Media over QUIC relay topology optimization

MoQ relay topology optimization for a single track 1

Motivation 1.1

- Media over QUIC uses a full-mesh of relays to transmit user tracks from a single publisher to multiple subscribers.
- This works well on small networks and provides small-enough delays, but generates large traffic that might be expensive in large deployments.

1.2High-level idea

- Given a MoQ relay network, link usage costs and delays, a single media track, set of streams between the publisher and its subscribers, a delay budget for each stream, assign a relay topology to this track so that
 - 1. stream delays are below their delay budget, and
 - 2. the link usage cost is minimal in the relay topology.

1.3 Problem formulation

- Instance:
 - relay network: G(V, E), with $v \in V$ being the relays and $e \in E$ are the links between the
 - link costs: $c: E \to \mathbb{N}$
 - link delays: $d: E \to \mathbb{N}$
 - a publisher: $P \in V$
 - set of subscribers: $\forall s \in S : s \in V$ (note: these are relays that are subscribing to the track)
 - stream delay budget: $D_s \in \mathbb{N}$
 - streams/flows $f \in F$:
 - * each with path from publisher to subscriber across G, and
 - * each with a vector R_f with a size of relays in the stream path, which encodes roles of

the participating relays as:
$$\begin{cases} -1, & \text{if node is a } publisher, \\ +1, & \text{if node is a } subscriber, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- Solution: an assignment of track topology: $G_t(V_t, E_t): V_t \subset V, E_t \subset E$
- Measure:
 - the sum of link costs along the track topology:

$$\sum_{e \in E_{+}} c(e)$$

LP without the delay constraints

- new variables:

 - $-c_{ij}:(i,j)\in E$, link cost of (i,j) $-x_{ij}^f:(i,j)\in E, f\in F$, transmission bitrate of stream f on link (i,j) $-y_{ij}:(i,j)\in E$, link usage of the track on (i,j)

• the LP:

LP with delay constraints 1.5

• new variables:

min

- $-c_{ij}:(i,j)\in E$, link cost of (i,j)
- $-x_{ij}^f:(i,j)\in E, f\in F, \text{ transmission bitrate of stream }f \text{ on link }(i,j)\\-y_{ij}:(i,j)\in E, \text{ link usage of track on }(i,j)\\-z_{ij}^f\in 0,1\text{: link is in the path of stream }f$

$$\sum_{(i,j)\in E} c_{ij}y_{ij}$$

$$y_{ij} \geq x_{ij}^f \qquad \forall f \in F$$

$$\sum_{j:(j,i)\in E} x_{ji}^f - \sum_{j:(i,j)\in E} x_{ij}^f = R_i^f \qquad \forall i \in V, \forall f \in F$$

$$x_{ij}^f \geq 0 \qquad \forall (i,j) \in E, \forall f \in F$$

$$y_{ij} \geq 0 \qquad \forall (i,j) \in E$$

$$z_{ij}^f * M \geq x_{ij}^f \qquad \forall (i,j) \in E, \forall f \in F$$

$$\sum_{i:i \in E} z_{ij}^f * d_{ij} \leq D^f \qquad \forall f \in F$$

Notes 1.6

- Video-on-Demand and similar latency-insensitive use-cases might work without delay budget
- similar topics:
 - multicast routing literature
 - minimum Steiner tree

MoQ relay topology optimization with multiple tracks 2

2.1 High-level idea

- Given a MoQ relay network, link usage costs and delays, a set of media tracks, each with its set of streams between a publisher and its subscribers, a delay budget for each stream, assign a relay topology to each track so that
 - 1. all stream delays are below their delay budget, and
 - 2. the link usage cost is minimal along each track relay topology.

2.2 Problem formulation

- Instance:
 - relay network: G(V, E), with $v \in V$ being the relays and $e \in E$ are the links between the relays
 - link costs: $c: E \to \mathbb{N}$ - link delays: $d: E \to \mathbb{N}$
 - set of tracks: $t \in T$
 - track publishers: $P^t \in V, \forall t \in T$
 - set of subscribers: $\forall s \in S^t : s \in V$ (note: these are relays that are subscribing to a track)
 - stream delay budgets : $D_s^t \in \mathbb{N} : \forall t \in T$
 - track streams/flows $f \in F^t, \forall t \in T$:
 - * each with path from publisher to subscriber across G, and
 - * each with a vector R_f with a size of relays in the stream path, which encodes roles of

the participating relays as: $\begin{cases} -1, & \text{if node is a } publisher, \\ +1, & \text{if node is a } subscriber, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

- Solution: an assignment of each track topology G_t to each $t \in T$ track: $G_t(V_t, E_t) : V_t \subset V, E_t \subset V$ $E, \forall t \in T$
- Measure:
 - the sum of link costs along each track topology:

$$\sum_{t \in T} \sum_{e \in E_t} c(e) \tag{1}$$

LP without the delay constraints

- new variables:
 - $-c_{ij}:(i,j)\in E$, link cost of (i,j)
 - $-x_{ij}^{\tilde{f}}:(i,j)\in E, f\in F^t, t\in T$, transmission bitrate of stream f of track t on link (i,j) $-y_{ij}^t:(i,j)\in E, t\in T$, link usage of track t on (i,j)

$$\begin{split} & \sum_{t \in T} \sum_{(i,j) \in E} c_{ij} y_{ij}^t \\ & \qquad \qquad y_{ij}^t \geq x_{ij}^f \\ & \qquad \qquad \forall (i,j) \in E, \forall f \in F^t : \forall t \in T \\ & \sum_{j:(j,i) \in E} x_{ji}^f - \sum_{j:(i,j) \in E} x_{ij}^f = R_i^f \\ & \qquad \forall i \in V, \forall f \in F^t : \forall t \in T \\ & \qquad \qquad x_{ij}^f \geq 0 \\ & \qquad \qquad \forall (i,j) \in E, \forall f \in F^t : \forall t \in T \\ & \qquad \qquad y_{ij}^t \geq 0 \\ \end{split}$$

LP with delay constraints

- new variables:

 - $-c_{ij}:(i,j)\in E$, link cost of (i,j) $-x_{ij}^f:(i,j)\in E, f\in F^t, t\in T$, transmission bitrate of stream f of track t on link (i,j) $-y_{ij}^t:(i,j)\in E, t\in T$, link usage of track t on (i,j)

 - $-z_{ij}^f \in 0,1$: link is in the path of stream f

$$\min$$

$$\sum_{t \in T} \sum_{(i,j) \in E} c_{ij} y_{ij}^t$$

$$\sum_{j:j,i\in E} x_{ji}^f - \sum_{j:i,j\in E} x_{ij}^t \geq x_{ij}^f$$

$$\sum_{j:j,i\in E} x_{ji}^f - \sum_{j:i,j\in E} x_{ij}^f = R_i^f$$

$$x_{ij}^f \geq 0$$

$$y_{ij}^t \geq 0$$

$$z_{ij}^f * M \geq x_{ij}^f$$

$$\sum_{i,j\in E} z_{ij}^f * d_{ij} \leq D^f$$

$$\forall f \in F^t : \forall t \in T$$

$$\forall i \in V, \forall f \in F : \forall t \in T$$

$$\forall (i,j) \in E, \forall f \in F^t : \forall t \in T$$

$$\forall (i,j) \in E, \forall t \in T$$

$$\forall (i,j) \in E, \forall f \in F^t : \forall t \in T$$