REPORT FOR PDC MID LAB

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1. Performance Comparison Across All Implementations

Implementation Workers Time (s) Speedup
Sequential 1 0.21 1.00
OpenMP Parallel 1 1.14 0.18
OpenMP Parallel 2 1.34 0.16
OpenMP Parallel 4 1.79 0.12
OpenMP-style Parallel 8 3.89 0.05
MPI Distributed 2 0.20 1.05

2. Implementation Analysis

Sequential Processing:

- Baseline performance: 0.21 seconds
- Single-threaded, straightforward implementation
- Surprisingly efficient for this workload size
- No overhead from parallelization mechanisms

OpenMP-style Parallel Processing:

- Uses Python multiprocessing with shared memory
- Performance degraded with increasing workers

- Best time with single worker: 1.14 seconds
- Significant overhead from process creation and management
- Poor scaling due to:
- * Small workload size (94 images)
- * I/O bottlenecks
- * Process creation overhead
- * Resource contention

MPI Distributed Processing:

- Two-node simulation: 0.20 seconds
- Matched sequential performance
- Even distribution (47 images per node)
- Minimal communication overhead
- Most efficient parallel implementation

3. Performance Analysis

Unexpected Results:

- Sequential implementation outperformed OpenMP-style parallel
- Adding more workers decreased performance
- MPI implementation maintained efficiency

Root Causes:

- 1. Workload Characteristics:
 - Small dataset (94 images)
 - I/O-bound rather than CPU-bound
 - Quick individual image processing time

2. Overhead Factors:

- Process creation/destruction cost
- Inter-process communication
- File system contention
- Memory management overhead

3. Implementation Differences:

- Sequential: No parallelization overhead

- OpenMP-style: Heavy process management overhead

- MPI: Efficient work distribution, minimal communication