

Google App Engine

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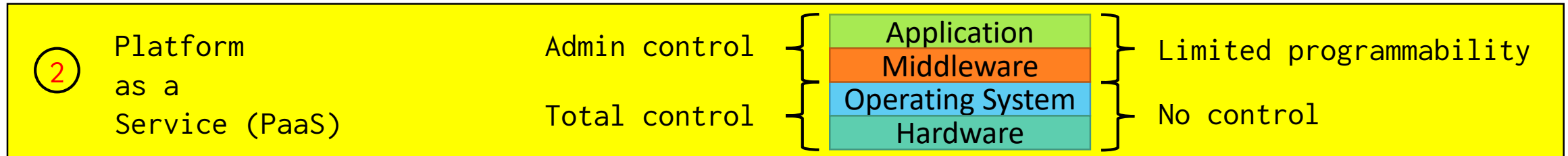
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Overview

Google App Engine

Platform as a Service (PaaS)



- The user (developer) does not see **hardware** nor **OS**
- He can use **services** through (usually proprietary) **APIs**

Focus on coding! (but beware of lock-in!)

- Examples:
 - Google App Engine (GAE)
 - Amazon Elastic Beanstalk
 - Heroku

Google App Engine

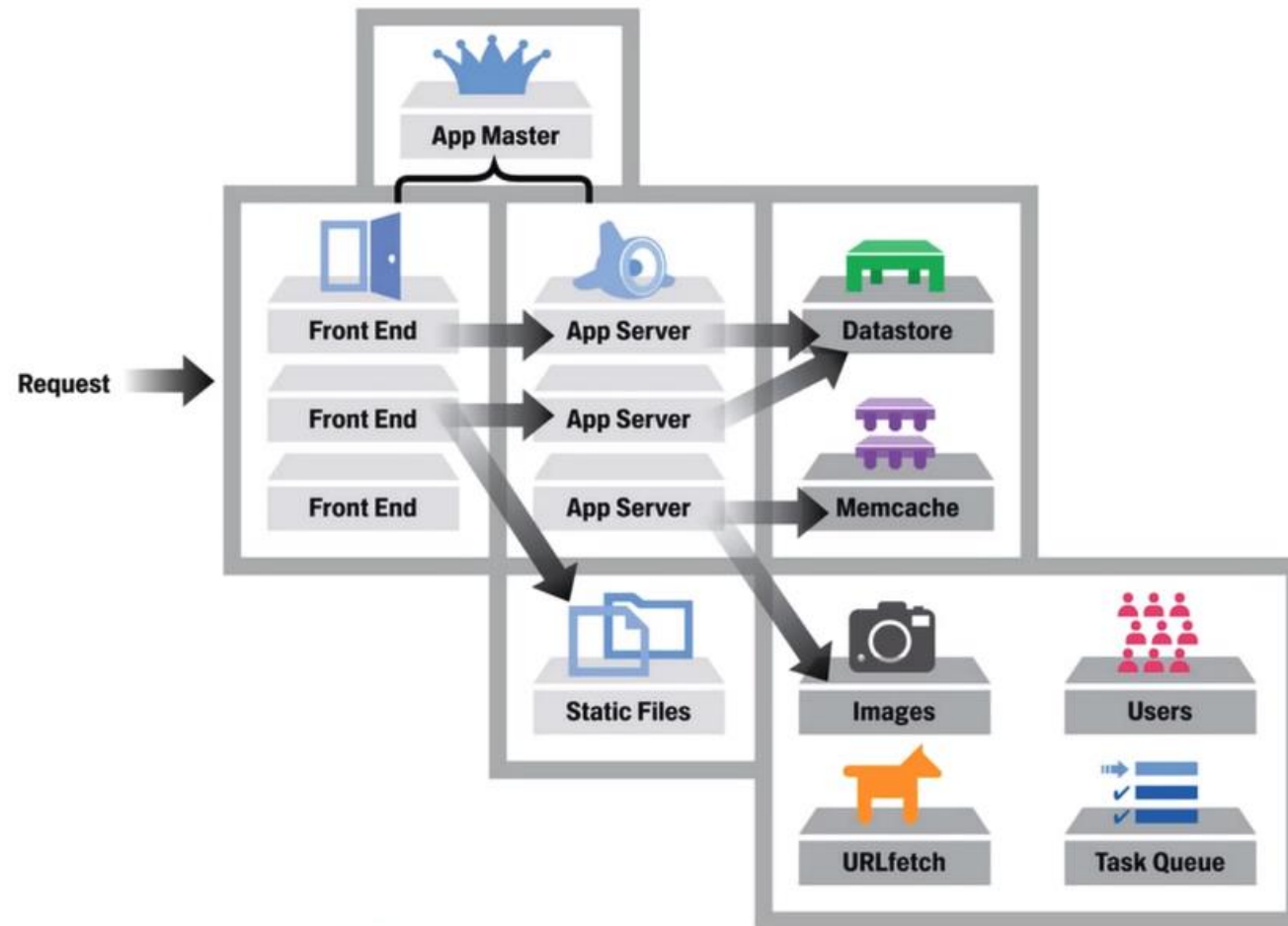


"A Platform as a Service (**PaaS**) cloud computing platform for developing and hosting web applications in Google-managed data centers"

<https://developers.google.com/appengine>

- Supported languages:
 - **Python**
 - Java
 - PHP
 - Go

GAE Architecture



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QJp6hmASstQ>

The point of view of the developer

- Hardware and network characteristics are hidden
 - No networking facilities -> Network APIs (e.g. URL fetcher)
 - No storage of files -> Storage APIs (e.g. Cloud Storage, Memcache, Blobstore)
 - High level service APIs (e.g. MapReduce, Mail)
- Aware of the resource management strategies of the provider (e.g. fast on-line responses)
- Aware of the performance service parameters (e.g. Pending latencies)

Free Tier

Google App Engine

GAE costs: Free tier

- GAE provides a "free tier" of resources
- When resource usage exceeds, the user starts paying resources.
- Pricing changes according to the deployment zone of the application

<https://cloud.google.com/appengine/pricing>

GAE costs: Free tier

- GAE provides a "free tier" of resources

- When resources are used

- Pricing changes

<https://cloud.google.com/appengine/pricing>

Attenzione: Si consiglia di utilizzare un account Google non collegato a carte di credito per utilizzare la versione gratuita di Google App Engine senza rischio di spiacevoli addebiti

resources.

the application

Deploy a Flask application on Google App Engine

Exercise

Outline

- Test a Flask application locally
- Create Google App Engine (GAE) project
- Migrate the Flask application to GAE
- Test the GAE application locally
- Deploy the GAE application on Google services
- Additional functionalities on GAE
 - Serve static files
 - Serve multiple applications

Requirements

- **Having a Google account**
 - Register at <http://appengine.google.com>
 - **Never** insert credit cards for this class
 - Do **not** activate trial account for google cloud platform
- **Python 2.7**
- **GAE Python SDK**

GAE Python SDK

- **Download Google Python SDK**

- <https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/standard/python/download>
- Follow instructions on site

GAE Python SDK - Commands

- We'll use two commands from the SDK:

- **dev_appserver.py**

- Starts a development app server
 - Test application locally

- **gcloud app deploy**

- Deploy applications **online**

Start - Hello World Flask application

- Directory structure:
 - <project-directory>
 - <package-directory>
 - requirements.txt
 - [venv]
 - [setup.py]
 - [MANIFEST.in, README.txt, ...]

Migrating from Flask to GAE

- Directory structure:

- <project-directory>

- <package-directory>
 - requirements.txt
 - app.yaml
 - appengine_config.py
 - lib/
 - [venv]
 - [setup.py]
 - [MANIFEST.in, README.txt, ...]

app.yaml

- Main configuration file for the GAE application
- YAML = Yet Another Markup Language

Environment configuration

```
runtime: python27
api_version: 1
threadsafe: true
```

Application configuration

```
handlers:
- url: /*
  script: app.flask_app.app
```

app.yaml

```
runtime: python27
api_version: 1
threadsafe: true

handlers:
- url: /*
  script: app.flask_app.app
```

- This code runs in the **python27** runtime env, API version **1**
- The application is **threadsafe** so the same instance can handle several simultaneous requests.
- Every request to a URL whose pattern matches the regular expression **/*** should be handled by the **app** object in the **app.flask_app** python module

appengine_config.py

To deploy your application to GAE using third-party libraries you need to install them to your application directory.

Create a directory to store the third-party libraries:

```
$ mkdir lib
```

Install the third-party libraries in the folder

```
$ pip install -t lib -r requirements.txt
```

Create the appengine_config.py file in the application directory

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-  
from google.appengine.ext import vendor  
  
vendor.add('lib')
```

Run your application locally

```
$ <gcloud-sdk>/dev_appserver.py app.yaml
```

- Where <gcloud-sdk> is the PATH of the gcloud SDK
(add it to your PATH environment)

Open a browser at <http://localhost:8080>

Deploy the application on the cloud

Initialize the gcloud tool first

```
$ gcloud init
```

Deploy the application on the GAE service

```
$ gcloud app deploy
```

Test your application on the cloud using the URL provided by GAE

Extra: Serve static files

- Configure your application to serve static files such as css, images, resources, ...
- Create a folder called `static` in the project directory and add it to the `app.yaml`

```
runtime: python27
api_version: 1
threadsafe: true

handlers:
- url: /static
  static_dir: static
- url: /.*
  script: app.flask_app.app
```

Extra: Specify different handlers

Change your `app.yaml`

```
runtime: python27
api_version: 1
threadsafe: true

handlers:
- url: /static
  static_dir: static
- url: /greeting/*
  script: app.flask_template_file.app
- url: /*
  script: app.flask_app.app
```

Test the handlers with the browser

Final directory structure

<project-directory>

- app/
 - flask_app.py
 - flask_template_file.py
 - template/
 - greeting.html
- static/
 - file.txt
- lib/
 - ...
- app.yaml
- appengine_config.py
- requirements.txt
- [venv]

TODO

Sa fom?