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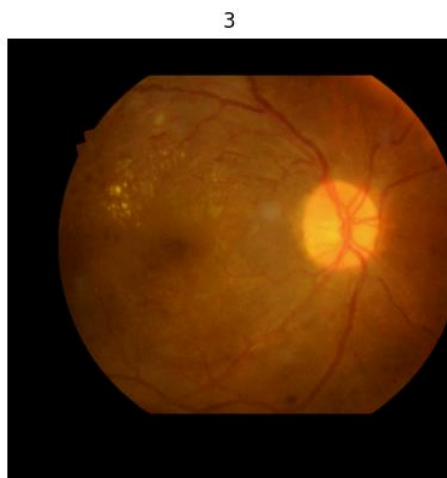
# Diabetic Retinopathy Detection

Deep Learning Lab 2021

Author: Shuai ZHANG, Peng GU

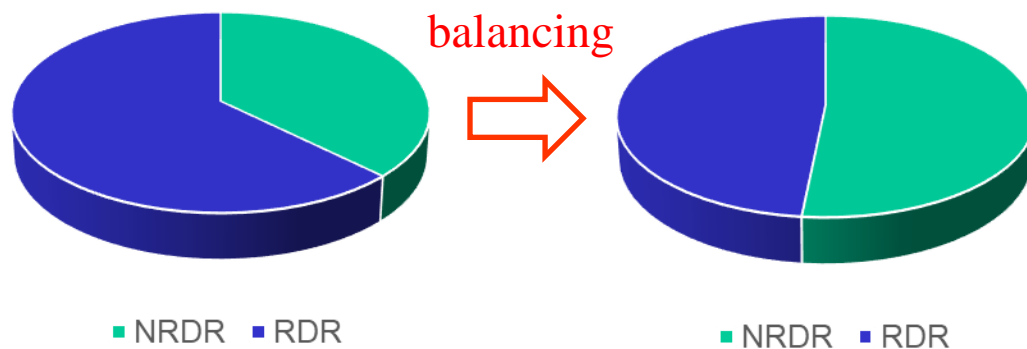
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For each image:



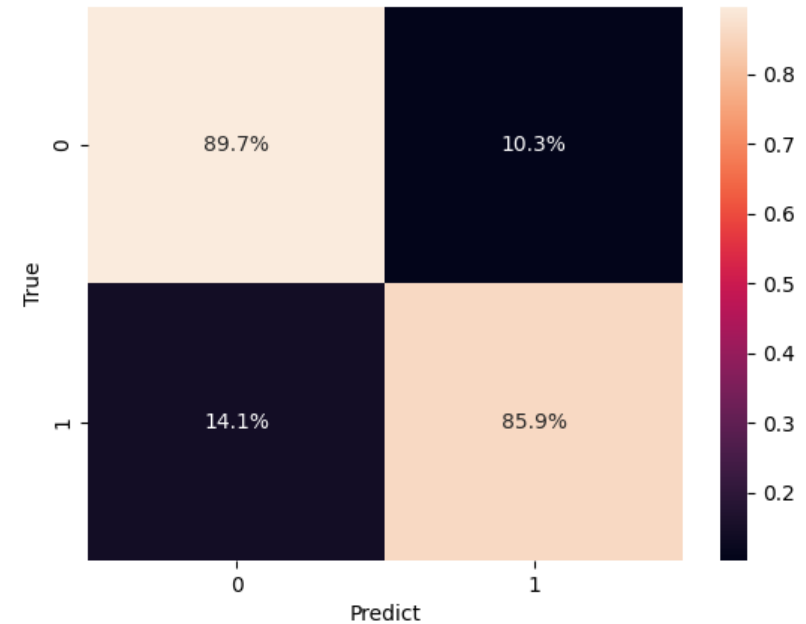
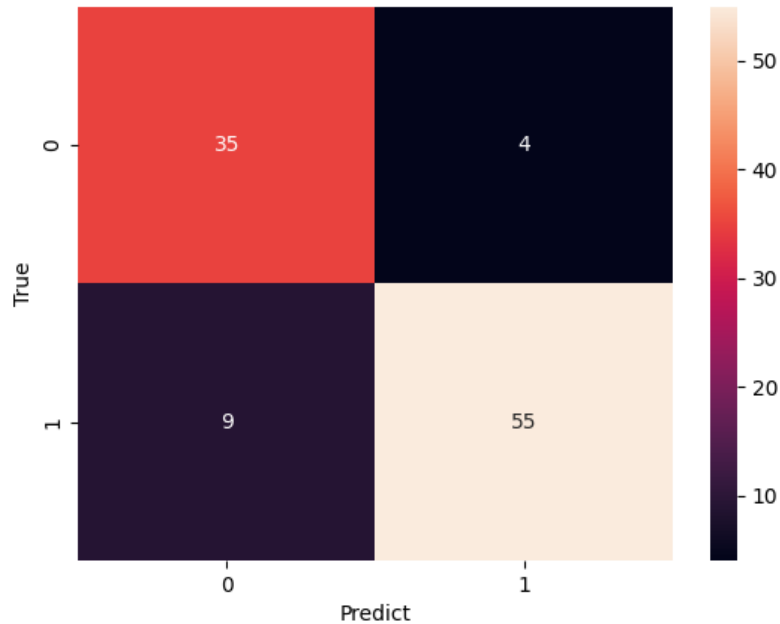
- normalize to  $[0, 1]$
- resize to (512, 512, 3)
- data augmentation

For dataset:



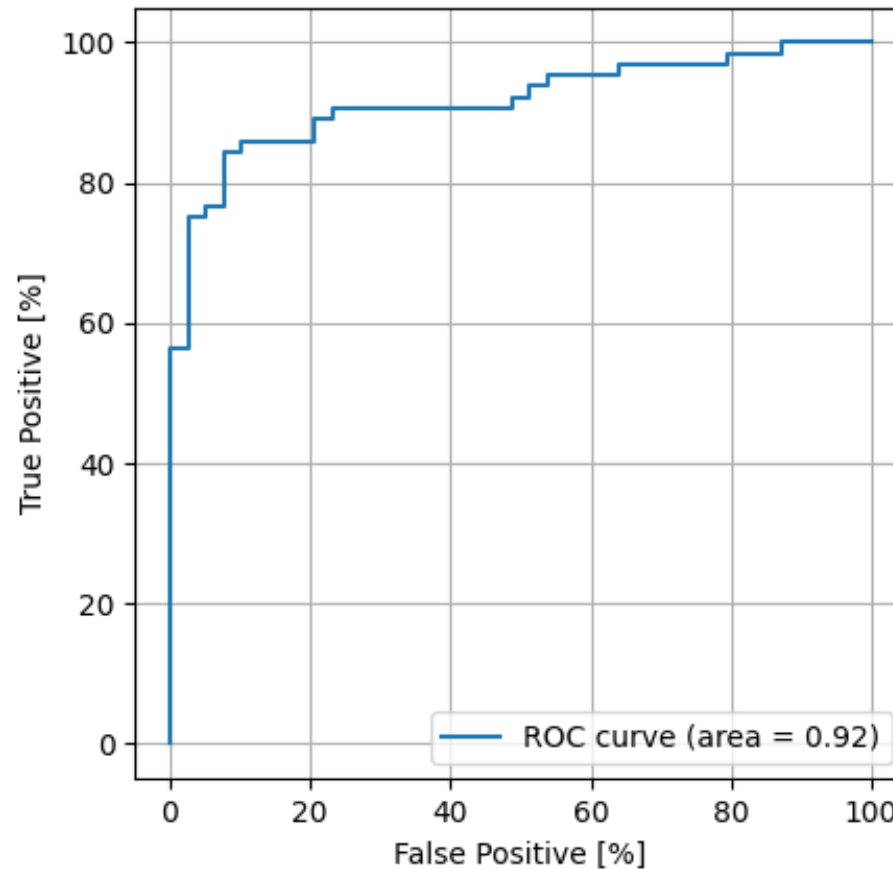
- load csv file
- create tfrecords
- balance dataset

## Confusion matrix:



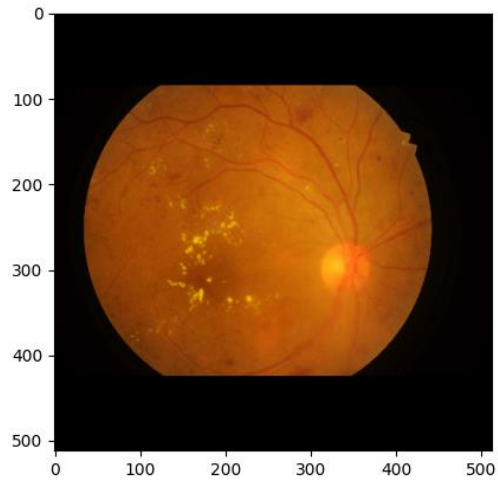
- 87.4% accuracy
- **unbiased** to labels

## ROC curve:

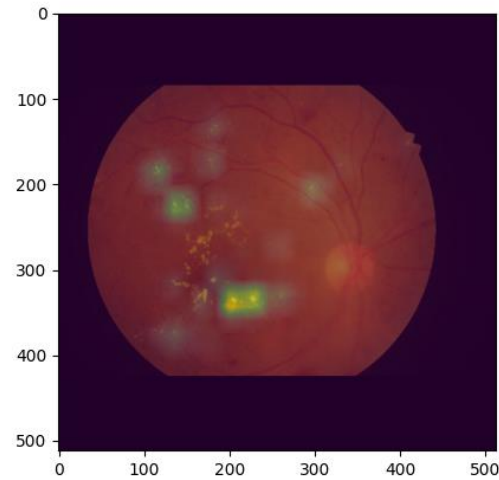


- ROC: classification performance at all thresholds
- AUC: scale-invariant & classification-threshold-invariant

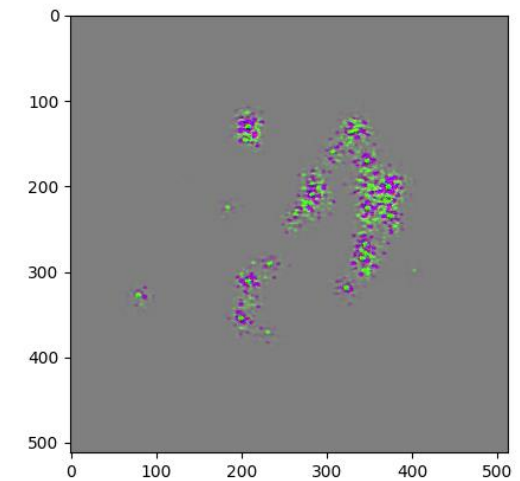
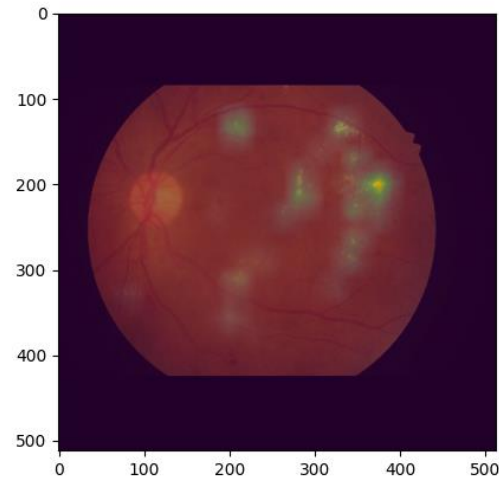
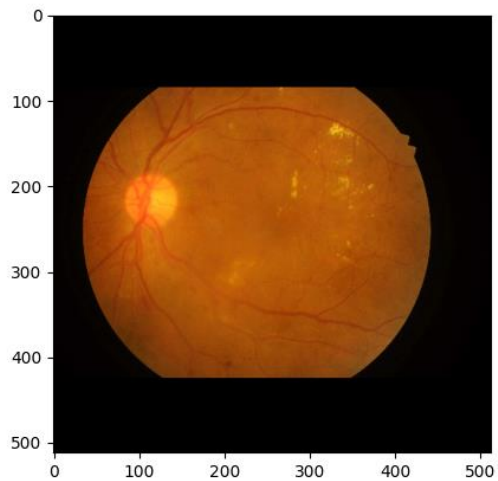
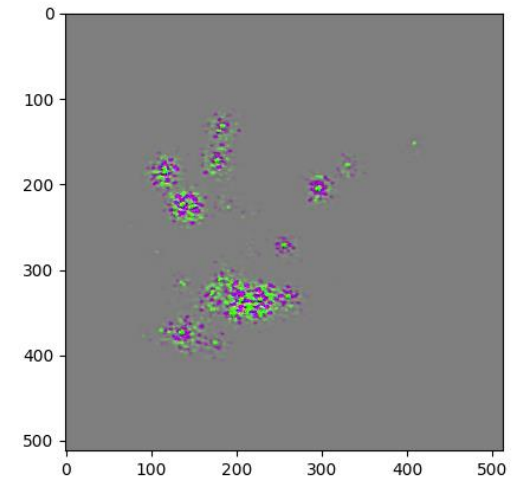
original



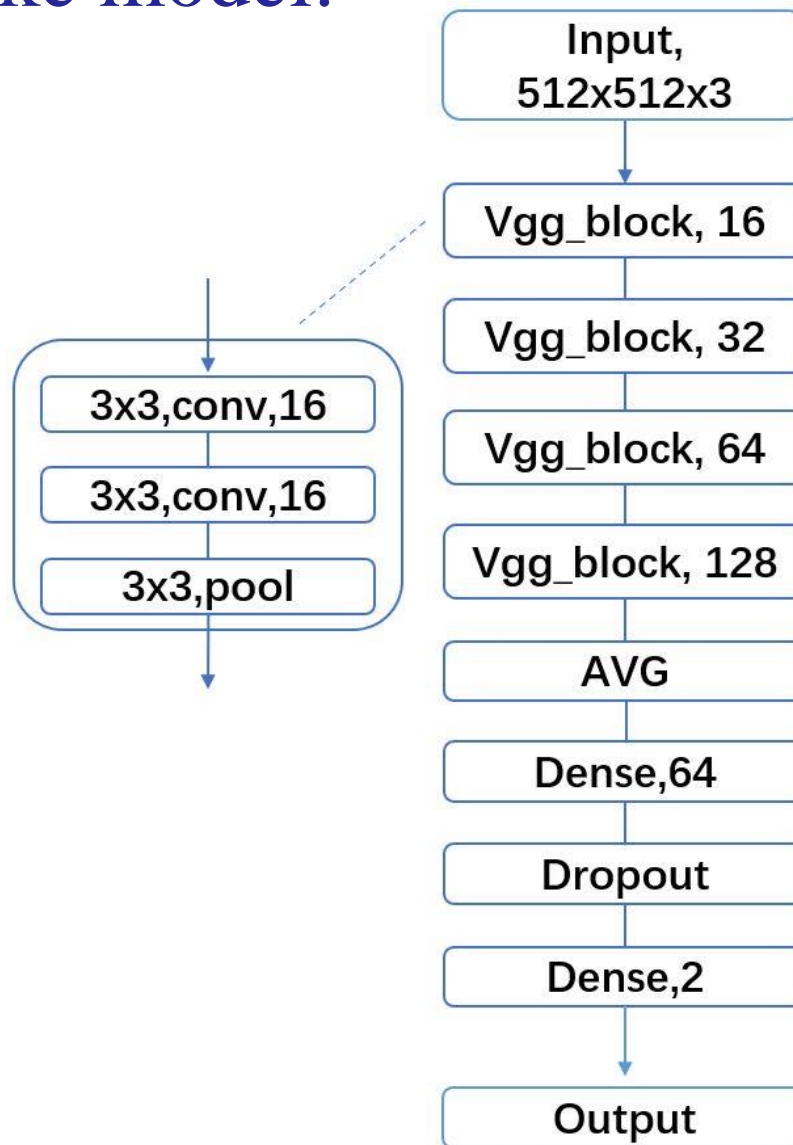
low-resolution



high-resolution

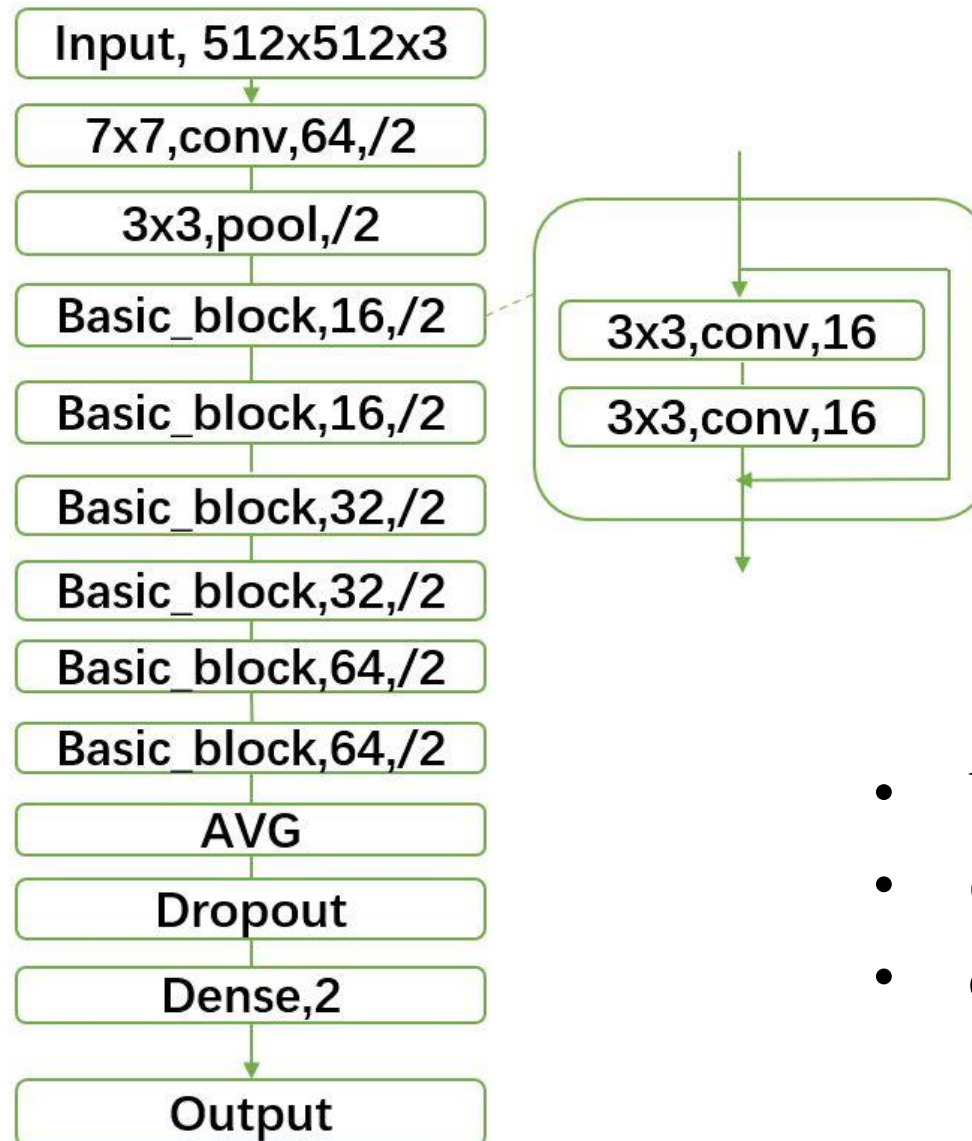


## Vgg-like model:



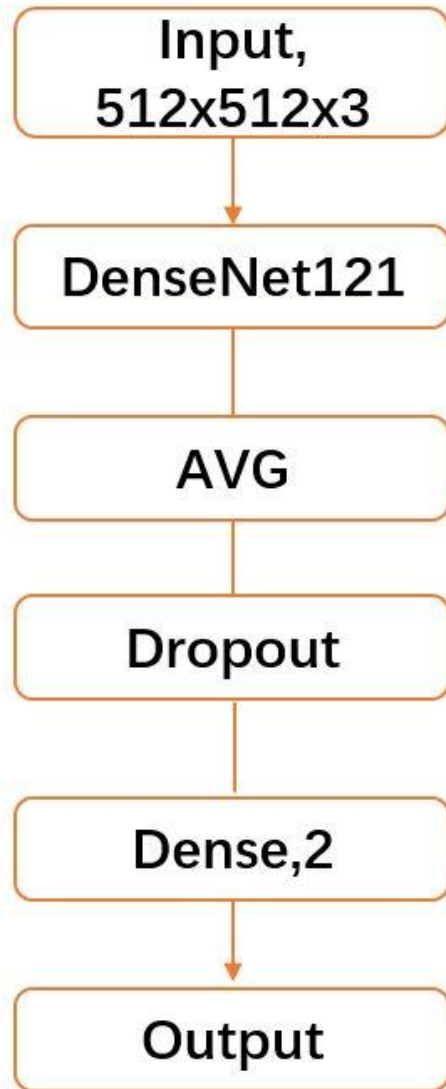
- base filters 16
- 4 vgg blocks
- dropout rate 0.5

## Resnet-like model:



- base filters 16
- 6 basic blocks
- dropout rate 0.5

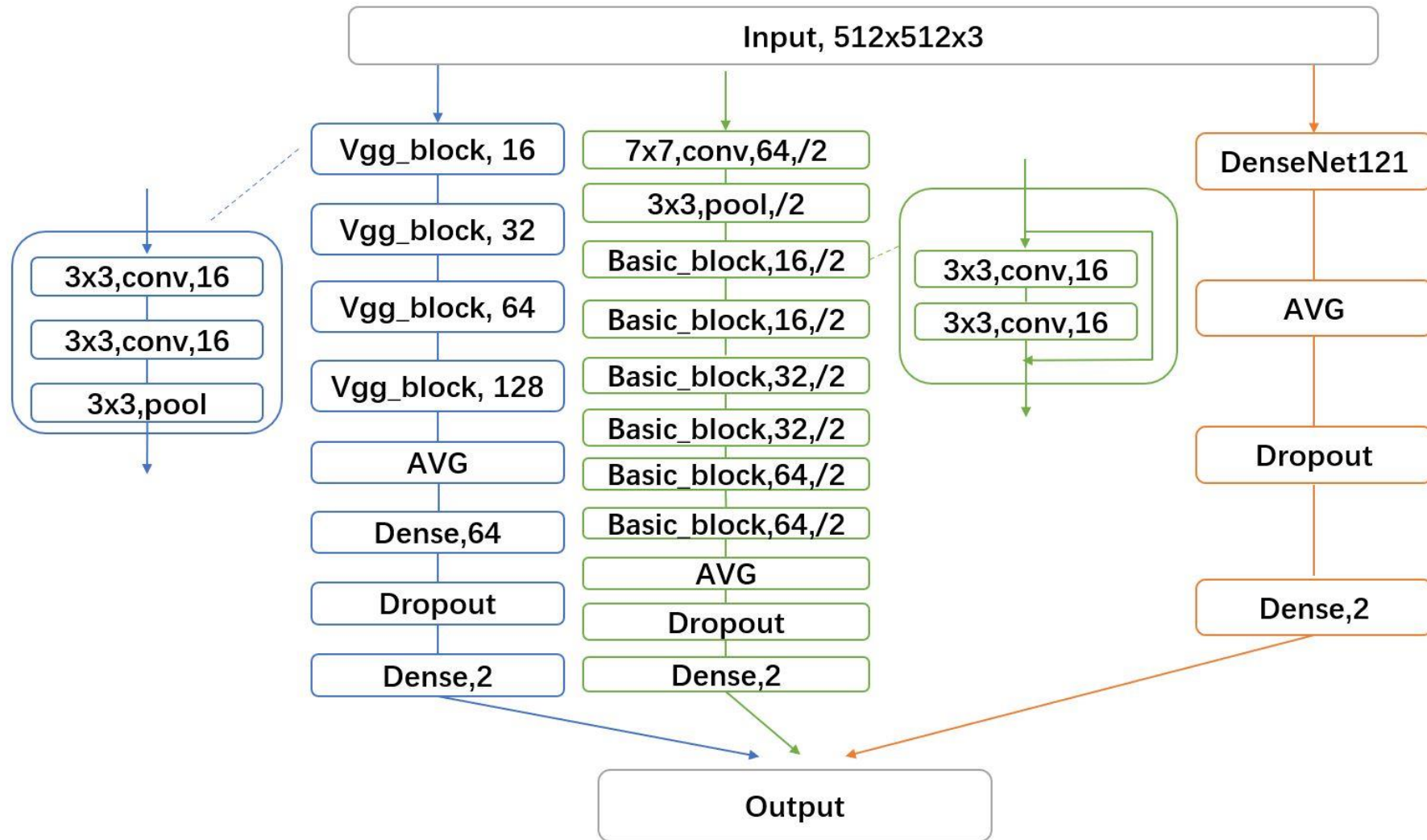
## Transfer model:



- GAP layer, dropout layer and a classification output layer on the top
- dropout rate 0.4
- first 88 convolutional layers frozen, the other layers trainable



## Ensemble model:



## Training:

- class weighted balanced loss
- class weighted balanced accuracy

## Result:

Model	Precision	Recall	Specificity	F1 Score	Accuracy
Vgg-like	0.93	0.86	0.90	0.89	87.4%
Resnet-like	0.98	0.81	0.97	0.89	87.4%
Transfer(DenseNet121)	0.88	0.88	0.79	0.88	84.5%
Ensemble(averaging)	0.96	0.84	0.95	0.90	88.3%
Ensemble(voting)	0.96	0.84	0.95	0.90	88.3%

# 5. Conclusion and Outlook

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## Conclusion:

- 🎯 accuracy reached about 88%
- 🎯 F1 score reached about 0.9
- 🎯 unbiased result on imbalanced dataset

## Future work:

- 🔍 improve multi-classes classification performance

Thank you for your attention!