## Kaluza-Klein theory with ultrametric compact dimensions

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## 1 Action

$$S = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{3,1}} dx^4 \int_{\mathbb{Z}_p} dy \quad \frac{1}{2} \phi(\partial^2 + D_y^s) \phi + V(\phi)$$
 (1)

## 2 Consistent Truncation

A certain type of dimensional reductions are consistent truncations:

$$\mathbb{Z}_p \to p\mathbb{Z}_p \to p^2\mathbb{Z}_p \to \dots \to 0$$
?

Two types of consistent truncation:

- Kaluza-Klein dimensional reduction without changing dof of each space-time point?
- Introducing constraints that reduce independent dof.

What will happen if we truncate at  $|k|_p = 3$ ? Plugging in

$$\phi(x) = \phi_0(x) + \phi_{-\frac{2}{3}}(x)\chi\left(-\frac{2y}{3}\right) + \phi_{-\frac{1}{3}}(x)\chi\left(-\frac{y}{3}\right) + \phi_{\frac{1}{3}}(x)\chi\left(\frac{y}{3}\right) + \phi_{\frac{2}{3}}(x)\chi\left(\frac{2y}{3}\right)$$
(2)

to equation 1 and completing the  $\mathbb{Z}_p$  integral, one obtains various terms:

•  $\phi(x)\phi''(x)$  becomes

$$3^{s} \left(\phi_{\frac{2}{3}}(x) + \phi_{-\frac{1}{3}}(x)\right) \left(\phi_{\frac{1}{3}}''(x) + \phi_{-\frac{2}{3}}''(x)\right) + 3^{s} \left(\phi_{\frac{1}{3}}(x) + \phi_{-\frac{2}{3}}(x)\right) \left(\phi_{\frac{2}{3}}''(x) + \phi_{-\frac{1}{3}}''(x)\right) + \phi_{0}(x)\phi_{0}''(x)$$
(3)

We note  $\left(\phi_{\frac{1}{3}}(x) + \phi_{-\frac{2}{3}}(x)\right)$  as  $\phi_1$ , then  $\left(\phi_{\frac{2}{3}}(x) + \phi_{-\frac{1}{3}}(x)\right)$  is  $\phi_1^*$  (because  $\phi$  is real). Then we have

$$\phi \partial^2 \phi = 3^s (\phi_1^* \partial^2 \phi_1 + \phi_1 \partial^2 \phi_1^*) + \phi_0 \partial^2 \phi_0 \tag{4}$$

•  $\phi(x)^2$  becomes

$$\phi_0(x)^2 + 2\left(\phi_{\frac{1}{3}}(x) + \phi_{-\frac{2}{3}}(x)\right)\left(\phi_{\frac{2}{3}}(x) + \phi_{-\frac{1}{3}}(x)\right) = \phi_0(x)^2 + 2\phi_1\phi_1^* \tag{5}$$

•  $\phi(x)^3$  becomes

$$\phi_0^3 + 6\phi_1(\phi_1)^*\phi_0 + \phi_1^3 + ((\phi_1)^*)^3 \tag{6}$$

•  $\phi(x)^4$  becomes

$$\phi_0^4 + 12\phi_1(\phi_1)^*\phi_0^2 + 4\left(\phi_1^3 + ((\phi_1)^*)^3\right)\phi_0 + 6\phi_1^2((\phi_1)^*)^2$$
(7)

•  $\phi(x)^5$  becomes

$$\phi_0^5 + 20\phi_1(\phi_1)^*\phi_0^3 + 10\left(\phi_1^3 + ((\phi_1)^*)^3\right)\phi_0^2 + 30\phi_1^2((\phi_1)^*)^2\phi_0 + 5\phi_1(\phi_1)^*\left(\phi_1^3 + ((\phi_1)^*)^3\right)$$
(8)