

理想导体边界条件 理想介质边界条件

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{e}_n \cdot \vec{D} &= \rho_s \\ \vec{e}_n \times \vec{E} &= 0 \\ \vec{e}_n \cdot \vec{B} &= 0 \\ \vec{e}_n \times \vec{H} &= \vec{J}_s\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{e}_n \times (\vec{E}_1 - \vec{E}_2) &= 0 \\ \vec{e}_n \cdot (\vec{D}_1 - \vec{D}_2) &= \rho \\ \vec{e}_n \times (\vec{H}_1 - \vec{H}_2) &= 0 \\ \vec{e}_n \cdot (\vec{B}_1 - \vec{B}_2) &= 0\end{aligned}$$

麦克斯韦方程积分形式

$$\begin{cases} \oint_C \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{l} = \int_S (\vec{J} + \frac{\partial \vec{D}}{\partial t}) \cdot d\vec{S} \\ \oint_C \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l} = - \int_S \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} \cdot d\vec{S} \\ \oint_S \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{S} = 0 \\ \oint_S \vec{D} \cdot d\vec{S} = \int_V \rho dV = q \end{cases}$$

波动方程

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla^2 \vec{E} - \mu\epsilon \frac{\partial^2 \vec{E}}{\partial t^2} &= 0 \\ \nabla^2 \vec{H} - \mu\epsilon \frac{\partial^2 \vec{H}}{\partial t^2} &= 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \rightarrow j\omega \quad \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \rightarrow -\omega^2$$

复波动方程

$$\begin{cases} \nabla^2 \vec{E} + k^2 \vec{E} = 0 \\ \nabla^2 \vec{H} + k^2 \vec{H} = 0 \end{cases} \quad k = \omega \sqrt{\mu\epsilon}$$

麦克斯韦方程微分形式

电磁感应定律

$$\nabla \times \vec{E} = - \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{D} = \rho$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{J} = - \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t}$$

引入位移电流

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \rightarrow j\omega$$

复麦克斯韦方程微分形式

$$\begin{cases} \nabla \times \vec{H} = \vec{J} + j\omega \vec{D} \\ \nabla \times \vec{E} = -j\omega \vec{B} \\ \nabla \cdot \vec{D} = \rho \\ \nabla \cdot \vec{B} = 0 \end{cases}$$

复坡印廷定理

$$\begin{aligned}- \oint_S \frac{1}{2} (\vec{E} \times \vec{H}^*) \cdot d\vec{S} \\ = \int_V (\frac{1}{2} \omega \mu'' \vec{H} \cdot \vec{H}^* + \frac{1}{2} \omega \epsilon'' \vec{E} \cdot \vec{E}^* + \frac{1}{2} \sigma \vec{E} \cdot \vec{E}^*) dV \\ + j2\omega \int_V (\frac{1}{4} \mu' \vec{H} \cdot \vec{H}^* - \frac{1}{4} \epsilon' \vec{E} \cdot \vec{E}^*) dV\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} \nabla \times \vec{H} = \vec{J} + \frac{\partial \vec{D}}{\partial t} \\ \nabla \times \vec{E} = - \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} \\ \nabla \cdot \vec{B} = 0 \\ \nabla \cdot \vec{D} = \rho \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{B} &= \nabla \times \vec{A} \\ \vec{E} &= - \frac{\partial \vec{A}}{\partial t} - \nabla \phi\end{aligned}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{A} + \mu\epsilon \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} = 0$$

引入洛伦兹规范

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{A} + j\omega \mu\epsilon \phi = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \vec{B} = \nabla \times \vec{A} \\ \vec{E} = -j\omega \vec{A} - \nabla \phi \end{cases}$$

无源

$$\vec{J} = 0, \quad \rho = 0$$

$$\vec{D} = \epsilon \vec{E}, \quad \vec{B} = \mu \vec{H}, \quad \vec{J} = \sigma \vec{E}$$

坡印廷矢量

$$\vec{S} = \vec{E} \times \vec{H}$$

时谐电磁场平均坡印廷矢量

$$\vec{S}_{av} = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}[\vec{E} \times \vec{H}^*]$$

微分形式

$$-\nabla \cdot (\vec{E} \times \vec{H}) = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\frac{1}{2} \vec{H} \cdot \vec{B} + \frac{1}{2} \vec{E} \cdot \vec{D}) + \vec{E} \cdot \vec{J}$$

电磁守恒定律

积分形式

$$\begin{aligned}- \oint_S (\vec{E} \times \vec{H}) \cdot d\vec{S} \\ = \frac{d}{dt} \int_V (\frac{1}{2} \vec{H} \cdot \vec{B} + \frac{1}{2} \vec{E} \cdot \vec{D}) dV + \int_V \vec{E} \cdot \vec{J} dV\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla^2 \vec{A} - \epsilon\mu \frac{\partial^2 \vec{A}}{\partial t^2} &= -\mu \vec{J} \\ \nabla^2 \phi - \epsilon\mu \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial t^2} &= -\frac{\rho}{\epsilon}\end{aligned}$$

达朗贝尔方程

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \rightarrow j\omega$$

$$\begin{cases} \nabla^2 \vec{A} + k^2 \vec{A} = -\mu \vec{J} \\ \nabla^2 \phi + k^2 \phi = -\frac{\rho}{\epsilon} \end{cases}$$

复达朗贝尔方程

$$\vec{E} = -j\omega (\vec{A} + \frac{\nabla \nabla \cdot \vec{A}}{k^2})$$