CSE 310-JULY 2016

Assignment 2

Department of CSE, BUET

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1 Introduction

In this assignment we are going to construct a lexical analyzer. Lexical analysis is the process of scanning the source program as a sequence of characters and converting them into sequence of tokens. A program that performs this task is called a lexical analyzer or a lexer or a scanner. For example if a portion of source program contains $int \ x=5$;, the scanner would convert in a sequence of tokens like <INT><ID,x><ASSIGNOP,=><COST_NUM,5><SEMICOLON>.

After successfully(!) completing construction of a very simple symbol table, we will construct a scanner for a subset of C language. The task will be performes using a tool named flex(Fast Lexical Analyzer Generator) which is a popular tool for generating scanners.

2 Tasks

You have to complete the following tasks in this assignment.

2.1 Identifying Tokens

2.1.1 Keywords

You have to identify lexeme of the keywords given in Table 1 and print token <Keyword_name> in the output file. For example, you will print <IF> in case you find the keyword "if" in source program. Keywords will not be inserted in the symbol table.

2.1.2 Constants

For each constant you have to print a token in <CONST_type,Symbol> in the output file and insert the symbol in symbol table.

- **Integer Literals:** One or more consecutive digits form an integer literal. Token name will be CONST_INT.
- Floating Point Literals: Numbers like 3.14159, 3.14159E-10 and 314159E10 will be considered as floating point constants. In this case, token name will be CONST_FLOAT.

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Keyword	Token	Keyword	Token
if	<if></if>	else	<else></else>
for	<for></for>	while	<while></while>
do	<do></do>	break	<break></break>
int	<int></int>	char	<char></char>
float	<float></float>	double	<double></double>
void	<void></void>	return	<return></return>
switch	<switch></switch>	case	<case></case>
default	<default></default>	continue	<continue></continue>

Table 1: Keyword List

• Character Literals: Character literals are enclosed in single quotes. There will be a single character within the single quotes whith the exception of '\n', '\t', '\\

2.1.3 Operators and Punctuators

The operator list for the subset of C program we are dealing with is given in Table 2. A token in the form of <TOKEN_NAME,Symbol> should be printed in the output file and the operator should be inserted in the symbol table.

Operators	Token_Name	
+, -	ADDOP	
*, /, %	MULOP	
++, -	INCOP	
<, <=, >, >=, ==, !=	RELOP	
=	ASSIGNOP	
&&, , !	LOGICOP	
(,)	PAREN	
{,}	CURL	
[,]	BRACKET	
,	COMMA	
;	SEMICOLON	

Table 2: Operator and Punctuators List

2.1.4 Identifiers

Identifiers are names given to C entities, such as variables, functions, structures etc. An identifier can only have alphanumeric characters (a-z, A-Z, 0-9) and underscore ($\underline{}$). The first character

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of an identifier can only contain alphabet (a-z, A-Z) or underscore ($_$). For any identifier encountered in the input file you have to print token <ID,Symbol> and also insert it in the symbol table.

2.1.5 Strings

String literals or constants are enclosed in double quotes "". String can be single line or multi line. A multi line string is ended with a \character in each line except the last line. You have to print a token like <STRING, "abc"> if you find a string "abc" in the input file. String will not be inserted in the symbol table.

2.1.6 Comments

Comments can be single lined or multiple lined. A single line comment usually statr with // symbols. A multiline comment starts with /* and terminate with the characters */. The multiline version can also serve as a single line comment. If there is any comment in input file you have to recognize it but not generate any token in output file.

2.1.7 White Space

You have to ignore all the white spaces in the input file.

2.2 Line Count

You should count the number of lines in the source program.

2.3 Lexical Error

You should detect lexical errors in the source program and report it along with line number. You have to detect fowlling type of errors.

- Too many decimal point error for character sequence like 1.2.345
- Invalid Suffix on numeric constant or invalid prefix on identifier for character sequence like 12abcd;
- Multi character constant errorfor character sequence like 'ab'
- Unfinished string
- Unfinished comment
- Unrecognized character

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3 Input

The input will be a text file containing a C source program. File name will be given from command line.

4 Output

In this assignment, there will be two output file. One is a file containing tokens. This file should be named as <YourStudentID>_token (For example 1305001_token.txt). You will output all the tokens in this file.

The other file is a log file named as <YourStudentID>_log.txt. In this file you will output all the actions performed in your program. For example, after detecting any lexeme except one representing white spaces you will print a line containing "Line no line_count>: Token <To-kenName> Lexeme <Lexeme> found". For example if you find a comment "//abcd" at line no 5 in your source code you will print "Line no 5: Token <Comment> Lexeme <abcd> found". Note that, although you will not print any token in corresponding token.txt file for comment, you will print it in log file. For any insertion into symbol table, you will print the symbol table in the output file (only print the non empty buckets). If symbol already exists print appropriate message. For any detected error print "Line no 5: Corresponding error message".

For more clarification about input output please refer to the sample input output file given in moodle. You are highly encouraged to produce output exactly like the sample one.

5 Submission

All Submission will be taken via moodle. Please follow the steps given below to submit you assignment.

- 1. In your local machine create a new folder which name is your 7 digit student id.
- 2. Put the lex file named as <your_student_id>.l containing your code. Also put additional c file or header file that is necessary to compile your lex file. Do not put the generated lex.yy.c file or executable file in this folder.
- 3. Compress the folder in a zip file which should be named as your 7 digit student id.
- 4. Submit the zip file.

In case you don't understand the above mentioned steps, please check out the sample submission in moodle.

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6 Deadline

Deadline is set at 9:00 am, October 16, 2016 for all lab groups.

Acknowledgement

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