

## week10

**COMP90041 Programming**and software development

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github: https://github.com/Zoeewang/COMP90041-2020-sem1-tutorial



## **Enumerated type**

- is a type whose values are all specific constants
- Form: enum typename {value1, value2,...}
- place this at top level inside a class, or in a file by itself, named typeName.java
- Convention: values all uppercase, words separated by underscores
- Example:
- enum DayOfWeek {SUNDAY, MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY};



## Using enumerated types

- with enum declaration, typeName is a valid type
- Each value is a constant reffered to as typeName.value
- use == or != to compare enum values for equality



## compareTo

int a.compareTo(b)

Returns a negative value if the calling object "less than" the argument in the list of values, returns zero if the calling object equals the argument, and returns a positive value if the calling object "greater than" the argument.

For enum type: "less than" means appearing earlier in the declaration

What this will return?? positive/negative?

enum DayOfWeek {SUNDAY, MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY,
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY};

DayOfWeek.SATURDAY.compareTo(DayOfWeek.FRIDAY)



#### **Methods**

- Java implements enums as classes
- they automatically have useful public methods:
  - String toString()
  - static type valueOf(String) returns enum value of string
  - int ordinal() returns 0 for the first value, 1 for the second....
  - static type[] values() returns an array of all the enum values for the type, in order
  - values is very useful, as it allows you to loop over all values of an enum type



## **Copy constructor**

a constructor that takes one argument of the same type as the object being constructed

- just make the new object an exact copy of the input argument

```
public Dog(Dog orig){
    this.age = orig.age;
    this.name = orig.name;
}
```



Q1

Write a Java program that prompts the user for one integer. Use a try/catch block to handle the InputMismatchException.



## Q<sub>2</sub>

Define an Exception class called NegativeNumberException. The class should have a constructor with no parameters. If an exception is thrown with this zero-argument constructor, the getMessage() method should return "Negative Number Not Allowed!" This class should also have a construction with a single parameter of type String. If an exception is thrown with this construction, then the getMessage() method returns the value that was used as an argument to the constructor.

write a program prompts the user for one non-negative integer



**Q**3

Revise the program in Exercise 1 above to throw a NegativeNumberException if the user enters a negative number.



# Thank you

