

Container networking

Glyn Normington Steve Powell

September 25, 2014

This document describes the container networking spec.

Contents

1 Introduction

This is a document that records the deliberations of Glyn and Steve as they come to grips with “what networking really does”. It arises out of a need to control the networking of containers, including creating several containers which share a subnet, and the restriction of access of containers to the wider internet.

2 Overview of this document

This document is a place to store our initial thoughts as we investigate what the internet (ip) stack is like. The intention is to find the right decomposition of ideas to simply describe the state, and state transitions, of the components in the stack, and the tasks that they perform.

3 Fundamentals

$[IpAddr, ContainerId]$

$Subnet == \mathbb{P} IpAddr$

4 Network states

Explain

<i>ContainerNet</i>	_____
<i>ip</i> : <i>IpAddr</i>	
<i>subnet</i> : <i>Subnet</i>	
<i>gw</i> : <i>IpAddr</i>	
<i>ip</i> ∈ <i>subnet</i>	
<i>ip</i> ≠ <i>gw</i>	
<i>gw</i> ∉ <i>subnet</i>	

<i>NetworkPool</i>	_____
<i>pool</i> : $\mathbb{P} IpAddr$	
<i>alloc, free</i> : $\mathbb{P} IpAddr$	
<i>free</i> ⊆ <i>pool</i>	
<i>alloc</i> = <i>pool</i> \ <i>free</i>	

5 Network pool operations

<i>NetworkPoolChange</i>	_____
$\Delta NetworkPool$	
$pool' = pool$	

<i>Allocate</i>	_____
<i>NetworkPoolChange</i>	
$ip! : IpAddr$	
$ip! \in free$	
$free' = free \setminus \{ip!\}$	

5.1 Invariants

Each *ContainerNet* has a relationship with the *NetworkPool*. *CNetPooled* holds when the container *ip* is not part of a special subnet, and is allocated from the pool.

CNetSubnet holds when the container *ip* is part of a subnet potentially shared with other containers.

<i>CNetSubnet</i>	_____
<i>ContainerNet</i>	
<i>NetworkPool</i>	
$subnet \cap pool = \emptyset$	
$gw \in alloc$	

<i>CNetPooled</i>	_____
<i>ContainerNet</i>	
<i>NetworkPool</i>	
$ip \in pool$	
$subnet = \{ip\}$	
$gw \in alloc$	

$$CNetValid \cong CNetPooled \vee CNetSubnet$$

We also have invariants that hold between pairs of *ContainerNets*.

$$CNetPair \triangleq ContainerNet_1 \wedge ContainerNet_2$$

$$CNetDistinctPair \triangleq [CNetPair \mid ip_1 \neq ip_2]$$

$\frac{CNetPairShared}{CNetDistinctPair}$
$\begin{aligned} subnet_1 &= subnet_2 \\ gw_1 &\neq gw_2 \end{aligned}$

$\frac{CNetPairDisjoint}{CNetDistinctPair}$
$\begin{aligned} subnet_1 \cap subnet_2 &= \emptyset \\ gw_1 &\neq gw_2 \end{aligned}$

$$CNetPairValid \triangleq CNetPairShared \vee CNetPairDisjoint$$

6 More network state

$\frac{Net}{NetworkPool}$
$cnet : ContainerId \rightarrow ContainerNet$
$\forall cn : \text{ran } cnet; ContainerNet \mid cn = \theta ContainerNet$
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • $CNetValid$
$\forall c_1, c_2 : \text{dom } cnet; CNetPair$
$\mid c_1 \neq c_2 \wedge cnet\ c_1 = \theta ContainerNet_1 \wedge cnet\ c_2 = \theta ContainerNet_2$
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • $CNetPairValid$

$$NetChange \triangleq \Delta Net \wedge NetworkPoolChange$$

7 Creating a container

$CNCreateBase$	_____
$NetChange$	
$ContainerNet$	
$cid! : ContainerId$	
$cid! \notin \text{dom } cnet$	
$cnet' = cnet \cup \{cid! \mapsto \theta ContainerNet\}$	

$CNCreateFromPool$	_____
$CNCreateBase$	
$Allocate[ip/ip!] \wp Allocate[gw/ip!]$	

A Z Notation

Numbers:

\mathbb{N} Natural numbers $\{0, 1, \dots\}$

Propositional logic and the schema calculus:

$\dots \wedge \dots$	And	$\langle\langle \dots \rangle\rangle$	Free type injection
$\dots \vee \dots$	Or	$[\dots]$	Given sets
$\dots \Rightarrow \dots$	Implies	$', ?, !, 0 \dots 9$	Schema decorations
$\forall \dots \mid \dots \bullet \dots$	For all	$\dots \vdash \dots$	theorem
$\exists \dots \mid \dots \bullet \dots$	There exists	$\theta \dots$	Binding formation
$\dots \setminus \dots$	Hiding	$\lambda \dots$	Function definition
$\dots \hat{=} \dots$	Schema definition	$\mu \dots$	Mu-expression
$\dots == \dots$	Abbreviation	$\Delta \dots$	State change
$\dots ::= \dots \mid \dots$	Free type definition	$\Xi \dots$	Invariant state change

Sets and sequences:

$\{\dots\}$	Set	$\dots \setminus \dots$	Set difference
$\{.. \mid .. \bullet ..\}$	Set comprehension	$\bigcup \dots$	Distributed union
$\mathbb{P} \dots$	Set of subsets of	$\# \dots$	Cardinality
\emptyset	Empty set	$\dots \subseteq \dots$	Subset
$\dots \times \dots$	Cartesian product	$\dots \subset \dots$	Proper subset
$\dots \in \dots$	Set membership	$\dots \text{ partition } \dots$	Set partition
$\dots \notin \dots$	Set non-membership	seq	Sequences
$\dots \cup \dots$	Union	$\langle \dots \rangle$	Sequence
$\dots \cap \dots$	Intersection	disjoint ...	Disjoint sequence of sets

Functions and relations:

$\dots \leftrightarrow \dots$	Relation	\dots^*	Reflexive-transitive closure
$\dots \rightarrow \dots$	Partial function	$\dots (\dots)$	Relational image
$\dots \rightarrow \dots$	Total function	$\dots \oplus \dots$	Functional overriding
$\dots \mapsto \dots$	Partial injection	$\dots \triangleleft \dots$	Domain restriction
$\dots \mapsto \dots$	Injection	$\dots \triangleright \dots$	Range restriction
dom ...	Domain	$\dots \trianglelefteq \dots$	Domain subtraction
ran ...	Range	$\dots \trianglerighteq \dots$	Range subtraction
$\dots \mapsto \dots$	maplet		
$\dots \sim \dots$	Relational inverse		

Axiomatic descriptions:

<i>Declarations</i>
<i>Predicates</i>

Schema definitions:

<i>SchemaName</i>
<i>Declaration</i>
<i>Predicates</i>

B References