COMP 737011 - Memory Safety and Programming Language Design

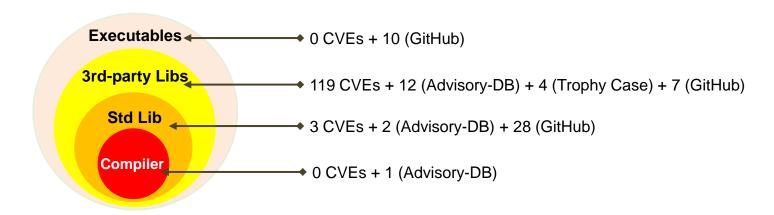
Lecture 10: Rust Bugs

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Case Study

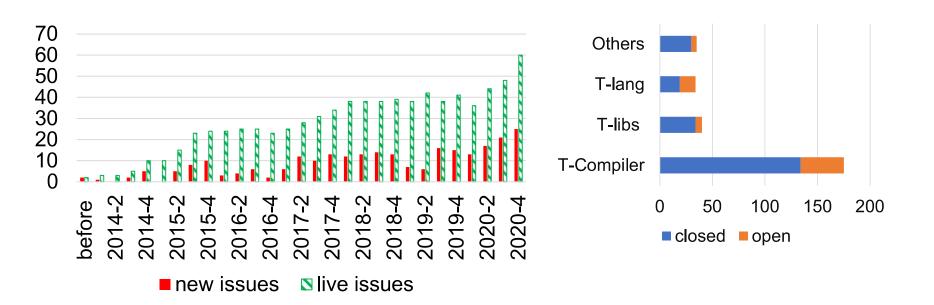
- Research Questions
 - How effective is Rust in preventing memory-safety bugs?
 - What are the characteristics of memory-safety bugs?
 - What lessons can we learn to make Rust more secure?
- Dataset of memory-safety bugs (186 in total)
 - Rust Advisory-DB(CVEs) till 2020-12-31
 - Trophy Case
 - Rust compiler
 - Other GitHub projects



[&]quot;Memory-safety challenge considered solved? An in-depth study with all Rust CVEs", TOSEM, 2021

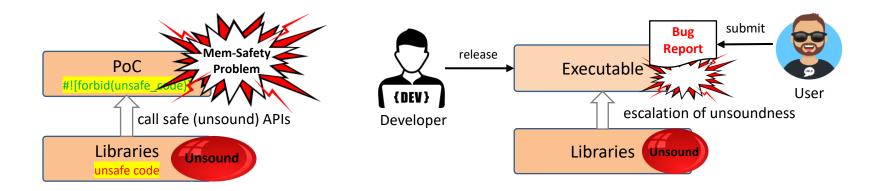
How effective is Rust?

- Do all memory-safety bugs require unsafe code?
 - Yes, except the compiler bug
- How robust is Rust compiler?
 - Trend of unsoundness issues of the Rust compiler



How Severe are These Bugs?

- All CVEs are library bugs
 - Not involve security issues directly
 - Depend on how developers use the API



Characteristics of Bugs

- Automatic Memory Reclaim
- Unsound Function
- Unsound Generic or Trait
- Other Errors

Table 1. Distribution of memory-safety bugs in Rust std-lib + CVEs + others. For simplicity, we count the CVEs of Rust std-lib into Rust std-lib.

		Consequence					Total
Culprit		Buf. Over-R/W	Use-After-Free	Double Free	Uninit Mem	Other UB	1 Total
Auto Memory	Bad Drop at Normal Block	0 + 0 + 0	1 + 9 + 6	0 + 2 + 1	0 + 2 + 0	0 + 1 + 0	22
Reclaim	Bad Drop at Cleanup Block	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	1 + 7 + 0	0 + 5 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	13
Unsound	Bad Func. Signature	0 + 2 + 0	1 + 5 + 2	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	1 + 2 + 4	17
Function	Unsoundness by FFI	0 + 2 + 0	5 + 1 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	1 + 2 + 1	12
Unsound	Insuff. Bound of Generic	0 + 0 + 1	0 + 33 + 2	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	36
Generic	Generic Vul. to Spec. Type	3 + 0 + 1	1 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	1 + 0 + 1	1 + 2 + 0	10
or Trait	Unsound Trait	1 + 2 + 1	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 2 + 0	6
Other Errors	Arithmetic Overflow	3 + 1 + 0	1 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	5
	Boundary Check	1 + 9 + 0	1 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	1 + 0 + 0	12
	No Spec. Case Handling	2 + 2 + 1	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	2 + 1 + 1	9
	Exception Handling Issue	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	1 + 2 + 1	4
	Wrong API/Args Usage	0 + 3 + 0	1 + 4 + 0	0 + 0 + 0	0 + 1 + 1	0 + 5 + 2	17
	Other Logical Errors	0 + 4 + 1	2 + 3 + 4	0 + 0 + 1	0 + 1 + 0	1 + 4 + 1	22
Total		40	82	12	12	39	185

Case1: Auto Memory Reclaim

Code 1. PoC of use-after-free and double free bugs due to automatic memory reclaim.

```
fn genvec() -> Vec<u8> {
      let mut s = String::from("a_tmp_string");
      /*fix2: let mut s = ManuallyDrop::new(String::from("a tmp string"));*/
      let ptr = s.as_mut_ptr();
      unsafe {
          let v = Vec::from_raw_parts(ptr, s.len(), s.len());
          /*fix1: mem::forget(s);*/
          return v;
8
          /*s is freed when the function returns*/
10
11
  fn main() {
      let v = genvec();
13
      assert_eq!('a' as u8,v[0]); /*use-after-free*/
      /*double free: v is released when the function returns*/
15
16 }
```

Case2: Drop Uninitialized Memory

Code 4. PoC of dropping uninitialized memory during stack unwinding.

```
struct Foo { vec : Vec<i32>, }
2 impl Foo {
      pub unsafe fn read_from(src: &mut Read) -> Foo {
         let mut foo = mem::uninitialized::<Foo>();
         //panic!(); /*panic here would recalim the uninitialized memory of type <Foo>*/
5
         let s = slice::from_raw_parts_mut(&mut foo as *mut _ as *mut u8, mem::size_of::<Foo>());
         src.read_exact(s);
7
         foo
8
10
   fn main() {
11
      let mut v = vec![0,1,2,3,4,5,6];
12
      let (p, len, cap) = v.into_raw_parts();
13
      let mut u = [p as u64, len as _, cap as _];
14
      let bp:*const u8 = &u[0] as *const u64 as *const _;
15
      let mut b:&[u8] = unsafe { slice::from_raw_parts(bp, mem::size_of::<u64>()*3) };
16
      let mut foo = unsafe{Foo::read_from(&mut b as _)};
17
      println!("foo_=_{:?}", foo.vec);
18
19 }
```

Case 3: Insufficient Trait Bound

Code 5. PoC of lacking Send trait bound to generic.

```
struct MyStruct<T> {t:T}
   unsafe impl<T> Send for MyStruct<T> {}
   //fix: unsafe impl<T:Send> Send for MyStruct<T> {}
   fn main() {
       let mut s = MyStruct { t:Rc::new(String::from("untouched_data")) };
       for _ in 0..99{
           let mut c = s.clone();
           std::thread::spawn(move || {
               if !Rc::get_mut(&mut c.t).is_none(){
                    (*Rc::get_mut(&mut c.t).unwrap()).clear();
10
11
               println!("c.t_=_{:?}", c.t);
12
           });
13
14
15
```

Case 4: Vulnerable Generic

Code 6. PoC of unsound generic that does not respect the memory alignment.

```
1 #[repr(align(128))]
2 struct LargeAlign(u8);
3 struct MyStruct<T> { v:Vec<u8>, _marker:PhantomData<*const T>, }
4 impl<T:Sized> MyStruct<T> {
       fn from(mut value:T) -> MyStruct<T> {
           let size = size_of::<T>();
           let mut v = Vec::with_capacity(size_of::<T>());
           let src:*const T = &value;
           unsafe {
               ptr::copy(src, v.as_mut_ptr() as _, 1);
10
               v.set_len(size)
11
12
           MyStruct { v, _marker:PhantomData }
13
       }
14
15 }
impl<T:Sized> ::std::ops::Deref for MyStruct<T> {
       type Target = T;
17
       fn deref(&self) -> &T{
18
           let p = self.v.as_ptr() as *const u8 as *const T;
19
           unsafe { &*p }
       }
21
22 }
23 fn main() {
       let s = MyStruct::from(LargeAlign(123));
24
       let v = &*s as *const _ as usize;
25
       assert!(v % std::mem::align_of::<LargeAlign>() == 0);
26
27 }
```

Case 5: Unsound Trait

Code 7. PoC of unsound Trait.

```
1 trait MyTrait {
       fn type_id(&self) -> TypeId where Self: 'static {
           TypeId::of::<Self>()
5
   }
6 impl dyn MyTrait {
       pub fn is<T:MyTrait + 'static>(&self) -> bool {
           TypeId::of::<T>() == self.type_id()
       pub fn downcast<T:MyTrait + 'static>(self: Box<Self>) -> Result<Box<T>, Box<dyn MyTrait>> {
10
           if self.is::<T>(){ unsafe {
11
              let raw:*mut dyn MyTrait = Box::into_raw(self);
12
              Ok(Box::from_raw(raw as *mut T))
13
           }} else { Err(self) }
14
15
16
   impl<T> MyTrait for Box<T> {}
   impl MyTrait for u128 {}
impl MyTrait for u8 {
       fn type_id(&self) -> TypeId where Self: 'static {
20
           TypeId::of::<u128>()
21
22
  }
23
24 fn main(){
       let s = Box::new(10u8);
       let r = MyTrait::downcast::<u128>(s);
27 }
```

Lessons Learnt?

- Best practice for code suggestion?
 - Generic Bound Declaration
 - Avoiding Bad Drop at Cleanup Block.
- Static analysis with unsafe code?
 - We will discuss more next week