

CLOUD COMPUTING

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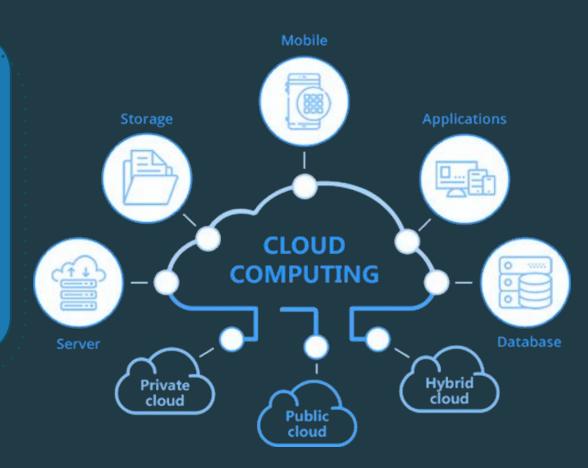
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CLOUD COMPUTING

Overview

Cloud Computing delivers computing services like servers, storage, databases, and software over the internet on a pay-per-use basis.

It allows businesses and individuals to access and scale resources without owning or maintaining physical infrastructure, offering flexible, scalable solutions that reduce operational costs.



HOW IT WORKS

Deployment Methods | Delivery Models

Cloud Computing allows organizations to rent access to infrastructure, storage, and applications Main Services Models of from service providers, rather than owning and maintaining their own data centers. It operates through a **Cloud Computing** front end (client's applications and network) and a back end (servers, storage, and cloud infrastructure). Software-as-a-service (SaaS) Platform-as-a-service (PaaS) Infrastructure-as-a-service (laaS) Types of Cloud Deployment **PUBLIC** PRIVATE **HYBRID**

DEPLOYMENT MODELS

A deployment model is the way cloud infrastructure is set up and made available to users. It determines where the cloud resources are hosted, who manages them, and how users can access them.

PUBLIC CLOUDS

are owned by third-party providers and offer on-demand compute, storage, and network resources to the general public.

PRIVATE CLOUDS

operates by a single organization, either on-premise or off-premise, offering control, security, and shared resources for internal use.

HYBRID CLOUDS

combine public and private models, enabling secure, compliant private cloud use alongside public cloud services.







DELIVERY MODELS

A delivery model in cloud computing defines the type of cloud service a provider offers, determining the level of control, management, and responsibility a user has over infrastructure and applications. It impacts how resources are accessed, managed, and paid for.

Infrastructure as a Service

laaS

- •Rent servers, storage, & networking from providers
- •No need to own or manage infrastructure
- Provider manages servers, updates, and network security
- •User Responsibility: Operating system, applications, and data management

Platform as a Service

PaaS

Provides cloud platforms for developing, testing, and managing applications
Software developers deploy apps without

Users: Software Developers

handling infrastructure

Software as a Service

SaaS

Cloud providers host and manage software applications on a pay-as-you-go basis
No maintenance required from users

Users: End Customers

NEW PIZZA AS A SERVICE



BENEFITS

Driving Innovation and Growth

KEY BENEFITS



COST EFFICIENCY

Pay-as-you-go model reduces upfront costs (Salesforce, Oracle).

Lowers operating expenses and improves budgeting (ResearchGate).

DATA SECURITY & RECOVERY

Advanced encryption and disaster recovery solutions (ResearchGate, Digital Realty).

SCALABILITY & FLEXIBILITY

On-demand resources for fluctuating workloads (Google Cloud, Oracle).

ENHANCED PERFORMANCE

High-speed infrastructure with global reach (Digital Realty, Oracle).

COLLABORATION & ACCESSIBILITY

Real-time data sharing and remote access for hybrid teams (Salesforce, ResearchGate).

SUSTAINABILITY

Shared resources reduce carbon footprints (Oracle, Google Cloud).

INNOVATION & AGILITY

Access to Al, ML, and big data technologies (Google Cloud, ResearchGate).

GLOBAL REACH

Deploy solutions closer to customers for better experience (Salesforce, Digital Realty).

APPLICATION

Real World Application

SCENARIO: A PIZZA DELIVERY APP FOR A GROWING BUSINESS

PROBLEM

You've been hired by a growing pizza chain to build a scalable app where customers can place orders, track delivery in real-time, and earn loyalty points. The app needs to handle high traffic during lunch and dinner peaks, process payments securely, and provide personalized promotions based on customer behavior.

Why Cloud for this App?

SCALABILITY

Handle peak traffic efficiently

COST EFFICIENCY

Pay only for resources used

REAL-TIME UPDATES

Low latency for smooth user experience

ADVANCED ANALYTICS

Al-driven recommendations to boost sales and engagement

DATA ENGINEERING

Real-Time Analytics and Reporting:

Process live order data using <u>cloud-based</u> <u>data processing</u> tools.

Loyalty Program Data Management:

Store and manage loyalty points in a scalable database and process customer data through **data integration services**.

Historical Data for ML:

Store historical order data in a data storage solution and use machine learning platforms for analysis.

Helps management adjust staffing levels and promotions dynamically without investing in hardware upfront.

Ensures a seamless experience for loyalty program participants making sure data is always accessible without interruptions.

Enables predictive insights such as popular pizza combinations or customer behavior trends.

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Backend for Pizza Ordering System

Task: Build an API for placing and tracking orders.

Ensures the system can handle requests, update inventory, and notify customers, scaling efficiently during high traffic periods.

Real-Time Delivery Tracking

Task: Implement geolocation for tracking delivery drivers.

Provides live tracking of drivers without having to maintain real-time communication between drivers, the app, and users.

Hosting and Deployment of the App

Task: Host the pizza app and ensure reliable performance.

Automates scaling and minimizes downtime for seamless performance during high traffic, while offering uptime guarantees, backups, and patching to ease operations.

Payment Processing

Task: Integrate secure payments.

Simplifies integration with external payment systems while ensuring secure, compliant transaction processing.

TRENDS

The Future of Cloud

TRENDS



AI AS A SERVICE (AlaaS)

Cloud-based Al solutions, like pre-trained models and APIs, help businesses integrate Al without investing in infrastructure, reducing costs and accelerating innovation.



SERVERLESS COMPUTING

Eliminates server management, allowing developers to focus on building and deploying scalable applications cost-effectively.



HYBRID & MULTI-CLOUD

Companies use multiple cloud providers to optimize costs, increase resilience, and enhance disaster recovery.



CLOUD-NATIVE DEVELOPMENT

Using cloud-native architectures and DevOps methodologies, businesses build scalable, resilient apps with tools like Kubernetes and Docker.



SUSTAINABILITY

Cloud providers focus on energy-efficient solutions, such as carbon-neutral data centers, to align with sustainability goals.



QUANTUM COMPUTING

Early-stage, but cloud-based quantum computing promises breakthroughs in cryptography, drug discovery, and logistics.

—Marc Benioff

\Founder, CEO and Chaiman of Salesforce, pioneer of Cloud Computing

"The cloud services companies of all sizes...

The cloud is for everyone. The cloud is a

democracy."