# KNOWLEDGE TRANSFER

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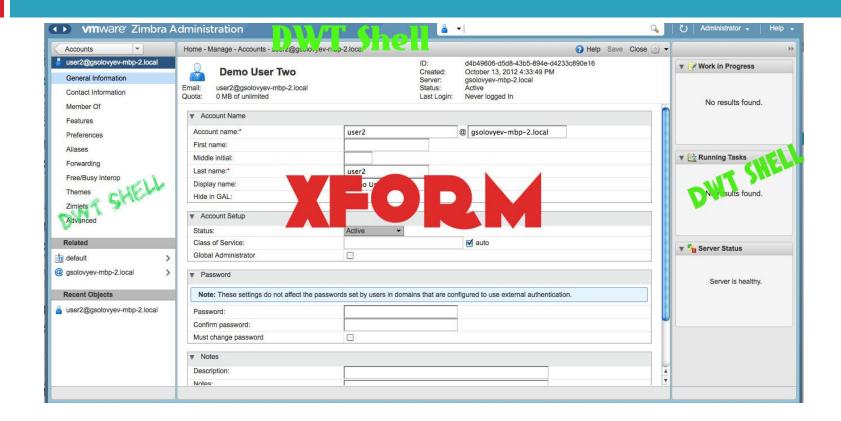
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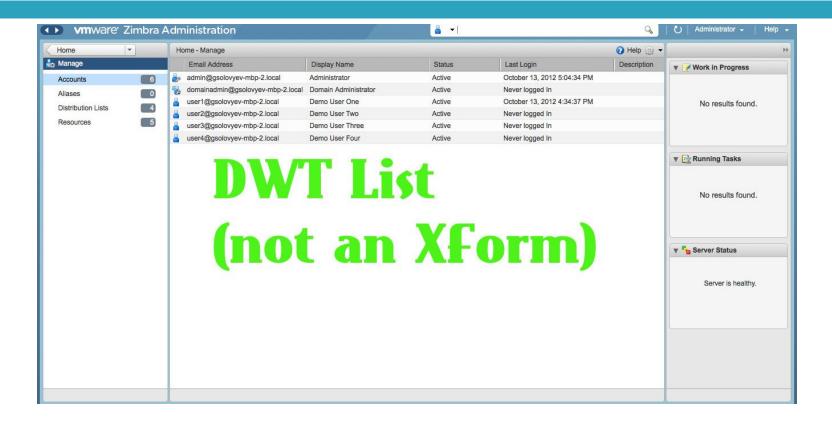
# Background

- Why this section?
  - To help you find bugs
- 2. 8 years of code
  - before ¡Query, SproutCore, Dojo, Cappuccino and most other contemporary AJAX frameworks
- 3. 8 different engineers
  - 1. no sinlge coding convention
- Started as a side project of UI team
  - 1. Initial framework not optimized for the use case
- 5. Framework overhaul in GNR (Greg and Charles)
  - 1. XForms v2 (separate from mail UI)
- Ul overhaul in Iron Maden (Charles' team in China)

# Where are XForms?



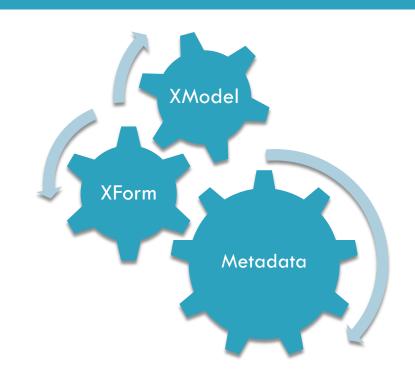
# Where are XForms?



### **XForms**

#### What's an XForm?

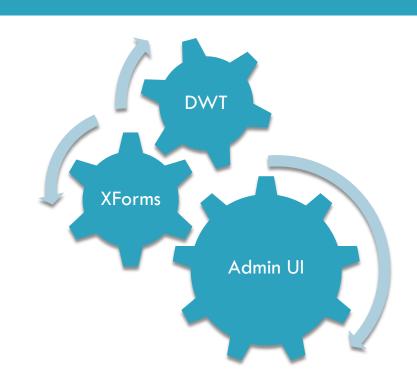
- DWT control that can render a bunch of complicated data forms using HTML elemtns and other DWT Controls (via DWT-XForm item adapters)
- Layout and data binding defined by metadata
- Data behavior rules defined by meta data (XModel)



### **XForms**

### XForms are for rendering forms:

- Rendering (XForm, XFormItem)
  - Layout
  - Ul abstraction
  - DWT widgets
  - HTML form elements
- Data binding (XModel, XModelItem)
  - Apply data to UI elements
  - Data updates
  - Data changes
  - Dependency rules
- Event handling



## XForms Metadata

### XForms rendering:

Classes that inherit from XFormItem implement the rules for rendering metadata.

Examples of metadata for defining a simple form element:

1) Textfield

```
{ref:ZaAccount.A_firstName, type:_TEXTFIELD_, label:ZaMsg.NAD_FirstName}
```

2) Button with a custom label, a custom icon, an activation handler and a rule that that enables this button when an item is selected in another form element:

```
{type:_DWT_BUTTON_, label:ZaMsg.Previous, width:75, icon:"LeftArrow", disIcon:"LeftArrowDis",
enableDisableChangeEventSources:[ZaAccount.A2_nonMemberList + "_offset"],
enableDisableChecks[[ZaAccountMemberOfListView.shouldEnableBackButton, ZaAccount.A2_nonMemberList]],
onActivate:"ZaAccountMemberOfListView.backButtonHndlr.call(this,event, ZaAccount.A2_nonMemberList)"
}
```

Where are XForms?

ZimbraWebClient/WebRoot/js/ajax/dwt/xforms/

- XForm.js
- XFormItem.js
- XModel.js
- XModelltem.js
- XFormGlobal.js

### XForm.js (XForms "class")

- Draws the form container div and table that contains all the elements
- pushes data (instance) down to form elements (XFormItems)

```
XForm.prototype = new DwtComposite;
XForm.prototype.constructor = XForm;
```

### Key methods:

```
XForm.prototype.draw
XForm.prototype.outputForm
XForm.prototype.outputItemList
XForm.prototype.setInstance
```

### XFormGlobal.js

A bunch of utility methods.

Key methods that manage global object references:

XFG.assignUniqueId

XFG.getUniqueId

XFG.cacheGet

### XFormItem.js (XFormItem "classes")

- Each form element is defined by an XFormItem class
- Most XFormItem classes are defined in XFormItem.js

#### What does an XFormItem class do?

- draws a form element (<input> or <div>)
  - or places a  $\mathtt{DWT}$  control into the form
- declares metadata handles
- fires UI events
- handles UI events
- handles data events
- fires data evnets
- renders the data by picking it from an data instance object

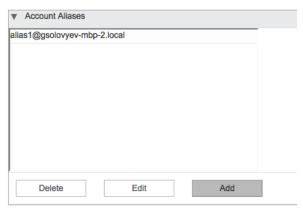
#### Types of XFormItem

- HTML element
- DWT widget
- Group (several XFormItem elements related by layout)
- Composite (several XFormItem elements rendering single data element)

- Base XFormItem class
  - defines a basic HTML element
- Textfield XFormItem
  - defines a form element rendered as <input> tag



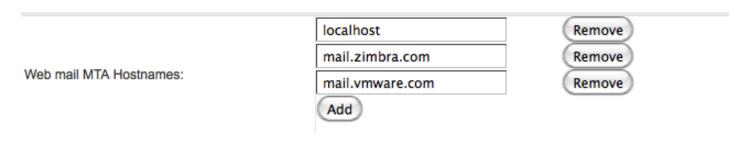
- Dwt\_Adaptor\_XFormItem
  - adaptor for placing a DWT widget on XForm-based form



- Group XFormItem
  - combine several form items for layout purpose: show/hide together, arrange in a specific way, tabs

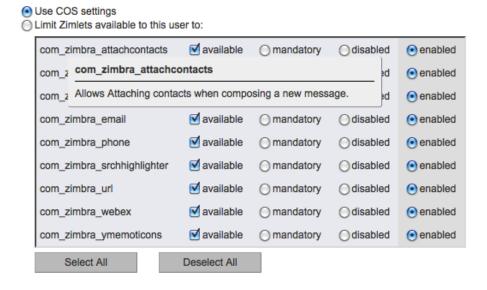


- Repeat XFormItem
  - show a form item (or several form items) multiple times. Often used for multi-value attributes such as hostnames assigned to a server, list of installed services, etc



- Switch\_XFormItem (\_SWITCH\_) and Case\_XFormItem (\_CASE\_)
- \_SWITCH\_ is a special kind of \_GROUP\_ where only one item in the group can be visible at a time
- \_CASE\_ is an element inside \_SWITCH\_
- used for all tabbed forms
  - each tab is a \_CASE\_
  - tabbed view is a \_SWITCH\_

- Composite XFormItem
  - Similar to Group, but the form items are rendering a single data property: host/port combination (two text fields), a data property that has a default (fall back) value



### Example of declaring an XFormItem class:

```
Textfield XFormItem = function() {}
XFormItemFactory.createItemType(" TEXTFIELD ", "textfield", Textfield XFormItem, XFormItem);
Textfield XFormItem.prototype.containerCssClass = "xform field container";
Textfield XFormItem.prototype.visibilityChecks = [XFormItem.prototype.hasReadPermission];
Textfield XFormItem.prototype.enableDisableChecks = [XFormItem.prototype.hasWritePermission];
[\ldots]
//appends this form item's HTML code to "html"
Textfield XFormItem.prototype.outputHTML = function (html, currentCol) {
[...]
    html.append("<input autocomplete='off' id=\"", this.getId(),</pre>
    "\" type=\"", this. inputType, "\"",
    this.getCssString(), this.getChangeHandlerHTML(), this.getFocusHandlerHTML(),
    this.getClickHandlerHTML(), this.getMouseoutHandlerHTML(),
    this.getValue() != null ? " value=\"" + this.getValue() + "\"" : ""),
    ">");
```

#### This line of code:

```
XFormItemFactory.createItemType("_TEXTFIELD_", "textfield", Textfield_XFormItem, XFormItem);
turns "_TEXTFIELD_" into a constant that can be referenced in meta data to place a textfield form item on a form:
{ref:ZaAccount.A firstName, type: TEXTFIELD , label:ZaMsg.NAD FirstName}
```

Other XFormItem classes in ZimbraWebClient/WebRoot/js/ajax/dwt/xforms folder:

- OSelect\_XFormItem.js
- DynSelect\_XFormItem.js

More XFormItem classes are defined in many other files in ZimbraWebClient/WebRoot/js/zimbraAdmin and throughout admin extensions:

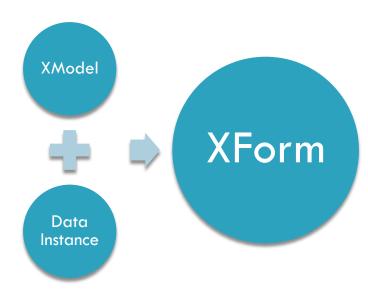
ZimbraWebClient/WebRoot/js/zimbraAdmin/common/

- ACLXFormItem.js
- AutoComplete\_XFormItem.js
- EmailAddr\_FormItem.js
- HostPort\_XFormItem.js
- LDAPURL\_XFormItem.js

etc...

XModel (XModel.js) and XModelItem (XModelItem.js) are data abstraction components of XForms

- XModel is a "data type"
- XModel defines how an XForm interacts with a data instance
- XModel consists of a collection of XModel Item definitions
- XModelItem describes a section of data that applies to one XFormItem
- Each object type has it's own XModel



#### XModel defines:

- data manipulation rules
  - If propery P1 has value V1, then property P2 has value V2
- data retrieval rules
  - If property P1 is null, then it's effective value is the value of property V2
- data events
  - each item in the model can fire an event to its subscribers when it is being changed
  - Example 1: when any property of an account data object is changed, an event is fired that tells the XForm to enable "Save" button
  - Example 2: when zimbraCOSId property of an account data object is changed, all properties that are inherited from COS change their displayed values

### **Examples of XModels:**

- ZaAccount.myXModel (describes an Account object)
- ZaCos.myXModel (describes a COS object)
- ZaServer.myXModel (describes a Server object)
- ZaReindexMailbox.myXModel (describes an object that is used by Reindex Mailbox dialog

etc...

### Usually defined in files with corresponding names:

- ZimbraWebClient/WebRoot/js/zimbraAdmin/accounts/model/ZaAccount.js
- ZimbraWebClient/WebRoot/js/zimbraAdmin/cos/model/ZaCos.js
- ZimbraWebClient/WebRoot/js/zimbraAdmin/server/model/ZaServer.js

Similarly to how XFormItem describes a type of UI element, XModelItem describes a type of data: String, Integer, Date, List, Enumeration, etc.. each data type has a corresponding class that inherits from XModelItem class.

### Example of defining an XModelItem for String data type:

```
String_XModelItem = function(){}

XModelItemFactory.createItemType("_STRING_", "string", String_XModelItem) ;
String_XModelItem.prototype.validateType =

XModelItem.prototype.validateString;
String_XModelItem.prototype.getDefaultValue = function () { return ""; };
```

More examples of classes that inherit from XModelItem and define various data types:

```
Datetime XModelItem = function(){}
XModelItemFactory.createItemType(" DATETIME ", "datetime", Datetime XModelItem);
Datetime XModelItem.prototype.validateType = XModelItem.prototype.validateDateTime;
Datetime XModelItem.prototype.getDefaultValue = function () {         return new Date(); };
List XModelItem = function(){}
XModelItemFactory.createItemType(" LIST ", "list", List XModelItem);
List XModelItem.prototype.getDefaultValue = function () {return new Array(); };
List XModelItem.prototype.outputType = LIST;
List XModelItem.prototype.itemDelimiter = ",";
List XModelItem.prototype.getListItem = function () {return this.listItem;}
List XModelItem.prototype.getterScope = MODELITEM ;
List XModelItem.prototype.setterScope = MODELITEM ;
List XModelItem.prototype.getter = "getValue";
List XModelItem.prototype.setter = "setValue";
List XModelItem.prototype.getValue = function(ins, current, ref) { ... }
List XModelItem.prototype.setValue = function(val, ins, current, ref) { ... }
List XModelItem.prototype.initializeItems = function () { ... }
```

#### Example of XModel:

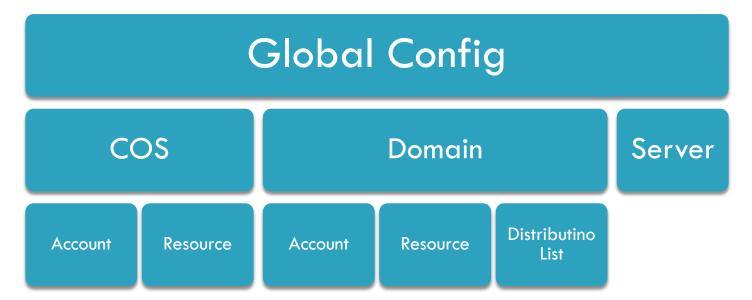
```
ZaAccount.myXModel = {
    items: [
           {id:ZaItem.A zimbraId, type: STRING , ref:"attrs/" + ZaItem.A zimbraId},
           {id:ZaItem.A zimbraACE, ref:"attrs/" + ZaItem.A zimbraACE, type: LIST },
           {id:ZaAccount.A2 errorMessage, ref:ZaAccount.A2 errorMessage, type:_STRING_},
           {id:ZaAccount.A2 warningMessage, ref:ZaAccount.A2 warningMessage, type: STRING },
           {id:ZaAccount.A name, type: STRING , ref: "name", required: true,
               constraints: {type:"method", value:
                   function (value, form, formItem, instance) {
                      if (value) {
                          if(ZaAccount.isValidName(value)) {
                                 return value;
                          } else {
                                 throw ZaMsq.ErrorInvalidEmailAddress;
```

#### Important properties of an item in an XModel:

- id identificator
- ref path to the value inside the instance obejct. E.g.: "attrs/lastName" means that this value is located in instance.attrs.lastName. if "ref" is not defined, the value of "id" is used
- type reference to a data type (a corresponding XModelItem class). Similar to XFormItem types, XModelItem types are referenced by constants: \_STRING\_, \_INTEGER\_, \_EMAIL\_ADDRESS\_, \_ENUM\_, etc
- getter a reference to a function that retreives the value of the item. Allows customizing data retrieval rules. E.g.: account properties that fall back to COS values.
- setter a reference to a function that sets the value of the item.
- getterScope tells the model on which object to call the getter method (data instance object or model object)
- setterScope same for setter method (look at XModel.prototype.\_makePathGetter in XModel.js for more details)

What are these \_SUPER\_\*\*\*\*\_ITEM\_ and \_COS\_\*\*\*\_ITEM\_ that I see everywhere?

These are special XModelltems and XFormltems that describe behavior of data and UI elements that can inherit values from other data objects:



- Examples of inherited property values:
  - Account preferences (zimbraPref\*\*\*) fall back to COS
  - Server settings fall back to Global Config
  - Domain settings fall back to Global Config
  - Some Account settings fall back to Domain settings

```
Cos String XModelItem = function () {}
XModelItemFactory.createItemType("_COS_STRING_", "cos_string", Cos_String_XModelItem);
Cos String XModelItem.prototype.getter = "getValue";
Cos String XModelItem.prototype.getterScope = MODELITEM ;
Cos String XModelItem.prototype.setter = "setLocalValue";
Cos String XModelItem.prototype.setterScope = MODELITEM ;
Cos String XModelItem.prototype.getValue = function (instance, val, ref) {...}
. . .
When Account's property is NULL, the effective value is the value of the same property in this
account's Class Of Service or Domain
   Data types (XModelItem): COS NUMBER , COS EUM , COS LIST , etc
   Form element types (XFormItem): SUPER CHECKBOX , SUPER TEXTFIELD , SUPER HOSTPORT ,
   SUPER SELECT1 ...
```

# XForms: handling UI events

Events can be fired by UI objects (XForm and XFormItem) and by data model.

### Events fired by UI objects:

- onChange something was typed into a text box
- □ onClick
- onFocus
- □ keyUp
- □ keyDown
- onActivate (\_BUTTON\_ and \_DWT\_BUTTON\_)
- onSelection (\_DWT\_LIST\_)
- any DWT event that you want to expose via metadata

#### How do we:

- enable/disable "calendar" preferences when "Calendar" feature checkbox is checked/unchecked?
- update all COS-based properties of an Account when admin changes this account's COS?
- hide a UI element if the admin does not have a "read" permission for the LDAP attribute(s) represented by the element in the context of the LDAP object currently loaded into the form?
- disable a UI element if the admin does not have a "write" permission for the LDAP attribute(s) represented by the element in the context of the LDAP object currently loaded into the form?
- unhide/enable UI elements when a different object is loaded into the form without redrawing the whole form?

A UI element can change dynamically in one of the three ways:

- show/hide
- enable/disable
- value change

Hence, each XFormItem has three "changeEventSources" (see XFormItem.js)

- visibilityChangeEventSources
- enableDisableChangeEventSources
- valueChangeEventSources

Each of these sources is an array of references to objects in a data model. E.g., the following line tells a group of UI elements to reevaluate it's enabled/disabled state each time zimbraFeatureEnabled or zimbraCosId attributes of an account are changed:

enableDisableChangeEventSources:[ZaAccount.A\_zimbraFeatureMailEnabled, ZaAccount.A\_COSId]

How does a UI element evaluate whether it should be hidden or visible, enabled or disabled?

- each UI element can have an array of "check"
- each "check" is a function reference that returns true or false
- when a re-evaluation event is triggered (e.g.: in the previous example value of zimbraCosld attribute is changed) the UI element evaluates all "checks" and if any of the "checks" returns false, the result is false:

```
enableDisableChecks:[[XForm.checkInstanceValue,ZaAccount.A_zimbraFeatureMailEnabled,"TRUE"]]
visibilityChecks:[ZaAccountXFormView.isSendingFromAnyAddressDisAllowed,[ZaItem.hasReadPermission,ZaAccount.A_zimbraAllowFromAddress]]
```

### Some most frequently used "checks":

- XForm.checkInstanceValue
- XForm.checkInstanceValueNot
- XForm.checkInstanceValueEmty
- XForm.checkInstanceValueNotEmty
- ZaItem.hasReadPermission
- ZaItem.hasWritePermission

```
XForm.checkInstanceValue = function(refPath,val) {
    return (this.getInstanceValue(refPath) == val);
}
XForm.checkInstanceValueNot = function(refPath,val) {
    return (this.getInstanceValue(refPath) != val);
}
XForm.checkInstanceValueEmty = function(refPath) {
    return
AjxUtil.isEmpty(this.getInstanceValue(refPath));
}
```

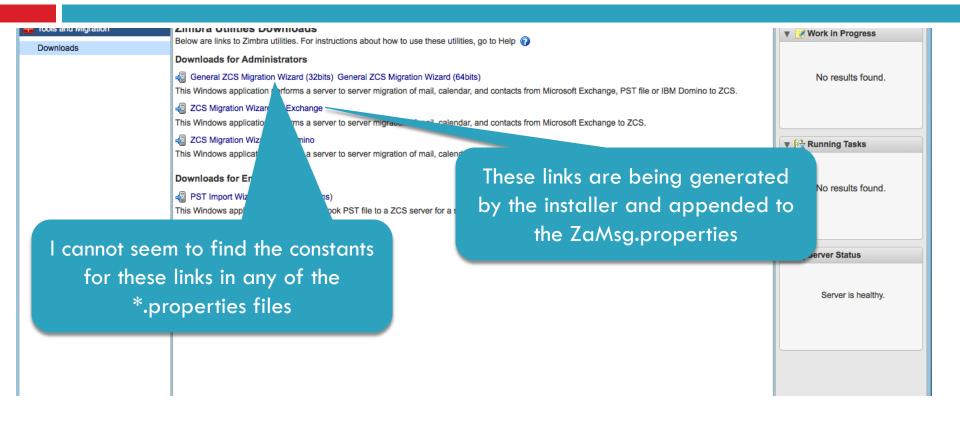
by default most form elements have ZaItem.hasReadPermission as a visibility check and ZaItem.hasWritePermission as an enable/disable check.

See ZimbraWebClient/WebRoot/js/zimbraAdmin/common/Zaltem.js

### Localization

- Same framework as mail UI
- □ ZaMsg.properties (ZaMsg\_\*\*.properties) strings used in the UI: labels, messages, notices, etc
- ZabMsg.properties "branded" strings
- □ AjxMsg.properties strings used by DWT controls
- \*.properties files for each admin extension:
  - com\_zimbra\_cert\_manager.properties

### Localization



# Browser support

- □ Same as mail UI
- □ Firefox (works best)
- □ Chrome (works)
- Safari (mostly works as long as it works in Chrome)
- □ IE (a pain)
- □ No mobile version

#### **Themes**

- Almost same as mail UI
  - ZimbraWebClient/WebRoot/admin\_skins
  - defines layout outside of XForms
  - can be overwritten in web.xml (zimbraDefaultAdminSkin)
  - can be overwritten with ?skin={theme name} query parameter
  - name of the currently loaded skin is saved in ZA\_SKIN cookie
  - consists of skin.html, skin.js, images, logos, manifest file, properties file, CSS file
  - Current skin created by Charles' team in China

- □ Intent:
  - separate network code from FOSS code
  - allow extending the Admin Console in any possible way (add/remove controls to/from any form, tie into external data sources, add entire new sections)
- □ Kind of like a virus
  - no security
  - partially implemented, unenforced integration hooks

#### Integration Hook Example (ZaTabView.js):

(function that returns metadata for rendering a form)

```
ZaTabView.prototype.getMyXForm = function (entry)
                                           Empty metadata object
   var xFormObject = new Object();
   //Instrumentation code start
   if (ZaTabView.XFormModifiers[this. iKeyName]
                                                   Form name
       var methods = ZaTabView.XFormModifiers[th.s. iKeyName];
       var cnt = methods.length;
       for(var i = 0; i < cnt; i++) {
                                                          Iterate through registered
           if(typeof(methods[i]) == "function") {
                                                             "modified" functions
               methods[i].call(this,xFormObject,entry,
   //Instrumentation code end
   return xFormObject;
                               Return metadata object
```

#### Integration Hook Example (Zaltem.js):

(function that submits a modified data object such as Account, Server, Domain, etc to the server)

```
ZaItem.prototype.modify = function (mods, tmpObj) {
   //Instrumentation code start
    if(ZaItem.modifyMethods[this. iKeyName]) {
       var methods = ZaItem.modifyMethods[this. iKeyName];
       var cnt = methods.length;
        for(var i = 0; i < cnt; i++) {
            if(typeof(methods[i]) == "function") {
                methods[i].call(this, mods, tmpObj);
    //Instrumentation code end
```

#### Integration Example (ZaServer.js):

(registering a funciton that submits Server object modifications to the server)

```
ZaServer.modifyMethod = function (tmpObj) {
    //actually send JSON request to the server
   var params = new Object();
   params.soapDoc = soapDoc;
   var regMgrParams = {
        controller : ZaApp.getInstance().getCurrentController(),
       busyMsg : ZaMsg.BUSY MODIFY SERVER
   var resp = ZaRequestMgr.invoke(params, regMgrParams).Body.ModifyServerResponse;
    this.initFromJS(resp.server[0]);
ZaItem.modifyMethods["ZaServer"].push(ZaServer.modifyMethod);
```

#### Loading

- via AjxInclude
- single gzippped file in production mode (/service/zimlet/res/Zimlets-nodev\_all.js.zgz)
- one by one in dev mode
  - GetAdminExtensionZimletsRequest returns the list of zimlet objects
  - ZaSettings.init loads each JS and CSS file
  - current admin user has to have getZimlet permission to every admin extension that needs to be loaded in dev mode
- errors in admin extensions can make Admin Console fail to load
- usually follow the same MVC design pattern as the rest of Admin Console code
- use hooks to add UI elements and extend data models

#### Example:

com\_zimbra\_backuprestore extension adds 4 new fields to Server object data model (com\_zimbra\_backuprestore.js)

#### Example:

com\_zimbra\_backuprestore extension adds a tab with a bunch of fields to Global Config form

```
ZaHotBackup.GlobalConfiqXFormModifier = function (xFormObject, entry) {
    var tabBar = xFormObject.items[1];
    ZaHotBackup.GlobalConfigTabIndex = ++this.TAB INDEX;
    tabBar.choices.push({value:ZaHotBackup.GlobalConfigTabIndex , label:com zimbra backuprestore.BNR Tab BNR});
    var backupTabView = { ... }
    for (var i=0;i<xFormObject.items.length;i++) {</pre>
        if(xFormObject.items[i].type=="switch") {
            xFormObject.items[i].items.push(backupTabView);
            break;
};
if(ZaTabView.XFormModifiers["GlobalConfiqXFormView"]) {
    ZaTabView.XFormModifiers["GlobalConfigXFormView"].push(ZaHotBackup.GlobalConfigXFormModifier);
};
```

# Admin Extensions Examples

#### Where they are hiding:

```
com_zimbra_backuprestore: ZimbraBackup/src/zimlet/
    com_zimbra_cert_manager: ZaAdminExt/CertificateMgr/js/
    com_zimbra_delegatedadmin: ZimbraNetwork/ZimbraAdminExt/DelegatedAdmin/js/
com_zimbra_viewmail: ZimbraNetwork/ZimbraAdminExt/com_zimbra_viewmail/js/
com_zimbra_cluster: ZimbraCluster/src/zimlet/
com_zimbra_hsm: ZimbraHSM/src/zimlet/
com_zimbra_bulkprovision (aka we-based migration wizard): ZaAdminExt/BulkProvision/js/
com_zimbra_adminversioncheck: ZimbraAdminVersionCheck/src/zimlet/
com_zimbra_xmbxsearch (aka cross-mailbox search):
ZimbraXMbxSearch/src/admin_extension/com_zimbra_xmbxsearch/
    com_zimbra_ucconfig (aka Voice/Chat service): ZimbraNetwork/ZimbraAdminExt/com_zimbra_ucconfig/js/
```

## Admin Extensions :: Server Components

- Most admin extensions require server extensions that implement additional SOAP request handlers:
  - VersionCheckRequest
  - InstallCertRequest
  - GetCertRequest
  - GenCSRRequest
  - BulkImportAccountsRequest
  - BulkIMAPDataImportRequest
  - GetXMbxSearchRequest
  - GetXMbxSearchesListRequest
- These are packaged in jar files and dropped into /opt/zimbra/lib/ext
- □ jetty picks them up, finds DocumentService implementation and calls registerHandlers method
- When server returns UNKNOWN\_DOCUMENT that usually means that the server extension failed to load properly and SOAP handler was not registered
- Ask Server team for more info on how to implement server extensions

## Admin Extensions :: FOSS vs Network

- Nothing prevents a Network extension from being loaded in a FOSS
- Network Server extensions may not work in FOSS
- Network extensions that will work in FOSS just fine:
  - deletaged admin
  - view mail
- Network extensions that will load, but will not be fully functional in FOSS
  - cross mailbox Search
  - license
  - backup
  - HSM
  - convertd
  - cluster

#### Dev environment

- To deply a dev build: \$ant admin-deploy
- To deploy a production war file:
  - \$ant prod admin-deploy
- If you built web client, you have to run "clean" target before building admin war, otherwise the templates get messed up
- □ To make a production build load separate JS files instead of gzipped bundles add ?dev=1
- ?dev=1 also opens a popup window with debug trace, but it is not very useful FireBug is far more useful
- default admin login/password is admin/test123
- do not use zimbra/test123 to log in to admin UI

#### Areas to focus on next

- Client side data caching
  - expecially broken in Iron Maden
  - no good UI support for concurrent modification
- Managing asynchronous requests
  - still a few synchronous requests for no good reason
- Admin extensions framework
  - poorly written extensions break the UI
  - PS often stumbles trying to write extensinos because there is no good documentation
  - customers shoot themselves in the foot by installing 3<sup>rd</sup> party extensions
- Popup wizards need to go
- Talk to the users
- Add metrics/analytics

