

Changes in design (Assignment 2)

**This documentation only shows the changes in design and the reasons behind. For complete updated documentations, please see "Design Rationale".*

Class changes: Limb

- Instead of storing upgraded weapon as an attribute in this abstract class, this attribute is stored in respective child classes such as Arm class and Leg class.
- Instead of declaring the damage as a final static attribute, the damage for all the limb subclasses is initiated in its constructor by using the super() keyword.

Class changes: AttackAction

- A new method called dropWeapon(Actor, GameMap) is added to handle the situation where the actor has to drop everything from its inventory, this method is called either when an actor is dead or a zombie has lost both of its arms. It has a protected visibility because this method is needed to be accessed by its subclasses which is AttackZombieAction and AttackHumanAction.

Class changes: AttackZombieAction

- Instead of handling the probability of a zombie losing a limb in its execute method, the functionality is delegated to Zombie class in order to achieve encapsulation where only the Zombie will decide whether it will lose a limb or not after being attacked.
- The deduction of the number of limbs when a limb has been knocked off a zombie will also be handled by Zombie class so that it achieves the preferable "tell, don't ask" approach.
- The name of the private method dropAt() is changed to dropLimb() and it will be responsible for all the actions involved in removing a weapon from the Zombie's inventory and spawn that weapon onto the adjacent location of the Zombie. So it will not return a location which is suggested in previous dropAt() method but rather handling the whole process of dropping a limb.

- In previous design rationale, a private method called `dropWeapon()` will be created to take in the number of limb lost and returns a boolean on whether the Zombie will drop the weapon or not. Since the zombie is only allowed to drop one limb at a time, this method is no longer needed.

Class changes: Zombie

- Both `loseArm()` and `loseLeg()` methods are set to have a private visibility since only Zombie will determine if it will lose a limb or not after being attacked.
- The `dropWeapon()` method stated previously which handles the action of removing all the weapons from its inventory is no longer needed in Zombie class as this action is handled in `AttackZombieAction`. Since `AttackZombieAction` inherits from `AttackAction` which already has this `dropWeapon()` functionality, it can reuse the method and achieve the design principle "DRY".
- A new method call `zombiesAttacked()` is added to determines if the Zombie will lose a limb after being attacked.
- The private attribute `Behaviours` has an array of behaviours that are arranged such that the Zombie will have a 10% chance of shouting something every turn regardless of the conditions the Zombie is in. Then it is followed by pick up weapon behavior and attack behaviour, so that the zombie will choose to pick up the weapon first before attacking a human nearby. The crippled behavior is placed right before hunt behavior and wander behavior so that the Zombie will move in alternating turns if it has only one leg or cannot move at all if it has no leg.

Class changes: CraftWeaponAction

- The constructor only takes in one parameter of type `Limb` instead of `Actor` and `Item`. This is because only weapons of type `limb` is upgradable and have the method needed to craft them into better weapons. The `actor` parameter is no longer needed as this action does not need to know which actor is carrying the weapon.

Since the interactions between classes will remain the same, the UML class diagram will not be changed.