

USE NOUN CLAUSE CONNECTORS CORRECTLY

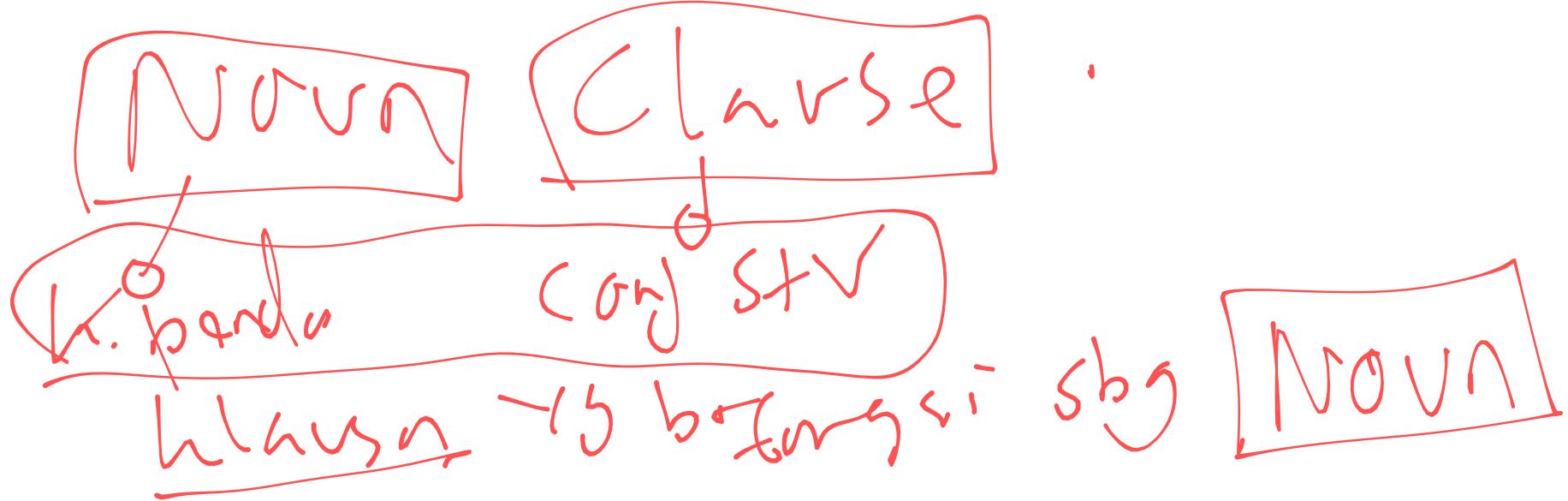
NOUN CLAUSE CONNECTORS			
• what, when, where, why, how		• whatever, whenever	
NOUN CLAUSE AS OBJECT			• whether, if • that
S V noun connector S V			
I know	what	you did.	banana
NOUN CLAUSE AS SUBJECT			
noun connector	S V	V	
What	you did	was wrong.	

I don't know where Joni lives.
I know what Joni does.

I always eat pegs at home.
I eat pegs at home.

Where Joni lives is not important for me.
Where Joni lives is not important for me.

Adverbial Clause ✓



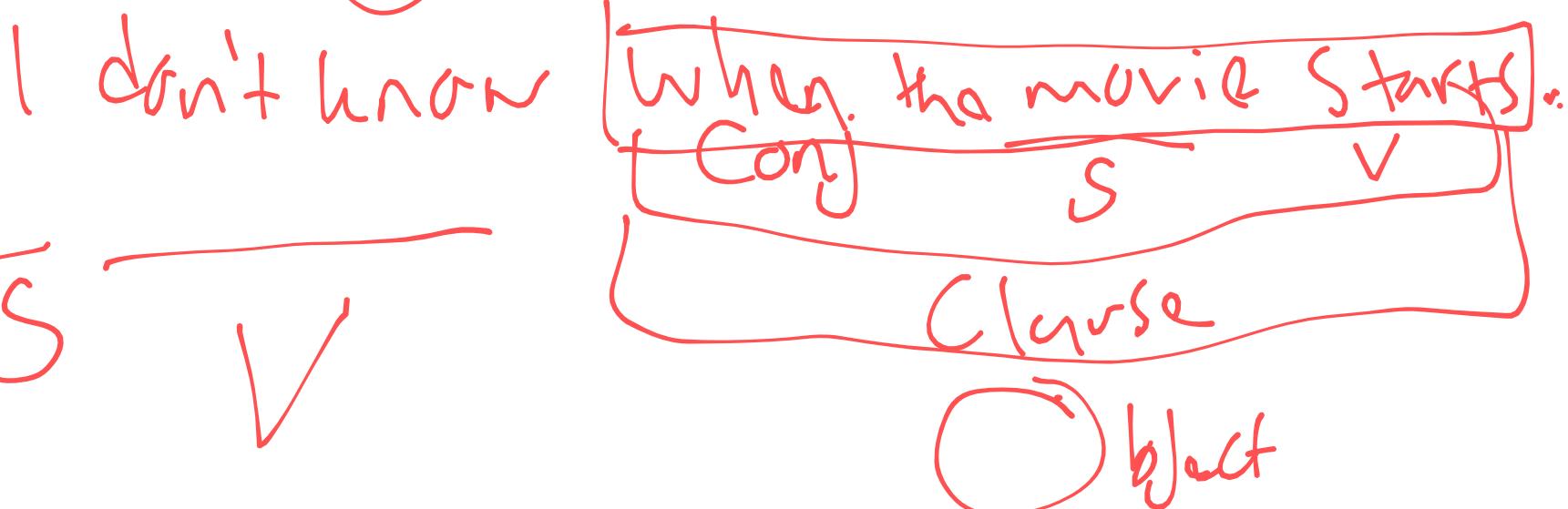
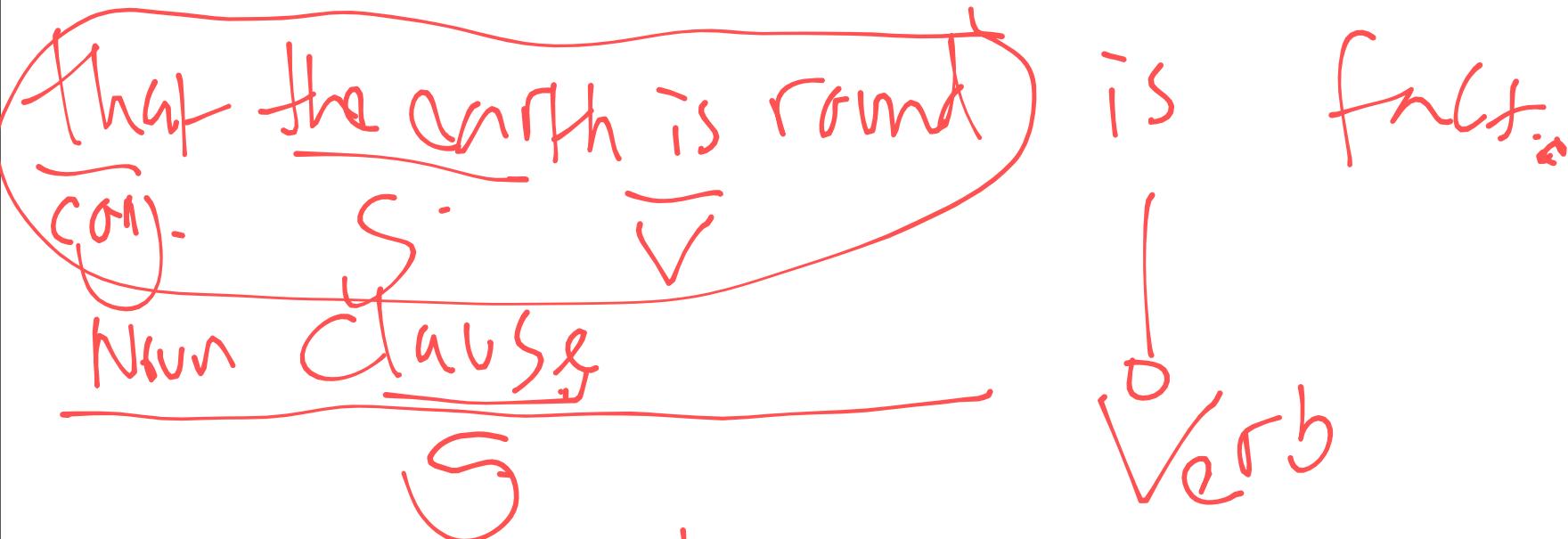
Fungsi Noun

Subjek = Jakarta $\xrightarrow{\text{noun}}$ the Capital
City.

Objek
Sekeluh Verb : I Lore JKT.
 \checkmark N/T

Objek
Sekeluh Prep
in JKT
Prep at To ~~or~~ Prep

Noun clause

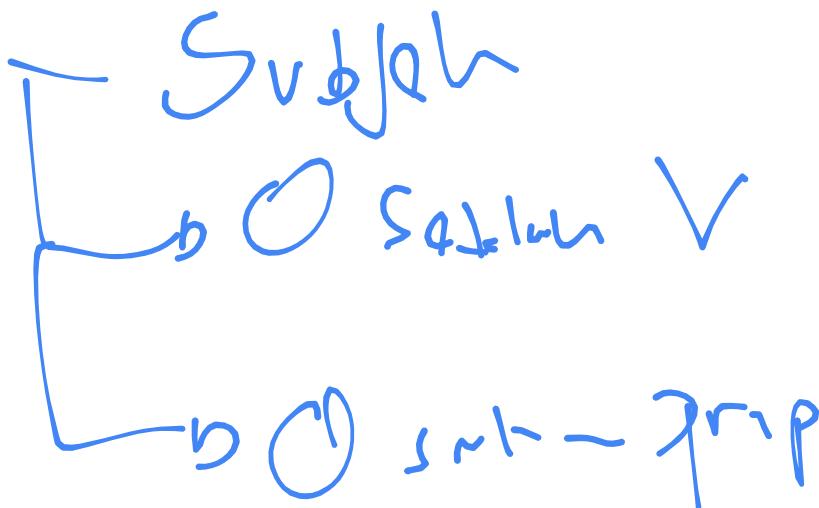


- C 1. When the season starts is determined by the weather. (Conj) S + V ✓ S + V. 1. ✓
 I 2. The manual how the device should be built. (Conj) S + V. ✗ 2. V (Conj)
 ✓ 3. The schedule indicated if the teams would be playing in the final game. (Conj) S + V. 3. Clause
 ✗ 4. He refused to enter a plea could not be determined by the lawyer. (Conj) S + V. Punc
 ✗ 5. Talked about where we should go for lunch. (Conj) S + V.
 ✗ 6. Why the condition of the patient deteriorated so rapidly it was not explained. (Conj) S + V. 6
 ✗ 7. Whether or not the new office would be built was to be determined at the meeting. (Conj) S + V.
 ✗ 8. That the professor has not yet decided when the paper is due. (Conj) S + V.
 ✗ 9. The contract will be awarded is the question to be answered at the meeting. (Conj) S + V.
 ✗ 10. He always talked with whomever he pleased and did whatever he wanted. (Conj) S + V.
- Adv (Conj) S + V, S + V. Adv
 Adv (Conj) S + V ✓ —
 Adv (Conj) S + V ✓ —
 Adv (Conj) S + V ✓ —

Murni ch

NOUN CLAUSE CONNECTOR/SUBJECTS		
who whoever	what whatever	which whichever
NOUN CLAUSE AS OBJECT		
S V	noun connector/subject	V
I know	what	happened.
NOUN CLAUSE AS SUBJECT		
	noun connector/subject	V
	What	happened was great.

fungsi dr N.C / N.C



~~Conj S+V~~

~~Conj + V~~

Who / ever + V

· What / ever) + V ·
· which / ever) + S+V) + you

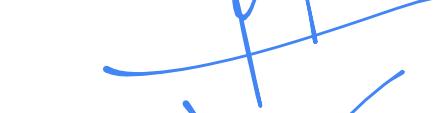
when go X
who goes ✓

when ha you
who ha goes X

What



happens



- C 1. The game show contestant was able to respond to whatever was asked.
- I 2. You should find out which the best physics department.
- ✓ 3. The employee was unhappy about what was added to his job description.
- ✓ 4. Whoever wants to take the desert tour during spring break signing up at the office.
- ✗ 5. The motorist was unable to discover who he had struck his car.
- ✓ 6. The voters should elect whichever of the candidates seems best to them.
- ✓ 7. It was difficult to distinguish between what was on sale and what was merely on display.
- ✗ 8. You should buy whatever the cheapest and most durable.
- ✓ 9. What was written in the letter angered him beyond belief.
- ✗ 10. You can spend your time with whoever important to you.

What + ✓

What was added

what he was added

P MUST sign up

✓

(or)

USE ADJECTIVE CLAUSE CONNECTORS CORRECTLY

W. Sifat

Jetusin
Noun

big Cat
any

Adj S + V
S + V

ADJECTIVE CLAUSE CONNECTORS		
whom (for people)	which (for things)	that (for people or things)
S V	adjective connector	S V
<i>I liked the book</i>	<i>which</i>	<i>you recommended.</i>
The book which you recommended was interesting.		
NOTE: The adjective connectors can be omitted. This omission is very common in spoken English or in casual written English. It is not as common in formal English or in structure questions on the TOEFL test.		

the book which you brought
Noun Adjs. -> Adj-clause

MVN [Conj] S + V - AC

(Person) & Whom

Non-person - Which

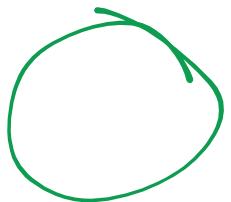
+ S + V

Person / non - (that)

The girl (which) you know
Person to whom front

I met the boy that you know.

S V



- C 1. It is important to fill out the form in the way (that) you have been instructed.
- I 2. The car (which) I have been driving for five years for sale at a really good price.
- ~~X~~ 3. I just finished reading the novel whom the professor suggested for my book report.
- ~~X~~ 4. The plane that he was scheduled to take to Hawaii was delayed.
- ~~X~~ 5. The movie which we watched on cable last night it was really frightening.
- ~~X~~ 6. I made an appointment with the doctor whom you recommended.
- ~~X~~ 7. The enthusiasm with which he greeted me made me feel welcome.
- ~~X~~ 8. The story that you told me about Bob.
- ~~X~~ 9. The men with whom were having the discussion did not seem very friendly.
we
- ~~X~~ 10. I'm not really sure about taking part in the plans that we made last night.
any
less
✓

(which) (that)
Who + ✓
Whom x S+V
made me feel

USE ADJECTIVE CLAUSE CONNECTOR/SUBJECTS CORRECTLY

ADJECTIVE CLAUSE CONNECTOR/SUBJECTS		
who (for people)	which (for things)	that (for people or things)
S V	adjective connector/subject	V
<i>She needs a secretary</i>	<i>who</i>	<i>types fast.</i>
S	adjective connector/subject	V V
<i>A secretary</i>	<i>who</i>	<i>types fast is invaluable.</i>

v

Noun + (or) S+V
+ (or) + V

Person Whom + S+V
Who + V

Non-person Which → S+V
(that) → V

Person
not person

which (that)

I just bought the book ~~who~~ you recommended
E AC

This is Jains which is the g city
a. pr that ✓ on radio.

I met the boy who likes ya.

I met the boy whom you like

I know whom you like

NC 10

- C 1. The ice cream that is served in the restaurant has a smooth, creamy texture.
- I 2. The cars are trying to enter the freeway system are lined up for blocks.
- X 3. I have great respect for everyone who is on the Dean's List.
- X 4. It is going to be very difficult to work with the man which just began working here.
- X 5. The door that leads to the vault it was tightly locked.
- ✓ 6. The neighbors reported the man who was trying to break into the car to the police.
- X 7. These plants can only survive in an environment is extremely humid.
- X 8. The boss meets with any production workers who they have surpassed their quotas.
- ✓ 9. The salesclerk ran after the woman who had left her credit card in the store.
- X 10. The shoes which matched the dress that was on sale.

S conj

✓

far
run

Coordinate conjunct

CC

f A N B O T H S → S+V CC S+V.

adv clause

S+V COR S+V ✓ COR S+V, S+V.

Noun clause

S →

COR S+V
COR X+V

X →

S+V +
COR S+V
COR X+V

OPREP → PREP

+ COR S+V
+ COR X+V

S+V
COR S+V

* COR X+V

WHO → V
WHICH → S+V
THAT → S+V
WHAT → S+V

adj clause

NOUN + COR S+V
COR X+V

1. No one explained to me whether was coming or not. ✓
on be
2. The part of the structure that has already been built needs to be torn down.
on ✓ ✓
3. The girl who just joined the softball team is a great shortstop.
coj ✓ ✓
4. I have no idea about when the meeting is supposed to start.
5. We have been told that we can leave whenever want.
6. The racquet with whom I was playing was too big and too heavy for me.
7. I will never understand that he did.
8. He was still sick was obvious to the entire medical staff.
9. What is most important in this situation it is to finish on time.
10. The newspapers that were piled up on the front porch were an indication that the residents had not been home in some time.

o ✓ Conj ✓

o Conj + SVO

Conj + ✓

~~who
what
when
where~~

1. Dolphins form extremely complicated allegiances and ____ continually change. (✓)
- (A) enmities that
(B) that are enmities
(C) enmities that are
(D) that enmities
2. Scientists are now beginning to conduct experiments on ____ trigger different sorts of health risks.
- (A) noise pollution can
(B) that noise pollution
(C) how noise pollution
(D) how noise pollution can
3. The Apollo 11 astronauts ____ of the Earth's inhabitants witnessed on the famous first moonwalk on July 20, 1969, were Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin.
- (A) whom
(B) whom millions
(C) were some
(D) whom some were
4. At the end of the nineteenth century, Alfred Binet developed a test for measuring intelligence ____ served as the basis of modern IQ tests.
- (A) has
(B) it has
(C) and
(D) which has
5. ____ have at least four hours of hazardous materials response training is mandated by federal law.
- (A) All police officers
(B) All police officers must
(C) That all police officers
(D) For all police officers
6. A cloud's reservoir of negative charge extends upward from the altitude at ____ the freezing point.
- (A) temperatures hit
(B) hit temperatures
(C) which temperatures hit
(D) which hit temperatures
7. In a 1988 advanced officers' training program, Sampson developed a plan to incorporate police in enforcing environmental protection laws whenever ____ feasible.
- (A) it is
(B) is
(C) has
(D) it has
8. ____ will be carried in the next space shuttle payload has not yet been announced to the public.
- (A) It
(B) What
(C) When
(D) That
9. During free fall, ____ up to a full minute, a skydiver will fall at a constant speed of 120 m.p.h.
- (A) it is
(B) which is
(C) being
(D) is
10. The fact ____ the most important ratings period is about to begin has caused all the networks to shore up their schedules.
- (A) is that
(B) of
(C) that
(D) what

V. S
and/or/but
Noun

