Physic formulary

School

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1 Constants

 $a_0 = \frac{4\pi\varepsilon_0\hbar^2}{m_{\rm e}e^2} = \frac{\varepsilon_0h^2}{\pi m_{\rm e}e^2} = \frac{\hbar}{m_{\rm e}c\alpha} = 5.291\,772\,109\,03 \times 10^{-11}\,{\rm m}$ Bohr radius

 $c_0 = 299792458 \frac{m}{s}$ Velocity of light:

 $e = 1.602176634 \times 10^{-19} \,\mathrm{C}$ Elementary charge:

 $\varepsilon_0 = 8.8541878128 \times 10^{-12} \frac{F}{m}$ Vacuum permittivity:

Permittivity of air: $\varepsilon_{\rm r} = 1.00059$

 $= 96485.3321233\frac{C}{mol}$ FFaraday constant

 $= 9.80665 \frac{m}{c^2}$ Acceleration due to gravity:

 $= 6.67430 \times 10^{-11} \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{kg s}^2}$ GGravitational constant:

 $= 6.62607015 \times 10^{-34} \frac{J}{Hz}$ Planck constant:

 $m_{\rm e} = 9.1093837015 \times 10^{-31} \,\rm kg$ Electron mass:

 $m_{\rm e} = 0.51099895000 \frac{\rm MeV}{cc^2}$

 $m_{\mu} = 1.883531627 \times 10^{-28} \,\mathrm{kg}$

Muon mass: $m_{\mu} = 105.6583755 \frac{\text{MeV}}{\text{cs}^2}$

 $m_u = 0.1134289259 \,\mathrm{Da}$

 $m_{\rm n} = 1.674\,927\,498\,04 \times 10^{-27}\,{\rm kg}$ Neutron mass:

 $m_{\rm n} = 939.56542052 \frac{\rm MeV}{{\rm co}^2}$

 $m_p = 1.67262192369 \times 10^{-27} \,\mathrm{kg}$ Proton mass:

 $m_{\rm p} = 938.272\,088\,16\,\frac{\rm MeV}{{\rm co}^2}$

 $\mu_0 = 1.25663706212 \times 10^{-6} \frac{H}{m}$ Vacuum permeability:

Permeability of air: $\mu_{\rm r} = 1.000\,000\,37$

2 Other physical interrelationships

Visible spectrum: $380\,\mathrm{nm}$ to $750\,\mathrm{nm}$

Speed of sound under standart conditions: $343 \frac{m}{s}$

Dalton Da / unified atomic mass unit u: Da/u $= 1.660\,539\,066\,60\times10^{-27}\,\mathrm{kg}$

Hydrogen mass: $m_{\mathrm{H}} = 1.007\,84\,\mathrm{Da}$ to $1.008\,11\,\mathrm{Da}$

Atomic mass of helium ${}^4\mathrm{He}$ $m_{\mathrm{He}} = 4.002\,603\,254\,\mathrm{Da}$

Alternate energy units: $$\rm kW\,h$ = 3.6\times10^6\,J$

 $eV = 1.602176634 \times 10^{-19} J$

Pressure: $1 \, \mathrm{Pa} = 1 \, \frac{\mathrm{N}}{\mathrm{m}^2}$

1 bar $= 10^5 \, \text{Pa}$

Absolute zero: $-273.15\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C} = 0\,\mathrm{K}$

3 Energy

Kinetic Energy

$$E_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

Potential Energy

$$U = egin{array}{ll} mgh & ext{(gravitational)} \ rac{1}{2} \cdot k \cdot x^2 & ext{(elastic)} \ rac{1}{2} \cdot C \cdot V^2 & ext{(electric)} \ -mB & ext{(magnetic)} \ \int F(r) \, dr & ext{(general)} \end{array}$$

4 Motion

uniform linear motion

$$s(t) = vt (+s_0)$$

$$v(t) = const.$$

$$a(t) = 0$$

non-uniform linear motion

$$s(t) = \frac{1}{2}at^2(+v_0t + s_0)$$

$$v(t) = at (+v_0)$$

$$a(t) = const.$$

Circular motion

$$F_{\rm Z}=rac{mv^2}{r}=m\,\omega^2 r$$

$$\omega=rac{v}{r}=rac{2\pi}{T}=rac{\Delta arphi}{\Delta t} \hspace{1cm} arphi \ \ \, {
m in rad}$$

5 Momentum

momentum itself

$$ec{p}=mec{v}$$

$$=rac{\hbar}{\lambda} \qquad \qquad {
m photons}$$

$$=\sqrt{m_{
m 0}^2{
m c_0}^2+rac{E^2}{{
m c_0}^2}} \qquad \qquad {
m general}$$

relations to momentum

$$\sum_{i} m_i \, u_i = \sum_{i} m_i \, v_i$$

conservation of momentum

$$\Delta p = F\Delta t$$

$$E_{\mathbf{k}} = \int p \, dv$$

6 Electricity

General

$$I = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta t} = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} = \dot{Q}$$

$$\quad \text{in } A$$

$$R = \frac{U}{I} = \rho \frac{l}{A}$$

in
$$\boldsymbol{\Omega}$$

$$E = U \cdot Q$$

$$P = \frac{\Delta E}{\Delta t} = UI$$

in W Energy flow / "Power"

7 Fields

7.1 Newtonian gravitation

Homogeneous field

$$E = mgh$$

$$\vec{F}_g = m\vec{g}$$

$$\vec{g} = \frac{\vec{F}_g}{m}$$

$$\Delta\varphi = \frac{E}{m} = gh$$

Radial symmetric field

$$\begin{split} U &= GMm \left(\frac{1}{r_1} - \frac{1}{r_2}\right) \\ U &= -GMm \frac{1}{r} & \text{for } r_1 \to \infty \\ \vec{F_g} &= -G\frac{Mm}{r^2} \hat{r} \\ \vec{g} &= \frac{\vec{F_g}}{m} = -G\frac{M}{r_2} \hat{r} \\ \Delta \varphi &= \frac{E}{m} = \gamma M \left(\frac{1}{r_1} - \frac{1}{r_2}\right) \end{split}$$

7.2 Electromagnetism

homogenous field

$$E = q \left| \vec{E} \right| d$$

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