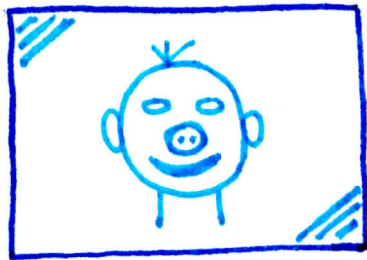
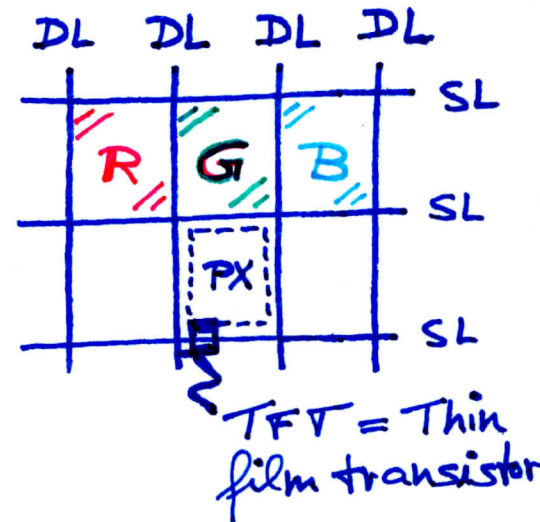
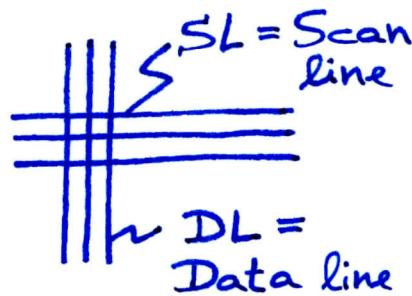


# Liquid crystal display (LCD)

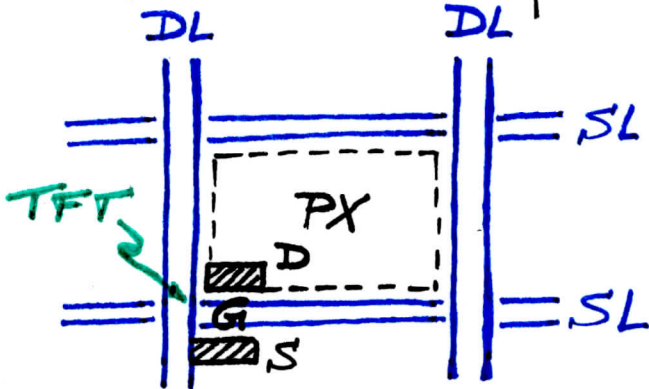
①



LCD

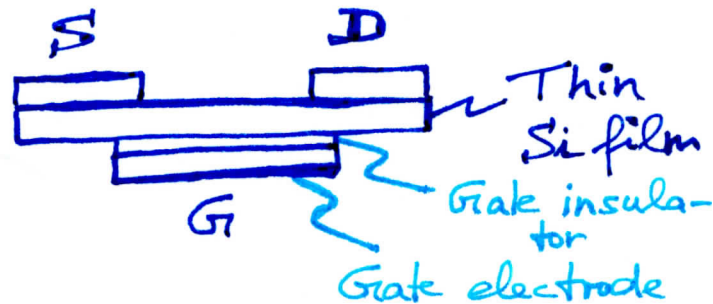


TFT = Thin film transistor



Scan line = Gate line  
SL = GL

TFT cross section



- \* LCD consists of, e.g.,  $1280 \times 1024$  pixels
- \* Each pixel has 3 (RGB) sub-pixels
- \* Each sub-pixel is controlled by one TFT
- \* Scan line (Gate line) can switch TFT ON & OFF

$\Rightarrow$  TFT ON  $\Rightarrow$  Pixel connected to DL

DL = Data line = Image data line

\* TFT = FET. Which mode does TFT operate <sup>(2)</sup> in?  $\Rightarrow$  ON & OFF mode

\* TFT ON  $\Rightarrow$  PX (pixel) connected to DL (data line)

\* R sub-pixel can vary between Black & Red

G      — " —              — " —              — " —      Black & Green

B      — " —              — " —              — " —      Black & Blue

## Other components of LCD

\* Backlight = White light

\* Color filter = CF  $\Rightarrow$  R G B CF

\* Liquid crystal = LC  $\Rightarrow$  Varies between opaque & transparent depending on PX voltage

Cross section of LCD:

