

## Knee Joint — Compact Mathematical Derivation (Matrix form)

$$q = \begin{bmatrix} \theta_2 \\ \phi \end{bmatrix}, \quad L = 0.407 \frac{BH}{160}, \quad m = 2.76 \frac{BW}{60}, \quad I = \frac{1}{3} mL^2, \quad g = 9.8$$

$$r_{CM} = \frac{L}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_2 \\ \sin \theta_2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \dot{r}_{CM} = \frac{L}{2} \dot{\theta}_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \theta_2 \\ \cos \theta_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|\dot{r}_{CM}\|^2 = \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} I \dot{\theta}_2^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \|\dot{r}_{CM}\|^2 + T_{\phi, \text{eff}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( I + \frac{mL^2}{4} \right) \dot{\theta}_2^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{mL^2}{4} \right) \sin^2 \theta_2 \dot{\phi}^2$$

$$V = mg \frac{L}{2} (1 - \cos \theta_2), \quad \partial_{\theta_2} V = mg \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta_2$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} = \left( I + \frac{mL^2}{4} \right) \dot{\theta}_2, \quad \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} \right) = \left( I + \frac{mL^2}{4} \right) \ddot{\theta}_2$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta_2} = \frac{mL^2}{4} \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 \dot{\phi}^2$$

Euler-Lagrange ( $Q_{\theta_2} = \tau_{\text{rad}}$ ):

$$\left( I + \frac{mL^2}{4} \right) \ddot{\theta}_2 - \frac{mL^2}{4} \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 \dot{\phi}^2 + mg \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta_2 = \tau_{\text{rad}}$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_2 = \frac{\tau_{\text{rad}} + \frac{mL^2}{4} \dot{\phi}^2 \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 - mg \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta_2}{I + \frac{mL^2}{4}}$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\phi}} = \left( \frac{mL^2}{4} \right) \sin^2 \theta_2 \dot{\phi}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right) = \left( \frac{mL^2}{4} \right) (\sin^2 \theta_2 \ddot{\phi} + 2 \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \dot{\phi}) = 0$$

$$\ddot{\phi} = -2 \dot{\theta}_2 \dot{\phi} \cot \theta_2$$

$$M(q) = \begin{bmatrix} I + \frac{mL^2}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{mL^2}{4} \sin^2 \theta_2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad C(q, \dot{q}) = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{mL^2}{4} \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 \dot{\phi}^2 \\ 2 \frac{mL^2}{4} \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \dot{\phi} \end{bmatrix},$$

$$G(q) = \begin{bmatrix} mg\frac{L}{2}\sin\theta_2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \tau = \begin{bmatrix} \tau_{\text{rad}} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$M(q)\ddot{q} + C(q,\dot{q}) + G(q) = \tau$

$$BH = 172 \text{ (cm)}, \quad BW = 70 \text{ (kg)}$$

$$L = 0.407\frac{172}{160} = 0.437525 \text{ m}$$

$$m = 2.76\frac{70}{60} = 3.22 \text{ kg}$$

$$I = \frac{1}{3}mL^2 \approx 0.2054661882 \text{ kg m}^2$$

$$\frac{mL^2}{4} \approx 0.1540996411, \quad D := I + \frac{mL^2}{4} \approx 0.3595658293$$

$$mg\frac{L}{2} \approx 6.90326945 \text{ N m}$$

$\ddot{\theta}_2 = \frac{\tau_{\text{rad}} + 0.15409964 \dot{\phi}^2 \sin\theta_2 \cos\theta_2 - 6.90326945 \sin\theta_2}{0.35956583}$

,

$\ddot{\phi} = -2\dot{\theta}_2 \dot{\phi} \cot\theta_2$