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Subject: DSA

## Task 1: Write and test the following methods:

- 1. int search(int x) //returns the index of element in the linked list
- 2. int size() //returns the size of the linked list
- 3. int sum() //returns the sum of all numbers in the linked list
- 4. void deleteLast() //deletes the last node in the list
- 5. LinkedList copy() //returns a new linked list that is the duplicate of the list this method is called up on.
- 6. LinkedList subList(int p, int q) //returns a new linked list that contains element from node p to node g of the list this method is called up on.
- 7. void append(LinkedList I) //I is appended to the list this method is called on.
- 8. LinkedList merged(Linked I) // returns a new list that merges I with the list the method is called on; maintaining the ascending order.

## Code:

```
class LinkedList{

Node start;

private class Node{

private int data;

private Node next;

public Node(int data){

this.data=data;
}

public Node(int data,Node next){

this.data=data;

this.data=data;
```

```
////////Method to print elements of LinkedList
      public void printList(){
             System.out.print("[");
             for (Node p=start;p!=null;p=p.next){
                    System.out.print(p.data+",");
             System.out.println("\b]");
////////Method to insert an element in LinkedList
      public Node insert(int value){
             if(start==null || start.data>value){
                    start= new Node(value,start);
                                    return start;
             Node p= start;
             while (p.next!=null) {
                    if(p.next.data>value)
                           break;
                    p=p.next;
```

```
p.next= new Node(value,p.next);
             return start;
////////Method to delete an element from LinkedList
       public Node delete(int value){
             if(start==null || start.data>value)
                    return start;
             if(start.data==value){
                    System.out.println("Deleting element: "+start.data);
                    start= start.next;
                return start;
             Node p=start;
             while((p=p.next)!=null){
                    if(p.next.data>value) break;
                    if(p.next.data==value){
                           System.out.println("Deleting element: "+p.next.data);
                           p.next=p.next.next;
                           break;
         return start;
```

```
////////Method to search for an element in LinkedList
      public int search(int element){
             if(start==null)
                    throw new IllegalStateException("List is empty!");
             if(start.data>element)
                    return -1;
             Node p=start;
             int index=1;
                                               //we will do indexing from 1 unlike
arrays
             while((p=p.next)!=null){
                    index++; //increment before if condition bcz one element(i.e.
start.data) is already checked above
                    if(p.data==element)
                           return index;
             return -1;
///////Method to return total number of elements in LinkedList
      public int size(){
             if(start==null)
                    return 0;
             int size=0;
```

```
for (Node p=start;p!=null;p=p.next) {
                 size++;
        return size;
////////Method to return sum of all elements in LinkedList
     public int sum(){
    if(start==null)
                 return 0;
   int sum=0;
  for (Node p=start;p!=null;p=p.next) {
    sum+=p.data;
  return sum;
////////Method to delete last element of LinkedList
     public void deleteLast(){
           if(start==null)
                 throw new IllegalStateException("List is Empty!");
           Node p=start;
```

```
while(p.next.next!=null){
                    p=p.next;
             System.out.println("Deleting Last element: "+p.next.data);
             p.next=null;
////////Method to return copy of current LinkedList Object
      public LinkedList copy(){
             if(start==null)
                    throw new IllegalStateException("Can not copy because current
List is Empty!");
             LinkedList list= new LinkedList();
             Node p=start;
             while(p!=null){
                    list.insert(p.data);
                    p=p.next;
             return list;
///////Method to return sublist of current LinkedList from Node p to Node q
      public LinkedList subList(int p,int q){
             if(start==null)
                    throw new IllegalStateException("Can not copy because current
List is Empty!");
```

```
if(p<1 || q<1 || p>this.size() || q>this.size())
                    throw new IllegalArgumentException("Invalid arguments!");
             LinkedList list=new LinkedList();
             int fromTill=1; //As indexing is from 1
             Node node=start;
             while(node!=null){
                    if(fromTill>=p && fromTill<=q)</pre>
                          list.insert(node.data);
                    if(fromTill==q) break;
                    node=node.next;
                    fromTill++;
   return list;
////////Method to append argument LinkedList to current LinkedList
  public void append(LinkedList list){
      if(list.size()==0) return;
      Node p= list.start;
      while(p!=null){
    this.insert(p.data);
             p=p.next;
```

```
///////Method to merge argument LinkedList & current LinkedList and return new
LinkedList
  public LinkedList merged(LinkedList list){
      if(size()==0 && list.size()==0)
             return new LinkedList(); //return new empty list both current &
argument lists are empty
      LinkedList newList= new LinkedList();
      Node p= start;
      while(p!=null){
            newList.insert(p.data);
             p=p.next;
      p=list.start;
      while(p!=null){
             newList.insert(p.data);
   p=p.next;
     return newList;
////////main method starts here
      public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
System.out.println("\t***NOTE: For indexing i have used 1 as starting
index of elements in LinkedList****");
              LinkedList list= new LinkedList();
              list.insert(9);
              list.insert(4);
              list.insert(5):
              list.insert(10);
              list.insert(1);
              System.out.print("List: ");
              list.printList();
              list.delete(5);
              System.out.print("List: ");
              list.printList();
              System.out.println("\nIndex of 9 = "+list.search(9));
              System.out.println("Size of LinkedList = "+list.size());
              System.out.println("Sum of elements of LinkedList = "+list.sum()+"\n");
              list.insert(12);
              System.out.print("List: ");
              list.printList();
              list.deleteLast();
              System.out.print("After Deleting last element of LinkedList the List=");
              list.printList();
              LinkedList copiedList= list.copy();
              System.out.print("\nList=");
```

```
list.printList();
              System.out.print("Copied List= ");
              copiedList.printList();
              list.insert(13);
              list.insert(6);
              list.insert(8);
              System.out.print("\nList: ");
              list.printList();
              LinkedList sublist= list.subList(2,4); //copies from 2nd element till 4th
element
              System.out.print("from 2nd element till 4th element...\nSublist=");
              sublist.printList();
              list.append(sublist);
              System.out.print("\nAfter appending sublist in Original List= ");
              list.printList();
              LinkedList mergedList= copiedList.merged(sublist);
              System.out.print("\nAfter merging copied list & sublist the returned list=
");
              mergedList.printList();
```

#### Task#1 Output:

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
        ***NOTE: For indexing i have used 1 as starting index of elements in LinkedList****
List: [1,4,5,9,10]
Deleting element: 5
List: [1,4,9,10]
Index of 9 = 3
Size of LinkedList = 4
Sum of elements of LinkedList = 24
List: [1,4,9,10,12]
Deleting Last element: 12
After Deleting last element of LinkedList the List= [1,4,9,10]
List= [1,4,9,10]
Copied List= [1,4,9,10]
List: [1,4,6,8,9,10,13]
from 2nd element till 4th element...
Sublist= [4,6,8]
After appending sublist in Original List= [1,4,4,6,6,8,8,9,10,13]
After merging copied list & sublist the returned list= [1,4,4,6,8,9,10]
C:\Users\Zohaib Hassan Soomro\Desktop\Semester 3\Others\data structres and algorithms>
```

Task 2: Implement a linked list for Student class. Student class should have roll\_num and name as instance variables. The linked list should have the following operations:

```
• insert(Student s)
```

o delete(Student s)

 $\circ$  printList() // print the roll numbers and names of every student in the list.

# Code:

class Student{

String rollNumber,name;

```
public Student(String rollNumber, String name){
            this.rollNumber=rollNumber;
            this.name=name;
class LinkedListTask2{
     Node start;
     private class Node{
         private Student std;
        private Node next;
    public Node(Student std){
                  this.std=std;
    public Node(Student std,Node next){
                  this.std=std;
                  this.next=next;
///////Method to print all students' records in LinkedList
      public void printList(){
            if(start==null)
                  throw new IllegalStateException("Student LinkedList is empty!");
```

```
Node p=start;
             System.out.print("[");
             while(p!=null){
                    System.out.print("("+p.std.rollNumber+","+p.std.name+"),");
                    p=p.next;
             System.out.println("\b]");
////////Method to insert a student record in LinkedList
      public Node insert(Student std){
             if(start==null){
                    start= new Node(std,start);
                    return start;
             Node p= start;
             while (p.next!=null) {
                    p=p.next;
             p.next= new Node(std,p.next);
             return start;
```

```
///////Method to delete an Student record from LinkedList
      public Node delete(Student s){
             if(start==null)
                    return start;
             if(start.std.rollNumber.equals(s.rollNumber) &&
start.std.name.equals(s.name)){
                          start= start.next;
                          return start;
             Node p=start;
             while(p.next!=null){
                    if(p.next.std.rollNumber.equals(s.rollNumber) &&
p.next.std.name.equals(s.name)){
                          p.next=p.next.next;
                          break;
                    p=p.next;
         return start;
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             LinkedListTask2 studentRecords= new LinkedListTask2();
```

```
Student zohaib=new Student("19sw42","Zohaib");
             Student amrat=new Student("19sw43","Amrat");
             Student ahmad=new Student("19sw44", "Syed Ahmad Shah");
             Student uzair=new Student("19sw45","M.Uzair");
             Student arsam=new Student("19sw46","Arsam");
             studentRecords.insert(zohaib);
             studentRecords.insert(amrat);
             studentRecords.insert(ahmad);
             studentRecords.insert(uzair);
             studentRecords.insert(arsam);
             System.out.println("Students' Records: ");
             studentRecords.printList();
             studentRecords.delete(amrat);
             System.out.println("\nAfter Deleting Amrat's Record From Students'
Records: ");
             studentRecords.printList();
Task#2 Output:
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
Students' Records:
[(19sw42,Zohaib),(19sw43,Amrat),(19sw44,Syed Ahmad Shah),(19sw45,M.Uzair),(19sw46,Arsam)]
After Deleting Amrat's Record From Students' Records:
[(19sw42,Zohaib),(19sw44,Syed Ahmad Shah),(19sw45,M.Uzair),(19sw46,Arsam)]
C:\Users\Zohaib Hassan Soomro\Desktop\Semester 3\Others\data structres and algorithms>
```

Task 3: Explore java.util.LinkedList class; Create a linked list of type String using this class and apply any 5 of its methods.

### Code:

```
import java.util.LinkedList;
class ApplyMethodsTask3{
     public static void main(String[] args) {
   LinkedList<String> countries= new LinkedList<String>();
  countries.add("Pakistan");
        countries.add("India");
           countries.addFirst("Bangladesh"); //#2
        countries.addLast("Russia"); //#3
     countries.add("USA");
        String allCountries= countries.toString(); //#4
    System.out.println("LinkedList<String>= "+allCountries);
  System.out.println("Element at index 2= "+countries.get(2)); //#5
Task#3 Output:
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
LinkedList<String>= [Bangladesh, Pakistan, India, Russia, USA]
Element at index 2= India
C:\Users\Zohaib Hassan Soomro\Desktop\Semester 3\Others\data structres and algorithms>
```