

 Warsaw University of Technology	Advanced Internet Programming
Project 6 JSON Technology and its Applications	Maciej Iwańczyk 311258
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1. Introduction:

In today's project I had to learn JSON and its application in JavaScript and run and explain the following examples:

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_json_datatypes.asp

Examples 2,4,6 from

https://opensource.adobe.com/Spry/samples/data_region/JSONDataSetSample.html

2. What is JSON?:

JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is a lightweight data interchange format inspired by JavaScript object literal syntax. It's commonly used for transmitting data between a server and a web application, but it's not tied to JavaScript specifically; it's a language-independent data format.

3. The code:

3.1 The styles

```

1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html lang="en">
3  <head>
4    <meta charset="UTF-8">
5    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
6    <title>JSON Examples</title>
7  <style>
8    body {
9      font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
10     margin: 0;
11     padding: 0;
12   }
13   header {
14     background-color: #333;
15     color: #fff;
16     padding: 20px;
17     text-align: center;
18   }
19   section {
20     margin: 20px;
21     padding: 20px;
22     border: 1px solid #ccc;
23   }

```

```

24     h2 {
25         margin-top: 0;
26     }
27     .dataTable {
28         width: 100%;
29         border-collapse: collapse;
30     }
31     .dataTable th, .dataTable td {
32         border: 1px solid #ddd;
33         padding: 8px;
34         text-align: left;
35     }
36     .dataTable th {
37         background-color: #f2f2f2;
38     }
39 </style>
40 <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.6.0/jquery.min.js"></script>
41 <script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/Spry/1.6.1/SpryData.js"></script>
42 </head>
43 <body>
44
45 <header>
46     <h1>JSON Examples</h1>
47 </header>

```

These are just some styles to make it look better. I have also implemented some AJAX scripts into the project.

3.2 The scripts

3.2.1 Example 1

```

78 <script>
79     // Example 1
80     const data1 = {"name": "John"};
81     const data2 = {"age": 30};
82     const data3 = {"employee": {"name": "John", "age": 30, "city": "New York"}};
83     const data4 = {"employees": ["John", "Anna", "Peter"]};
84     const data5 = {"sale": true};
85     const data6 = {"middlename": null};
86
87     // Update HTML with JSON data
88     document.getElementById("name").textContent = data1.name;
89     document.getElementById("age").textContent = data2.age;
90     document.getElementById("city").textContent = data3.employee.city;
91     data4.employees.forEach(employee => {
92         const li = document.createElement("li");
93         li.textContent = employee;
94         document.getElementById("employees").appendChild(li);
95     });
96     document.getElementById("sale").textContent = data5.sale;
97     document.getElementById("middlename").textContent = data6.middlename;
98

```

- data1.name is assigned to the HTML element with the ID "name".
- data2.age is assigned to the HTML element with the ID "age".
- data3.employee.city is assigned to the HTML element with the ID "city".
- data4.employees.forEach() iterates through the array of employee names (data4.employees). For each name, it creates a new element, sets its text content to the employee's name, and appends it to the element with the ID "employees".
- data5.sale is assigned to the HTML element with the ID "sale".
- data6.middlename is assigned to the HTML element with the ID "middlename".

3.2.2 Example 2

```
99 // Example 2
100 var example2 = [
101     { "color": "red", "value": "#f00" },
102     { "color": "green", "value": "#0f0" },
103     { "color": "blue", "value": "#00f" },
104     { "color": "cyan", "value": "#0ff" },
105     { "color": "magenta", "value": "#f0f" },
106     { "color": "yellow", "value": "#ff0" },
107     { "color": "black", "value": "#000" }
108 ];
109
110 var example2_output = '';
111 example2.forEach(function(item) {
112     example2_output += item.color + '(' + item.value + ') ';
113 });
114
115 $('#example2-output').html('Values from array: ' + example2_output);
116
```

- example2 is an array of objects. Each object contains two properties: "color" and "value".
- example2_output is initialized as an empty string.
- The .forEach() method is used to iterate over each object in the example2 array. For each object, it concatenates the "color" and "value" properties into the example2_output string.
- After the loop completes, the content of the HTML element with the ID "example2-output" is updated using jQuery's .html() method. The content is set to 'Values from array: ' concatenated with the example2_output string.

3.2.3 Example 4

```
117 // Example 4
118 var example4 = {
119     "id": "0001",
120     "type": "donut",
121     "name": "Cake",
122     "ppu": 0.55,
123     "batters": {
124         "batter": [
125             { "id": "1001", "type": "Regular" },
126             { "id": "1002", "type": "Chocolate" },
127             { "id": "1003", "type": "Blueberry" },
128             { "id": "1004", "type": "Devil's Food" }
129         ]
130     },
131     "topping": [
132         { "id": "5001", "type": "None" },
133         { "id": "5002", "type": "Glazed" },
134         { "id": "5005", "type": "Sugar" },
135         { "id": "5007", "type": "Powdered Sugar" },
136         { "id": "5006", "type": "Chocolate with Sprinkles" },
137         { "id": "5003", "type": "Chocolate" },
138         { "id": "5004", "type": "Maple" }
139     ]
140 };
141
142 var example4_output = '<p>Batters:</p><ul>';
143 example4.batters.batter.forEach(function(item) {
144     example4_output += '<li>' + item.type + ' (' + item.id + ')</li>';
145 });
146 example4_output += '</ul>';
147
148 $('#example4-output').html(example4_output);
149
```

- The example4 object contains various properties describing a donut, such as its ID, type, name, price per unit (ppu), batters, and toppings.
- example4_output is initialized as a string containing an opening <p> tag followed by the text "Batters:" and an opening tag.
- The .forEach() method is used to iterate over each object in the batter array, which is nested within the batters property of example4. For each batter object, it appends an element to the example4_output string containing the batter type and ID.
- After the loop completes, a closing tag is appended to the example4_output string.
- Finally, the content of the HTML element with the ID "example4-output" is updated using jQuery's .html() method. The content is set to the example4_output string, which contains the formatted list of batters.

3.2.4 Example 6

```

150 // Example 6
151 var example6 = {
152   "id": "0001",
153   "type": "donut",
154   "name": "Cake",
155   "image": {
156     "url": "images/0001.jpg",
157     "width": 200,
158     "height": 200
159   },
160   "thumbnail": {
161     "url": "images/thumbnails/0001.jpg",
162     "width": 32,
163     "height": 32
164   }
165 };
166
167 var example6_output = '<table class="dataTable">';
168 example6_output += '<tr><th>id</th><th>type</th><th>name</th><th>image.width</th><th>image.height</th><th>image.url</th></tr>';
169 example6_output += '<tr><td>' + example6.id + '</td><td>' + example6.type + '</td><td>' + example6.name + '</td><td>' + example
170 example6_output += '</table>';
171
172 $('#example6-output').html(example6_output);
173 </script>

```

- The example6 object contains information about a donut, including its ID, type, name, image details (URL, width, and height), and thumbnail details (URL, width, and height).
- example6_output is initialized as a string containing the opening <table> tag with a class of "dataTable".
- A header row is added to the table with the <tr> and <th> tags. It includes headers for "id", "type", "name", "image.width", "image.height", and "image.url".
- Another row is added to the table with the <tr> and <td> tags. This row contains the data from the example6 object. Each property value is inserted into a table cell.
- Finally, the closing </table> tag is appended to the example6_output string.
- The content of the HTML element with the ID "example6-output" is updated using jQuery's .html() method. The content is set to the example6_output string, which contains the dynamically generated table.

3.3 The layout

```
49 <section id="example1">
50   <h2>Example 1:</h2>
51   <ul>
52     <li><strong>Name:</strong> <span id="name"></span></li>
53     <li><strong>Age:</strong> <span id="age"></span></li>
54     <li><strong>City:</strong> <span id="city"></span></li>
55     <li><strong>Employees:</strong>
56       <ul id="employees"></ul>
57     </li>
58     <li><strong>Sale:</strong> <span id="sale"></span></li>
59     <li><strong>Middle Name:</strong> <span id="middlename"></span></li>
60   </ul>
61 </section>
62
63 <section id="example2">
64   <h2>Example 2:</h2>
65   <div id="example2-output"></div>
66 </section>
67
68 <section id="example4">
69   <h2>Example 4:</h2>
70   <div id="example4-output"></div>
71 </section>
72
73 <section id="example6">
74   <h2>Example 6:</h2>
75   <div id="example6-output"></div>
76 </section>
```

This is a simple layout for my page presenting the usage of all the examples.

4. The final project:

The webpage: <https://zstarwarss.github.io/Project-6-Maciej-Iwanczyk/>

The files: <https://github.com/ZstarwarsS/Project-6-Maciej-Iwanczyk>

I have hosted the page with all the files that can be viewed on GitHub because there are many files so sending them via email would be problematic.