

Calculating Vladimirov derivatives

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1 Derivative of the χ character

It seems to me that there are two ways to do the calculation: one is to split \mathbb{Q}_p into different domains($\xi\mathbb{U}_p$) and do the integral of χ ; the other is to decompose the χ character function into piece-wise constant functions γ_n and apply the V-derivatives on them.

a) Splitting \mathbb{Q}_p

$$D_y^s \chi(k_n y) = \frac{1}{\Gamma_p(-s)} \int_{\mathbb{Q}_p} dx \frac{\chi(p^{-n}x) - \chi(p^{-m}y_0)}{|x - p^{n-m}y_0|_p^{1+s}} \quad (1)$$

Where $k_n = p^{-n}$ and $y = p^{n-m}y_0$ with $m \geq 1$ (other wise χ will be a constant function and the derivative is zero).

Consider the integral in each $x \in p^l\mathbb{U}_p$ block and we here discuss 2 cases:

First, for $l < n - m$, we have $|x - y|_p = |x|_p = p^{-l}$ and the integral becomes:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\Gamma_p(-s)} \int_{\mathbb{Q}_p} dx \frac{\chi(p^{-n}x) - \chi(p^{-m}y_0)}{|x|_p^{1+s}} &= \frac{1}{\Gamma_p(-s)} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{n-m-1} \int_{p^l\mathbb{U}_p} dx \frac{\chi(p^{-n}x) - \chi(p^{-m}y_0)}{p^{-l(1+s)}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\Gamma_p(-s)} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{n-m-1} \int_{p^{l-n}\mathbb{U}_p} dz |p^n|_p \frac{\chi(z) - \chi(p^{-m}y_0)}{p^{-l(1+s)}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\Gamma_p(-s)} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{n-m-1} p^{-n} \frac{0 - \chi(p^{-m}y_0)}{p^{-l(1+s)}} (1 - \frac{1}{p}) |p^{l+n}|_p \quad (2) \\ &= \frac{1}{\Gamma_p(-s)} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{n-m-1} -\chi(p^{-m}y_0) (1 - \frac{1}{p}) p^{ls} \\ &= \frac{-\chi(p^{-m}y_0)}{\Gamma_p(-s)} \frac{p-1}{p^s-1} p^{s(n-m)-1}. \end{aligned}$$