

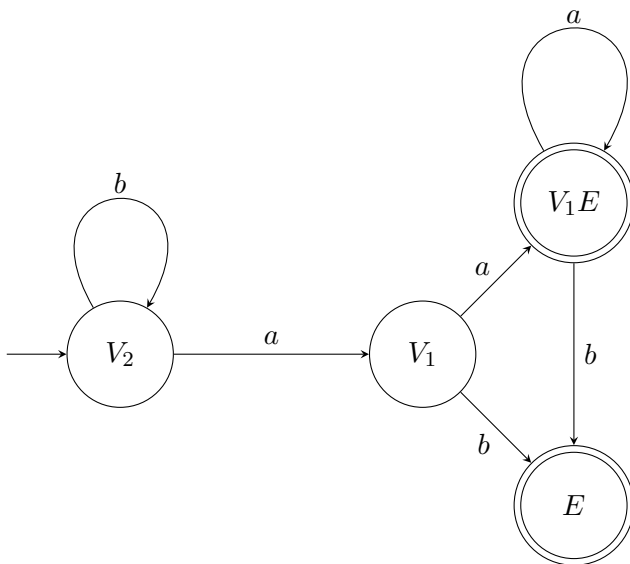
---

Elias Gestrich  
Regular languages, context-free grammars

---

**Exercise 1:** Type-3 Grammars

**Exercise 2:** Type-3 Grammars



**Exercise 3:** Pumping Lemma

Assume there is a number  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  so that for all words  $x \in L_3, |x| \geq n$  the word can be written as  $uvw$  so that  $|v| \geq 1, |uv| \leq n, \forall i \in \mathbb{N}_0 : uv^i w \in L_3$ . Take the word  $x := e^n d^{2n}$ , so that  $|x| \geq n$ , so that  $x = uv^i w$ . Since  $|uv| \leq n$   $v$  has to contain only  $e$ 's because the first  $n$  symbols are  $e$ 's. And because  $|v| \geq 1$  it means  $v$  contains at least one  $e$ . That means one could loop  $v$  once more, so  $e^{n+|v|}d^{2n}$  would be also in  $L_3$ , but that is in contradiction to the definition, that means  $L_3$  is not regular.

**Exercise 4:** Context-free Grammars

a) S-B-cBb-ccAab-ccBaab-ccbaab

b)  $Z = \{z_0\}, \Gamma = \{S, A, B, a, b, c\}, \# \equiv S$

Input	stack	transition
$\varepsilon$	$S$	pop; push B
$\varepsilon$	$B$	pop; push b
$\varepsilon$	$A$	pop; push B; push a
$\varepsilon$	$B$	pop; push b; push B; push c
$\varepsilon$	$B$	pop; push a; push A; push c
$\varepsilon$	$a$	pop
$\varepsilon$	$b$	pop