DATABASE PROJECT

Project Title: Freelancer Hustle DB



Introduction:

Freelancer Hustle DB is a relational database system designed to help freelancers **organize**, **track**, **and analyze** their entire freelance workflow — from managing clients and project details to logging payments, collecting feedback, and generating invoices.

Whether you're a solo freelancer or part of a growing freelance team, this system provides a structured way to keep your hustle efficient, transparent, and data-driven.

It's especially useful for:

- Tracking income and deliverables
- Managing multiple clients and deadlines
- Monitoring project status and milestones
- Recording client ratings and feedback

The project is implemented using **SQL** with a fully normalized schema and supports **advanced query operations**, enabling powerful insights like:

"Who are my highest-paying clients?",
"Which projects are unpaid?",
"What's my average rating this month?"

Core Functionalities:

1. Freelancer Profile Management

- Store freelancer details (name, expertise, email)
- Extendable to support multi-user environments

2. Client Tracking

- Store contact and company info for each client
- Useful for organizing repeat work or outreach

3. Project Management

• Link projects with freelancers and clients

• Track start/end dates, project descriptions, and status (e.g., "Ongoing", "Completed")

4. Milestones

- Divide projects into smaller goals with due dates
- Track which milestones are complete/incomplete

5. Proposals

- Keep a record of submitted project proposals
- Track proposal status (Pending, Accepted, Rejected)
- Helps monitor pre-contract communication

6. Payments

- Record payment transactions per project
- Store amount, date paid, and payment method
- · Identify which projects are still unpaid

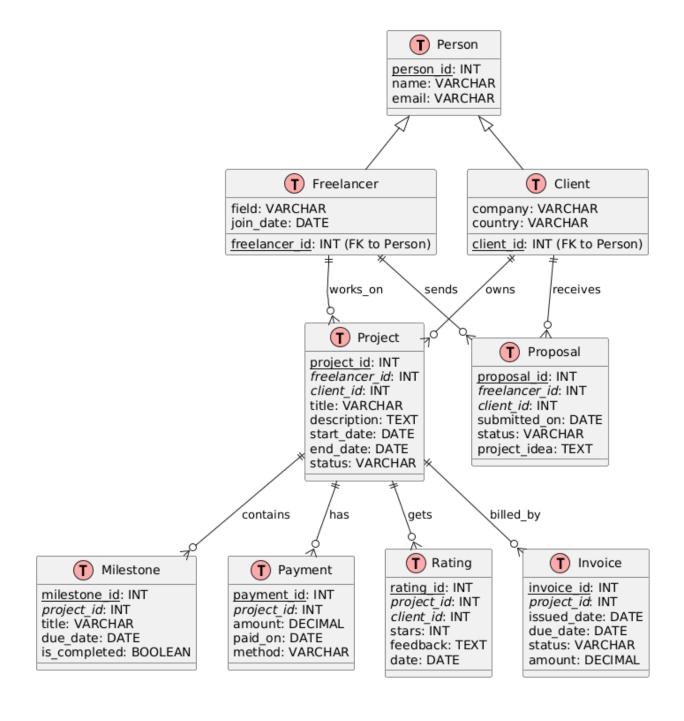
7. Ratings and Feedback

- Collect client reviews (1–5 stars) and optional feedback per project
- Calculate average ratings per freelancer

8. Invoices

- Create invoice records for delivered work
- Store issue date, due date, status (Paid/Unpaid), and total amount

Entity-Relationship Diagram (ERD):



Relationships Between Entities:

Relationship	Туре	Description
Freelancer — Project	One-to-Many	y A freelancer can work on many projects
Client — Project	One-to-Many	y A client can give many projects
Project — Payment	One-to-Many	y Each project can have one or more payments
Project — Rating	One-to-One	One rating per project by the client
Project — Milestone	One-to-Many	y Each project can have multiple milestones
Project — Invoice	One-to-One	One invoice per project
Freelancer — Proposa	l One-to-Many	A freelancer can send multiple proposals
Client — Proposal	One-to-Many	A client can receive multiple proposals

Construction of Relational Schema:

Top-Down Approach (Entity to Table):

PERSON	RSON PERSON_ID (PK		(PK)		NAME			E	EMAI	L					
FREELANCER FREELANCER_ID		R_ID	FK			FIE	FIELD .		J	OIN	N_DATE				
		(F	PK)			PEI	RSON	N_ID)							
						Ī			1						
CLIENT		C	LIEN	T_ID ((PK	FK		ו וטי	CO	MPAN	Υ		COL	JNTRY	
						PER	RSON	<u>''_' '</u>							
PROJECT PROJECT FREELANCER CLIENT TITLE DESCRIPTION START END STATUS															
	_ID (F			(FK)		_ID						_DAT		DATE	
													[
MILESTON	IE N	/IILE:	STON	IE ID	PRO.	JECT	ID	TITLE		DUE	DAT	Ε	IS	COMPLE	TED
		PK)		_	(FK)		_								
PROPOSAL		POS (PK		FREE ID (F	LANC	ER_	CLIE ID (ENT_	SUBM ON	IITTED_	_ S	TATUS	SF	PROJECT	_IDEA
	-"	, (FK)	יט (ד	K)		ן טו	rk)	ON						
				1			1			T =					
PAYMENT Table		PAYN (PK)	1ENT	_ID	PROJ (FK)	IECT_ID AMOUN		NT	IT PAID_ON		١	METHOD			
		· ·/			、 			1							
RATING	RA	TING	i_ID	PRO	JECT_	ID (CLIEN	IT_ID	STARS		FEE	DBAC	CK	DATE	
	(Pk	()	- -		(FK)	_									
INVOICE	INV (PK)	OICE	_ID	PROJ (FK)	IECT_I	D I	SSUE	D_DATE	DUE	_DATE	ST	ATUS		AMOU	NT
	\' \'\			(, ,,)					_1					1	

BOTTOM-UP APPROACH:

1NF (Unnormalized to First Normal Form)

Remove repeating groups & ensure atomic values.

- FREELANCER (Freelancer_ID, Name, Email, Field, Join_Date)
- 2. CLIENT (Client ID, Name, Email, Company, Country)
- PROJECT (Project_ID, Title, Description, Start_Date, End_Date, Status, Freelancer_ID, Client_ID)
- 4. PAYMENT (Payment_ID, Project_ID, Amount, Paid_On, Method)
- 5. RATING (Rating_ID, Project_ID, Client_ID, Stars, Feedback, Date)
- 6. MILESTONE (Milestone_ID, Project_ID, Title, Due_Date, Is_Completed)
- 7. INVOICE (Invoice_ID, Project_ID, Issued_Date, Due_Date, Amount, Status)
- 8. PROPOSAL (Proposal_ID, Freelancer_ID, Client_ID, Submitted_On, Status, Project_Idea)

2NF (Partial Dependency Removed)

All non-key attributes depend on the full primary key i.e no partial dependancy.

So, the relation is in 2NF.

3NF (Transitive Dependencies Removed)

Non-key attributes should not depend on other non-key attributes

No transitive dependencies found

So, the relation is already in 3NF.

DATATYPES AND DESCRIPTION:

PERSON (Superclass):

ATTRIBUTES	DATA TYPE	SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
Person_id	VARCHAR2	10	PK
Name	VARCHAR2	30	NOT NULL
Email	VARCHAR2	40	UNIQUE, NOT NULL

FREELANCER:

ATTRIBUTES	DATA TYPE	SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
Freelancer_id	VARCHAR2	10	PK, FK (References Person)
Field	VARCHAR2	30	
Join_date	DATE	_	DEFAULT SYSDATE

CLIENT:

ATTRIBUTES	DATA TYPE	SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
Client_id	VARCHAR2	10	PK, FK (References Person)
Company	VARCHAR2	30	
Country	VARCHAR2	20	

PROJECT:

ATTRIBUTES	DATA TYPE	SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
Project_id	VARCHAR2	10	PK
Freelancer_id	VARCHAR2	10	FK (References Freelancer)
Client_id	VARCHAR2	10	FK (References Client)
Title	VARCHAR2	50	NOT NULL
Description	VARCHAR2	200	
Start_date	DATE	_	
End_date	DATE	_	
Status	VARCHAR2	20	

MILESTONE:

ATTRIBUTES	DATA TYPE	SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
Milestone_id	VARCHAR2	10	PK
Project_id	VARCHAR2	10	FK (References Project)
Title	VARCHAR2	50	NOT NULL
Due_date	DATE	_	
Is_completed	NUMBER	1	CHECK ('1', '0')

PROPOSAL:

ATTRIBUTES	DATA TYPE	SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
Proposal_id	VARCHAR2	10	PK
Freelancer_id	VARCHAR2	10	FK (References Freelancer)
Client_id	VARCHAR2	10	FK (References Client)
Submitted_on	DATE	_	
Status	VARCHAR2	15	CHECK ('Pending', 'Accepted', 'Rejected')
Project_idea	VARCHAR2	200	

PAYMENT:

ATTRIBUTES	DATA TYPE	SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
Payment_id	VARCHAR2	10	PK
Project_id	VARCHAR2	10	FK (References Project)
Amount	NUMBER(10,2)	_	NOT NULL
Paid_on	DATE	_	
Method	VARCHAR2	20	

RATING:

ATTRIBUTES	DATA TYPE	SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
Rating_id	VARCHAR2	10	PK
Project_id	VARCHAR2	10	FK (References Project)
Client_id	VARCHAR2	10	FK (References Client)
Stars	NUMBER	1	CHECK (1-5)
Feedback	VARCHAR2	200	
Date	DATE	_	

INVOICE:

ATTRIBUTES	DATA TYPE	SIZE	CONSTRAINTS
Invoice_id	VARCHAR2	10	PK
Project_id	VARCHAR2	10	FK (References Project)
Issued_date	DATE	-	
Due_date	DATE	_	
Status	VARCHAR2	10	CHECK ('Paid', 'Unpaid')
Amount	NUMBER(10,2)	_	

CREATE TABLE STATEMENTS:

1. PERSON Table (Superclass)

```
CREATE TABLE PERSON (
   person_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
   name VARCHAR2(100),
   email VARCHAR2(100)
);
```

2. FREELANCER Table (Subclass of PERSON)

```
CREATE TABLE FREELANCER (
    freelancer_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
    field VARCHAR2(100),
    join_date DATE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_freelancer_person FOREIGN KEY (freelancer_id) REFERENCES PERSON(person_id)
);
```

3. CLIENT Table (Subclass of PERSON)

```
CREATE TABLE CLIENT (
    client_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
    company VARCHAR2(100),
    country VARCHAR2(50),
    CONSTRAINT fk client person FOREIGN KEY (client id) REFERENCES PERSON(person id)
);
```

4. PROJECT Table

```
CREATE TABLE PROJECT (
    project_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
    freelancer_id NUMBER,
    client_id NUMBER,
    title VARCHAR2(150),
    description CLOB,
    start_date DATE,
    end_date DATE,
    status VARCHAR2(20),
    CONSTRAINT fk_project_freelancer FOREIGN KEY (freelancer_id) REFERENCES FREELANCER(freelancer_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_project_client FOREIGN KEY (client_id) REFERENCES CLIENT(client_id)
);
```

5. MILESTONES Table

6. PROPOSAL Table

```
CREATE TABLE PROPOSAL (
    proposal_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
    freelancer_id NUMBER,
    client_id NUMBER,
    submitted_on DATE,
    status VARCHAR2(20),
    project_idea CLOB,
    CONSTRAINT fk_proposal_freelancer FOREIGN KEY (freelancer_id) REFERENCES FREELANCER(freelancer_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_proposal_client FOREIGN KEY (client_id) REFERENCES CLIENT(client_id)
);
```

7. PAYMENT Table

```
CREATE TABLE PAYMENT (
    payment_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
    project_id NUMBER,
    amount NUMBER(10, 2),
    paid_on DATE,
    method VARCHAR2(50),
    CONSTRAINT fk_payment_project_FOREIGN KEY (project_id) REFERENCES PROJECT(project_id)
);
```

8. RATING Table

```
CREATE TABLE RATING (
    rating_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
    project_id NUMBER,
    client_id NUMBER,
    stars NUMBER(1) CHECK (stars BETWEEN 1 AND 5),
    feedback CLOB,
    rating_date DATE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_rating_project FOREIGN KEY (project_id) REFERENCES PROJECT(project_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_rating_client FOREIGN KEY (client_id) REFERENCES CLIENT(client_id)
);
```

9. INVOICE Table

```
CREATE TABLE INVOICE (
   invoice id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
   project id NUMBER,
   issued date DATE,
   due date DATE,
   status VARCHAR2(20),
   amount NUMBER(10, 2),
   CONSTRAINT fk invoice project FOREIGN KEY (project id) REFERENCES PROJECT(project id)
);
```

TWO IMPORTANT VIEWS:

View1: freelancer project summary:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW freelancer_project_summary AS

SELECT

f.freelancer_id,
p.name AS freelancer_name,
f.field,
COUNT(DISTINCT pr.project_id) AS total_projects,
NVL(AVG(r.stars), 0) AS average_rating,
NVL(SUM(pay.amount), 0) AS total_earnings

FROM
freelancer f

JOIN person p ON f.freelancer_id = p.person_id

LEFT JOIN project pr ON f.freelancer_id = pr.freelancer_id

LEFT JOIN payment pay ON pr.project_id = pay.project_id

GROUP BY
f.freelancer_id, p.name, f.field;
```

select * from <u>freelancer project summary</u>

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

FREELANCER_ID	FREELANCER_NAME	FIELD	TOTAL_PROJECTS	AVERAGE_RATING	TOTAL_EARNINGS
2	Ali Khan	Graphic Design	0	0	0
1	Zoha Shabbir	Web Development	1	5	60000
3	Sara Malik	Graphic Design	1	0	40000

3 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download

VIEW2. top_earning_clients:

```
Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

CLIENT_ID CLIENT_NAME TOTAL_PAID
2 Ali Khan 60000
4 Umer Raza 40000
2 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download
```

Important Reports to be generated by system:

Report 1: Clients Who Haven't Paid for Any Project

CLIENT_ID	CLIENT_NAME
202	Fatima Sheikh
201	Ahmad Khan
204	Sara Ali
203	Zeeshan Tariq
205	Tariq Javed

5 rows returned in 0.01 seconds

Download

Report 2: Freelancers Without Any Rating Yet

```
SELECT
f.freelancer_id,
p.name AS freelancer_name

FROM
freelancer f

JOIN person p ON f.freelancer id = p.person id

WHERE
NOT EXISTS (|
SELECT 1
FROM project pr
JOIN rating r ON pr.project id = r.project id
WHERE pr.freelancer id = f.freelancer id
);

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

FREELANCER_ID FREELANCER_NAME
```

FREELANCER_ID FREELANCER_NAME

3 Sara Malik

2 Ali Khan

2 rows returned in 0.00 seconds <u>Download</u>

Report 3: Total Income Per Client (via Subquery)

```
SELECT
    c.client_id,
    p.name AS client_name,
    (
        SELECT SUM(pay.amount)
        FROM project pr
        JOIN payment pay ON pr.project_id = pay.project_id
        WHERE pr.client_id = c.client_id
    ) AS total paid
FROM
    client c
JOIN person p ON c.client_id = p.person_id;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

CLIENT_ID	CLIENT_NAME	TOTAL_PAID
2	Ali Khan	60000
4	Umer Raza	40000
201	Ahmad Khan	-
202	Fatima Sheikh	-
203	Zeeshan Tariq	-
204	Sara Ali	-
205	Tariq Javed	-

7 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download

Report 4: Proposal Conversion Rate by Freelancer

```
SELECT

f.freelancer_id,
p.name AS freelancer_name,
COUNT(*) AS total_proposals,
SUM(CASE WHEN prop.status = 'Accepted' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS accepted_count,
ROUND(
(SUM(CASE WHEN prop.status = 'Accepted' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) / COUNT(*)) * 100,
2
) AS acceptance_rate
FROM
freelancer f
JOIN person p ON f.freelancer_id = p.person_id
JOIN proposal prop ON f.freelancer_id = prop.freelancer_id
GROUP BY
f.freelancer_id, p.name;

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

FREELANCER_ID FREELANCER_NAME TOTAL_PROPOSALS ACCEPTED_COUNT ACCEPTANCE_RATE

3 Sara Malik 1 1 100

1 Zoha Shabbir 1 1 100
```

2 rows returned in 0.00 seconds <u>Download</u>

Report 5: Monthly Earnings Summary

```
SELECT
TO_CHAR(paid_on, 'YYYY-MM') AS month,
SUM(amount) AS total earnings
FROM
payment
GROUP BY |
TO_CHAR(paid_on, 'YYYY-MM')
ORDER BY
month;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

MONTH TOTAL_EARNINGS
2024-07 75000
2025-07 25000

2 rows returned in 0.00 seconds

Download

FUNCTIONS:

Get Average Rating of a Freelancer

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_avg_rating(f_id IN NUMBER)

RETURN NUMBER

IS

avg_rating NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT NVL(AVG(r_stars), 0)

INTO avg_rating

FROM rating r

JOIN project p ON r_project id = p_project id

WHERE p_freelancer_id = f_id;

RETURN avg_rating;

END;

/
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Function created.

```
SELECT get_avg_rating(101) FROM dual;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

GET_AVG_RATING(101)
0

1 rows returned in 0.00 seconds

Download

PROCEDURE:

Mark Milestone as Completed

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE mark_milestone_complete(
    m_id IN NUMBER
)
IS
BEGIN
    UPDATE milestone
    SET is completed = 'Y'
    WHERE milestone id = m.id;
    COMMIT;
END;
/
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Procedure created.

0.03 seconds

```
BEGIN
mark milestone complete(301);
END;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Statement processed.

0.01 seconds

TRIGGER

❖ Auto-generate Invoice After Project Completion

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_create_invoice
AFTER UPDATE OF status ON project
FOR EACH ROW
WHEN (NEW.status = 'Completed' AND OLD.status <> 'Completed')
DECLARE
 new_invoice_id invoice.invoice_id%TYPE;
BEGIN
 SELECT NVL(MAX(invoice_id), 0) + 1 INTO new_invoice_id FROM invoice;
  INSERT INTO invoice (
   invoice_id, project_id, issued_date, due_date, status, amount
  VALUES (
    new_invoice_id,
:NEW.project_id,
SYSDATE,
SYSDATE + 15,
'Unpaid',
    (SELECT NVL(SUM(amount), 0)
     FROM payment
     WHERE project_id = :NEW.project_id)
END;
Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History
```

Trigger created.

0.08 seconds

Current status:

```
SELECT project id, title, status FROM project WHERE project id = 101;
```

PROJECT_ID	TITLE	STATUS
101	Portfolio Website	Ongoing
1 rows returned in 0.01 seconds		Download

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

After applying trigger:

```
UPDATE project
SET status = 'Completed'
WHERE project id = 101;
```

1 row(s) updated.

0.01 seconds

Final result shows the auto-generated invoice:

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History



INVOICE_ID	PROJECT_ID	ISSUED_DATE	DUE_DATE	STATUS	AMOUNT
501	101	07/14/2024	07/21/2024	Paid	20000
503	101	07/15/2025	07/30/2025	Unpaid	60000
504	101	07/15/2025	07/30/2025	Unpaid	60000
3 rows returne	d in 0.01 second	s <u>Download</u>			

Conclusion:

The Freelancer Hustle DB project helped me understand how to design and implement a real-world relational database system using Oracle SQL and PL/SQL. I worked with normalized tables, complex relationships, and implemented useful features like views, stored procedures, and triggers.

This project improved my skills in writing efficient queries, managing business logic in the database, and thinking critically about data organization and integrity. Overall, it was a valuable hands-on learning experience.