

Programming Practice

2018-11-08

Week 10

Notice

Last week HW

- Due date has been extended.
- Due to problems in the server, some submission records for last week disappeared.
- Submit last week & this week's HW by 11/13 14:00pm.
- Everyone submit last week HW to the [submission page](#), not email.
- No late policy applied to last week HW.

Attach code as a file

- When sending **email** to TA,
please **attach code as a file** (ex. `yourCode.c`)
 - Not screenshot.
 - Also, please don't drag and copy/paste (-> includes line numbers).
- Easier to detect bugs.
- Quicker response.

For this week

- Please use either Lab computer(Linux) or Martini server(Putty/SSH).
- Not on local Mac.

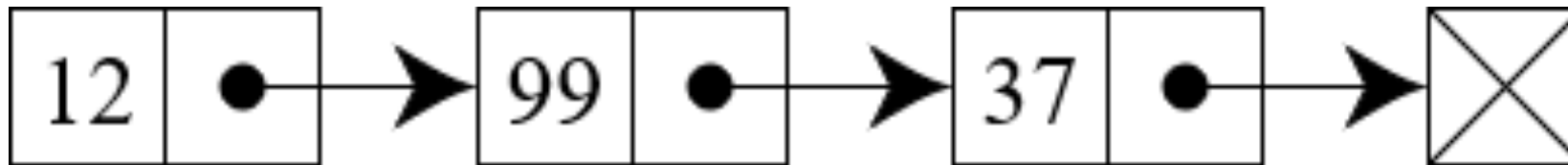
Practice Lecture

Linked List

- This week, we'll practice creating [Linked List](#) & basic functions.
- Inserting an element
- Searching an element
- Deleting an element

Linked List

- struct NODE
- struct LIST



struct NODE & struct LIST

- Will be provided:

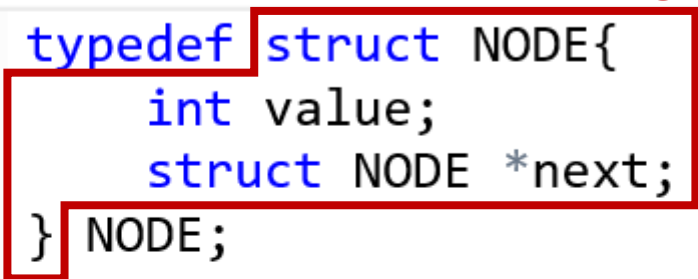
</> source code

```
1 ▾ typedef struct NODE{  
2     int value;  
3     struct NODE *next;  
4 } NODE;  
5  
6 ▾ typedef struct LIST{  
7     NODE *head;  
8 } LIST;  
9  
10  
11
```

struct NODE & struct LIST

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8 } LIST;
9
10
11
```

Your job is to write

- insert, search, and delete functions

```
</> source code
1 void insert(LIST *myList, int index, int value){
2     /* TODO */
3 }
4
5 int search(LIST *myList, int value){
6     /* TODO */
7 }
8
9 int delete(LIST *myList, int value){
10    /* TODO */
11 }
12
13
```

*** For this week, all index will be 0-based.**

Homework Problems

1. Linked List Insert
2. Linked List Search
3. Linked List Delete

For this week's HW

- Submit code containing just the function (insert/search/delete).
- **Don't** include `main()` in your submissions.
- This applies to all three problems!

Problem. 1

Linked List Insert

Submit your code file as **insert.c**

Description

Insert a *value*, into the position specified by *index*, to the list *myList*.

(This means you have to create a new node when this function is called.)

Assume that *index* will always be given as $0 \leq \text{index} \leq (\text{current length of myList})$.

(*index*==0 means insert to very front. *index*==(current length of myList) means insert to very end.)

Function prototype:

```
void insert(LIST *myList, int index, int value);
```

Arguments:

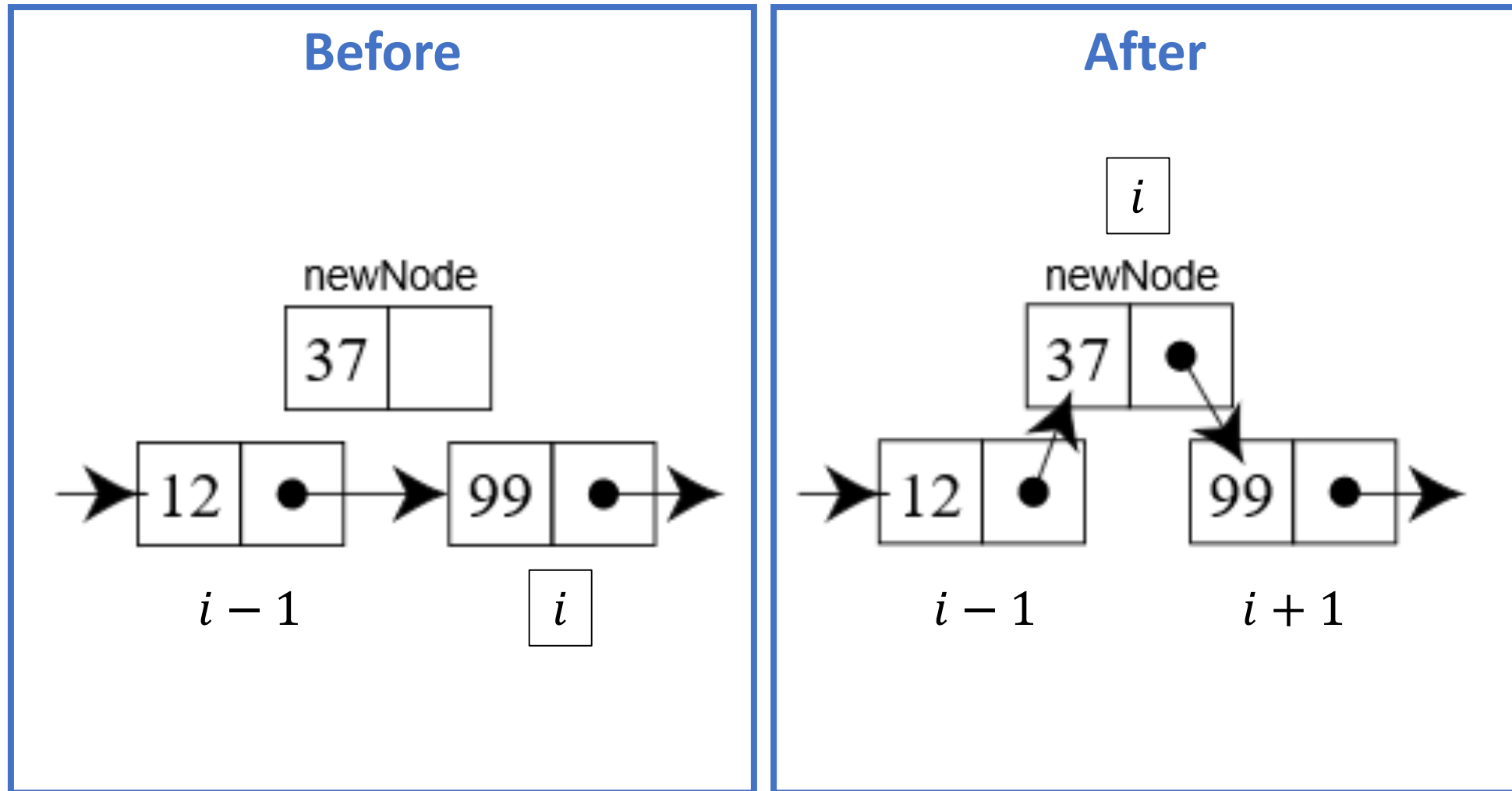
LIST *myList : Points to the list to do the inserting operation to.

int index : The position to insert the new node into.

int value : The value for the new node to hold.

* No return for this function

Inserting to index i



Problem. 2

Linked List Search

Submit your code file as **search.c**

Description

Search if a *value* exists inside the list *myList*, and return the index if it is found.

Function prototype:

```
int search(LIST *myList, int value);
```

Arguments:

`LIST *myList` : Points to the list on which to do the search operation.

`int value` : The value to search for.

Return:

If found, return the (0-based) index of **the first occurrence** of *value*. If not found, return -1.

Problem. 3

Linked List Delete

Submit your code file as **delete.c**

Description

Find and remove **the first occurrence** of a node holding *value*, inside the list *myList*.

Function prototype:

```
int delete(LIST *myList, int value);
```

Arguments:

LIST *myList : Points to the list on which to do the delete operation.

int value : The value to look for, in order to delete the node that is holding it.

Return:

If successful (= a node with *value* was found and deleted), return 0.

If unsuccessful (= node with *value* does not exist), return -1.

main()

- Will also be provided:

```
int main(){  
    char type;  
    int index, value;  
    LIST myList = {NULL};  
    while(1){  
        scanf("%c", &type);  
        if(type == 'q'){  
            break;  
        }  
        else if(type == 'i'){  
            scanf("%d %d", &index, &value);  
            insert(&myList, index, value);  
        }  
        else if(type == 's'){  
            scanf("%d", &value);  
            printf("%d\n", search(&myList, value));  
        }  
        else if(type == 'd'){  
            scanf("%d", &value);  
            delete(&myList, value);  
        }  
        scanf("%*c");  
    }  
    print(&myList);  
    return 0;  
}
```

How this main() works

Continuously receives input, and does the requested operation.

There are 3 types of request. **i**nsert, **s**earch, **d**elate

Formats are as follows.

i (index) (value)

s (value)

d (value)

Example)

i 0 7

→ Insert 7 at index 0

i 1 4

→ Insert 4 at index 1

s 6

→ Search 6

d 4

→ Delete 4

q

→ Finish with 'q'

index for insert operation must be in the correct range ($0 \leq index \leq (current\ length)$).

Skeleton Code

File Name	Description
main.c	Reads input & prints output. It will call your functions such as insert, delete.
list.h	Header file. Your functions should fit with the prototypes declared in this file.
insert.c	TODO :: Implement insert function.
delete.c	TODO :: Implement delete function.
search.c	TODO :: Implement search function.
TA_obj/	Directory that contains object files of TA's implementation.
Makefile	Compile macros are defined here.
testin.txt	Example test input. You may change test input if you want.

Makefile

- Build automation tool. Makes compile & running programs easier.
- You don't have to understand it.
- It will help you to compile and test your program.
- You can simply open this file with **vim Makefile**
- If you are not familiar with this, Do **NOT** modify it.

How to use

- Three commands, each to test each function.
 - > **make itest**
 - > **make stest**
 - > **make dtest**

Test command

> **make itest** : Compiles your **insert.c** with TA's search, delete files.

Check your output file: **myout.txt**

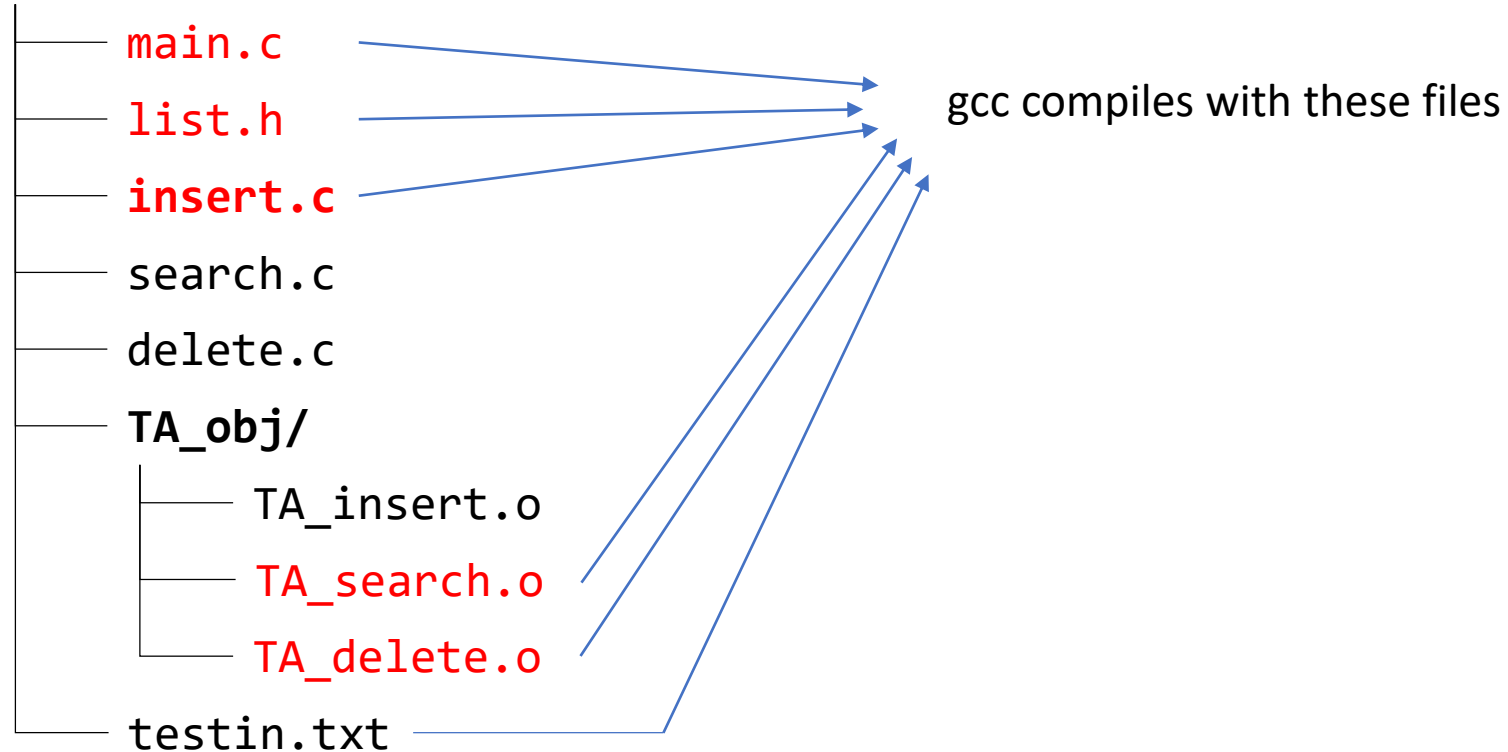
“It will execute following commands automatically.”

- > **gcc -o reference main.c TA_insert.o TA_search.o TA_delete.o** → Compile reference program
- > **./reference < testin.txt > refout.txt** → Generate reference output
- > **gcc -o runinsert main.c insert.c TA_search.o TA_delete.o** → Compile your program
- > **./runinsert < testin.txt > myout.txt** → Generate your output
- > **diff -Z --report-identical-files refout.txt myout.txt** → Compare two outputs

Test command

When you type `> make itest`

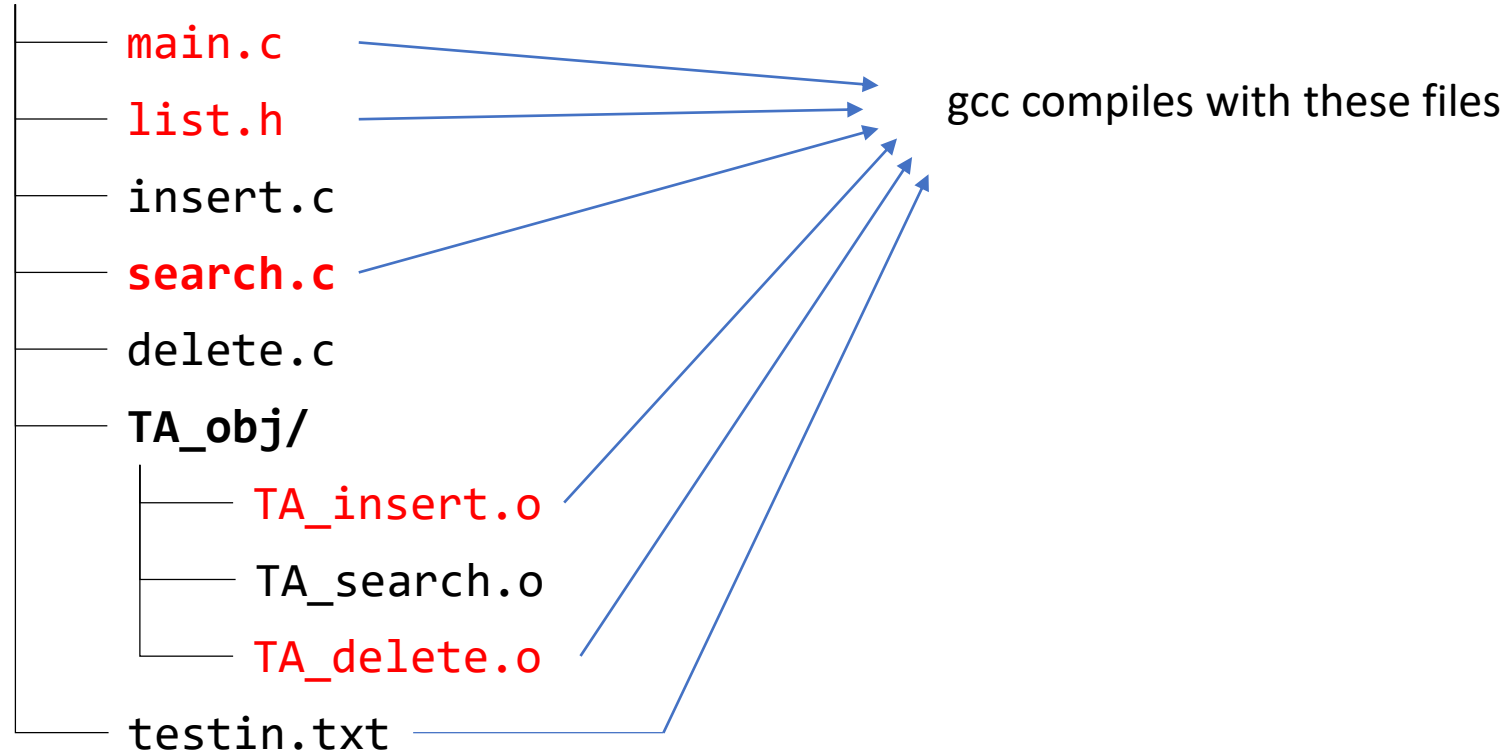
Skeleton



Test command

When you type `> make stest`

Skeleton



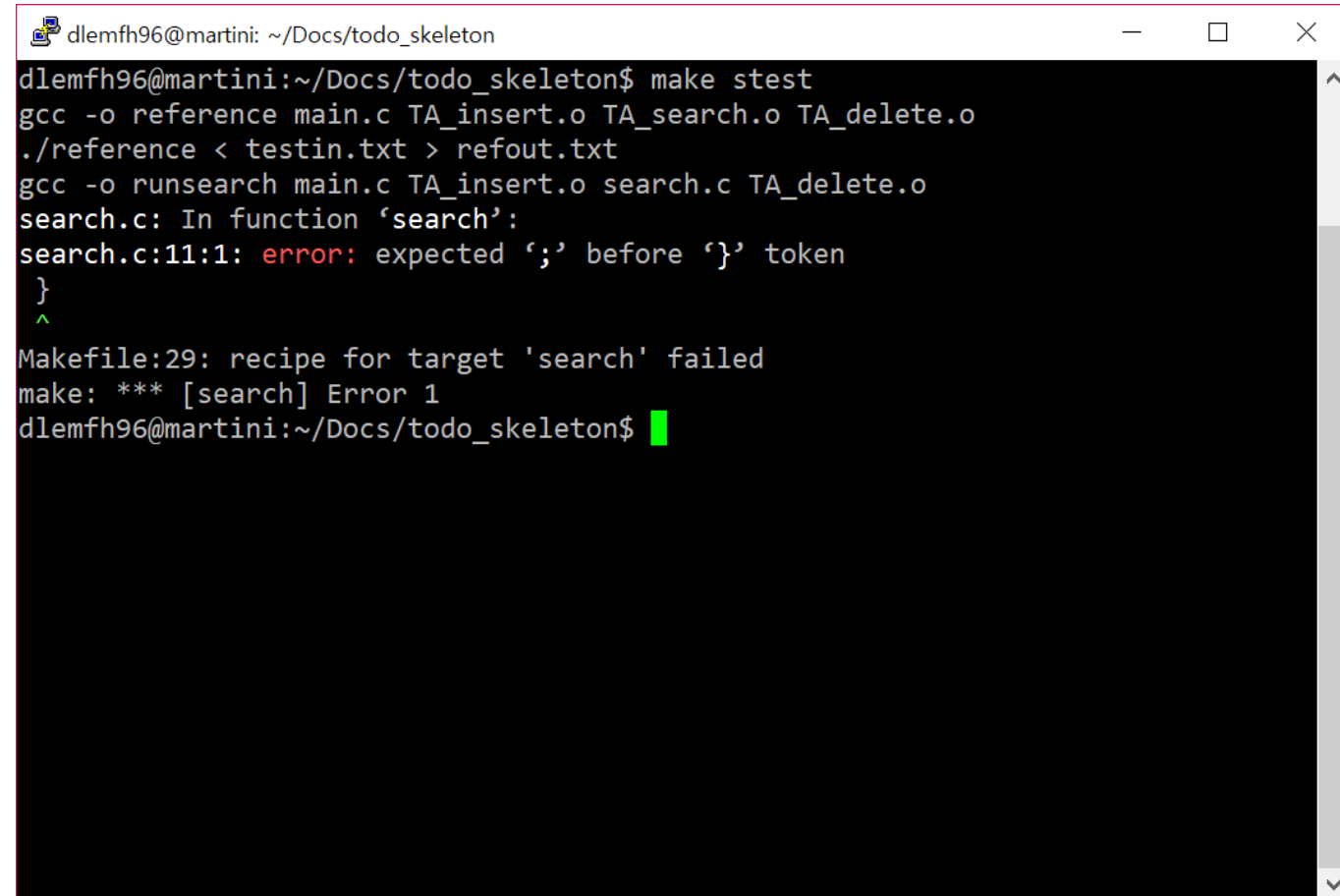
Test command

- Testing search and delete functions is the same:
 - > `make stest`
 - > `make dtest`

It will test your function same way as with insert.

Reading the result screen

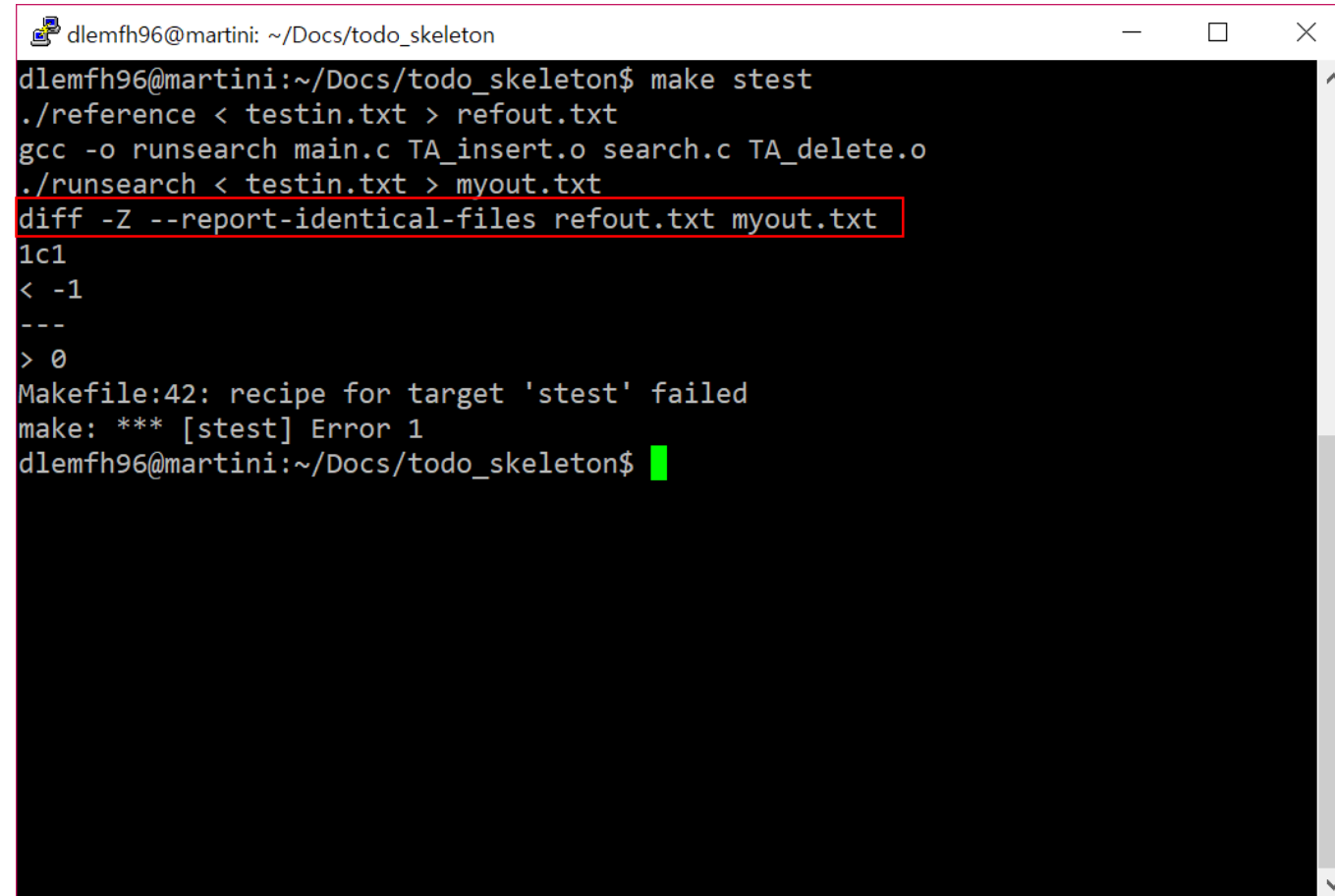
- Compile error:



```
dlemfh96@martini: ~/Docs/todo_skeleton
dlemfh96@martini:~/Docs/todo_skeleton$ make stest
gcc -o reference main.c TA_insert.o TA_search.o TA_delete.o
./reference < testin.txt > refout.txt
gcc -o runsearch main.c TA_insert.o search.c TA_delete.o
search.c: In function 'search':
search.c:11:1: error: expected ';' before '}' token
  }
  ^
Makefile:29: recipe for target 'search' failed
make: *** [search] Error 1
dlemfh96@martini:~/Docs/todo_skeleton$
```

Reading the result screen

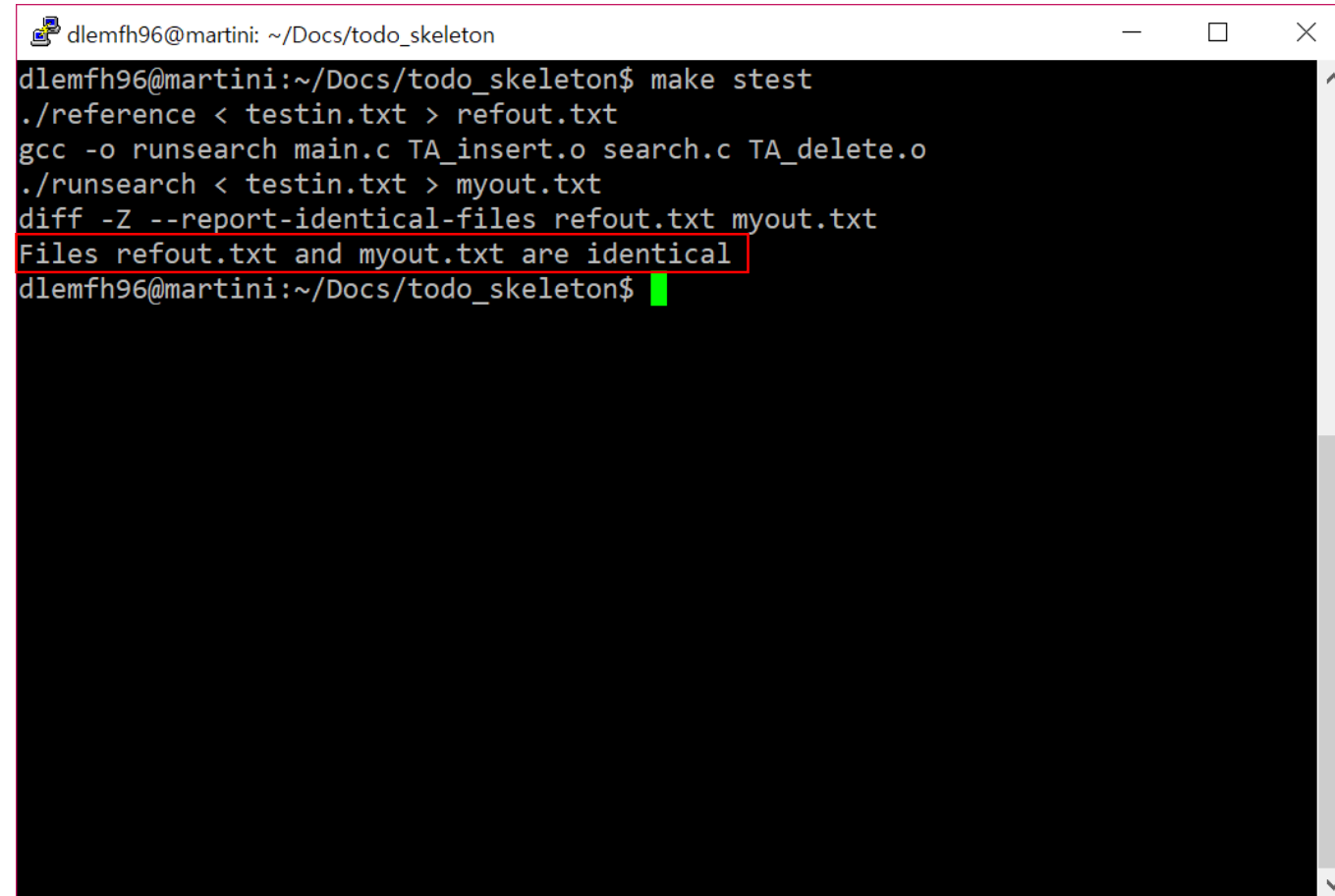
- Compiles okay
but
Wrong answer:



```
dlemfh96@martini: ~/Docs/todo_skeleton
dlemfh96@martini:~/Docs/todo_skeleton$ make stest
./reference < testin.txt > refout.txt
gcc -o runsearch main.c TA_insert.o search.c TA_delete.o
./runsearch < testin.txt > myout.txt
diff -Z --report-identical-files refout.txt myout.txt
1c1
< -1
---
> 0
Makefile:42: recipe for target 'stest' failed
make: *** [stest] Error 1
dlemfh96@martini:~/Docs/todo_skeleton$
```

Reading the result screen

- Correct answer:

A terminal window with a black background and white text. The window title is 'dlemfh96@martini: ~/Docs/todo_skeleton'. The terminal shows a series of commands and their outputs. The final output, 'Files refout.txt and myout.txt are identical', is highlighted with a red rectangular box. A green cursor is visible at the end of the last command line.

```
dlemfh96@martini: ~/Docs/todo_skeleton
dlemfh96@martini:~/Docs/todo_skeleton$ make stest
./reference < testin.txt > refout.txt
gcc -o runsearch main.c TA_insert.o search.c TA_delete.o
./runsearch < testin.txt > myout.txt
diff -Z --report-identical-files refout.txt myout.txt
Files refout.txt and myout.txt are identical
dlemfh96@martini:~/Docs/todo_skeleton$
```

Test command (recap)

- > `make insert`
- > `make search`
- > `make delete`

- You can also use `"make clean"` to remove unnecessary files.

Input file format

You can make your own input file to test your program.

There are 3 types of request. **i**nsert, **s**earch, **d**elate

Formats are as follows.

i (index) (value)

s (value)

d (value)

Example)

i 0 7

→ Insert 7 at index 0

i 1 4

→ Insert 4 at index 1

s 6

→ Search 6

d 4

→ Delete 4

q

→ Input file should finish with 'q'

Filename should be '**testin.txt**'

index for insert operation must be in the correct range ($0 \leq \text{index} \leq (\text{current length})$).