Security incident report for

yummyrecipesforme.com

Scenario

Review the scenario below. Then complete the step-by-step instructions.
You are a cybersecurity analyst for yummyrecipesforme.com, a website that sells recipes and cookbooks. A former employee has decided to lure users to a fake website with malware.

The baker executed a brute force attack to gain access to the web host. They repeatedly entered several known default passwords for the administrative account until they correctly guessed the right one. After they obtained the login credentials, they were able to access the admin panel and change the website's source code. They embedded a javascript function in the source code that prompted visitors to download and run a file upon visiting the website. After embedding the malware, the baker changed the password to the administrative account. When customers download the file, they are redirected to a fake version of the website that contains the malware. Several hours after the attack, multiple customers emailed yummyrecipesforme's helpdesk. They complained that the company's website had prompted them to download a file to access free recipes. The customers claimed that, after running the file, the address of the website changed and their personal computers began running more slowly.

In response to this incident, the website owner tries to log in to the admin panel but is unable to, so they reach out to the website hosting provider. You and other cybersecurity analysts are tasked with investigating this security event.
To address the incident, you create a sandbox environment to observe the suspicious website behavior. You run the network protocol analyzer tcpdump, then type in the URL for the website, yummyrecipesforme.com. As soon as the website loads, you are prompted to download an executable file to update your browser. You accept the download and allow the file to run. You then observe that your browser redirects you to a different URL, greatrecipesforme.com, which contains the malware.

The logs show the following process:

1. The browser initiates a DNS request: It requests the IP address of the yummyrecipesforme.com URL from the DNS server.
2. The DNS replies with the correct IP address.
3. The browser initiates an HTTP request: It requests the yummyrecipesforme.com webpage using the IP address sent by the DNS server.
4. The browser initiates the download of the malware.
5. The browser initiates a DNS request for greatrecipesforme.com.
6. The DNS server responds with the IP address for greatrecipesforme.com.
7. The browser initiates an HTTP request to the IP address for greatrecipesforme.com.

A senior analyst confirms that the website was compromised. The analyst checks the source code for the website. They notice that javascript code had been added to prompt website visitors to download an executable file. Analysis of the downloaded file found a script that redirects the visitors' browsers from yummyrecipesforme.com to greatrecipesforme.com.

The cybersecurity team reports that the web server was impacted by a brute force attack. The disgruntled baker was able to guess the password easily because the admin password was still set to the default password. Additionally, there were no controls in place to prevent a brute force attack.

Your job is to document the incident in detail, including identifying the network protocols used to establish the connection between the user and the website. You should also recommend a security action to take to prevent brute force attacks in the future.

Incident Reporting

Section 1: Identify the network protocol involved in the incident
HyperText Transfer Protocol was the protocol involved in this incident. The initial issue of accessing the web server for yummyrecipes.com consists of http traffic. The compromised file is transmitted to the end user's computer using the HTTP protocol at the application layer.

Section 2: Document the incident
Former employee initiated a brute force attack to get into the administration panel of the company website and succeeded due to the default password not being changed. The former employee then embedded a javascript function in the source code of the website that prompts users to download a malicious file disguised as free recipes and redirected the user to a fake website greatrecipesforme.com After customers downloaded the file, the end users' computers started to run slowly. The customers then notify the helpdesk for yummyrecipesforme of this incident. The legitimate website admin attempted to log in to the admin panel for the website but failed, he then escalated this to the web host provider. Cyber security analysts were then tasked to investigate this incident. The cyber security analyst then utilised a sandbox environment to replicate this incident and ran a tcpdump to capture the network traffic packets. The same behavior was executed and redirected the analyst to the fake website greatrecipesforme.com Upon analysing the tcpdump log file, a successful initial dns resolution request is established from the source computer to the IP address of yummyrecipesforme.com using the HTTP protocol. Once the malicious file was downloaded, the logs show the browser suddenly requesting a new IP address for the fake website greatrecipesforme.com URL, which then redirected the network traffic to this fake website.

Section 3: Recommend remediations for brute force attacks
To combat brute force attacks, teams should always change default passwords. There should be a policy to change passwords every 60 or 90 days. New passwords must be at least 15 characters long involving numbers, letters and special characters. You must not be able to use old passwords. Another beneficial step would be to implement two-factor authentication which sends the team a OTP (One time passcode) to a trusted contact method which aids in identifying their identity and allowing legitimate users to access the company's systems.

TCP Dump

14:18:32.192571 IP your.machine.52444 > dns.google.domain: 35084+ A? yummyrecipesforme.com. (24)
14:18:32.204388 IP dns.google.domain > your.machine.52444: 35084 1/0/0 A 203.0.113.22 (40)

14:18:36.786501 IP your.machine.36086 > yummyrecipesforme.com.http: Flags [S], seq 2873951608, win 65495, options [mss 65495,sackOK,TS val 3302576859 ecr 0,nop,wscale 7], length 0
14:18:36.786517 IP yummyrecipesforme.com.http > your.machine.36086: Flags [S.], seq 3984334959, ack 2873951609, win 65483, options [mss 65495,sackOK,TS val 3302576859 ecr 3302576859,nop,wscale 7], length 0
14:18:36.786529 IP your.machine.36086 > yummyrecipesforme.com.http: Flags [.], ack 1, win 512, options [nop,nop,TS val 3302576859 ecr 3302576859], length 0
14:18:36.786589 IP your.machine.36086 > yummyrecipesforme.com.http: Flags [P.], seq 1:74, ack 1, win 512, options [nop,nop,TS val 3302576859 ecr 3302576859], length 73: HTTP: GET / HTTP/1.1
14:18:36.786595 IP yummyrecipesforme.com.http > your.machine.36086: Flags [.], ack 74, win 512, options [nop,nop,TS val 3302576859 ecr 3302576859], length 0
...<a lot of traffic on the port 80>...

14:20:32.192571 IP your.machine.52444 > dns.google.domain: 21899+ A? greatrecipesforme.com. (24)
14:20:32.204388 IP dns.google.domain > your.machine.52444: 21899 1/0/0 A

192.0.2.17 (40)
14:25:29.576493 IP your.machine.56378 > greatrecipesforme.com.http: Flags [S], seq 1020702883, win 65495, options [mss 65495,sackOK,TS val 3302989649 ecr 0,nop,wscale 7], length 0
14:25:29.576510 IP greatrecipesforme.com.http > your.machine.56378: Flags [S.], seq 1993648018, ack 1020702884, win 65483, options [mss 65495,sackOK,TS val 3302989649 ecr 3302989649,nop,wscale 7], length 0
14:25:29.576524 IP your.machine.56378 > greatrecipesforme.com.http: Flags [.], ack 1, win 512, options [nop,nop,TS val 3302989649 ecr 3302989649], length 0
14:25:29.576590 IP your.machine.56378 > greatrecipesforme.com.http: Flags [P.], seq 1:74, ack 1, win 512, options [nop,nop,TS val 3302989649 ecr 3302989649], length 73: HTTP: GET / HTTP/1.1

14:25:29.576597 IP greatrecipesforme.com.http > your.machine.56378: Flags [.], ack 74, win 512, options [nop,nop,TS val 3302989649 ecr 3302989649], length 0
...<a lot of traffic on the port 80>...