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Software Requirements Specification

Project: SPOTY

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1 Introduction (Einleitung)

1.1 Purpose (Zielsetzung)

The primary purpose of this program is to accurately detect the presence, location, and type of vehicles in a given environment. This information can be leveraged for various applications, including:

- **Autonomous vehicles:** Enabling self-driving cars to perceive their surroundings and navigate safely.
- **Traffic monitoring:** Providing real-time data on traffic flow and congestion for improved management.
- **Advanced driver-assistance systems (ADAS):** Supporting features like collision avoidance and lane departure warning.
- **Security and surveillance:** Detecting unauthorized vehicles in restricted areas.

1.2 Scope (Produktziele)

This program focuses on vehicle detection using LIDAR data. The scope encompasses:

- Identifying various vehicle (e.g., cars, trucks, motorcycles).
- Determining the position and orientation of vehicles within the environment.
- Providing an output format compatible with downstream applications.

Definition, Acronyms and Abbreviations (Definitionen, Akronyme und Abkürzungen)

LiDAR	Light Detection and Ranging
ADAS	Advanced Driver-Assistance Systems
Point Cloud	A collection of data points representing the three-dimensional coordinates of objects within the LIDAR's field of view.
SPOTY	Our product name.

1.3 References (Referenzen)

[Moodle ObjectDetectionVehicleInfrastructure]	Development of cooperative object detection models for research vehicle: Prof. Dr.-Ing. Konrad Doll, Foundation of Software Engineering
[OPEN3D]	https://www.open3d.org/

1.4 Overview (Überblick)

The SRS will specify in detail the software requirements for the product SPOTY. Section 2 presents a general description of the SPOTY and it's relationship within the operating environment (computer and external peripherals and systems) . A complete list and description of the product functions and features will be provided. The type of user and user characteristics will be discussed. This Section also provides a discussion of any general constraints imposed on the product and any assumptions that are made regarding the operating environment of the product.

Section 3 will detail the software requirements of the product SPOTY. The behavioral requirements of the product SPOTY and operating environment will be discussed. The external interface, the hardware interfaces, the software interfaces, and the communication interfaces of the product will be outlined. Performance requirements will be discussed in section 3. Included in this discussion are operational requirements, exception handling, and testing requirements. Design constraints concern for the design phase of the product development will be addressed. Section 3 also describes the following product attributes: availability, security, maintainability, transferability and portability.

2 General Description (Übersichtsbeschreibung)

This section describes the general factors that will influence the design and requirements of our LIDAR-based vehicle detection program. It provides context for the detailed requirements outlined in later sections.

2.1 Product Perspective (Produkt-Umgebung)

(1) This program is an independent and self-contained software product. It is not designed as a component of a larger system.

(2) External Interfaces: The program will receive LIDAR data as input and provide vehicle detection information as output.

(3) Hardware Overview: The program is designed to run on a standard computer platform with sufficient processing power and memory to handle LIDAR data processing.

2.2 Product Functions (Produkt-Funktionen)

The primary function of this program is to utilize LIDAR data to:

- Detect the presence of vehicles within its field of view.
- Determine the position and orientation of each detected vehicle.
- Provide output data containing this information in a specified format.

2.3 User Characteristics (Benutzer-Eigenschaften)

The target users of this program are individuals with technical expertise in areas like robotics, autonomous vehicles, or related fields. They will have a strong understanding of LIDAR technology and its applications.

2.4 General Constraints (Restriktionen)

- **Regulatory Policies:** The program should comply with any relevant regulations regarding data privacy and security, especially if it is intended for deployment in real-world scenarios.

- **Hardware Limitations:** The program's performance will be limited by the processing power and memory of the chosen hardware platform. These limitations will be considered when defining performance requirements.

- **Criticality of the Application:** Depending on the intended use case (e.g., research project vs. safety-critical application), the program may have varying levels of criticality requirements.

2.5 Assumptions and Dependencies (Annahmen und Abhängigkeiten)

- The program assumes the availability of a calibrated and functional LIDAR sensor that provides accurate 3D point cloud data.
- The program's functionality depends on the chosen LIDAR data format and communication protocol. Specific details will be outlined in the interface section.

- The success of vehicle detection relies on the quality and resolution of the LIDAR data provided.

3 Specific Requirements (Spezifische Anforderungen)

This section details the specific functionalities, performance expectations, and attributes of the LIDAR-based vehicle detection program.

3.1 Functional Requirements (Funktionale Anforderungen)

This subsection outlines the program's functionalities:

3.1.1 Vehicle Detection

- **Purpose:** Detect the presence of vehicles within the LIDAR data's field of view.
- **Inputs:** LIDAR point cloud data containing 3D coordinates of surrounding objects.
- **Operations:**
 - Apply filtering and segmentation algorithms to identify potential vehicle point clusters.
 - Utilize classification algorithms to differentiate vehicles from other objects.
- **Outputs:** List of detected vehicles with their corresponding 3D bounding boxes.

3.1.2 Vehicle Classification

- **Purpose:** Classify the type of detected vehicle (e.g., car, truck, motorcycle).
- **Inputs:** Point cloud data of a detected vehicle.
- **Operations:** Analyze the vehicle's point cloud features (e.g., size, shape) for classification.
- **Outputs:** Classification label for the detected vehicle type.

3.1.3 Vehicle Localization

- **Purpose:** Determine the position and orientation of each detected vehicle.
- **Inputs:** Point cloud data and bounding box of a detected vehicle.
- **Operations:** Calculate the vehicle's center of mass and orientation based on the bounding box.
- **Outputs:** Location (x, y, z coordinates) and orientation (e.g., yaw angle) of the detected vehicle.

3.2 External Interface Requirements (Externe Schnittstellen Anforderungen)

3.2.1 User Interfaces (Benutzer-Schnittstelle)

In our project we are going to use already exist UI which is OPEN3D.

3.2.2 Hardware Interfaces (Hardware-Schnittstellen)

The program shall be designed to communicate with a LIDAR sensor that meets the following specifications:

[List specific requirements for the LIDAR sensor, such as range, field of view, point cloud density, scan rate, wavelength] (refer back to Section 2.1 for details)

The program shall utilize a communication protocol compatible with the chosen LIDAR sensor (e.g., Ethernet, USB).

3.2.3 Software Interfaces (Software-Schnittstellen)

This project does not require any external software products or interfaces with other application systems.

3.2.4 Communication Interfaces (Kommunikations-Schnittstellen)

The system will require a communication interface to receive data from the LIDAR sensor.
Interface: Wired (likely) - Depending on the chosen LIDAR model, it might have wireless options.

Data format: Raw distance and/or angle data (csv)

3.3 Performance Requirements (*Leistungsanforderungen*)

The vehicle detection system shall meet the following performance requirements:

3.3.1 Detection Accuracy

- **Vehicle presence detection:** The system shall detect the presence of vehicles with an accuracy of at least 95% (We haven't decided about accuracy).
- **Vehicle location accuracy:** The system shall determine the location of detected vehicles with an accuracy of at least 5 meters (horizontal) and 0.5 meters (vertical).
- **Vehicle type classification accuracy:** The system shall classify the type of detected vehicles (e.g., car, truck, motorcycle) with an accuracy of at least 85%.

3.3.2 Processing Speed

- **Real-time processing:** The system shall process sensor data and generate results in real-time, with a latency of no more than 50 milliseconds.
- **Scalability:** The system shall be able to handle data from multiple LIDAR sensors without significantly impacting processing speed.

3.3.3 Environmental Robustness

- **Lighting conditions:** The system shall operate effectively in various lighting conditions, including daylight, low light, and nighttime.
- **Weather conditions:** The system shall be able to operate in adverse weather conditions, such as rain, snow, and fog.

3.4 Design Constraints (Entwurfsrestriktionen)

3.4.1 Standards Compliance (Einhaltung von Standards)

The system shall comply with relevant industry standards and regulations, including:

- **Functional safety standards:** The system shall meet appropriate functional safety standards to ensure safe operation.
- **Data privacy standards:** The system shall comply with data privacy regulations to protect user information.

3.4.2 Hardware Limitations (Hardwarebegrenzungen)

The system shall be designed to be compatible with the available hardware resources, including:

- **Computational power:** The system shall operate efficiently on the available computing hardware.
- **Memory constraints:** The system shall minimize memory usage to ensure efficient operation.

3.5 Software Systems Attributes (Qualitätsmerkmale)

3.5.1 Maintainability

The system shall be designed to be easily maintainable, including:

- **Modular design:** The system shall be modular to allow for easy modification and updates.
- **Well-documented code:** The system code shall be well-documented to facilitate understanding and maintenance.

3.5.2 Reliability

The system shall be designed to be reliable and minimize downtime, including:

- **Error handling:** The system shall have robust error handling mechanisms to recover from unexpected situations.
- **Testing:** The system shall be thoroughly tested to identify and fix potential bugs.