 1.141899 0.9748961
   [98,] 1.147745 1.0036927
  [99,] 1.132330 1.0241265
## [100,] 1.168358 1.0088372
```

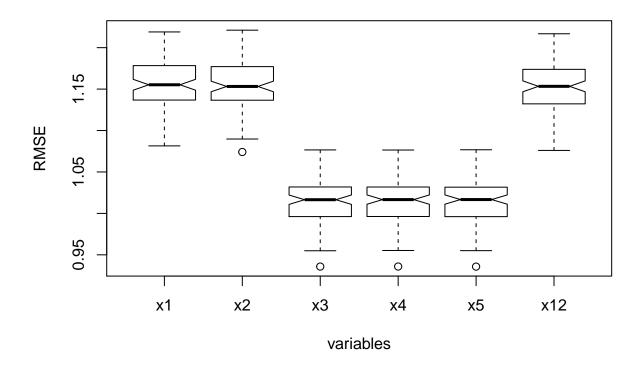
boxplot for the resM

```
colnames(resM)=c("x12","x3")
boxplot(resM)
```



now try each regression variable x1,2,3,4,5 and compare with x12

```
n = nrow(yx)
nd = 100
set.seed(98)
resM =matrix(0.0, nd, 6)
for(i in 1:nd)
  ii = sample(1:n, n train)
  dftrain=yx[ii,]
  dftest =yx[-ii,]
  lm1=lm(y~x1, dftrain)
  lm2=lm(y~x2, dftrain)
  lm3=lm(y~x3, dftrain)
  lm4=lm(y~x4, dftrain)
  lm5=lm(y~x5, dftrain)
  lm6=lm(y~x1+x2, dftrain)
  # calculate RMSE
  resM[i,1] = rmse(dftest$y, predict(lm1, dftest))
  resM[i,2]=rmse(dftest$y, predict(lm2, dftest))
  resM[i,3] =rmse(dftest$y, predict(lm3, dftest))
  resM[i,4]=rmse(dftest$y, predict(lm4, dftest))
  resM[i,5]=rmse(dftest$y, predict(lm5,dftest))
  resM[i,6]=rmse(dftest$y, predict(lm6, dftest))
colnames(resM)=c("x1","x2","x3","x4","x5","x12")
boxplot(resM, range=1.5, notch=TRUE, plot = TRUE, xlab="variables", ylab="RMSE")
```



using any of x3, x4, x5 to do regression will have lower out of sample prediction RMSE. Using just x1, x2 or combination of x1 and x2 have similar out of sample RMSE and much higher compared to x3, x4, x5

compare the analytical solution using least square as loss function with the result given by linear model in R

```
x=yx[,-1]
y=yx\$y
# convert the dataframe to numerical matrix first
y=data.matrix(y)
x= data.matrix(x)
xtx=t(x)%*%x
# compute the analytical value of beta hat
bhat = solve(xtx)%*%t(x)%*%y
print(bhat)
##
             [,1]
## x1 0.02446189
## x2 0.03466823
## x3
       6.15928915
## x4 -6.07225532
      1.79263977
lmf = lm(y^{-}., data.frame(x,y))
lmf$coefficients
```

```
## (Intercept) x1 x2 x3 x4 x5
## -0.02464036 0.02532344 0.03558996 4.24843259 -5.12666170 2.76744491
```

the number calculated from analytical solution and lm model doesnt match exactly

now first order condition

```
t(x)%*%(y-x%*%matrix(bhat, ncol=1))

## [,1]

## x1 -3.482625e-08

## x2 -5.630732e-08

## x3 -3.777574e-09

## x4 -3.825048e-09

## x5 -3.822846e-09
```

first order condition satisfies

now get the sigma and standard errors for linear regression fits

```
print(summary(lm1)$sigma)

## [1] 1.150693
print(summary(lm2)$sigma)

## [1] 1.148451
print(summary(lm3)$sigma)

## [1] 1.013627
print(summary(lm4)$sigma)

## [1] 1.013851
print(summary(lm5)$sigma)

## [1] 1.013542
print(summary(lm6)$sigma)

## [1] 1.145336
```

get the value of standard error

```
x=yx[,-1]
y=yx$y
# convert the dataframe to numerical matrix first
```

```
y=data.matrix(y)
x= data.matrix(x)
print(sqrt(diag(solve(t(x)%*%x)))*summary(lm1)$sigma)
            x1
                        x2
                                    xЗ
                                                x4
                                                             x5
## 0.008028412 0.007984268 9.612978094 7.976270263 7.995922593
print(sqrt(diag(solve(t(x)%*%x)))*summary(lm2)$sigma)
##
            x1
                        x2
                                    x3
                                                x4
                                                             x5
## 0.008012771 0.007968713 9.594250253 7.960731029 7.980345073
print(sqrt(diag(solve(t(x)%*%x)))*summary(lm3)$sigma)
                                                             x5
## 0.007072101 0.007033215 8.467919733 7.026169798 7.043481224
print(sqrt(diag(solve(t(x)%*%x)))*summary(lm4)$sigma)
##
            x1
                                                x4
## 0.007073665 0.007034771 8.469793174 7.027724267 7.045039522
print(sqrt(diag(solve(t(x)%*%x)))*summary(lm5)$sigma)
                        <sub>x</sub>2
                                                             v5
## 0.007071506 0.007032623 8.467207571 7.025578889 7.042888859
print(sqrt(diag(solve(t(x)%*%x)))*summary(lm6)$sigma)
##
            x1
                        x2
                                    xЗ
                                                x4
                                                             x5
## 0.007991039 0.007947101 9.568229311 7.939140418 7.958701266
summary(lm1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x1, data = dftrain)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -3.4913 -0.7652 0.0138 0.7936 3.6937
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.07076
                           0.05699 18.789 < 2e-16 ***
## x1
                0.03098
                           0.01012
                                    3.062 0.00224 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.151 on 1498 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.00622,
                                    Adjusted R-squared: 0.005557
## F-statistic: 9.376 on 1 and 1498 DF, p-value: 0.002237
summary(lm2)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x2, data = dftrain)
##
```

```
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                             30
                                      Max
## -3.4097 -0.7653 0.0219 0.7711 3.5504
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 1.02594
                          0.05777 17.758 < 2e-16 ***
                                  3.907 9.75e-05 ***
## x2
               0.03928
                          0.01005
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.148 on 1498 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01009,
                                 Adjusted R-squared: 0.009428
## F-statistic: 15.27 on 1 and 1498 DF, p-value: 9.75e-05
summary(lm3)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x3, data = dftrain)
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               30
                                      Max
## -3.5802 -0.6428 0.0430 0.6582 3.0865
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.28380
                        0.05153
                                  5.508 4.27e-08 ***
## x3
                          0.08920 21.086 < 2e-16 ***
               1.88088
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.014 on 1498 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2289, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2284
## F-statistic: 444.6 on 1 and 1498 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm4)
##
## lm(formula = y ~ x4, data = dftrain)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
## -3.5761 -0.6414 0.0446 0.6602 3.0803
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.27496
                          0.05193 5.295 1.37e-07 ***
                          0.08924 21.065 < 2e-16 ***
## x4
               1.87994
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.014 on 1498 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2285, Adjusted R-squared: 0.228
```

```
## F-statistic: 443.7 on 1 and 1498 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm5)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x5, data = dftrain)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                              3Q
                                     Max
## -3.5763 -0.6432 0.0385 0.6552 3.0777
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.27395
                       0.05191 5.277 1.51e-07 ***
               1.88208
                          0.08923 21.093 < 2e-16 ***
## x5
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.014 on 1498 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.229, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2285
## F-statistic: 444.9 on 1 and 1498 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm6)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim x1 + x2, data = dftrain)
## Residuals:
               10 Median
                              30
## -3.4053 -0.7441 0.0276 0.7810 3.5065
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.88136
                         0.07485 11.775 < 2e-16 ***
                                   3.026 0.00252 **
## x1
               0.03048
                          0.01007
## x2
               0.03889
                          0.01003 3.879 0.00011 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.145 on 1497 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01611,
                                  Adjusted R-squared: 0.01479
```

F-statistic: 12.25 on 2 and 1497 DF, p-value: 5.261e-06

correlation

after demeaning the data, the intercept term is interpreted as the expected value of Y when the predictors are set to their mean, otherwise the intercept is interpreted as the expected value of Y when the data are set to 0, which is not realistic.

```
xyd = read.csv("sim-reg-data.csv")
lmd = lm(y^{-}, xyd)
summary(lmd)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ ., data = xyd)
##
## Residuals:
             1Q Median
##
     Min
                              3Q
                                     Max
## -3.4575 -0.6490 0.0287 0.6639 4.0229
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) -0.024640 0.089157 -0.276
                                            0.782
             0.025323 0.007686 3.295
                                            0.001 **
## x2
             0.035590 0.007742 4.597 4.55e-06 ***
             4.248433 10.888697 0.390 0.696
## x3
## x4
             -5.126662 7.773133 -0.660
                                            0.510
             2.767445 7.835586 0.353
                                            0.724
## x5
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.007 on 1994 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2434, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2415
## F-statistic: 128.3 on 5 and 1994 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

now demeaned data

```
xydd = xyd
for (i in 2:6)
{
    xydd[[i]] = xydd[[i]]-mean(xydd[[i]])
}
lmdd=lm(y~.,xydd)
summary(lmdd)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ ., data = xydd)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
10 Median
                               3Q
## -3.4575 -0.6490 0.0287 0.6639
                                   4.0229
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                          0.022515
                                    53.788
## (Intercept) 1.211044
                                            < 2e-16 ***
## x1
               0.025323
                          0.007686
                                     3.295
                                               0.001 **
## x2
               0.035590
                          0.007742
                                     4.597 4.55e-06 ***
## x3
               4.248433
                         10.888697
                                     0.390
                                              0.696
## x4
              -5.126662
                          7.773133
                                    -0.660
                                              0.510
## x5
               2.767445
                          7.835586
                                     0.353
                                              0.724
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.007 on 1994 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2434, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2415
## F-statistic: 128.3 on 5 and 1994 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
mean(xyd$y)
```

[1] 1.211044

now look at the correlation between y, x1-5 yhat and e

```
# cbind: combine into a new data.frame
fmat = cbind(xyd, lmd$fitted,lmd$residuals)
names(fmat)[c(7,8)]=c("yhat","e")
cor(fmat)
##
                                                         x3
                            x1
                                          x2
        1.00000000 8.462773e-02
                                8.654911e-02
                                              4.802826e-01
## x1
       0.08462773 1.000000e+00 2.637943e-02 3.653650e-02
                                                            3.620588e-02
       0.08654911 2.637943e-02 1.000000e+00 -9.683881e-03 -9.707390e-03
       0.48028258 3.653650e-02 -9.683881e-03 1.000000e+00
## x3
                                                            9.999510e-01
        0.48011029 3.620588e-02 -9.707390e-03 9.999510e-01
## x4
                                                            1.000000e+00
       0.48031024 3.661684e-02 -9.893077e-03 9.999518e-01 9.999054e-01
## vhat 0.49334026 1.715403e-01 1.754349e-01 9.735321e-01 9.731829e-01
## e
        0.86983641 6.002102e-17 -6.686977e-17 -2.697639e-17 -3.822676e-17
                              yhat
##
                   x5
## y
        4.803102e-01
                      4.933403e-01
                                    8.698364e-01
## x1
        3.661684e-02 1.715403e-01 6.002102e-17
## x2
        -9.893077e-03 1.754349e-01 -6.686977e-17
## x3
        9.999518e-01 9.735321e-01 -2.697639e-17
## x4
        9.999054e-01 9.731829e-01 -3.822676e-17
## x5
        1.000000e+00 9.735882e-01 -7.551840e-17
## yhat 9.735882e-01 1.000000e+00 -1.037494e-17
        -7.551840e-17 -1.037494e-17 1.000000e+00
```

the residuals is uncorrelated with the fitted value is because the residual is from a indepedent distribution (a gaussian for example)

the square of y-yhat correlation is the same as the R square in multiple regression

orthogonalized regression

```
lmfy=lm(y~x1+x2+x3+x4+x5, xyd)
summary(lmfy)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim x1 + x2 + x3 + x4 + x5, data = xyd)
## Residuals:
              1Q Median
## -3.4575 -0.6490 0.0287 0.6639 4.0229
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.024640 0.089157 -0.276
                                            0.782
## x1
              0.025323 0.007686 3.295
                                            0.001 **
## x2
              0.035590 0.007742 4.597 4.55e-06 ***
## x3
              4.248433 10.888697 0.390
                                            0.696
## x4
              -5.126662 7.773133 -0.660
                                            0.510
## x5
              2.767445 7.835586 0.353
                                            0.724
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.007 on 1994 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2434, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2415
## F-statistic: 128.3 on 5 and 1994 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

regress x5 on x1-4 and then replace x5 with the residue of this regression

```
# regress x5 on other xs
lmf5=lm(x5~x1+x2+x3+x4, xyd)
# get the residuals of x5 on other xs
e5=lmf5$residuals
# combine the data.frame with the residuals
xyde=cbind(xyd[,1:5],e5)
# regress again
lmfe=lm(y~.,xyde)
summary(lmfe)
```

##

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ ., data = xyde)
## Residuals:
             1Q Median
                            3Q
                                  Max
## -3.4575 -0.6490 0.0287 0.6639 4.0229
## Coefficients:
##
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.010466 0.079613 -0.131 0.895429
             0.035531 0.007740
                                4.591 4.7e-06 ***
## x2
## x3
             6.942769 7.769706
                                0.894 0.371660
             -5.054789 7.770469 -0.651 0.515436
## x4
## e5
             2.767445
                       7.835586 0.353 0.723984
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.007 on 1994 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2434, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2415
## F-statistic: 128.3 on 5 and 1994 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

the coefficients from this regression has the same x1-x4 coefficients compared to last regression

the coefficients for e5 is the same as the coefficients for x5 in the last regression

this can be explained by the fact that the coefficients for x5 is only determined by the part not explained by x1-x4 altogether, which is the residual/orthogonal portion of x5

```
lmf=lm(y~.,xyd)
shat=summary(lmf)$sigma
shat/sqrt(sum(e5^2))
```

[1] 7.835586

this number is the standard error for the coefficient of x5

R2 from regression of x5 on x1-x4 is 0.2434

run the regression of y on just x5 and compare with if run regression of y on x1-5

```
lm5=lm(y~x5, xyd)
summary(lm5)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim x5, data = xyd)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               30
                                      Max
## -3.5624 -0.6660 0.0408 0.6587 3.8983
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.25053 0.04532
                                  5.528 3.67e-08 ***
               1.89550
                          0.07744 24.478 < 2e-16 ***
## x5
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.014 on 1998 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2307, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2303
## F-statistic: 599.2 on 1 and 1998 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
lm5$coefficients
## (Intercept)
    0.2505312
               1.8955035
lm_all=lm(y~x1+x2+x3+x4+x5, xyd)
summary(lm_all)
##
## lm(formula = y \sim x1 + x2 + x3 + x4 + x5, data = xyd)
##
## Residuals:
                               3Q
      Min
             1Q Median
                                      Max
## -3.4575 -0.6490 0.0287 0.6639 4.0229
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.024640
                        0.089157 -0.276
                                             0.782
                                             0.001 **
## x1
               0.025323
                         0.007686
                                   3.295
## x2
               0.035590
                         0.007742
                                   4.597 4.55e-06 ***
              4.248433 10.888697
                                   0.390
                                             0.696
## x3
## x4
              -5.126662
                         7.773133 -0.660
                                             0.510
## x5
               2.767445 7.835586
                                   0.353
                                             0.724
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.007 on 1994 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2434, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2415
## F-statistic: 128.3 on 5 and 1994 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

lm_all$coefficients

## (Intercept) x1 x2 x3 x4 x5
## -0.02464036 0.02532344 0.03558996 4.24843259 -5.12666170 2.76744491
```

the std error for x5 coefficient in multiple regression(7.835) is much higher than that of single regression(0.07744). this is due to the fact that as we add x's the size of residue can go down and since variance of estimated parameters are inversely proportional to the residue size, the variance will increases in multiple regression hence result in higher standard error in predictions, which is in essense a bias variance trade off problem.