

## Knee Joint — Compact Mathematical Derivation (Matrix form)

$$q = \begin{bmatrix} \theta_2 \\ \phi \end{bmatrix}, \quad L = 0.407 \frac{BH}{160}, \quad m = 2.76 \frac{BW}{60}, \quad I = \frac{1}{3}mL^2, \quad g = 9.8$$

$$\dot{r}_{CM} = \frac{L}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_2 \\ \sin \theta_2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \dot{r}_{CM} = \frac{L}{2} \dot{\theta}_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \theta_2 \\ \cos \theta_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|\dot{r}_{CM}\|^2 = \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2}I\dot{\theta}_2^2 + \frac{1}{2}m\|\dot{r}_{CM}\|^2 + T_{\phi,\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{2}\left(I + \frac{mL^2}{4}\right)\dot{\theta}_2^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{mL^2}{4}\right)\sin^2 \theta_2 \dot{\phi}^2$$

$$V = mg\frac{L}{2}(1 - \cos \theta_2), \quad \partial_{\theta_2} V = mg\frac{L}{2}\sin \theta_2$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} = \left(I + \frac{mL^2}{4}\right)\dot{\theta}_2, \quad \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2}\right) = \left(I + \frac{mL^2}{4}\right)\ddot{\theta}_2$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta_2} = \frac{mL^2}{4}\sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 \dot{\phi}^2$$

Euler–Lagrange ( $Q_{\theta_2} = \tau_{\text{rad}}$ ):

$$\left(I + \frac{mL^2}{4}\right)\ddot{\theta}_2 - \frac{mL^2}{4}\sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 \dot{\phi}^2 + mg\frac{L}{2}\sin \theta_2 = \tau_{\text{rad}}$$

$$\boxed{\ddot{\theta}_2 = \frac{\tau_{\text{rad}} + \frac{mL^2}{4}\dot{\phi}^2 \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 - mg\frac{L}{2}\sin \theta_2}{I + \frac{mL^2}{4}}}$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\phi}} = \left(\frac{mL^2}{4}\right)\sin^2 \theta_2 \dot{\phi}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{\phi}}\right) = \left(\frac{mL^2}{4}\right)(\sin^2 \theta_2 \ddot{\phi} + 2 \sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \dot{\phi}) = 0$$

$$\boxed{\ddot{\phi} = -2\dot{\theta}_2 \dot{\phi} \cot \theta_2}$$

$$M(q) = \begin{bmatrix} I + \frac{mL^2}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{mL^2}{4}\sin^2 \theta_2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad C(q, \dot{q}) = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{mL^2}{4}\sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 \dot{\phi}^2 \\ 2\frac{mL^2}{4}\sin \theta_2 \cos \theta_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \dot{\phi} \end{bmatrix},$$

$$G(q)=\begin{bmatrix}mg\frac{L}{2}\sin\theta_2\\0\end{bmatrix},\qquad \tau=\begin{bmatrix}\tau_{\text{rad}}\\0\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{M(q)\ddot{q}+C(q,\dot{q})+G(q)=\tau}$$

$$BH=172~(\mathrm{cm}),\quad BW=70~(\mathrm{kg})$$

$$L = 0.407 \frac{172}{160} = 0.437525 \, \mathrm{m}$$

$$m = 2.76 \frac{70}{60} = 3.22 \, \mathrm{kg}$$

$$I = \tfrac{1}{3} m L^2 \approx 0.2054661882 \, \mathrm{kg} \, \mathrm{m}^2$$

$$\frac{m L^2}{4} \approx 0.1540996411, \quad D := I + \frac{m L^2}{4} \approx 0.3595658293$$

$$mg\frac{L}{2} \approx 6.90326945 \, \mathrm{N} \, \mathrm{m}$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_2 = \frac{\tau_{\text{rad}} + 0.15409964 \, \dot{\phi}^2 \sin\theta_2 \cos\theta_2 - 6.90326945 \, \sin\theta_2}{0.35956583} \quad , \quad \ddot{\phi} = -2\dot{\theta}_2\dot{\phi} \cot\theta_2$$