

Labb 4

Objektorienterad Design, IV1350

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1 Introduktion

Syftet med fjärde och sista seminariet i kursen är att man ska lära sig att designa och koda undantagshantering, designmönster och polymorfism. Första uppgiften gick ut på att skapa ett undantag (exception) för hantering av licensnummer. I andra uppgiften skulle man använda observatör "Observer" mönster för att visa resultaten av alla utförda inspektioner för ett visst fordon. För högre betyg skulle man använda en till GoF mönster i inspektionsprogrammet och designen.

2 Metod

I första uppgiften skapades undantagsklassen `InvalidLicenseNumberException` som används när användaren matar in något annat än inmatningen "abc123" vilket är en hårdkodad licensnummer. `InvalidLicenseNumberException` används i `View` för att meddela användaren om den angivna licensnummer är felaktig. Undantagsnamnet beskriver ganska tydligt vad för slags undantag det är. `InvalidLicenseNumberException` är en så kallad "checked" undantag, vilket använder "throw" deklARATIONER.

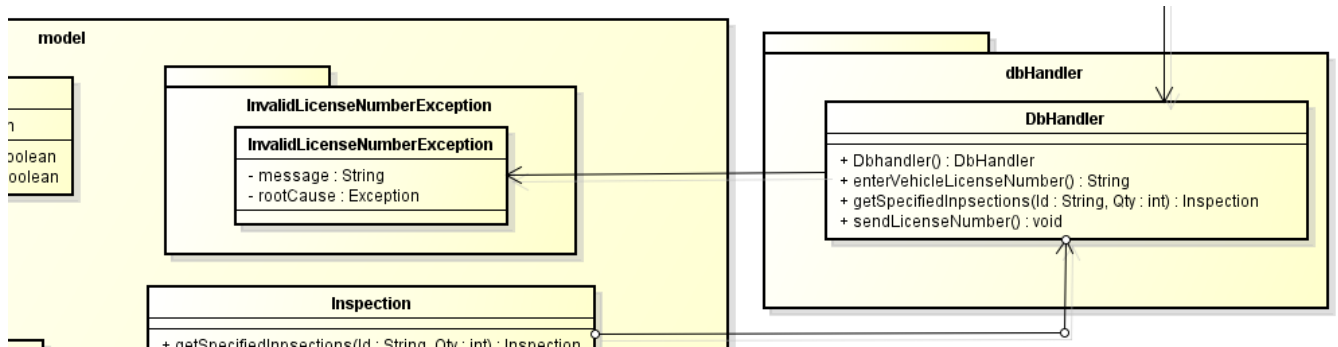
I första deluppgiften i uppgift 2 skapades observatör "observer" mönstret för att skriva ut resultaten för inspektionen. Detta utfördes genom att skapa en `observer` interface och implementera det till klassen `View`. I andra deluppgiften skapades bara ett exemplar av `garage door` med hjälp av `singleton` mönstret. Detta utfördes genom att skapa en ny `GarageDoor` objekt som kallas för `myGarageDoor`. Metoden `getGarageDoor` returnerar `myGarageDoor` som en referens för kunna sedan användas i klassen `Controller`.

Alla uppgifter utfördes både som design och `javaprogram` för att ge en mycket bättre bild på hur de nya metoderna fungerar och hur undantagsklassen används i olika metoder och klasser.

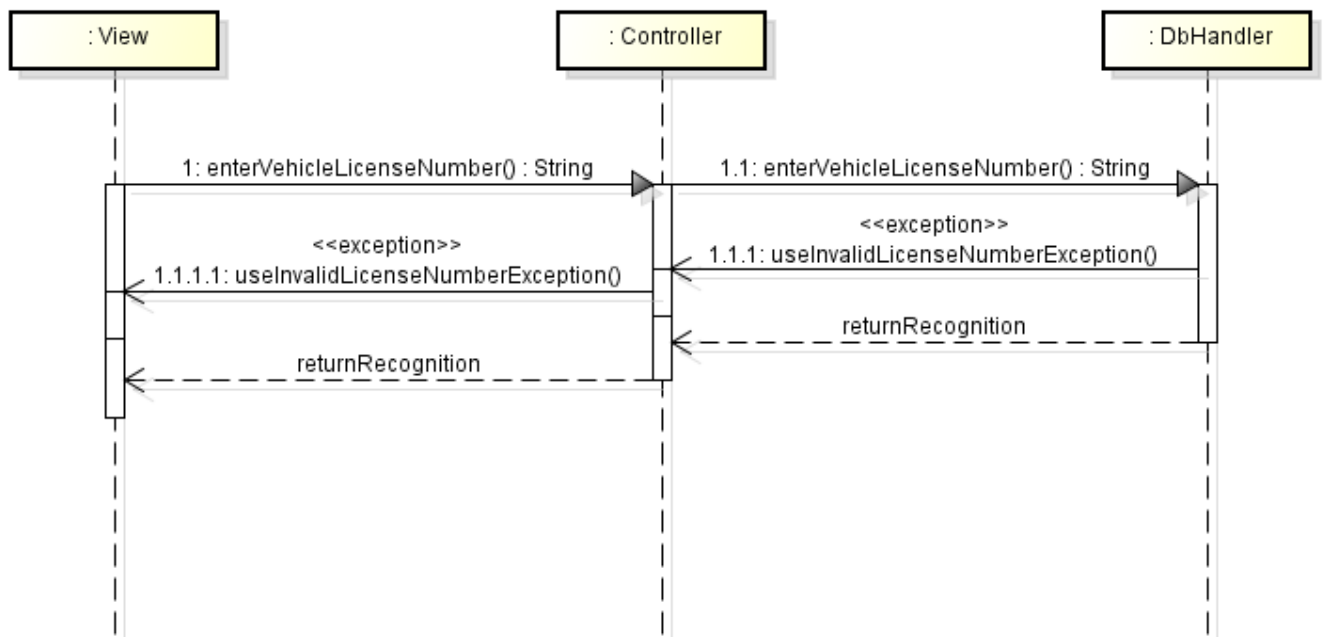
3 Resultat

All design och programkod utfördes med Emil Nordin.

Uppgift 1:



Figur 1.0: En bild på klassen `InvalidLicenseNumberException` taget från klass diagrammet.



Figur 1.1: En bild på licensnummer validering med undantag taget från sekvensdiagrammet.

```

1 package startup;
2
3 import model.InvalidLicenseNumberException;
4 import controller.Controller;
5 /**
6  * Startup of the entire program.
7  */
8 public class StartUp {
9
10     /**
11      * Starts the program.
12      * @param args This takes nothing.
13      * @throws WrongLicenseNumberException
14      */
15     public static void main(String[] args) throws InvalidLicenseNumberException {
16         new Controller().controller();
17     }
18 }
19
20

```

Figur 1.2: En bild på klassen Startup som använder "throws InvalidLicenseNumberException".

```

1 package controller;
2 import view.View;
3 import model.CashRegister;
4 import model.Display;
5 import model.GarageDoor;
6 import model.Observer;
7 import model.PaymentAuthorizationSystem;
8 import model.Printout;
9 import model.Receipt;
10 import model.InvalidLicenseNumberException;
11 import dbhandler.DbHandler;
12 import model.Inspections;
13 /**
14  * The <code>Controller</code> class executes the requests from the <code>View</code> class.
15  * Calls to the model pass through the <code>Controller</code>
16  */
17
18 public class Controller {
19
20     public int cashToPay = new CashRegister().cashToPay;
21     public int cashLeftInRegister = new CashRegister().totalAmountCash + cashToPay;
22     private DbHandler MyDbHandler = new DbHandler();
23
24     /**
25      * <code>Controller</code> is used by the <code>StartUp</code> class and runs the <code>view</code> method.
26      * @throws InvalidLicenseNumberException Exception for if the license number is invalid.
27      */
28     public void controller() throws InvalidLicenseNumberException
29     {
30         new View().view();
31     }
32
33     /**
34      * <code>startNewInspection</code> gets the next queue number from the <code>displayNextNumber</code> method.
35      * @param Ready makes next number show if true.
36      * @return Returns the queue number.
37      */
38     public int startNewInspection(boolean ready)
39     {
40         int nextnumber;
41         nextnumber = new Display().displayNextNumber(ready);
42         return nextnumber;
43     }
44 }

```

Figur 1.3: En bild på klassen Controller som använder "throws InvalidLicenseNumberException".

```
44 |
45 | /**
46 |  * @param command    Door opening command entered by user.
47 |  * @return           Returns true if door is open false if not.
48 |  */
49 | public boolean isOpen(String command)
50 | {
51 |     boolean checkOpen;
52 |     checkOpen = GarageDoor.getGarageDoor().isOpen(command);
53 |     return checkOpen;
54 | }
55 |
56 | /**
57 |  * Gives result of the license number validation
58 |  * @param licensenumber The entered vehicle license number.
59 |  * @return             Returns true if the license number is valid false if invalid.
60 |  * @throws InvalidLicenseNumberException
61 |  */
62 | public void enterVehicleInfo(String licensenumber) throws InvalidLicenseNumberException
63 | {
64 |     MyDbHandler.giveLicenseNumber(licensenumber);
65 |
66 |     /* if(new DbHandler().giveLicenseNumber(licensenumber) == true)
67 |        return true; */
68 | }
69 |
70 | /**
71 |  * Gets change for payment.
72 |  * @param pay    The paid amount.
73 |  * @return       Returns the change amount.
74 |  */
75 | public int payWithCash(int pay)
76 | {
77 |     return new CashRegister().payAndReturnChange(pay);
78 | }
79 |
80 | /**
81 |  * Checks if there is enough cash for change.
82 |  * @param cashPaying    Cash given by customer.
83 |  * @return              Returns true if enough cash for change.
```

Figur 1.4: Ändrat kod på enterVehicleInfo som nu har "throws InvalidLicenseNumberException" i klassen Controller.

```

84     */
85     public boolean canCashRegisterPayChangeCheck(int cashPaying)
86     {
87         return new CashRegister().canCashRegisterPayChangeCheck(cashPaying);
88     }
89
90     /**
91     * Sends payment validation request..
92     * @param creditCardInfo    Credit card number
93     * @param creditCardPin     Credit card pin code.
94     * @return                  Credit card validation.
95     */
96     public boolean sendPaymentAuthorizationRequest(String creditCardInfo, String creditCardPin)
97     {
98         return new PaymentAuthorizationSystem().sendPaymentAuthorizationRequest(creditCardInfo, creditCardPin);
99     }
100
101     /**
102     * Receipt info for cash payment.
103     * @param licenseNumber The license number.
104     * @param cashToPay     The inspection cost.
105     * @param payCash       The amount paid.
106     * @param totalChange   The change.
107     */
108     public void cashReceipt (String licenseNumber, int cashToPay, int payCash, int totalChange)
109     {
110         new Receipt().cashReceipt(licenseNumber, cashToPay, payCash, totalChange);
111     }
112
113     /**
114     * Receipt info for credit card payment.
115     * @param creditCardInfo    Credit card information.
116     * @param licenseNumber     License number.
117     * @param cashToPay         The inspection cost.
118     */
119     public void creditReceipt(String creditCardInfo, String licenseNumber, int cashToPay)
120     {
121         new Receipt().creditReceipt(creditCardInfo, licenseNumber, cashToPay);
122     }
123
124     /**
125     * Makes inspection results into true/false from pass/fail.
126     * @param inspect    Inspection results by user.
127     * @return           Inspection results boolean.
128     */
129     public boolean [] getInspections(String [] inspect)
130     {
131         boolean[] checkInspection;
132
133         checkInspection = new Inspections().getInspections(inspect);
134         return checkInspection;
135     }
136
137     /**
138     * Gives parts to view.
139     * @param inspectionpart    Part being inspected.
140     */
141     public void parts(String [] inspectionpart)
142     {
143         new Inspections().parts(inspectionpart);
144     }
145
146     /**
147     * Gives information to make printout.
148     * @param inspectionresults    Results from inspection.
149     * @param testnames           Names of inspections.
150     */
151     public void printout(boolean[] inspectionresults, String[] testnames)
152     {
153         new Printout().printout(inspectionresults, testnames);
154     }
155
156     /**
157     * Sets observer
158     * @param observer    An observer.
159     */
160     public void setObserver(Observer observer) {
161         new Printout().setObserver(observer);
162     }
163
164 }
165
166

```

Figur 1.5: Bilder på oförändrad kod i klassen Controller.


```

1 package model;
2 /**
3  * Exception triggered if the license number is not the correct one.
4  *
5  */
6 public class InvalidLicenseNumberException extends Exception{
7
8     public InvalidLicenseNumberException(String message, Exception rootCause)
9     {
10         super(message, rootCause);
11     }
12 }
13

```

Figur 1.6: En bild på klassen InvalidLicenseNumberException.

```

1 package dbhandler;
2 import model.InvalidLicenseNumberException;
3
4 /**
5  * Class to validate license number
6  */
7 public class DbHandler {
8     private boolean [] valid = new boolean [6];
9     private boolean validate = false;
10
11     /**
12      *
13      * @param licenseNumber The entered vehicle license number.
14      * @return Returns license number validation, true if valid false if not.
15      * @throws WrongLicenseNumberException The entered license number is invalid.
16      */
17     public boolean giveLicenseNumber(String licenseNumber) throws InvalidLicenseNumberException
18     {
19
20         if(licenseNumber.equals("abc123"))
21         {
22             return true;
23         }
24         else
25             throw new InvalidLicenseNumberException("Invalid license number: " + licenseNumber, new java.lang.NullPointerException());
26     }
27 }
28

```

Figur 1.7: En bild på ny kod i klassen DbHandler som använder InvalidLicenseNumberException.

```

/* if (licenseNumber.length() == 6)
{

    for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
    {
        if(Character.isLetter(licenseNumber.charAt(i)))
            if(Character.isDigit(licenseNumber.charAt(i+3)))
                valid [i] = true;

        else
            valid [i] = false;
    }
    if(valid[0] == true && valid[1] == true && valid[2] == true)
        validate = true;

    return validate;
}
else
    return false;
}*/

```

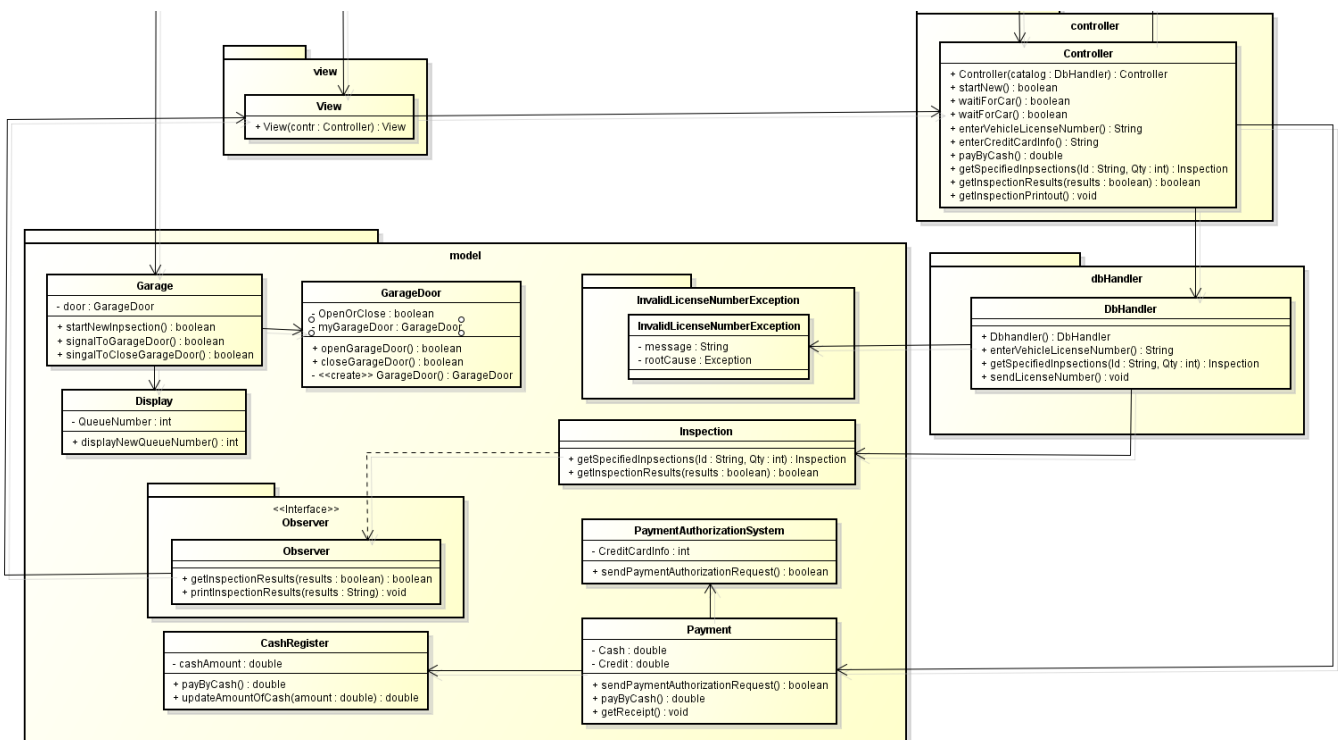
Figur 1.8: Gammal kod i klassen Dhandler som inte används längre.

```

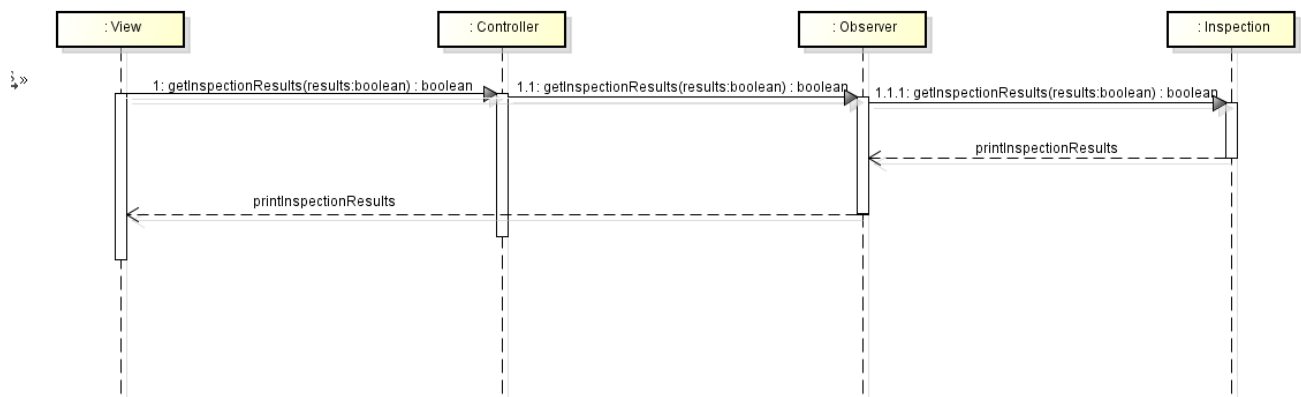
128         else
129         {
130             correctinput = false;
131             System.out.println("Invalid input");
132         }
133     }
134     doorCommandCheck = new Controller().isOpen(doorCommand);
135
136     if(doorCommandCheck == true)
137     {
138         doorState = "open";
139         continueprogram = false;
140         System.out.println("Close the door to start inspection");
141     }
142     else
143     {
144         doorState = "closed";
145         continueprogram = true;
146     }
147
148     System.out.println ("The door is " + doorState);
149 }
150
151
152 continueprogram = false;
153 while(continueprogram == false)
154 {
155     System.out.println ("Enter vehicle license number:");
156     licenseNumber = s.nextLine();
157
158     try {
159         MyController.enterVehicleInfo(licenseNumber);
160         continueprogram = true;
161     } catch (InvalidLicenseNumberException e) {
162         // TODO Auto-generated catch block
163         System.out.println("Invalid license number: " + licenseNumber);
164     }
165 }
166
167
168
169 }
170 System.out.println ("The licenseNumber is true");

```

Figur 1.9: Ny markerad kod i klassen View.

Uppgift 2:**Deluppgift a:**

Figur 2.0: En bild på klass diagram med Observer interface.



Figur 2.1: Ny sekvensdiagram för Inspections med Observer.

```

1 package view;
2
3 import java.util.Scanner;
4
5 import model.InvalidLicenseNumberException;
6 import model.Observer;
7 import controller.Controller;
8
9 /**
10  * <code>View</code> handles all the inputs and calls on the controller to use them.
11  * Also prints to user.
12  */
13 public class View implements Observer{
14
15     public String licenseNumber;
16     public String licenseNumberValid;
17     public boolean licensevalidation;
18     private boolean isReady;
19     private String ready;
20     private String doorCommand;
21     private boolean doorCommandCheck;
22     private String doorState;
23     private boolean correctinput = false;
24     private boolean continueprogram = false;
25     public int queuenumber = 0;
26     private String payment;
27     public int payCash;
28     public int totalChange;
29     private boolean updateCashRegister;
30     private boolean creditCardValidation;
31     public String creditCardInfo;
32     private String creditCardPin;
33     public String [] inspectionPart = new String [7];
34     public String [] inspect = new String [7];
35     public boolean [] inspectionResults = new boolean[inspect.length];
36     private Controller MyController = new Controller();
37     Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
38
39     /**
40     * Runs entire program.
41     * Prints out to user and takes inputs to then sent inputs to controller.
42     * @throws WrongLicenseNumberException
43     */
  
```

Figur 2.2: En bild på klassen View som implementerar Observer.

```

44= public void view() {
45     new Controller().setObserver(this);
46
47     while(continueprogram == false)
48     {
49
50         while(correctinput == false)
51         {
52             System.out.println("Start new inspection? (y/n)");
53
54             ready = s.nextLine();
55
56             if(ready.equals("y") || ready.equals("n"))
57                 correctinput = true;
58
59             else
60             {
61                 correctinput = false;
62                 System.out.println("Invalid input");
63             }
64         }
65
66         if(ready.equals("y"))
67         { isReady = true;
68           continueprogram = true;}
69
70         else
71         { isReady = false;
72           continueprogram = false;
73           correctinput = false;
74         }
75
76         queuenumber = new Controller().startNewInspection(isReady);
77     }
78
79     System.out.println("Current number is " + queuenumber);
80
81     continueprogram = false;
82
83     while(continueprogram == false)
84     {
85

```

Figur 2.3: Ny markerad kod i klassen View.

```

1 package model;
2 /**
3  * Observer prints results of inspection
4  *
5  */
6 public interface Observer {
7     void printResultOfInspection(String result);
8
9 }
10

```

Figur 2.4: En bild på interface Observer.

```
86     correctinput = false;
87     while(correctinput == false)
88     {
89         System.out.println ("Press 'o' to open door");
90         doorCommand = s.nextLine();
91         if(doorCommand.equals("o") || doorCommand.equals("c"))
92             correctinput = true;
93         else
94         {
95             correctinput = false;
96             System.out.println("Invalid input");
97         }
98     }
99     doorCommandCheck = new Controller().isOpen(doorCommand);
100
101     if(doorCommandCheck == true)
102     {
103         doorState = "open";
104         continueprogram = true;
105     }
106     else
107     {
108         doorState = "closed";
109         continueprogram = false;
110         System.out.println("Open the door to start inspection");
111     }
112
113     System.out.println ("The door is " + doorState);
114
115 }
116
117 continueprogram = false;
118 while(continueprogram == false)
119 {
120     correctinput = false;
121     while(correctinput == false)
122     {
123         System.out.println ("Press 'c' to close door");
124         doorCommand = s.nextLine();
125         if(doorCommand.equals("o") || doorCommand.equals("c"))
126             correctinput = true;
127         else
128         {
129             correctinput = false;
130             System.out.println("Invalid input");
131         }
132     }
133     doorCommandCheck = new Controller().isOpen(doorCommand);
134
135     if(doorCommandCheck == true)
136     {
137         doorState = "open";
138         continueprogram = false;
139         System.out.println("Close the door to start inspection");
140     }
141     else
142     {
143         doorState = "closed";
144         continueprogram = true;
145     }
146
147     System.out.println ("The door is " + doorState);
148
149 }
150
151 continueprogram = false;
152 while(continueprogram == false)
153 {
154     System.out.println ("Enter vehicle license number:");
155     licenseNumber = s.nextLine();
156
157     try {
158         MyController.enterVehicleInfo(licenseNumber);
159         continueprogram = true;
160     } catch (InvalidLicenseNumberException e) {
161         // TODO Auto-generated catch block
162         System.out.println("Invalid license number: " + licenseNumber);
163     }
164
165 }
166
167 System.out.println ("The licenseNumber is true");
168
169
170
```



```

171     continueprogram = false;
172
173     while(continueprogram == false)
174     {
175         System.out.println("Your inspection payment is " + new Controller().cashToPay + " dollars");
176
177         System.out.println("Do you want pay with cash or credit? (cash/credit)");
178         payment = s.nextLine();
179
180         if(payment.equals("cash") || payment.equals("Cash"))
181         {
182
183             while(continueprogram == false)
184             {
185
186                 System.out.println("How much do you want to pay? (in dollar bills)");
187
188                 continueprogram = false;
189                 while(continueprogram == false)
190                 {
191                     boolean isNumber;
192                     do {
193                         if (s.hasNextInt())
194                         {
195                             payCash = s.nextInt();
196                             isNumber = true;
197
198                             updateCashRegister = new Controller().canCashRegisterPayChangeCheck(payCash);
199                             totalChange = new Controller().payWithCash(payCash);
200
201                             if(updateCashRegister == true)
202                             {
203                                 continueprogram = true;
204                             }
205                             else
206                             {
207                                 System.out.println("Our cash register doesn't have enough cash for change, please pay with a lower amount!");
208                                 continueprogram = false;
209                             }
210                         }
211                     }
212                     else
213                     {
214                         System.out.println("Your payment is invalid or our cash register doesn't have enough cash for change, please try again!");
215                         isNumber = false;
216                         s.next();
217                     }
218                 }
219             }
220             while(!isNumber);
221         }
222         s.nextLine();
223
224         if (totalChange >= 0)
225         {
226             System.out.println("Payemt Complete\n"
227                 + "\n");
228             new Controller().cashReceipt(licenseNumber, new Controller().cashToPay, payCash, totalChange);
229             continueprogram = true;
230             System.out.println("-----");
231             System.out.println("Total amount cash in CashRegister is: " + new Controller().cashLeftInRegister);
232
233         }
234
235         else
236         {
237             System.out.println("You have not paid enough money, please try again");
238             continueprogram = false;
239         }
240     }
241 }
242
243
244
245 else if(payment.equals("credit") || payment.equals("Credit"))
246 {
247     while(continueprogram == false)
248     {
249         System.out.println("Enter your credit card info:");
250
251         correctinput = false;
252         while (correctinput == false)
253         {
254
255             creditCardInfo = s.nextLine();
256
257             if(creditCardInfo.length() == 16)
258                 correctinput = true;
259             else
260                 System.out.println("Your credit card info is invalid, try again!");
261         }
262
263         System.out.println("Enter your pin code:");
264
265         correctinput = false;
266         while (correctinput == false)
267         {
268             creditCardPin = s.nextLine();
269
270             if(creditCardPin.length() == 4)
271                 correctinput = true;
272             else
273                 System.out.println("Your credit card pin is invalid, try again!");
274         }
275
276         creditCardValidation = new Controller().sendPaymentAuthorizationRequest(creditCardInfo, creditCardPin);
277
278         if(creditCardValidation == true)
279         {
280             payment = "Complete";
281             continueprogram = true;
282             new Controller().creditReceipt(creditCardInfo, licenseNumber, new Controller().cashToPay);
283         }
284         else
285         {
286             payment = "invalid";
287             correctinput = false;
288             continueprogram = false;
289         }
290         System.out.println("Payment is " + payment
291             + "\n\n");
292     }
293 }
294 else
295     System.out.println("Wrong input, try again!");
296

```

Figur 2.5: Bilder på oförändrade koden i klassen View.

```

297     System.out.println("Inspection will start now..." + "\n");
298
299     new Controller().parts(inspectionPart);
300
301     for(int i = 0; i < 7; i++)
302     {
303         System.out.println("Inspect:" + inspectionPart[i] + " (pass or fail)");
304         inspect[i] = s.nextLine();
305
306         continueprogram = false;
307         while(continueprogram == false)
308         {
309             if(inspect[i].equals("fail") || inspect[i].equals("Fail") || inspect[i].equals("pass") || inspect[i].equals("Pass"))
310                 continueprogram = true;
311
312             else
313             {
314                 System.out.println("Wrong input, try again!");
315                 continueprogram = false;
316                 inspect[i] = s.nextLine();
317             }
318         }
319     }
320     inspectionResults = new Controller().getInspections(inspect);
321     new Controller().printout(inspectionResults, inspectionPart);
322
323     System.out.println("Thank you for using Emils & Evan's Inspection agency!");
324 }
325 /**
326  * Prints the result of inspected parts.
327  * @param result    Result from inspections.
328  */
329 @Override
330 public void printResultOfInspection(String result) {
331     System.out.println(result);
332 }
333 }
334 }

```

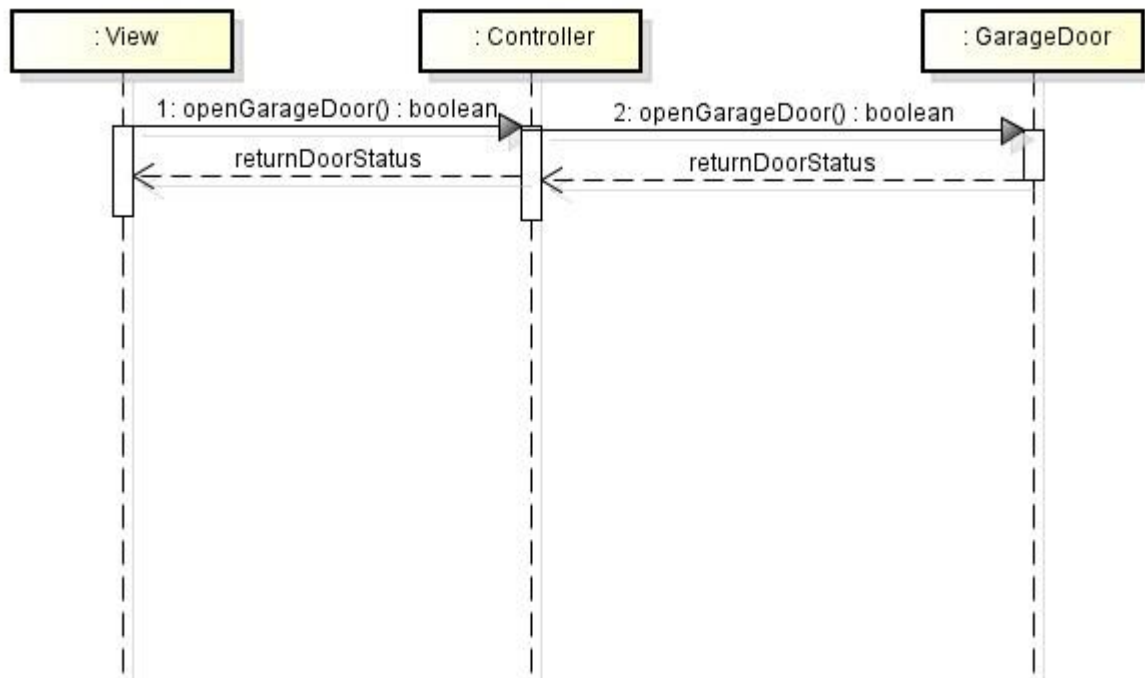
Figur 2.6: Ny Observer relaterad kod i klassen View för utskrivning av inspektionsresultat.

```

124
125 /**
126  * Makes inspection results into true/false from pass/fail.
127  * @param inspect    Inspection results by user.
128  * @return           Inspection results boolean.
129  */
130 public boolean [] getInspections(String [] inspect)
131 {
132     boolean[] checkInspection;
133
134     checkInspection = new Inspections().getInspections(inspect);
135     return checkInspection;
136 }
137
138 /**
139  * Gives parts to view.
140  * @param inspectionpart    Part being inspected.
141  */
142 public void parts(String [] inspectionpart)
143 {
144     new Inspections().parts(inspectionpart);
145 }
146
147 /**
148  * Gives information to make printout.
149  * @param inspectionresults    Results from inspection.
150  * @param testnames            Names of inspections.
151  */
152 public void printout(boolean[] inspectionresults, String[] testnames)
153 {
154     new Printout().printout(inspectionresults, testnames);
155 }
156 /**
157  * Sets observer
158  * @param observer    An observer.
159  */
160 public void setObserver(Observer observer) {
161     new Printout().setObserver(observer);
162 }
163 }
164
165 }

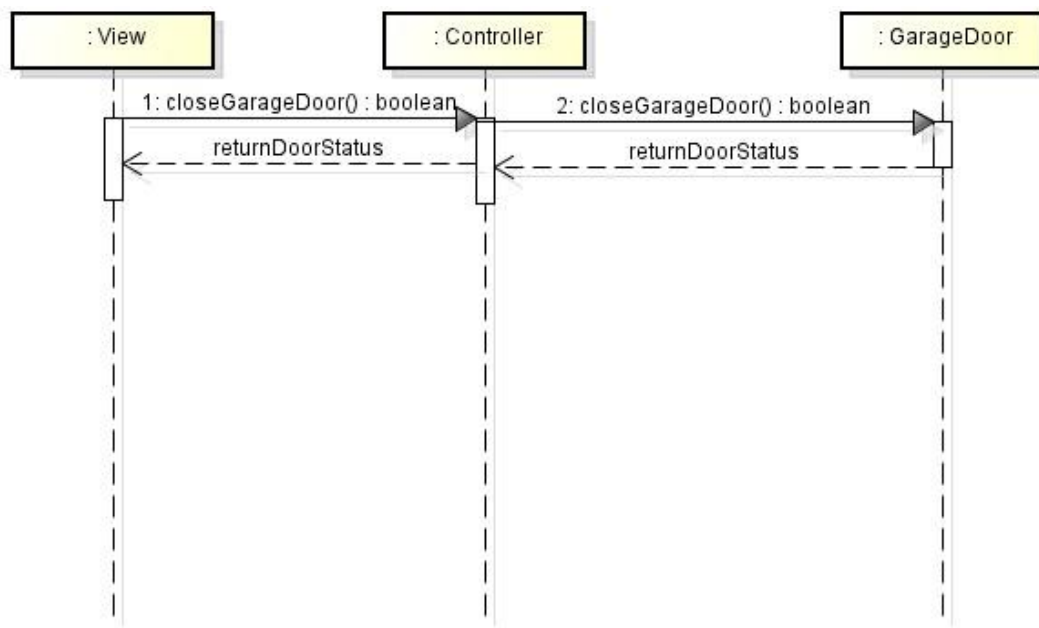
```

Figur 2.7: Ny kod i klassen Controller för setObserver.

Deluppgift b:

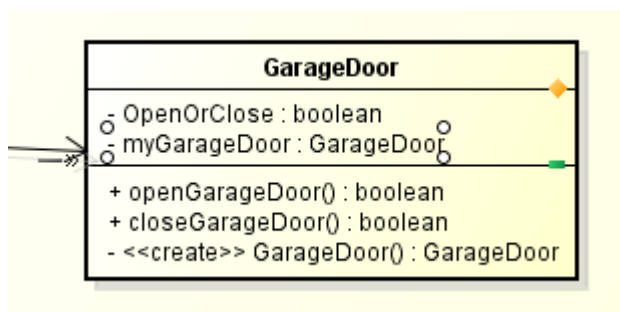
New sequence diagram for opening the garage door. The only difference is that only one instance of the class `GarageDoor` is created.

Figur 3.0: Ny sekvensdiagram på `openGarageDoor`.



New sequence diagram for closing the garage door. The only difference is that only one instance of the class GarageDoor is created.

Figur 3.1: Ny sekvensdiagram på closeGarageDoor.



Figur 3.2: En bild på den Uppdaterade klassen GarageDoor taget från klassdiagrammet.

```

44
45 /**
46  * @param command Door opening command entered by user.
47  * @return Returns true if door is open false if not.
48  */
49 public boolean isOpen(String command)
50 {
51     boolean checkOpen;
52     checkOpen = GarageDoor.getGarageDoor().isOpen(command);
53     return checkOpen;
54 }
55
56 /**
57  * Gives result of the license number validation
58  * @param licensenumber The entered vehicle license number.
59  * @return Returns true if the license number is valid false if invalid.
60  * @throws InvalidLicenseNumberException
61  */
62 public void enterVehicleInfo(String licensenumber) throws InvalidLicenseNumberException
63 {
64     MyDbHandler.giveLicenseNumber(licensenumber);
65
66     /* if(new DbHandler().giveLicenseNumber(licensenumber) == true)
67         return true; */
68 }
69
70 /**
71  * Gets change for payment.
72  * @param pay The paid amount.
73  * @return Returns the change amount.
74  */
75 public int payWithCash(int pay)
76 {
77     return new CashRegister().payAndReturnChange(pay);
78 }
79
80 /**
81  * Checks if there is enough cash for change.
82  * @param cashPaying Cash given by customer.
83  * @return Returns true if enough cash for change.

```

Figur 3.3: Ny kod i klassen Controller som använder "GarageDoor.getGarageDoor().isOpen()".

```

1 package model;
2
3 /**
4  * Creates the printout and prints it.
5  */
6 public class Printout {
7
8     public static String [] inspectionResults = new String [7];
9     private static Observer myObserver;
10 /**
11  * Creates printout with inspection names and results of them.
12  * @param boolinspectionresults Inspection results.
13  * @param testnames Names of inspections.
14  */
15 public void printout(boolean[] boolinspectionresults, String[] testnames)
16 {
17
18     System.out.println("Emil and Evan's Inspection agency - Printout\n"
19         + "-----");
20     for(int i = 0; i< new Inspections().inspectionpart.length; i++)
21     {
22         if(boolinspectionresults[i] == true)
23             inspectionResults[i] = "pass";
24
25         else
26             inspectionResults[i] = "fail";
27
28         myObserver.printResultOfInspection( "Result of " + testnames[i] + " test " + " = " + inspectionResults[i] );
29     }
30 }
31 /**
32  * Sets observer.
33  * @param observer
34  */
35 public void setObserver(Observer observer) {
36     myObserver = observer;
37 }
38 }
39 }
40

```

Figur 3.4: En bild av klassen Printout som nu använder observer.

```
1 package model;
2 /**
3  * Handles opening and closing of garage door.
4  */
5 public class GarageDoor {
6
7     private static GarageDoor myGarageDoor = new GarageDoor();
8
9     private GarageDoor() {}
10 /**
11  * Gets GarageDoor.
12  * @return Reference to <code>myGarageDoor</code>.
13  */
14 public static GarageDoor getGarageDoor() {
15     return myGarageDoor;
16 }
17
18
19 /**
20  * @param command    Open/close command by user.
21  * @return           Returns door state.
22  */
23 public boolean isOpen(String command)
24 {
25
26     if (command.equals("o"))
27     {
28         return true;
29     }
30     else
31     {
32         return false;
33     }
34 }
35 }
36
```

Figur 3.5: Uppdaterad kod i klassen GarageDoor som följer Singleton mönster.