



南方科技大学
SOUTHERN UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Assignment 6

ESE 5023

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12132873

量子科学与工程研究

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ZHANG Ziyang (张子严)'s TA report for assignment06

SID: 12132873

Github: https://github.com/ZiyanZhang98/ESE5023_Assignments_12132873

Responsible TA: HUANG Hao

Grade: 39

1. Matrix Multiplication Good (15/15)

The code is showed below.

```
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ cat Main.f90
Program Main

implicit none

integer :: u1, u2, u3, i, j
real(4), dimension(:,:), allocatable :: a, b
real(4) :: c(5,5)

! read matrix from M.dat
u1 = 50
open(unit=u1, file='M.dat', status='old')
allocate(a(5,3))
do i=1, 5
    read(u1,*) (a(i,j), j=1,3)
enddo
print*, "M:"
do i=1,5
    write(*,'(5f9.2)') (a(i,j), j=1,3)
enddo
close(u1)

! read matrix from N.dat
u2 = 51
open(unit=u2, file='N.dat', status='old')
allocate(b(3,5))
do i=1, 3
    read(u2, *) (b(i,j), j=1,5)
enddo
print*, "N:"
do i=1,3
    write(*, '(5f9.2)') (b(i,j), j=1,5)
enddo

close(u2)

! call the subroutine
call Matrix_multip(a,b,c)
```

```

! Print the return matrix
print*, "M*N="
write(*, '(5f9.2)') c

! write result to file MN.dat
u3 = 52
open(unit=u3, file='MN.dat', status='replace')
write(u3, '(5f9.2)') c
close(u3)

End Program Main

```

The running result is showed below:

```

[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ nano Main.f90
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ gfortran Main.f90 Matrix_multip.f90 -o main.x
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ ./main.x
M:
  19.48    15.79    19.28
  19.28    12.92    15.86
  15.86    11.29    14.04
  11.93    18.60    18.23
  19.28    12.92    15.86
N:
   7.72    4.11    1.44    4.80    5.55
   5.55    4.80    4.04    0.59    8.58
   0.59    8.58    2.26    7.72    4.11
M*N=
 249.40   229.90   193.38   206.09   229.90
 321.28   277.34   239.84   294.73   277.34
 135.42   115.80   100.18   133.52   115.80
 251.66   222.61   191.18   208.97   222.61
 322.83   283.04   242.60   300.72   283.04

```

Here we check the requested files: Main.f90, Matrix_multip.f90 and MN.dat

```

[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ ls
a.out      ImplicitTypeTest.f90  MN.dat      TestUndeclared.f90
DoLoopTest.f90  Implicit.x            N.dat       test.x
DoWhileTest.f90 Main.f90              PrecisionTest.f90  VariableShowcase.f90
HelloWorld.f90  main.x               PrecisionTest.x    Variable.x
HelloWorld.x    Matrix_multip.f90    TestArray.f90
IfElseTest.f90  M.dat               TestRelationalOps.f90
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ cat MN.dat
 249.40   229.90   193.38   206.09   229.90
 321.28   277.34   239.84   294.73   277.34
 135.42   115.80   100.18   133.52   115.80
 251.66   222.61   191.18   208.97   222.61
 322.83   283.04   242.60   300.72   283.04
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$

```

2. Calculate the Solar Evaluation Angle

Good (24/25).

2.1 module Declination_angle

You can use asind and sin to calculate angle in degree...

```
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ cat Declination_angle.f90
module Declination_angle

implicit none

integer :: date
real(8) :: a,b,pi

contains
  subroutine get_angle()
    pi = 3.14159265
    print*, 'Input the number of days since January 1st'
    read(*,*) date

    a = COS(pi/180*(360/365.24)*(date+10)+(360/pi)*0.0167*SIN((pi/180*360/365.24)*(date-2)))
    b = (ASIN(SIN(-23.44*pi/180)*a))*180/pi

  end subroutine get_angle
end module Declination_angle
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$
```

2.2 module Solar_hour_angle

```
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ cat Solar_hour_angle.f90
module Solar_hour_angle
  real(4) :: h,LST
  contains
  subroutine get_solar_angle()
    print*, 'Input the local solar time in the 24-hour format'
    read(*,*) LST

    h = 15 * ((LST / 60) -12)
  end subroutine get_solar_angle
end module Solar_hour_angle
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$
```

2.3 Write a main program (Solar_elevation_angle.f90) that uses module Declination_angle and Solar_hour_angle to calculate and print the SEA in a given location for a given date and time.

```
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ cat Solar_elevation_angle.f90
Program Solar_elevation_angle

use Declination_angle
use Solar_hour_angle

implicit none

real(4) :: sea, l

print*, 'Input latitude'
read(*,*) l

call get_angle()
call get_solar_angle()

sea = (ASIN(SIN(l*pi/180)*SIN(b*pi/180)+COS(l*pi/180)*COS(b*pi/180)*COS(h*pi/180)))
*180/pi

print*, 'Declination angle: ', b
print*, 'Solar hour angle: ', h
print*, 'Solar elevation angle: ', sea

end program Solar_elevation_angle
```

2.4 Create a library (libsea.a) that contains Declination_angle.o and Solar_hour_angle.o. Compile Solar_elevation_angle.f90 using libsea.a. Print the SEA for Shenzhen (22.542883N, 114.062996E) at 10:32 (Beijing time; UTC+8) on 2021-12-31.

Compile two modules:

```
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ gfortran -c Solar_hour_angle.f90
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ gfortran -c Solar_elevation_angle.f90
```

Place modules in the library libsea.a then compile,

```
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ ar rcvf libsea.a Declination_angle.o Solar_hour_angle.o
a - Declination_angle.o
a - Solar_hour_angle.o
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ gfortran Solar_elevation_angle.f90 -o Solar_elevation_angle_lib.x -L. -lsea
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ ./Solar_elevation_angle_lib.x
```

Then run the program

```
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ gfortran -c Solar_elevation_angle.f90
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ ar rcvf libsea.a Declination_angle.o Solar_hour_angle.o
a - Declination_angle.o
a - Solar_hour_angle.o
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ gfortran Solar_elevation_angle.f90 -o Solar_elevation_angle_lib.x -L. -lsea
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ ./Solar_elevation_angle_lib.x
Input latitude
34.5
Input the number of days since January 1st
364
Input the local solar time in the 24-hour format
600
Declination angle:  -23.415861463273444
Solar hour angle:  -30.0000000
Solar elevation angle:   25.4577274
[ese-zhangzy@login02 fortran_demo1]$ s
```

I think you should input the variables about Shenzhen and 10:32.
1 point was deducted.