Apply filters to SQL queries

Project description

My organisation is aiming to have a more robust and secure system. I am responsible for ensuring our systems are safe, investigating potential security issues and patching employee computers as needed.

Retrieve after hours failed login attempts

A potential security incident occurred after business hours (after 18:00). The login attempts made after hours need to be investigated.

Below is the query I constructed to select all data from the log_in_attempts table and filter failed login attempts after 18:00. I used the WHERE clause with the greater than '>' operator along with the AND operator to filter login attempts after 18:00 that were unsuccessful.

Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

There was a suspicious event on 2022-05-09. All login activity that occurred on 2022-05-09 or the day before needs to be investigated further.

Below is the query I constructed to output all login attempts made on or before 2022-05-09. I selected all data from the log_in_attempts table, then I used the WHERE clause with an OR operator to filter the output to include login attempts on or before 2022-05-09.

Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

After investigating the data on the organisations login attempts, I believe the issue lies with login attempts outside of Mexico.

The below query I constructed will return login attempts made that are not from Mexico. First I selected all data from the log_in_attempts table, then I used the WHERE clause with the NOT operator to filter for countries other than Mexico. I used LIKE 'MEX%' as the pattern to match as the dataset refers to Mexico with MEX. The percentage sign will substitute for any number of other characters.

Retrieve employees in Marketing

My Team wants to patch the computers for certain employees in the Marketing department from the East Building.

Below is the query I used to do this. First, I started by selecting all the data from the employees table. Then I used the WHERE clause with AND to filter employees who are in marketing and in the east building. I used LIKE with East% as the pattern to match as the office column in the dataset has East + the specific building number.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
  -> FROM employees
  -> WHERE department = 'Marketing'
                                     AND office LIKE
employee id | device id
                                                       office
                              username
                                         department
                                                      East-170
              a320b137c219 |
                             elarson
                                        | Marketing
              a192b174c940 |
                             jdarosa
                                       | Marketing
                                                      East-195
              x573y883z772
                             fbautist | Marketing
                                                      East-267
       1088 I
              k8651965m233
                              rgosh
                                         Marketing
                                                      East-157
       1103 I
              NULL
                              randerss
                                         Marketing
                                                       East-460
       1156 | a184b775c707
                            | dellery
                                         Marketing
                                                       East-417
       1163
              h679i515j339
                              cwilliam
                                         Marketing
                                                       East-216
rows in set (0.001 sec)
```

Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

The endpoints for employees in the Finance and Sales Teams also need to be updated. These 2 teams require a different update.

Below is the query I used to get the employee machines of employees in the Finance and Sales departments. First I selected all the data from the employees table. Then I used the WHERE clause with the OR operator to filter employees that are either in Finance or Sales. I used the OR operator instead of AND because I want to output employees who are in either department and not both.

Retrieve all employees not in IT

My Team needs to make one last security update on employee endpoints who are not in the IT department.

The query I made below shows how I got employees who are not in IT. First I selected all data from the employees table. Then I used the WHERE clause with NOT to filter for employees not in the department 'Information Technology'

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
  -> FROM employees
  -> WHERE NOT department = 'Information Technology';
employee id | device id
                             username
                                                         | office
            | a320b137c219 | elarson
                                        Marketing
       1001 | b239c825d303 |
                             bmoreno
       1002 | c116d593e558
                             tshah
                                         Human Resources
                                                           North-434
       1003 | d394e816f943 | sgilmore |
                                         Finance
                                                         | South-153
```

Summary

I utilised filters for my SQL queries to help me get the desired output on login attempts and employee machines. I used 2 tables, employees and log_in_attempts. The operators AND, OR and NOT were used to filter for specific information needed. LIKE and the wildcard '%' were used to filter for patterns.