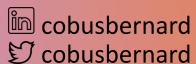


## Module 2: Getting started with the cloud



Cobus Bernard
Senior Developer Advocate
Amazon Web Services





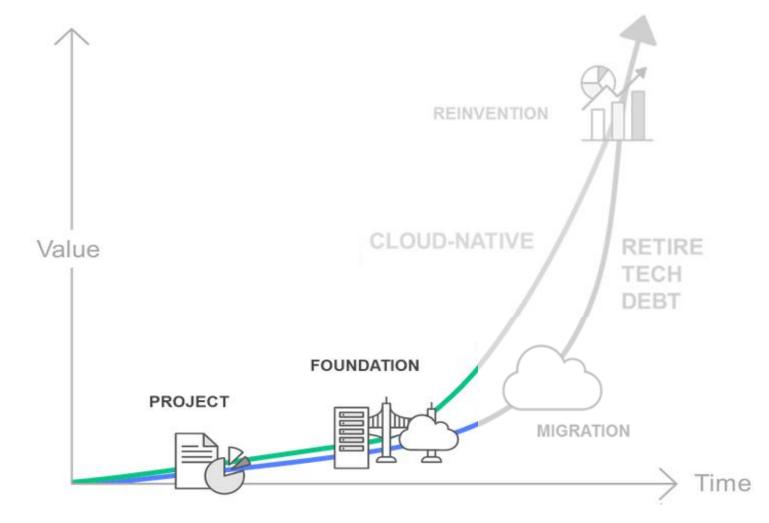
## Getting started with AWS services



### AWS products



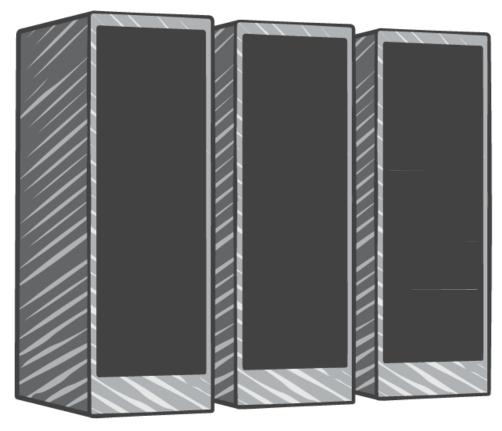
## Cloud journey



## Build your infrastructure

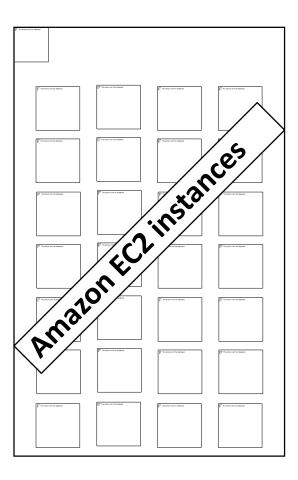


#### What is Amazon EC2?

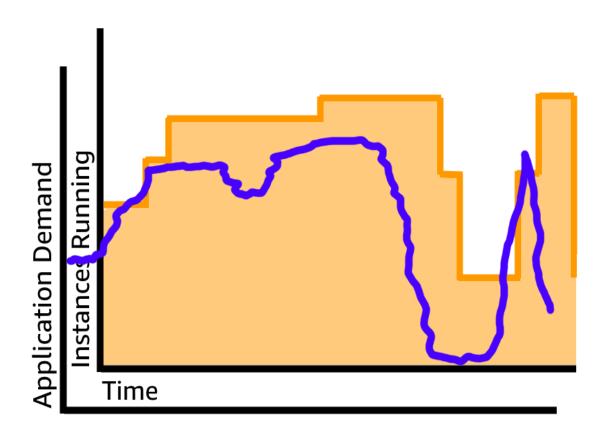


**On-premises servers** 

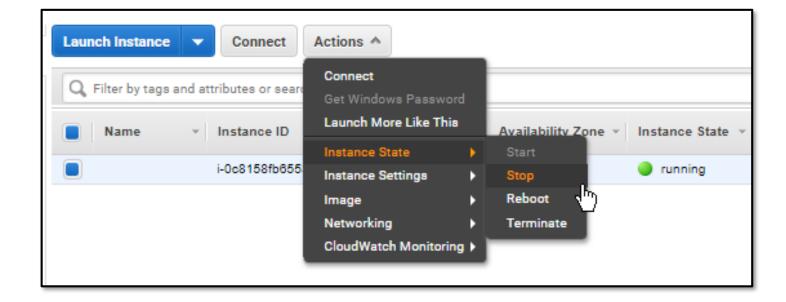
- ✓ Application server
- ✓ Web server
- ✓ Database server
- ✓ Game server
- ✓ Mail server
- ✓ Media server
- ✓ Catalog server
- ✓ File server
- ✓ Computing server
- Proxy server



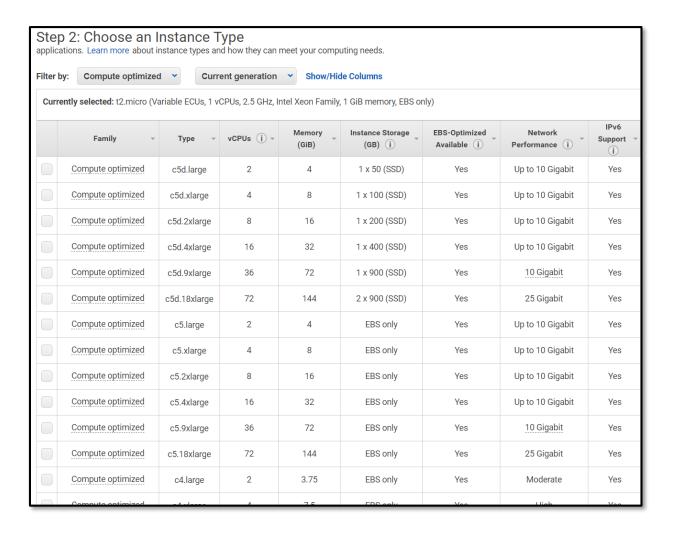
Elasticity



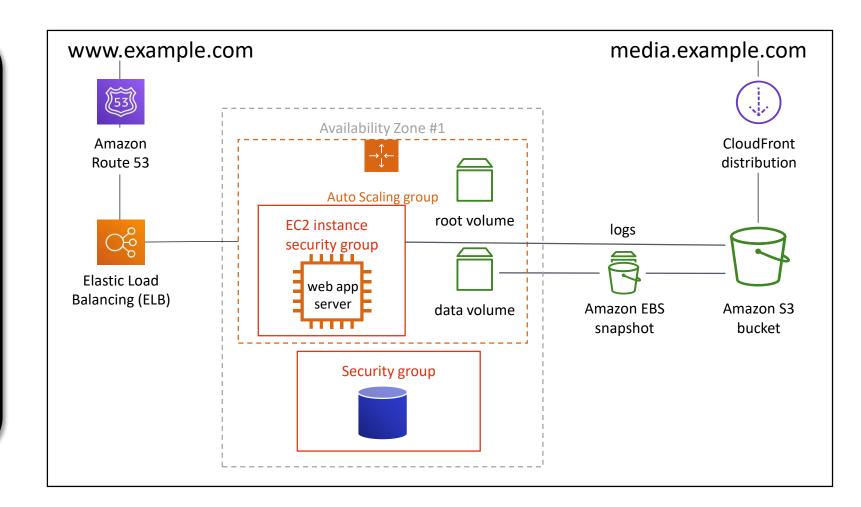
- Elasticity
- Control



- Elasticity
- Control
- Flexibility



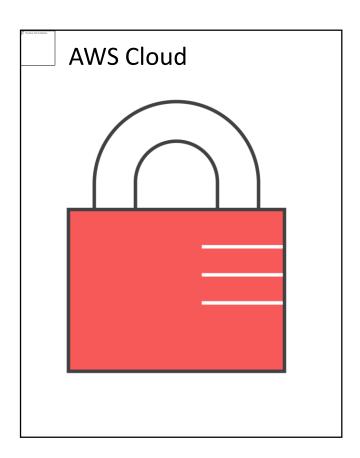
- Elasticity
- Control
- Flexibility
- Integrated



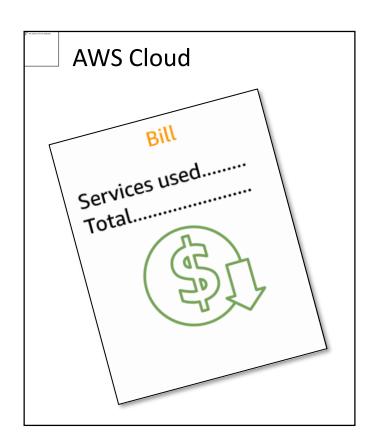
- Elasticity
- Control
- Flexibility
- Integrated
- Reliable



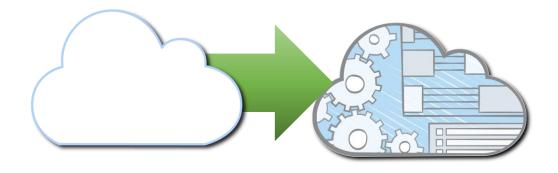
- Elasticity
- Control
- Flexibility
- Integrated
- Reliable
- Secure



- Elasticity
- Control
- Flexibility
- Integrated
- Reliable
- Secure
- Inexpensive



- Elasticity
- Control
- Flexibility
- Integrated
- Reliable
- Secure
- Inexpensive
- Easy



### Choosing the right Amazon EC2 instances

- EC2 Instance types are optimized for different use cases, workloads & come in multiple sizes. This allows you to optimally scale resources to your workload requirements.
- XEON° PLATINUM inside"

- AWS utilizes Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>®</sup> processors for EC2 Instances providing customers with high performance and value.
- Consider the following when choosing your instances: core count, memory size, storage size & type, network performance, I/O requirements & CPU technologies.
- Hurry Up & Go Idle A larger compute instance can save you time and money, therefore paying more per hour for a shorter amount of time can be less expensive.

# EC2 instances powered by Intel Technologies

EC2 instance	Compute optimized		General purpose		Memory optimized		Storage optimized				
type	C5	C4	M5	M4	T2	X1	X1e	R4	H1	13	D2
Intel processor	Xeon Platinum 8175M	Xeon E5 2666 v3	Xeon Platinum 8175M	Xeon E5 2686 v4 2676 v3	Xeon Family	Xeon E7 8880 v3	Xeon E7 8880 v3	Xeon E5 2686 v4	Xeon E5 2686 v4	Xeon E5 2686 v4	Xeon E5 2676 v3
Intel processor technology	Skylake	Haswell	Skylake	Broadwell Haswell	Yes	Haswell	Haswell	Broadwell	Broadwell	Broadwell	Haswell
Intel AVX	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Intel AVX2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Intel AVX-512	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intel turbo boost	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Storage	EBS-only	EBS-only	EBS-only	EBS-only	EBS-only	SSD EBS-Opt	SSD EBS-Opt	-	HDD	SSD	HDD

### C5: Compute-optimized instances



- Based on 3.0 GHz Intel Xeon Scalable Processors (Skylake)
- Up to 72 vCPUs and 144 GiB of memory (2:1 Memory:vCPU ratio)



- 25 Gbps NW bandwidth
- Support for Intel AVX-512



"We saw significant performance improvement on Amazon EC2 C5, with up to a 140% performance improvement in industry standard CPU benchmarks over C4."



"We are eager to migrate onto the AVX-512 enabled c5.18xlarge instance size... . We expect to decrease the processing time of some of our key workloads by more than 30%."

### M5: Next-gen general purpose instances

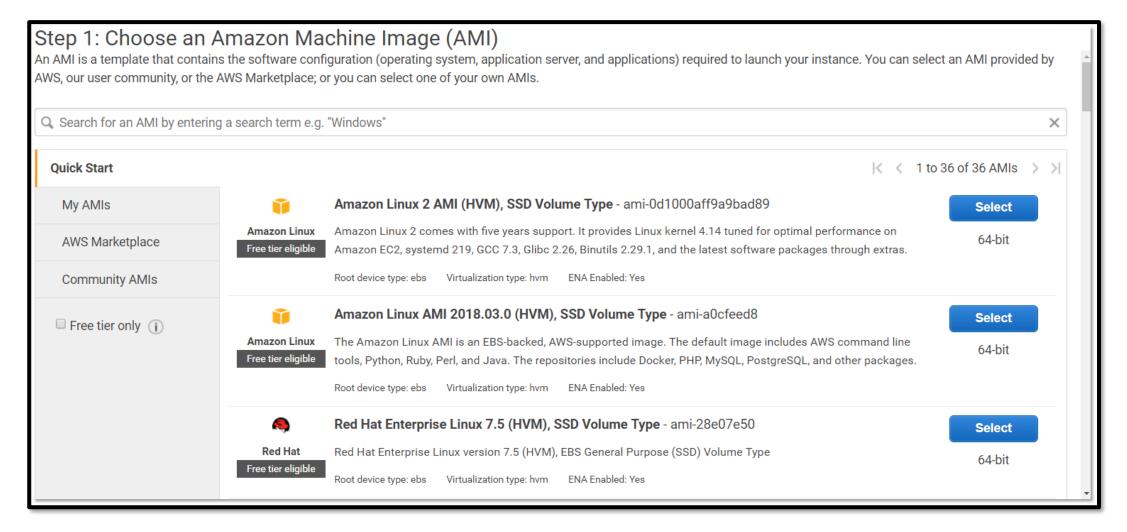


 Powered by 2.5 GHz Intel Xeon Scalable Processors (Skylake)

inte

- New larger instance size—m5.24xlarge with
  - 96 vCPUs and 384 GiB of memory (4:1 Memory:vCPU ratio)
- Improved network and EBS performance on smaller instance sizes
- Support for Intel AVX-512 offering up to twice the performance for vector and floating point workloads

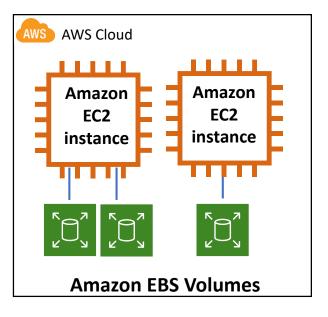
## What's your platform?



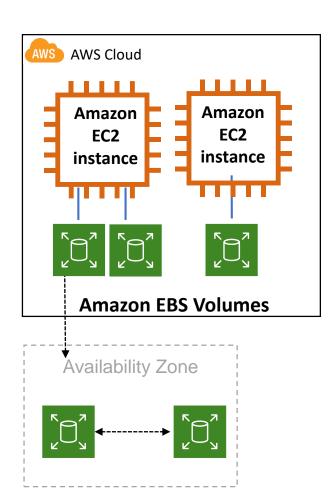
## Store your data



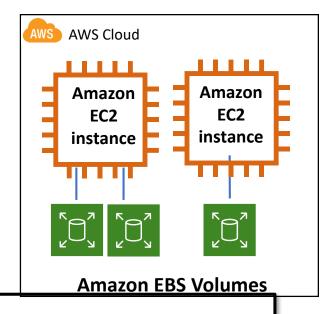
Persistent block storage for instances



- Persistent block storage for instances
- Protected through replication



- Persistent block storage for instances
- Protected through replication
- Different drive types



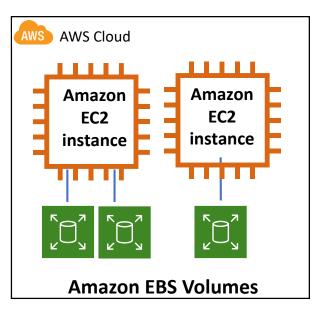
#### **Solid State Drives (SSD)**

Provisioned IOPS SSD (io1) Volumes General Purpose SSD (gp2) Volumes

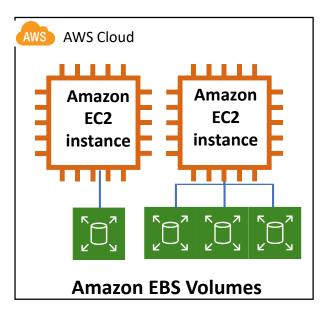
#### **Hard Disk Drives (HDD)**

Throughput Optimized HDD (st1) Volumes Cold HDD (sc1) Volumes

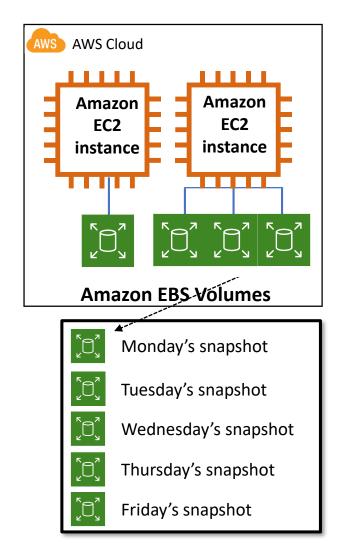
- Persistent block storage for instances
- Protected through replication
- Different drive types
- Scale up or down in minutes



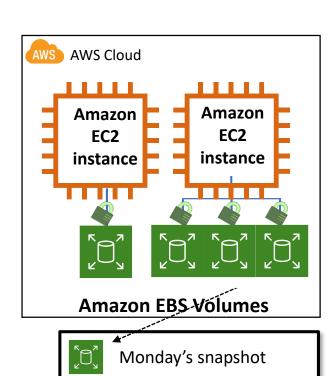
- Persistent block storage for instances
- Protected through replication
- Different drive types
- Scale up or down in minutes
- Pay for only what you provision



- Persistent block storage for instances
- Protected through replication
- Different drive types
- Scale up or down in minutes
- Pay for only what you provision
- Snapshot functionality



- Persistent block storage for instances
- Protected through replication
- Different drive types
- Scale up or down in minutes
- Pay for only what you provision
- Snapshot functionality
- Encryption available



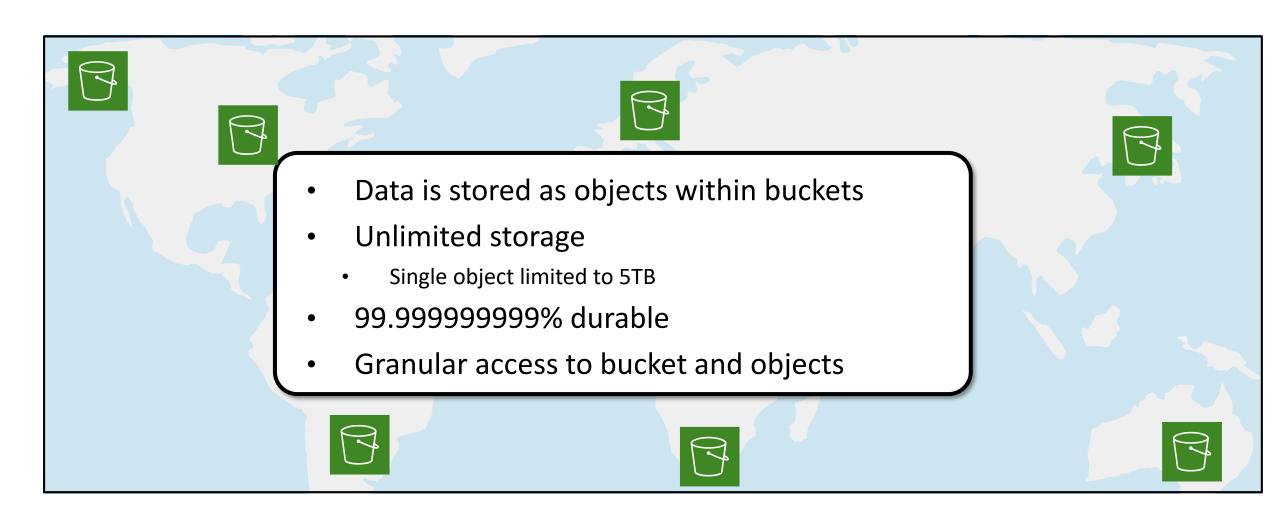
Tuesday's snapshot

Wednesday's snapshot

Thursday's snapshot

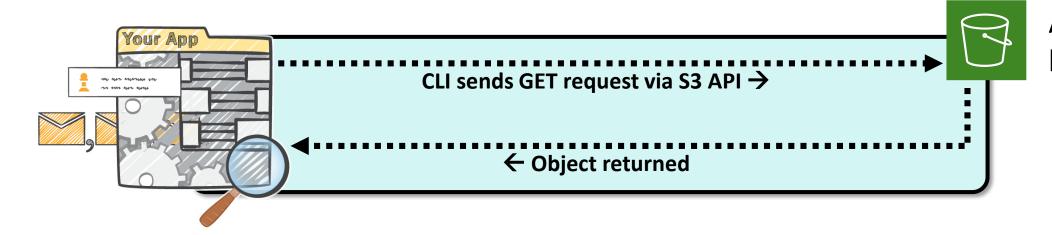
Friday's snapshot

#### What is Amazon S3?



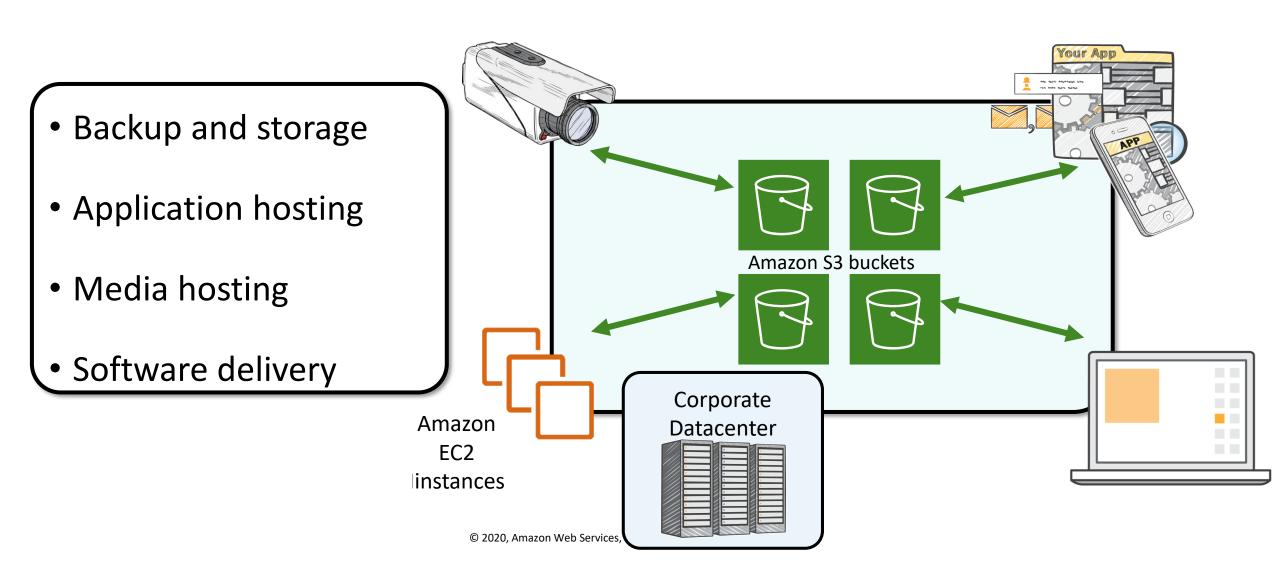
### Amazon S3 core functionality

- Fast, durable, highly available key-based access to objects
- Object storage built to store and retrieve data
- Not a file system

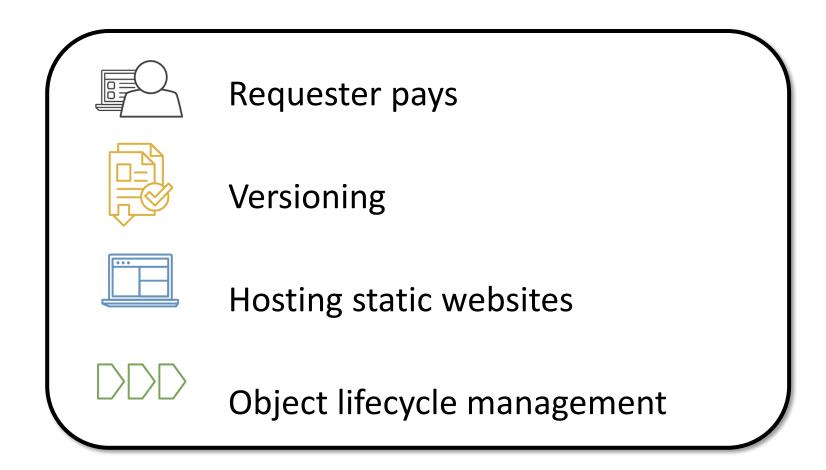


Amazon S3 bucket

#### Amazon S3 common scenarios

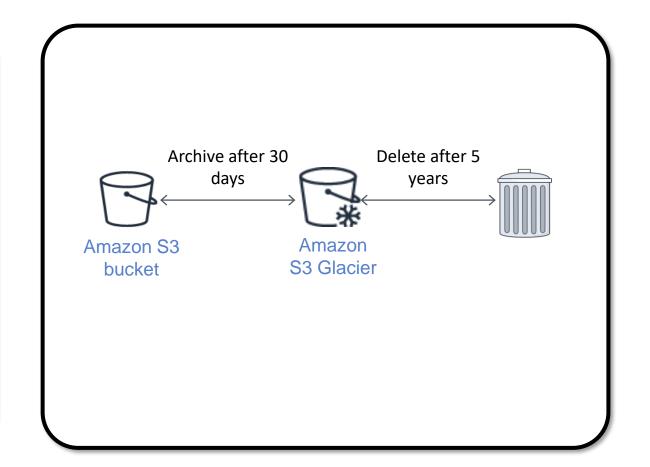


### Not just a storage bucket

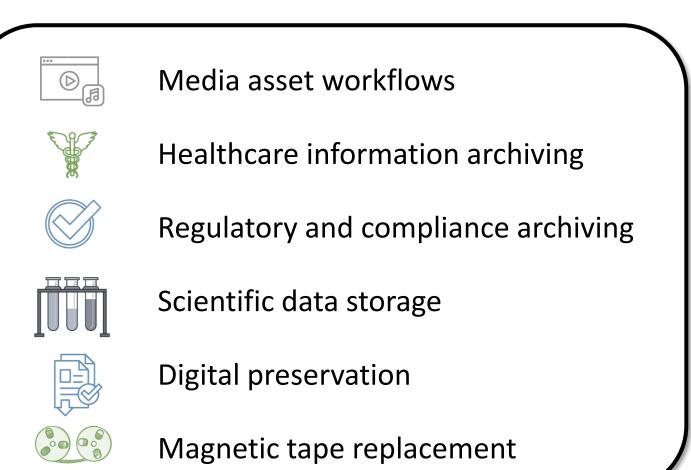


#### What is Amazon S3 Glacier?

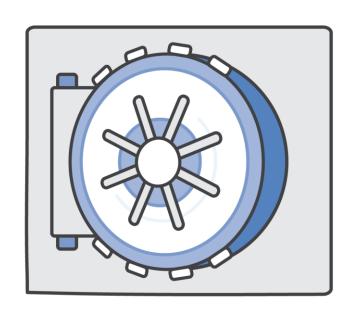
- Low-cost data archiving and long-term backup
- 3- to 5-hour or within 12 hours\*
- Can configure lifecycle archiving of Amazon S3 content to Amazon Glacier



#### Amazon S3 Glacier use cases



### Amazon S3 Glacier vault lock policy

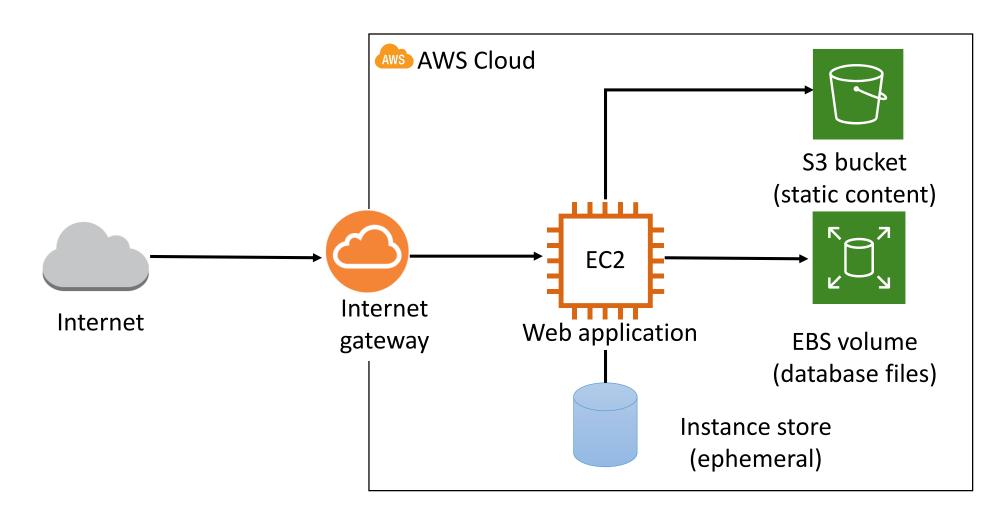


- Deploy and enforce compliance controls on individual Amazon Glacier vaults
- Vault becomes immutable once locked

## Amazon S3 storage classes

Storage class	Features			
S3 Standard	• ≥3 availability zones			
S3 Standard - Infrequent Access (IA)	<ul><li>Retrieval fee associated with objects</li><li>Most suitable for infrequently accessed data</li></ul>			
S3 Intelligent- Tiering	<ul> <li>Automatically moves objects between tiers based on access patterns</li> <li>≥3 availability zones</li> </ul>			
S3 One Zone-IA	<ul><li>1 availability zone</li><li>Costs 20% less than S3 Standard-IA</li></ul>			
S3 Glacier	<ul> <li>Not available for real-time access</li> <li>Must restore objects before you can access them</li> <li>Restoring objects can take 1 minute - 12 hours</li> </ul>			
S3 Glacier Deep Archive	<ul> <li>Lowest cost storage for long term retention (7-10 years)</li> <li>≥3 availability zones</li> <li>Retrieval time within 12 hours</li> </ul>			

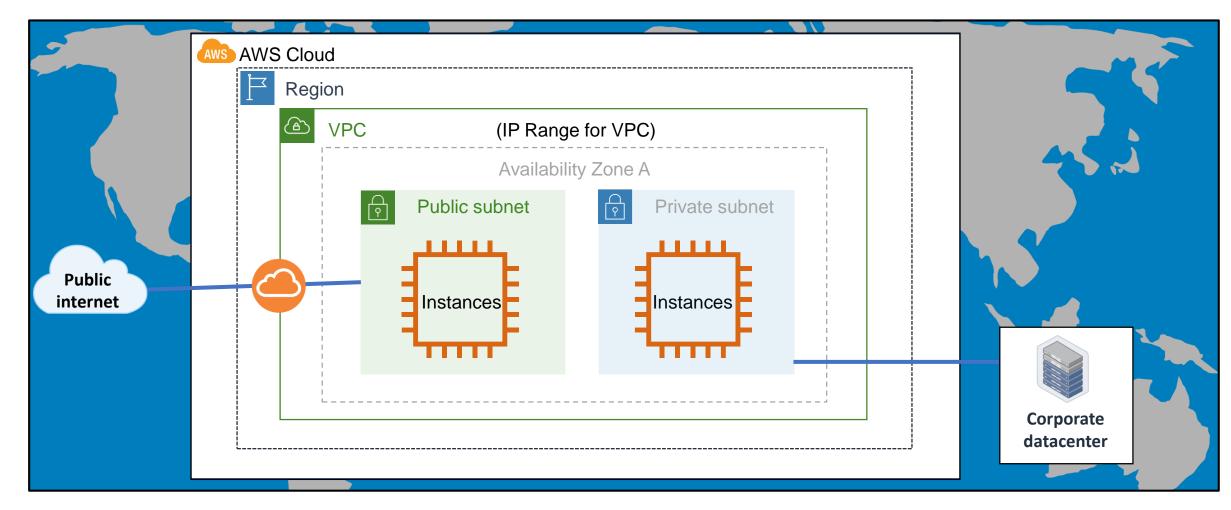
### Architecture example



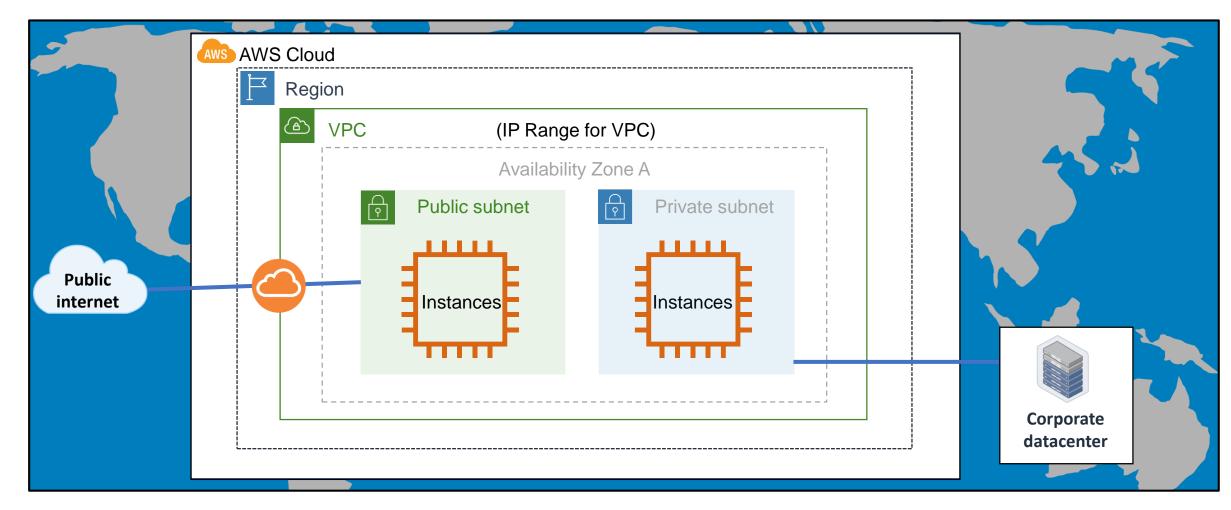
## Secure your data



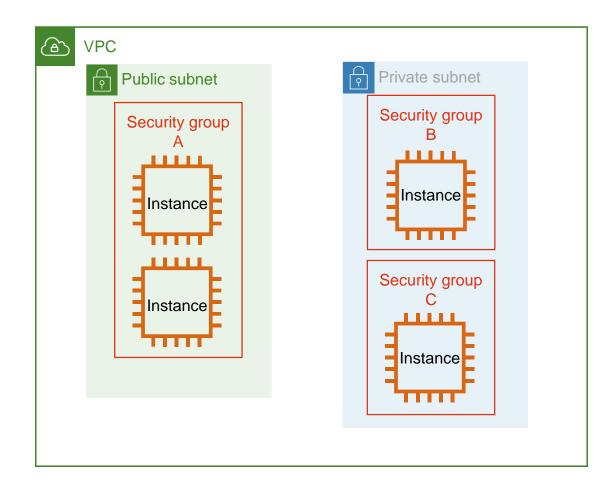
## Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (Amazon VPC)



## Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (Amazon VPC)



## Security groups



Security Group A					
Inbound					
Source	Protocol	Port Range			
0.0.0.0/0	ТСР	80			
0.0.0.0/0	ТСР	443			

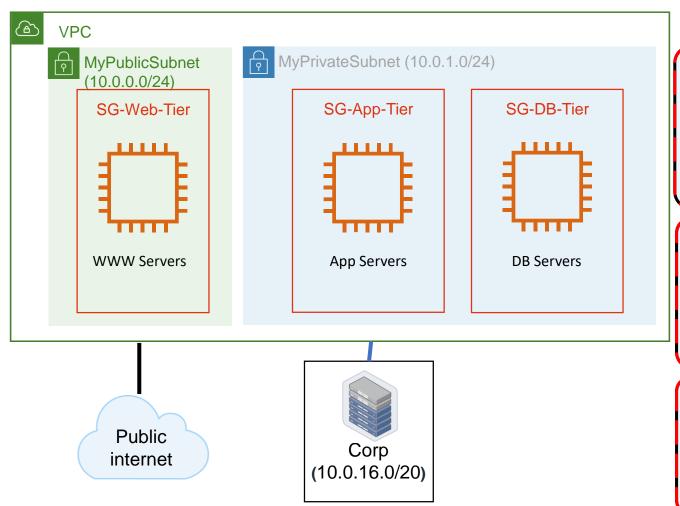
	Security Group-B					
	Inbound					
	Source	Protocol	Port Range			
	10.0.1.0/24	ТСР	22			
ľ						

,	Security Group-C					
	Inbound					
	Source	Protocol	Port Range			
	ID of Security Group B	All	All			
(						

### Security group details

- Only "allow" rules; no "deny" rules
- Default values:
  - No inbound traffic allowed
  - All outbound traffic allowed
- Stateful:
  - Allows responses from allowed inbound traffic

### Security groups example



Inbound				
Source	Protocol	Port Range		
0.0.0.0/0	ТСР	80		
0.0.0.0/0	ТСР	443		
10.0.16.0/20	ТСР	22		

SG-Web-Tier

Inbound				
Source	Protocol	Port Range		
ID of SG-Web-Tier	ТСР	6455		
10.0.16.0/20	ТСР	22		

**SG-App-Tier** 

InboundSourceProtocolPort RangeID of SG-App-TierTCP330610.0.16.0/20TCP22

**SG-DB-Tier** 

# End of Module 2 Test Your Knowledge





## Thank you!





