

# MXUVC Programming Interface for Skype Application

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### 1. Introduction

**MXUVC** is a simple, user-friendly application interface to control and capture audio and multi-channel video from a **Geo Camera** over the USB on a host platform.

As shown in the **Figure 1.1** below, **Geo Cameras** are connected to the Host system through the USB. **Geo Cameras** are USB Video Class (**UVC**) and USB Audio Class (**UAC**) compatible. The Video and Audio functionalities of the Geo **Cameras** can be accessed through the standard Linux V4L2 UVC Video Interface and the ALSA UAC Audio Interface.

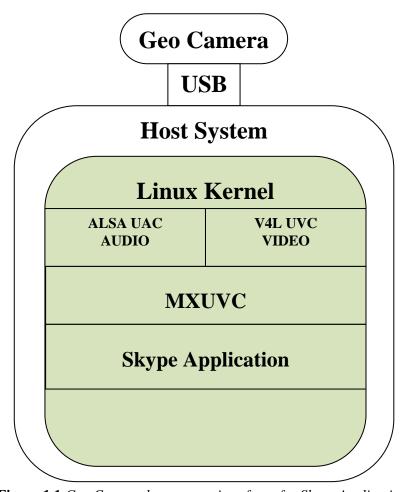


Figure 1.1 Geo Camera-host system interfaces for Skype Application.

MXUVC can be broadly divided into 2 subsystems namely **Video Subsystem** and **Audio Subsystem**. It provides simple framework over the standard Linux V412 UVC Video (**Video Subsystem**) and the ALSA UAC Audio interface (**Audio Subsystem**) to develop skype application. It provides the below listed functionalities by which the user can develop Skype application on the host system using a **Geo camera**.

- 1. Control and Capture Preview and Main Channel Video through Video Subsystem.
- 2. Tuning the Sensor and Video parameters through the Video Subsystem.
- 3. Control and Capture Audio through the Audio Subsystem.

MXUVC APIs for these sub systems are discussed in great detail in the subsequent chapters.

### 2. MXUVC VIDEO SUBSYSTEM

MXUVC Video subsystem is used to initialize the Geo camera Video Interface, configuring the video and sensor parameters and start capturing the video data for further processing. MXUVC supports capture of preview and main channel of video data of varying resolution and format.

### 2.1. Data Structures

### 2.1.1. video\_channel\_t

### **Description:**

Enumeration to indicate the video channel number.

### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum channel {
    ...
    /* channels for skype */
    CH_MAIN = 0,
    CH_PREVIEW = 1,
    NUM_SKYPE_VID_CHANNELS,
    NUM_VID_CHANNEL = NUM_SKYPE_VID_CHANNELS
} video channel t;
```

### 2.1.2. video\_profile\_t

### **Description:**

Enumeration to indicate the H264 profile used for encoding.

#### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum {
     PROFILE_BASELINE = 0,
     PROFILE_MAIN = 1,
     PROFILE_HIGH = 2,
     NUM_PROFILE
} video profile t;
```

### 2.1.3. video\_format\_t

### **Description:**

Enumeration of video format used in a particular channel <code>VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_AAC\_TS</code> is not supported in the skype mode.

#### **Declaration:**

```
NUM_VID_FORMAT
} video format t;
```

### 2.1.4. video\_channel\_info\_t

### **Description:**

Structure containing the information regarding an encoding channel.

#### **Declaration:**

```
typedef struct {
    video format t
    uint16_t
    uint32_t
    uint32_t
    video profile t
    uint32_t
    uint32_t
    video profile t
    uint32_t
    vint32_t
    video profile t
    vint32_t
    vint32_t
    vint32_t
    vint32_t
    video channel info t;
```

#### Variables:

Format of the video used in the channel format Width of the video in the channel. width Height of the video in the channel. height Frame Rate of the video in the channel. framerate GOP size of video to be used in the channel, goplen applicable only for VID FORMAT H264 RAW, VID FORMAT H264 TS, VID FORMAT H264 AAC TS. H264 profile used for encoding in the channel. Applicable only for profile VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_RAW, VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_TS, VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_AAC\_TS. Bitrate of the video in the channel. bitrate compression quality Compression quality in terms of the QP factor set for the video on this channel, applicable only for VID FORMAT MJPEG RAW.

### 2.1.5. motion\_stat\_t

### **Description:**

Structure containing the motion vector statistics of the video.

#### **Declaration:**

```
typedef struct {
    uint8_t* buf;
    int size;
}motion_stat_t;
```

### Variables:

buf pointer to the motion vector statistics buffer. size size of the buffer.

### 2.1.6. video\_info\_t

### **Description:**

Video Information structure used for processing the video data received from the camera in the call back function.

#### **Declaration:**

#### Variables:

format Format of the video frame received.

ts Video frame timestamp in terms of ticks of 90kHz clock, where each tick

corresponds to 1/(90 \* 1000) sec or 1/90 ms.

stats motion vector statistics information of the video frame. Present only in

case of VID FORMAT YUY2 RAW, VID FORMAT NV12 RAW

VID FORMAT GREY RAW.

buf index Physical buffer index of the video frame dequeued

by the V4L. This needs to be used by MXUVC application to queue back the video frame after processing, in the <a href="maxwc\_video\_cb\_buf\_done">mxwvc\_video\_cb\_buf\_done</a>()

function described later.

### 2.1.7. wdr\_mode\_t

### **Description:**

Enumeration to set the Wide Dynamic Range Mode.

### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum {
    WDR_AUTO = 0,
    WDR_MANUAL = 1,
    NUM_WDR
} wdr mode t;
```

### 2.1.8. exp\_set\_t

### **Description:**

Enumeration to set the sensor exposure Mode.

#### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum {
    EXP_AUTO = 0,
    EXP_MANUAL = 1,
    NUM_EXP
} exp set t;
```

### **2.1.9.** *zone\_exp\_set\_t*

#### **Description:**

Enumeration to enable/disable sensor zonal exposure.

#### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum {
    ZONE_EXP_DISABLE = 0,
    ZONE_EXP_ENABLE = 1,
    NUM_ZONE_EXP
} zone_exp_set_t;
```

### 2.1.10. noise\_filter\_mode\_t

### **Description:**

Enumeration to set the noise filter mode for the image processing.

#### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum {
    NF_MODE_AUTO = 0,
    NF_MODE_MANUAL = 1,
    NUM_NF
} noise filter mode t;
```

### 2.1.11. white\_balance\_mode\_t

### **Description:**

Enumeration to set the white balance mode in the sensor.

#### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum {
    WB_MODE_AUTO = 0,
    WB_MODE_MANUAL = 1,
    NUM_WB
}white balance mode t;
```

### 2.1.12. zone\_wb\_set\_t

### **Description:**

Enumeration to enable/disable sensor zonal white balance.

### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum {
        ZONE_WB_DISABLE = 0,
        ZONE_WB_ENABLE = 1,
        NUM_ZONE_EXP
} zone_wb_set_t;
```

### 2.1.13. pwr\_line\_freq\_mode\_t

```
typedef enum {
     PWR_LINE_FREQ_MODE_DISABLE = 0,
     PWR_LINE_FREQ_MODE_50HZ = 1,
     PWR_LINE_FREQ_MODE_60HZ = 2
}pwr_line_freq_mode_t;
```

### 2.1.14. crop\_info\_t

### **Description:**

Enumeration to enable/disable zonal exposure.

#### **Declaration:**

```
typedef struct {
    uint16_t enable;
    uint16_t width;
    uint16_t height;
    uint16_t x;
    uint16_t y;
} crop_info_t;
```

#### Variables:

Enable	Enable/Disable cropping.
	Default: 0, Min: 0, Max: 1
Width	Width to be cropped from the image.
	Default: 640, Min: 16, Max: 1920.
Height	Height to be cropped from the image.
	Default: 480, Min: 16, Max: 1080.
X	X offset from which the image is cropped.
	Default: 0, Min: 0, Max: 1920.
Y	Y Offset from which the image is cropped.
	Default: 0, Min: 0, Max: 1080.

### 2.2. Initializing video subsystem

Initialization of video subsystem involves

- Initializing the video interface.
- Configuring the video channels.
- Registering the video call-back functions.

The API's used for this are described below

### 2.2.1. Initializing the video interface.

### 2.2.1.1. *mxuvc\_video\_init(*)

#### **Description:**

This API is used to initialize the Linux video interface on the Host system.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_init(const char *backend, const char *options);
```

### **Arguments:**

• backend: string representing the video backend. It is "v412" in this case.

• options : semi-colon separated list of options. Following options can be specified with

this parameter

- dev\_offset: starting offset of the Geo camera video device node If the camera is recognized as /dev/video0 and /dev/video1 then dev\_offset should be equal to 0. If it is recognized as /dev/video1 and /dev/video2 (because there is another camera in /dev/video0) then dev\_offset should be equal to 1, etc. This option is not mandatory. The default value is 0.
- dev\_offset\_secondary: offset of second video node (for preview channel). If the camera is recognized as /dev/video1 and /dev/video2 then dev\_offset\_secondary should be 2. This option can be used in cases where device numbers are not fixed and may change when devices are reconnected. This option is not mandatory and will default to dev\_offset+1.
- v4l\_buffers: Number of memory mapped buffers for each device. This option is also not mandatory. The default value is 8.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### **Example Usage:**

```
mxuvc_video_init("v412", "dev_offset=0,v41_buffers=16");
or
mxuvc_video_init("v412", "");
```

### 2.2.2. Configuring the video channels

### 2.2.2.1. mxuvc\_video\_get\_channel\_count()

### **Description:**

This API is used to get the number of video channels supported by the Geo Camera. The number of video channels supported by the camera is configuration dependent.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_get_channel_count(int *count);
```

#### **Arguments:**

count:

number of video channels supported. This parameter is returned from the camera based on the configuration in which it is running.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 2.2.2.2. mxuvc\_video\_get\_channel\_info()

### **Description:**

This API gets the information regarding the video parameters set on the channel in the Camera.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc video get channel info(
```

```
video channel t ch, video channel info t *info);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: video channel from which the information is needed.

info: pointer to the video channel information structure returned from the camera

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 2.2.3. Registering the call Back function

### 2.2.3.1. mxuvc\_video\_register\_cb()

### **Description:**

This API is used to register the call back function with the MXUVC. MXUVC calls this user function when the video data is available from the camera. The Application can use this function to process the video data received from the camera.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_register_cb(video_channel_t ch,
mxuvc_video_cb_t func, void *user_data);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: video channel on which the call back function is registered.

func Pointer to the call back function to be registered with mxuvc, described below. Pointer to mxuvc user handle to be used for further processing, when the Call

back function is called by the mxuvc.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

An example declaration of the call back function is as below.

```
void example_cb(unsigned char *buffer, unsigned int
size, video info t info, void *user data)
```

#### **Arguments:**

buffer Pointer to the video data received from the camera. size Size of the video data received from the camera.

user data Pointer to mxuvc user handle set when the call back function is

registered.

info Information regarding the video frame, received from the camera.

### 2.3. Start/Stop capturing video on the channels

### 2.3.1. mxuvc\_video\_start()

#### **Description:**

This API is used to start the capture of video data from the specified channel in the camera.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_start(video_channel_t ch);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: video channel on which the video capture needs to be started.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 2.3.2. mxuvc\_video\_alive()

### **Description:**

This API is used to check if the camera is active. It can be periodically called to check the availability of the camera. This function returns an error (a negative value) in the following conditions:

- the camera has been unplugged
- the camera or the USB host is no longer responding

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc video alive(void);
```

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 2.3.3. mxuvc\_video\_cb\_buf\_done()

### **Description:**

This API is used to return back the buffer, received in the call back, back to the mxuvc, when the user has completed processing the video data.

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_cb_buf_done(video channel t ch, int buf_index);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: video channel on which the buffer needs to be returned

back to the mxuvc.

buf\_index Physical Buffer Index returned as part video information structure (2.1.6) in the

call back function. This is used to queue the buffer back to the V4L in the mxuvc.

### 2.3.4. mxuvc\_video\_stop()

#### **Description:**

This API is used to stop the capture of video data from a channel in the camera.

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc video stop(video channel t ch);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: video channel on which the video capture needs to be stopped.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 2.4. Changing the video channel parameters

### 2.4.1. mxuvc\_video\_force\_iframe()

### **Description:**

This API is used to force an I frame in the specified video channel. Applicable only for VID FORMAT H264 RAW, VID FORMAT H264 TS, VID FORMAT H264 AAC TS.

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc video force iframe(video channel t ch);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: Video channel on which I frame needs to be forced.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 2.4.2. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_format()

### **Description:**

This API is used to set/get the format of the video data on the specified channel.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_get_format(video_channel_t ch, video_format_t *fmt);
int mxuvc_video_set_format(video_channel_t ch, video_format_t fmt);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: video channel on which the format is queried.

fmt: format of the video in the specified channel

### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 2.4.3. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_resolution()

### **Description:**

This API is used to get the resolution of the video data on the specified channel.

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_get_resolution(video_channel_t ch,
uint16_t *width, uint16_t *height);
int mxuvc_video_set_resolution(video_channel_t ch,
uint16_t width, uint16_t height);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: video channel on which the resolution is queried. width: width of the video in the specified channel.

height: height of the video in the specified channel.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 2.4.4. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_crop()

### **Description:**

This API is used to get/set the video crop paramters on the specified channel.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_set_crop(video_channel_t ch, crop_info_t *info);
int mxuvc_video_get_crop(video_channel_t ch, crop_info_t *info);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: video channel on which the resolution is queried.
info: video crop parameters to be get/set on the channel,

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

API's to get and set some of the video channel parameters follow same syntax as describe below.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_get_<param>(<u>video_channel_t</u> ch, uint32_t* param_val);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: Video from which the parameter is queried.
param val: Pointer to parameter value, updated by the camera.

### Return Value:

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

#### Declaration:

```
int mxuvc_video_set_<param>(video_channel_t_ch, uint32_t param_val);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: Video channel on which the parameter is set. param\_val: Parameter value, to be set in the camera.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success. -1 on Failure.

API's for all the parameters and their expected ranges are described below.

### 2.4.5. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_framerate()

### **Description:**

Gets or sets the framerate on the video channel specified. Not applicable for

```
VID_FORMAT_YUY2_RAW, VID_FORMAT_NV12_RAW, VID_FORMAT_GREY_RAW.
```

Typical Range: 1 to 30.

### 2.4.6. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_goplen()

### **Description:**

```
Gets or sets the GOP length on the video channel specified. Applicable only for VID_FORMAT_H264_RAW, VID_FORMAT_H264_TS, VID_FORMAT_H264_AAC_TS.
```

Typical Range: 0 to Max Integer (2147483647).

### 2.4.7. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_bitrate()

### **Description:**

```
Gets or sets the bitrate on the video channel specified. Not applicable for VID_FORMAT_YUY2_RAW, VID_FORMAT_NV12_RAW, VID_FORMAT_GREY_RAW.
```

**Typical Range:** 100000 (100 kbps) to 2000000 (2 Mbps)

### 2.4.8. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_profile()

### **Description:**

```
Gets or sets the H264 profile on the video channel specified. Applicable only for \tt VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_RAW, \tt VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_TS, \tt VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_AAC\_TS.
```

### **Values Supported:**

PROFILE BASELINE, PROFILE MAIN, PROFILE HIGH. (See 2.1.2)

### 2.4.9. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_maxnal()

#### **Description:**

Gets or sets the maximum size of the NAL unit received from the camera. If this parameter is set to 0 the camera sends variable size NAL units. If it is set to finite value the camera splits the frame into multiple equal size NAL units with the maximum size equal to the parameter value. Applicable only for  $\mbox{VID}_{\mbox{FORMAT}_{\mbox{H264}_{\mbox{RAW}}}$ ,  $\mbox{VID}_{\mbox{FORMAT}_{\mbox{H264}_{\mbox{CTS}}}$ .

Typical Range: 0 to 2000.

### 2.4.10. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_compression\_quality()

### **Description:**

Gets or Sets the compression quality in terms of image quantization parameter (QP) Applicable only for <code>VID\_FORMAT\_MJPEG\_RAW</code>.

Typical Range: 0 to 10000.

### 2.4.11. mxuvc video (get/set) avc level()

#### **Description:**

Gets or sets AVC/H264 level on the video channel. Applicable only for VID FORMAT H264 RAW, VID FORMAT H264 TS, VID FORMAT H264 AAC TS.

Typical Range: 10 to 52.

### 2.4.12. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_vui()

### **Description:**

Enables/Disables VUI NAL Unit in the H264 video channel. Applicable only for VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_RAW, VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_TS, VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_AAC\_TS.

**Values:** 0 – Disable, 1- Enable.

### 2.4.13. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_pict\_timing()

### **Description:**

Enables/Disables picture timing NAL in the H264 video channel. Applicable only for VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_RAW, VID FORMAT H264 TS, VID FORMAT H264 AAC TS.

Values: 0 – Disable, 1- Enable.

### 2.4.14. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_gop\_hierarchy\_level()

### **Description:**

Gets or sets the GOP Hierarchy level Applicable only for VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_RAW, VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_TS, VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_AAC\_TS.

Typical Renge: 0 to 4.

### 2.4.15. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_max\_framesize()

#### **Description:**

This API is set the maximum size of the I frame in the specified video channel. Applicable only for <code>VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_RAW</code>, <code>VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_TS</code>, <code>VID\_FORMAT\_H264\_AAC\_TS</code>.

Typical Renge: 0 to 64000.

### 2.5. Changing the sensor/image parameters

MXUVC also exposes API's to set sensor/Image parameters on the camera. Some of these function follow same syntax as described below.

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_get_<param>(video_channel_t ch,
uint32_t* param_val);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: video channel on which the parameter is set.

param val: Pointer to parameter value, updated by the camera.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_set_<param>(video_channel_t ch,
uint32 t param val);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: video channel on which the parameter is set. param\_val: Parameter value, to be set in the camera.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

API's for all the parameters and their typical ranges are listed below.

### 2.5.1. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_flip\_horizontal()

### **Description:**

Gets/Sets the image contrast

Values: 1 Enable, 0 Disable

### 2.5.2. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_flip\_vertical()

### **Description:**

Gets/Sets the image contrast

Values: 1 Enable, 0 Disable

### 2.5.3. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_contrast()

### **Description:**

Gets/Sets the image contrast

Typical Range: 0 to 200.

### 2.5.4. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_zoom()

### **Description:**

Gets/Sets the image zoom step

Typical Range: 0 to 100.

### 2.5.5. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_pan()

#### **Description:**

Gets/Sets the image pan level.

Typical Range: pan: -648000 to 648000

### 2.5.6. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_tilt()

**Description:** 

Gets/Sets the image tilt level

Typical Range: tilt: -648000 to 648000

### 2.5.7. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_pantilt()

**Description:** 

Gets/Sets the image pan and tilt level

**Typical Range:** pan: -648000 to 648000, tilt: -648000 to 648000

### 2.5.8. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_brightness()

**Description:** 

Gets/Sets the image Brightness.

Typical Range: -255 to 255.

### 2.5.9. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_hue()

**Description:** 

Gets/Sets the image Hue.

Typical Rangec: -18000 to 18000.

### 2.5.10. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_gamma()

**Description:** 

Gets/Sets the image gamma.

Typical Range: 100 to 300.

### 2.5.11. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_saturation()

**Description:** 

Gets/Sets the image Saturation.

Typical Range: 0 to 200.

### 2.5.12. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_gain()

**Description:** 

Gets/Sets the image Gain.

Typical Range: 1 to 100.

### 2.5.13. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_sharpness()

### **Description:**

Gets/Sets the image sharpness.

Typical Range: 0 to 100.

### 2.5.14. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_max\_analog\_gain()

### **Description:**

Controls the maximum sensor analog gain in auto exposure algorithm.

Typical Range: 0 to 15.

### 2.5.15. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_histogram\_eq()

### **Description:**

Disables/enables Image histogram equalization.

Typical Range: 0 : Disable 1 : enable

### 2.5.16. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_sharpen\_filter()

### **Description:**

Gets/Sets strength of the Image sharpening filter.

Typical Range: 0,1 and 2. 2 being the strongest.

## 2.5.17. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_min\_exp\_framerate()

### **Description:**

Gets/Sets minimum exposure .framerate

Typical Range: 0 to 30.

### 2.5.18. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_tf\_strength()

### **Description:**

Gets/Sets the temporal filter strength, Value 0 disables the temporal filter. Value 1 to 7 sets the filter strength.

Typical Range: 0 to 7.

### 2.5.19. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_gain\_multiplier ()

### **Description:**

Controls the auto exposure algorithm to adjust the sensor analog gain and exposure based on different lighting conditions.

Typical Range: 0 to 256

### 2.5.20. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_exp()

### **Description:**

This API is used to get or set the exposure mode (auto or manual) and the exposure time in the manual mode

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_set_exp(video_channel_t ch
,exp_set_t sel, uint16_t value);
int mxuvc_video_get_exp(video_channel_t ch,
exp_set_t *sel, uint16_t *value);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: active video channel from which the parameter is set/got.
sel: selects to exposure mode (Auto or Manual).
value: exposure time value in the Manual Mode - Range 0 to 255.

# 2.5.21. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_nf()

### **Description:**

This API is used to get or set the noise filter mode (auto or manual) and the noise filter strength in the manual mode.

#### **Declaration:**

#### **Arguments:**

ch: active video channel from which the parameter is set/got.
sel: selects to noise filter mode (Auto or Manual),
value: noise filter strength in the Manual Mode - Range 0 to 100.

### 2.5.22. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_wb()

### **Description:**

This API is used to get or set the white balance mode (auto or manual) and the white balance temperature in the manual mode.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_set_wb(video_channel_t ch,
white balance mode t sel, uint16_t value);
int mxuvc_video_get_wb(video_channel_t ch,
white balance mode t *sel, uint16 t *value);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: active video channel from which the parameter is set/got.

sel: selects to white balance mode (Auto or Manual), value: white balance temperature in the manual Mode - Range 2800 to 6500.

### 2.5.23. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_wdr()

### **Description:**

This API is used to get or set the camera wide dynamic range mode (WDR) (auto or manual) and the WDR control intensity in the manual mode.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_set_wdr(video_channel_t ch,
wdr mode t mode, uint8_t value);
int mxuvc_video_get_wdr(video_channel_t ch,
wdr mode t *mode, uint8_t *value);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: active video channel from which the parameter is set/got.

mode: selects to WDR mode (Auto or Manual).

value: WDR control intensity value in the Manual Mode - Range 0 to 255.

### 2.5.24. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_zone\_exp()

### **Description:**

This API is used to enable/disable zonal exposure, get/set the exposure zone.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_set_zone_exp(video_channel_t ch,
zone_exp_set_t sel, uint16_t value);
int mxuvc_video_get_zone_exp(video_channel_t ch,
zone_exp_set_t *sel, uint16_t *value);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: active video channel from which the parameter is set/got.

sel: enable/disable zonal exposure.
value: exposure zone value Range 0 to 62.

### 2.5.25. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_zone\_wb()

### **Description:**

This API is used to enable/disable zonal white balance and get/set the white balance zone.

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_set_zone_exp(video_channel_t ch,
zone_wb_set_t sel, uint16_t value);
int mxuvc_video_get_zone_exp(video_channel_t ch,
zone_wb_set_t *sel, uint16 t *value);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: active video channel from which the parameter is set/got.

sel: enable/disable zonal white balance. value: white balance zone value Range 0 to 63.

### 2.5.26. mxuvc\_video\_(get/set)\_pwr\_line\_freq()

### **Description:**

This API is used to select the power line frequency of the operating region. Sensor exposure value under the auto-exposure algorithm will be adjusted to avoid flickering caused by power level oscillation. 0 disables this function, and the values of 1 and 2 represents 50 and 60Hz power line frequency, respectively.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_video_set_pwr_line_freq(
    video channel t ch,pwr line freq mode_t mode);
int mxuvc_video_get_pwr_line_freq(
    video channel t ch,pwr line freq mode t *mode);
```

### **Arguments:**

```
ch: active video channel from which the parameter is set/got.
mode: value indicating power line frequency mode.
0 – disable, 1 – 50Hz, 2 – 60Hz.
```

### 2.6. Freeing the resources

### 2.6.1. mxuvc\_video\_deinit()

### **Description:**

This API is used to free all the memory allocated by the MXUVC. This function automatically calls mxuvc\_video\_stop() if the video has not been stopped yet, it is therefore not necessary to explicitly call mxuvc video stop() before calling mxuvc video deinit().

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc video deinit();
```

#### **Return Value:**

### 3. MXUVC AUDIO SUBSYSTEM

MXUVC Audio subsystem is used to intialize the Geo camera Audio Interface, configuring the audio parameters and start capturing the audio data for further processting. MXUVC as an API supports capture of multiple channels of audio data of different sampling frequency and format. However in the current Geo Camera product configuration we support only one channel of Audio Data which is of format AAC. The Data Structures and the APIs are explained in the below sections

### 3.1. Data Structures

### 3.1.1. audio format t

### **Description:**

Enumeration to indicate the format type supported by the channel.  $\texttt{AUD}_{\texttt{FORMAT}\_\texttt{AAC}\_\texttt{RAW}}$  not supported in the skype mode.

#### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum {
    AUD_FORMAT_PCM_RAW = 0,
    AUD_FORMAT_AAC_RAW = 1,
    NUM_AUD_FORMAT
} audio format t;
```

### 3.1.2. audio channel t

### **Description:**

Enumeration to indicate the MXUVC Audio Channel.

### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum {
    AUD_CH1 = 0,
    AUD_CH2,
    NUM_AUDIO_CHANNELS
} audio channel_t;
```

### 3.1.3. audio\_codec\_type\_t

#### **Description:**

Enumeration to indicate the codec type used for encoding in the channel.

#### **Declaration:**

```
typedef enum {
   AUDIO_CODEC_TYPE_AAC = 0x1,
   AUDIO_CODEC_TYPE_QAC = 0x1,
   AUDIO_CODEC_TYPE_QPCM = 0x3,
   AUDIO_CODEC_TYPE_Q711 = 0x9,
   AUDIO_CODEC_TYPE_Q722 = 0xa,
   AUDIO_CODEC_TYPE_Q726 = 0xb,
   AUDIO_CODEC_TYPE_Q728 = 0xc,
   AUDIO_CODEC_TYPE_AMRNB = 0x10,
} audio codec type t;
```

### 3.1.4. audio\_params\_t

### **Description:**

Structure containing the parameters of the audio data received from the channel in the call-back.

#### **Declaration:**

#### Variables:

timestamp	audio timestamp in terms of ticks of 90khz clock where each tick corresponds to 1/(90 * 1000) sec or 1/90 ms
framesize	size of the audio frame receieved.
samplefreq	sampling frequency at which the audio frame is captured.
channelno	number of audio channels captured by the microphone and/or encoded.
audioobjtype	AAC Audio Object Type with which the Audio stream is encoded. This is useful to construct the ADTS Header. Ignore in case of PCM.
dataptr audiocodectype	pointer to audio frame data. encoded type of the Audio Stream.

### 3.2. Initializing audio subsystem.

### 3.2.1. mxuvc\_audio\_init()

### **Description:**

This API is used to initialize the Linux audio interface on the Host system.

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc audio init(const char *backend, const char *options);
```

#### **Arguments:**

- backend: string representing the audio backend. It is "alsa" in this case.
- options : semi-colon separated list of options. Following options can be specified with this parameter.
  - device: This is a mandatory parameter used to specify the ALSA name of the Geo Camera, typically "Condor".
  - audio\_sampling\_rate: This parameter is used to specify the sampling rate at which the audio needs to be captured. It is not a mandatory parameter. Default value is 24khz.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### **Example Usage:**

### 3.3. Registering the call back function

### 3.3.1. mxuvc\_audio\_register\_cb()

### **Description:**

This API is used to register the call back function with the MXUVC. MXUVC calls this user function when the audio data is available from the camera on the channel specified. The Application can use this function to process the audio data received from the camera.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_audio_register_cb(audio_channel_t ch,
mxuvc_audio_cb_t func,void *user_data);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: audio channel on which the call back function is registered.

func Pointer to the call back function to be registered with mxuvc, described below. Pointer to mxuvc user handle to be used for further processing, when the Call

back function is called by the mxuvc.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

An example declaration of the call back function is as below.

### **Arguments:**

buffer Pointer to the audio data received from the camera. size Size of the audio data received from the camera.

user\_data Pointer to mxuvc user handle set when the call back function is registered.

format of the audio frame recieved.

audio timestamp in terms of ticks of 90khz clock where each tick corresponds to 1/(90 \* 1000) sec or 1/90 ms

param Pointer to the audio parameters in the current

received from the audio channel in the call back function.

### 3.4. Start/Stop capturing audio on the channels

### 3.4.1. mxuvc\_audio\_start()

### **Description:**

This API is used to start the capture of audio data from a specified channel in the camera.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_audio_start(audio_channel_t_ch);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: audio channel on which the audio capture needs to be started.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 3.4.2. mxuvc\_audio\_alive()

### **Description:**

This API is used to check if the camera is active. It can be periodically called to check the availability of the camera. This function returns an error (a negative value) in the following conditions:

- the camera has been unplugged
- the camera or the USB host is no longer responding

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc audio alive(void);
```

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 3.4.3. mxuvc\_audio\_stop()

#### **Description:**

This API is used to stop the capture of audio data from a specified channel in the camera.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_audio_stop(audio_channel_t ch);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: audio channel on which the audio capture needs to be started.

#### **Return Value:**

### 3.5. Changing audio parameters

### 3.5.1. mxuvc\_audio\_set\_samplerate()

### **Description:**

This API is used to set the audio sampling rate on the channel .

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_audio_set_samplerate(audio_channel_t, int
samplingFr);
```

### **Arguments:**

ch: audio channel on which the audio capture needs to be started. samplingFr: Sampling frequency to be set.

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 3.5.2. mxuvc\_audio\_set\_mic\_gain()

### **Description:**

This API is used to set the microphone gain.

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_audio_set_mic_gain(int level);
```

### **Arguments:**

level: microphone gain level.

Range is from 0 to 100.

### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 3.5.3. mxuvc\_audio\_set\_bitrate()

#### **Description:**

This API is used to set the bitrate of the Audio.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc audio set bitrate(audio channel t ch, int bitrate);
```

#### **Arguments:**

ch: audio channel on which the bitrate needs to be set. bitrate: bitrate to be set. (Range 16000 to 320000)

### **Return Value:**

### 3.5.4. mxuvc\_audio\_set\_mic\_mute()

### **Description:**

This API is used to mute or unmute the micro phone. It will mute or unmute all audio input channels.

### **Declaration:**

```
int    mxuvc audio set mic mute(int bMute);
```

### **Arguments:**

bMute: microphone mute value.
0 - unmute 1 - mute

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 3.5.5. mxuvc\_audio\_set\_left\_mic\_mute()

### **Description:**

This API is used to mute or unmute the left microphone in case of stereo.

#### **Declaration:**

```
int    mxuvc audio set_left mic mute(int bMute);
```

### **Arguments:**

bMute: microphone mute value. 0 - unmute 1 - mute

#### **Return Value:**

0 on Success, -1 on Failure.

### 3.5.6. mxuvc\_audio\_set\_right\_mic\_mute()

### **Description:**

This API is used to mute or unmute the right microphone in case of stereo.

### **Declaration:**

```
int mxuvc_audio_set_right_mic_mute(int bMute);
```

### **Arguments:**

bMute: microphone mute value.

0 - unmute 1 - mute

### **Return Value:**

# 3.6. Freeing the resources

### 3.6.1. mxuvc\_audio\_deinit()

### **Description:**

This API is used to free all the memory allocated by the MXUVC. This function automatically calls mxuvc\_audio\_stop() if the video has not been stopped yet, it is therefore not necessary to explicitly call mxuvc\_audio\_stop() before calling mxuvc\_audio\_deinit().

#### **Declaration:**

int mxuvc\_audio\_deinit();

#### **Return Value:**

### 4. COMPILING MXUVC

Compiling mxuvc results in a static library, **libmxuvc.a**, and a shared library, **libmxuvc.so**. If only one application uses mxuvc API, it is simpler to directly linked in the static library. If more than one application uses the API then space and memory can be spared by using the shared library.

To compile, go to mxuvc/ directory and type:

Cross compiling mxuvc for a specific platform requires the Makefile to be modified to make it point to the toolchain compiler, libraries and header files.

# make VIDEO=v412 AUDIO=alsa

### 5. EXAMPLE CODE

The mxuvc/examples/skype directory contains example application to demostrate use of mxuvc API's for the capture of Main Channel and Preview Channel video from the Geo Camera.

### 5.1. Audio/Video Capture

The example <code>simple-capture.c</code> demonstrates multi-channel Main Channel and Preview Channel and PCM Audio capture from Geo Camera.

The programming flow of the application is as below.

- Initialize the linux alsa-uac audio interface.
- Initialize the linux v4l2-uvc video interface.
- Set the Audio Channel format and the sample rate.
- Set the Main And Preview Channel Video Format and Resolution.
- Register the audio call back function to receive audio data.
- Register the video call back functions for the preview and the main channels.
- Start the audio capture and video capture on all the all the channels for a duration in secs specified by the first argument to the application, if not specified it is default to 15 secs.
- The preview and main channel video and audio data received in the call back functions are written into different files
- Stop the audio capture and video capture on all the all the channels.
- Free the resources allocated.