

 Warsaw University of Technology	Advanced Internet Programming
Project 1 Tables and input manipulation using JavaScript	Maciej Iwańczyk 311258
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1. Introduction:

In today's project I have been using w3schools.com materials provided by the Professor to learn about HTML and JavaScript syntax.

The goal of our project was to create a table containing some different input elements like name, surname, age, sex, hobbies, buttons and popup window functionality using JavaScript.

```

1  <html>
2  <style>
3    table, th, td {
4      border:1px solid black;
5    }
6  </style>
7  <body>
8
9    <h2>User information</h2>

```

At first I specified some visual parameters of the table using the style command so that it looks a bit better.

I also inserted a heading although it was not necessary.

2. Implementing the table:

```
11 <table>
12   <tr>
13     <td>First name</td>
14     <td>
15       <form id="userForm">
16         <input type="text" id="fname" name="fname" value=""><br>
17       </td>
18   </tr>
19   <tr>
20     <td>Last name</td>
21     <td>
22       <input type="text" id="lname" name="lname" value=""><br><br>
23     </td>
24   </tr>
25   <tr>
26     <td>Age</td>
27     <td>
28       <select id="age" name="age">
29         <option value="0-18">0-18</option>
30         <option value="19-40">19-40</option>
31         <option value="41-60">41-60</option>
32         <option value="61+">61+</option>
33       </select><br><br>
34     </td>
35   </tr>
36   <tr>
37     <td>Sex</td>
38     <td>
39       <input type="radio" id="male" name="sex" value="Male">
40       <label for="male">Male</label><br>
41       <input type="radio" id="female" name="sex" value="Female">
42       <label for="female">Female</label>
43     </td>
44   </tr>
45   <tr>
46     <td>Hobbies</td>
47     <td>
48       <input type="checkbox" id="hobby1" name="hobby" value="Sports">
49       <label for="hobby1">Sports</label><br>
50       <input type="checkbox" id="hobby2" name="hobby" value="Music">
51       <label for="hobby2">Music</label><br>
52       <input type="checkbox" id="hobby3" name="hobby" value="Cooking">
53       <label for="hobby2">Cooking</label>
54     </td>
55   </tr>
56   <tr>
57     <td><button type="button" onclick="displayUserData()">OK</button></td>
58     <td><button type="reset">Cancel</button></td>
59   </tr>
60 </table>
```

Here is the general code for my table. My approach was to create a table with six rows (<tr>) and two columns (<td>). That way I could fit all the descriptions on the first column and all the HTML input functionality on the second column and two buttons in the lowest row. I have used w3schools to check what types of inputs I can use and how to implement them. Turns out it was very simple to do. When I put them into the table everything worked correctly so I left it as it was. The buttons I have implemented later after I wrote my JavaScript because it was required for it to work.

3. JavaScript function for popup window:

```
62 <script>
63 function displayUserData() {
64     var fname = document.getElementById("fname").value;
65     var lname = document.getElementById("lname").value;
66     var age = document.getElementById("age").value;
67     var sex = document.querySelector('input[name="sex"]:checked').value;
68     var hobbies = [];
69     var checkboxes = document.querySelectorAll('input[name="hobby"]:checked');
70     checkboxes.forEach((checkbox) => {
71         hobbies.push(checkbox.value);
72     });
73
74     var userData = {
75         "Fname": fname,
76         "Lname": lname,
77         "Age": age,
78         "Sex": sex,
79         "Hobbies": hobbies
80     };
81
82     var userDataString =
83     "<style>table, th, td {border:1px solid black;}</style><table><tr><td>Name</td>";
84     userDataString += "<td>" + userData.Fname + "</td></tr>";
85     userDataString += "<tr><td>Surname</td>";
86     userDataString += "<td>" + userData.Lname + "</td></tr>";
87     userDataString += "<tr><td>Age</td>";
88     userDataString += "<td>" + userData.Age + "</td></tr>";
89     userDataString += "<tr><td>Sex</td>";
90     userDataString += "<td>" + userData.Sex + "</td></tr>";
91     userDataString += "<tr><td>Hobbies</td>";
92     userDataString += "<td>" + userData.Hobbies.join(", ") + "</td></tr>";
93     userDataString += "</table>";
94
95     var popupWindow = window.open("", "_blank", "width=600,height=400");
96     popupWindow.document.write(userDataString);
97 }
98 </script>
99
100 </body>
101 </html>
```

The hardest part of the exercise was implementing JavaScript in order to create a popup window. I had to study the language because it was new to me. I have used lecture materials and the internet to learn commands in this language. Because of that the code might not be very optimized and it could probably be a lot shorter, however, this solution that I have come up with works.

I have used the `getElementById` function in order to have variables in JavaScript with HTML inputs assigned. That allowed me to later turn all those variables into a string and easily make a table that would display in a new popup window using a command `window.open`.

4. The final project:

User information

First name	<input type="text"/>
Last name	<input type="text"/>
Age	<input type="text" value="0-18"/>
Sex	<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female
Hobbies	<input type="checkbox"/> Sports <input type="checkbox"/> Music <input type="checkbox"/> Cooking
<input type="button" value="OK"/>	<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>

User information

First name	<input type="text" value="John"/>
Last name	<input type="text" value="Doe"/>
Age	<input type="text" value="19-40"/>
Sex	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female
Hobbies	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sports <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Music <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cooking
<input type="button" value="OK"/>	<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>

aboutblank - Opera

aboutblank

Name	John
Surname	Doe
Age	19-40
Sex	Male
Hobbies	Sports, Music, Cooking