## STAT22000 Summer 2020 Homework 6

All page, section, and exercise numbers below refer to the course text (*OpenIntro Statistics*, 4th edition, by Diez, Barr, and Cetinkaya-Rundel.).

Reading: Section 2.2, 2.4 (Skip 2.3)

Problems for Self-Study: (Do Not Turn In)

• Exercise 2.21, 2.23, 2.25, 2.35 on p.121-122. The answers can be found on p. 409-410

## Problems to Turn In: due midnight of Monday, July 6, on Gradescope

- 1. Suppose that an IRS examiner correctly detects and flags 90% of all erroneous returns that he reviews. In addition, he mistakenly flags 2% of correct returns that he reviews. Suppose that about 20% of the tax returns he reviews contain errors.
  - (a) What proportion of tax returns he reviews are flagged?
  - (b) What proportion of tax returns he flagged actually contain errors?
  - (c) What proportion of tax returns not flagged actually contain errors?

Hint: First draw a tree diagram of this scenario.

2. In a game of 4-Spot Keno, the player picks 4 numbers from 1 to 80. The casino randomly selects 20 winning numbers from 1 to 80. If the 4 numbers the player picked are all among the 20 winning numbers, the player receives \$120. If three of the 4 numbers are winning numbers, the player receives \$3. If two of the 4 numbers are winning numbers, the player receives \$1. If only one or none are winning numbers, the player receives \$0. It costs \$1 to play the game. The (approximate) probabilities of picking 4, 3, or 2 winning numbers are given in the table below.

Number of winning numbers picked	0 or 1	2	3	4
Payout	\$0	\$1	\$3	\$120
Net profit = Payout $-\$1$	-\$1	\$0	\$2	\$119
Probability	?	0.21264	0.04325	0.00306

- (a) What is the probability that the payout is \$0?
- (b) Compute the expected value of the net profit.
- (c) Compute the standard deviation of the net profit.
- (d) If one plays the game 100 times, what is the expected total net profit?
- (e) Continue the previous part. What is the standard deviation of the total net profit? Note the outcomes of different games are independent of each other as the winning numbers are selected independently each time.
- (f) Explain why the probability that the 4 numbers picked are all among the 20 winning numbers is about 0.00306. Show how this is computed. Please note that the 4 numbers the player pick from 1 to 80 must be distinct.
- 3. There are many ways to bet your money on the outcome the Nevada roulette. In addition to the popular Red-and-Black bet, here are two more bets.
  - Single Number: If you bet a dollar on a single number at Nevada roulette, and that number comes up, you get the \$1 back together with winnings of \$35. If any other number comes up, you lose the dollar. Gamblers say that a single number pays 35 to 1, and there are 1 chances in 38 to win.

• Split If you bet a dollar on a split at Nevada roulette. (A split is two adjacent numbers, like 11 and 12). If either number comes up, you gets the dollar back, together with winnings of \$17. If neither number comes up, you loses the dollar. So a split pays 17 to I, and there are 2 chances in 38 to win.

A gambler thinks 7 is very likely to come up, so he puts a dollar at 7. He also think 11 and 12 look promising, so he bets another dollar on 11 and 12 as a split. Let X be his net profit from the bet at a single number 17, and Y be his net profit from the bet at the split 11 and 12. The probability distributions of X and Y are as follows.

Outcome	7	Other 37 numbers	Outcome	11 or 12	Other 36 numbers
Value of $X$	35	-1	Value of $Y$	17	-1
probability	1/38	37/38	probability	2/38	36/38

- (a) Find the expected value and the variance of X.
- (b) Find the expected value and the variance of Y.
- (c) If the gambler put the two bets in one spinning, let T = X + Y be his total net profit from the two bets. The probability distribution of T can be found as follows.

Outcome	7	11 or 12	the other $35$ numbers
value of $X$	35	-1	-1
value of $Y$	-1	17	-1
value of $T = X + Y$	34	16	-2
Probability	1/38	2/38	35/38

Find the expected value and the variance of T.

- (d) Are the events  $\{X = 35\}$  and  $\{X = 17\}$  independent? Explain briefly.
- (e) Is the variance of T equal to the sum of the variance of X and the variance of Y? Explain briefly.