

Diamantes

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Análisis de los diamantes

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib
from plotnine.data import diamonds
from plotnine import ggplot

matplotlib.style.use("ggplot")

print(diamonds.shape)
```

```
## (53940, 10)
```

```
print(diamonds.head(10))
```

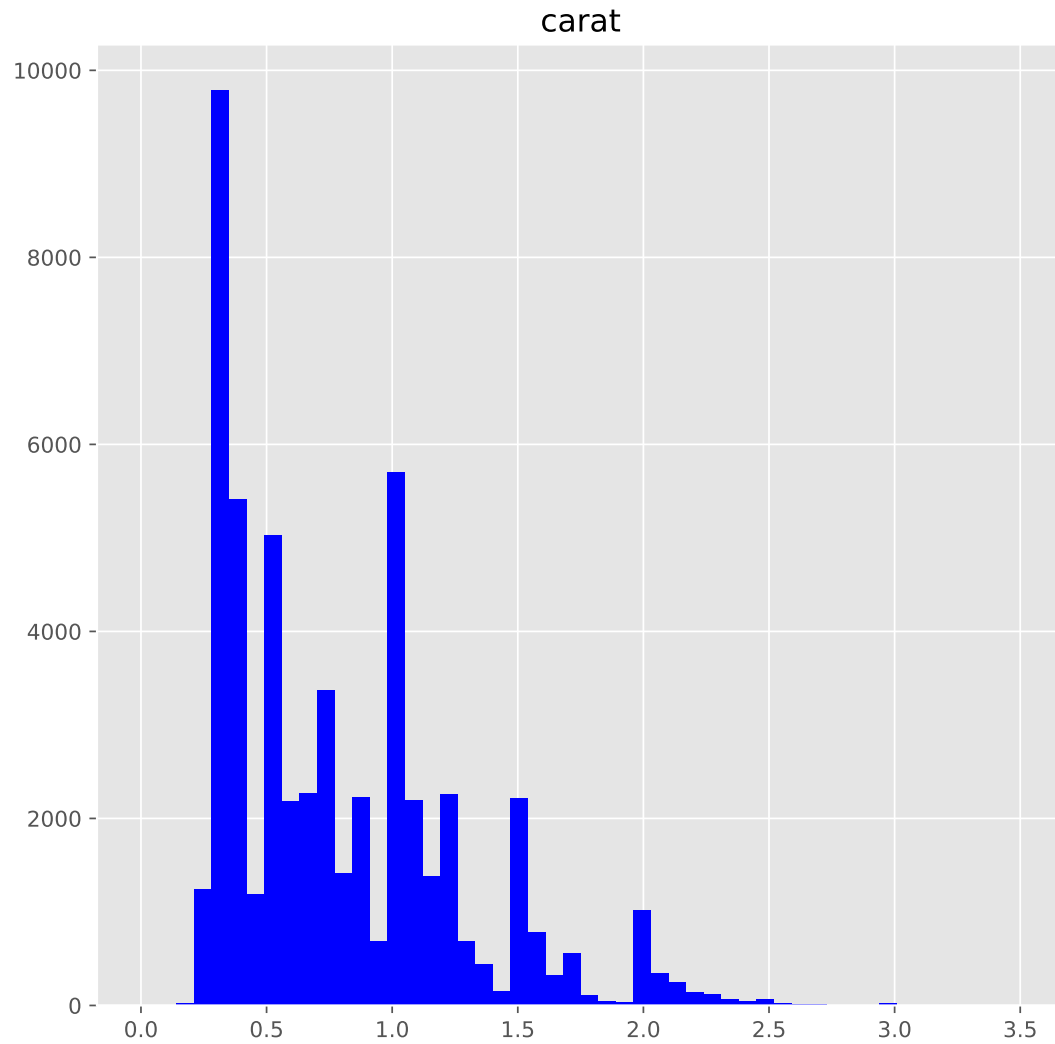
##	carat	cut	color	clarity	depth	table	price	x	y	z
## 0	0.23	Ideal	E	SI2	61.5	55.0	326	3.95	3.98	2.43
## 1	0.21	Premium	E	SI1	59.8	61.0	326	3.89	3.84	2.31
## 2	0.23	Good	E	VS1	56.9	65.0	327	4.05	4.07	2.31
## 3	0.29	Premium	I	VS2	62.4	58.0	334	4.20	4.23	2.63
## 4	0.31	Good	J	SI2	63.3	58.0	335	4.34	4.35	2.75
## 5	0.24	Very Good	J	VVS2	62.8	57.0	336	3.94	3.96	2.48
## 6	0.24	Very Good	I	VVS1	62.3	57.0	336	3.95	3.98	2.47
## 7	0.26	Very Good	H	SI1	61.9	55.0	337	4.07	4.11	2.53
## 8	0.22	Fair	E	VS2	65.1	61.0	337	3.87	3.78	2.49
## 9	0.23	Very Good	H	VS1	59.4	61.0	338	4.00	4.05	2.39

Histograma

```
diamonds.hist(column="carat",figsize=(8,8), color="blue",
              bins = 50, range = (0,3.5))
```

```
## array([[<AxesSubplot:title={'center':'carat'}>]], dtype=object)
```

```
matplotlib.pyplot.show()
```



Filtro de outliers

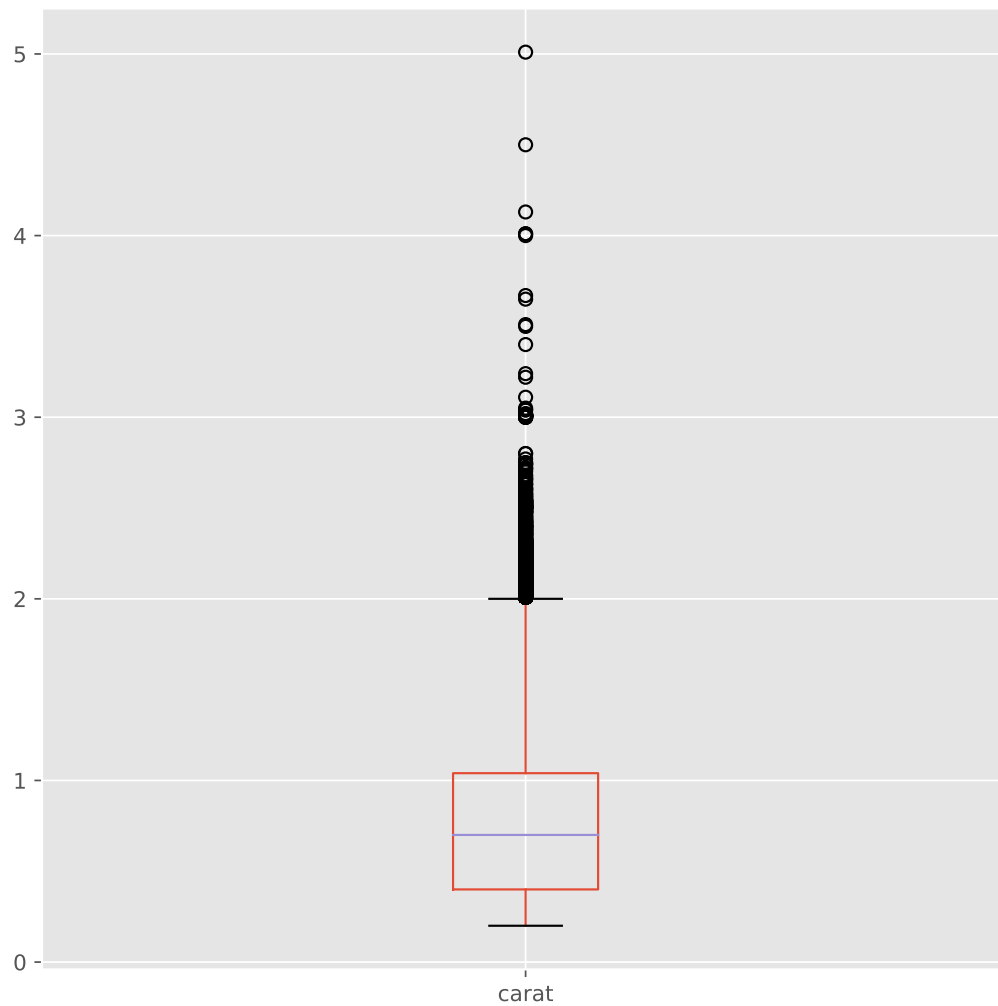
```
print(diamonds[diamonds["carat"]>3.5])
```

##	carat	cut	color	clarity	depth	table	price	x	y	z
## 23644	3.65	Fair	H	I1	67.1	53.0	11668	9.53	9.48	6.38
## 25998	4.01	Premium	I	I1	61.0	61.0	15223	10.14	10.10	6.17
## 25999	4.01	Premium	J	I1	62.5	62.0	15223	10.02	9.94	6.24
## 26444	4.00	Very Good	I	I1	63.3	58.0	15984	10.01	9.94	6.31

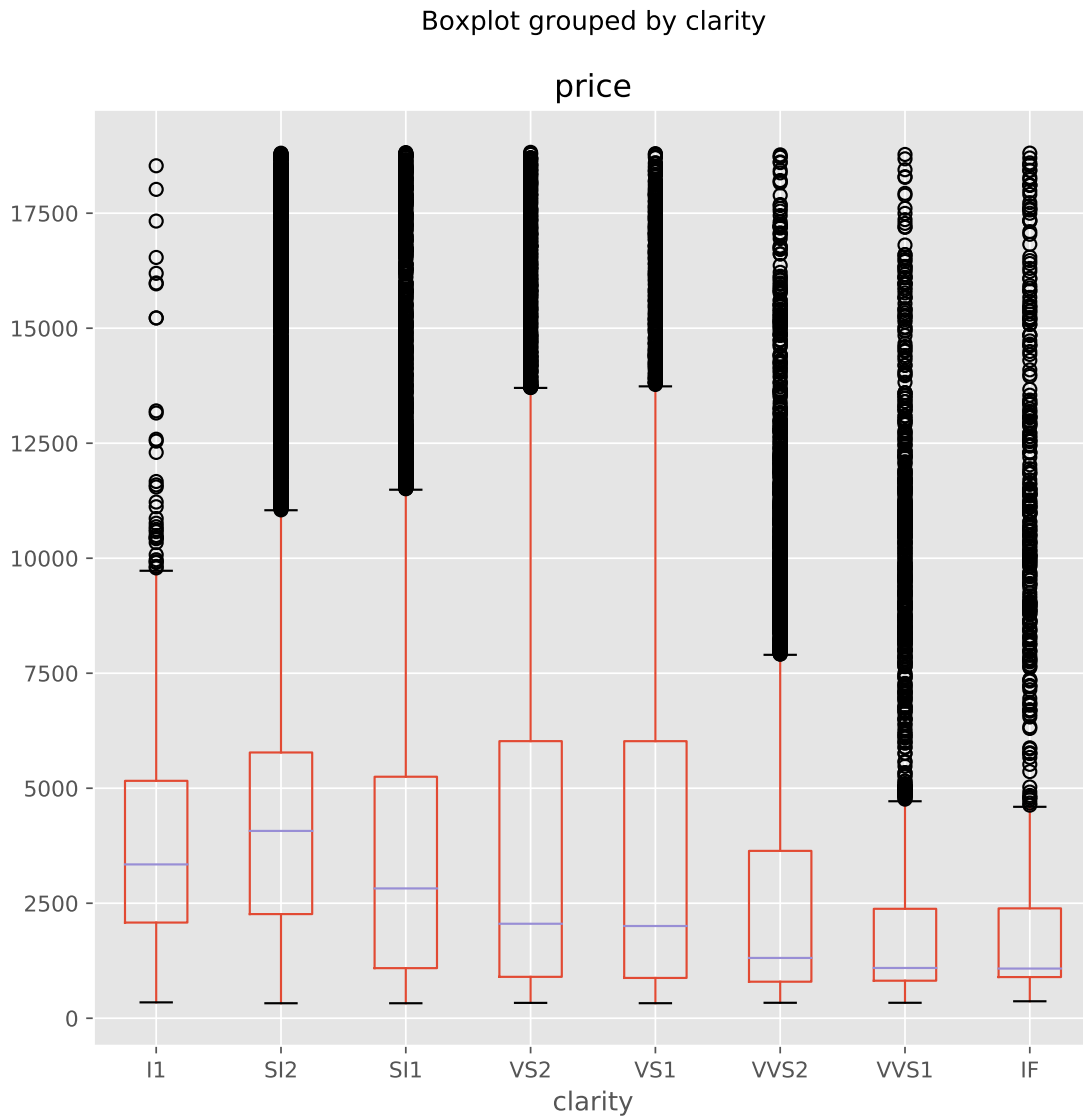
##	26534	3.67	Premium	I	I1	62.4	56.0	16193	9.86	9.81	6.13
##	27130	4.13	Fair	H	I1	64.8	61.0	17329	10.00	9.85	6.43
##	27415	5.01	Fair	J	I1	65.5	59.0	18018	10.74	10.54	6.98
##	27630	4.50	Fair	J	I1	65.8	58.0	18531	10.23	10.16	6.72
##	27679	3.51	Premium	J	VS2	62.5	59.0	18701	9.66	9.63	6.03

Boxplot

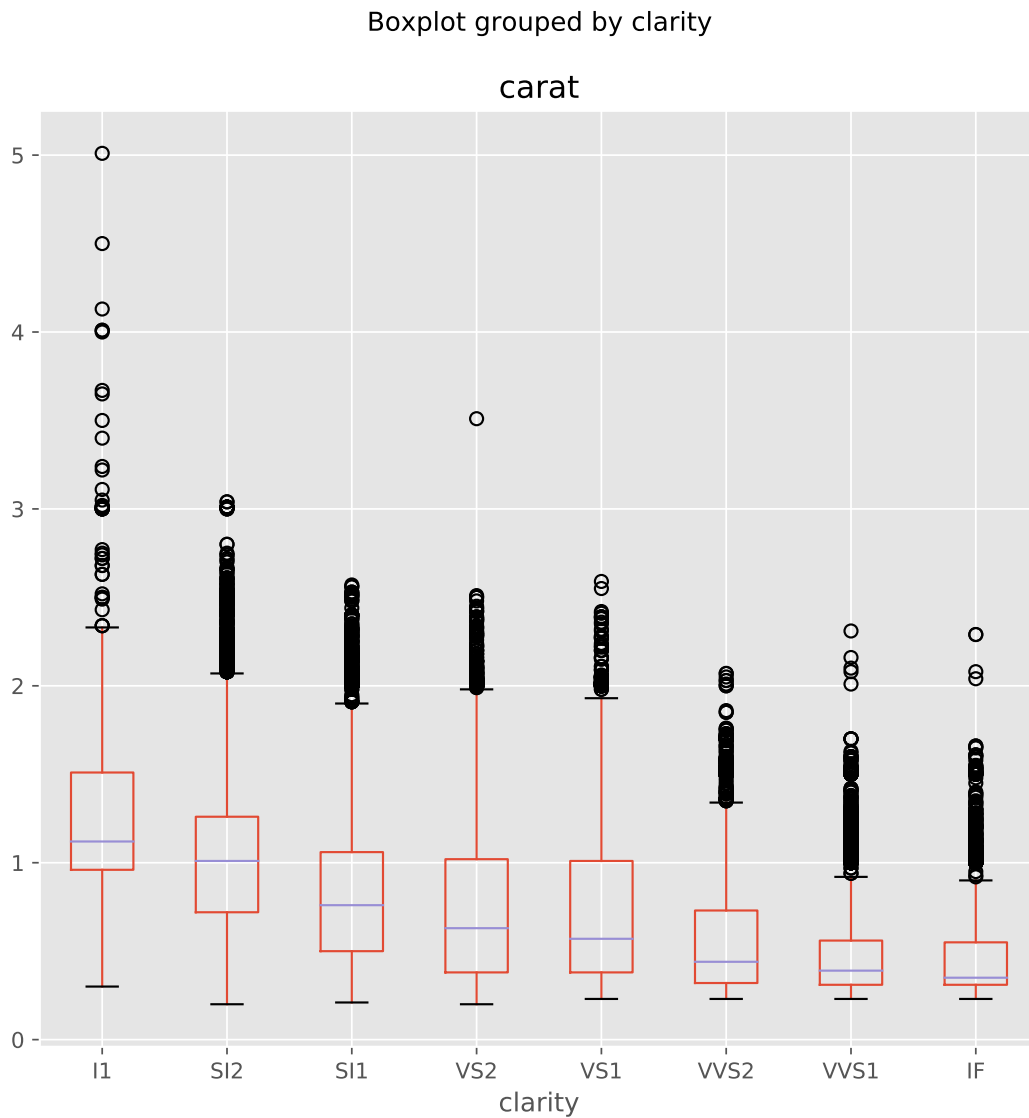
```
diamonds.boxplot(column = 'carat', figsize = (8,8))
matplotlib.pyplot.show()
```



```
# No existe relación entre precio y claridad
diamonds.boxplot(column = 'price', by = "clarity", figsize = (8,8))
matplotlib.pyplot.show()
```



```
# Los de menor claridad tienden a ser de mayor kilate
diamonds.boxplot(column = 'carat', by = "clarity", figsize = (8,8))
matplotlib.pyplot.show()
```



Densidades

```
diamonds["carat"].plot(kind="density", figsize=(8,8), xlim=(0,5))  
matplotlib.pyplot.show()
```

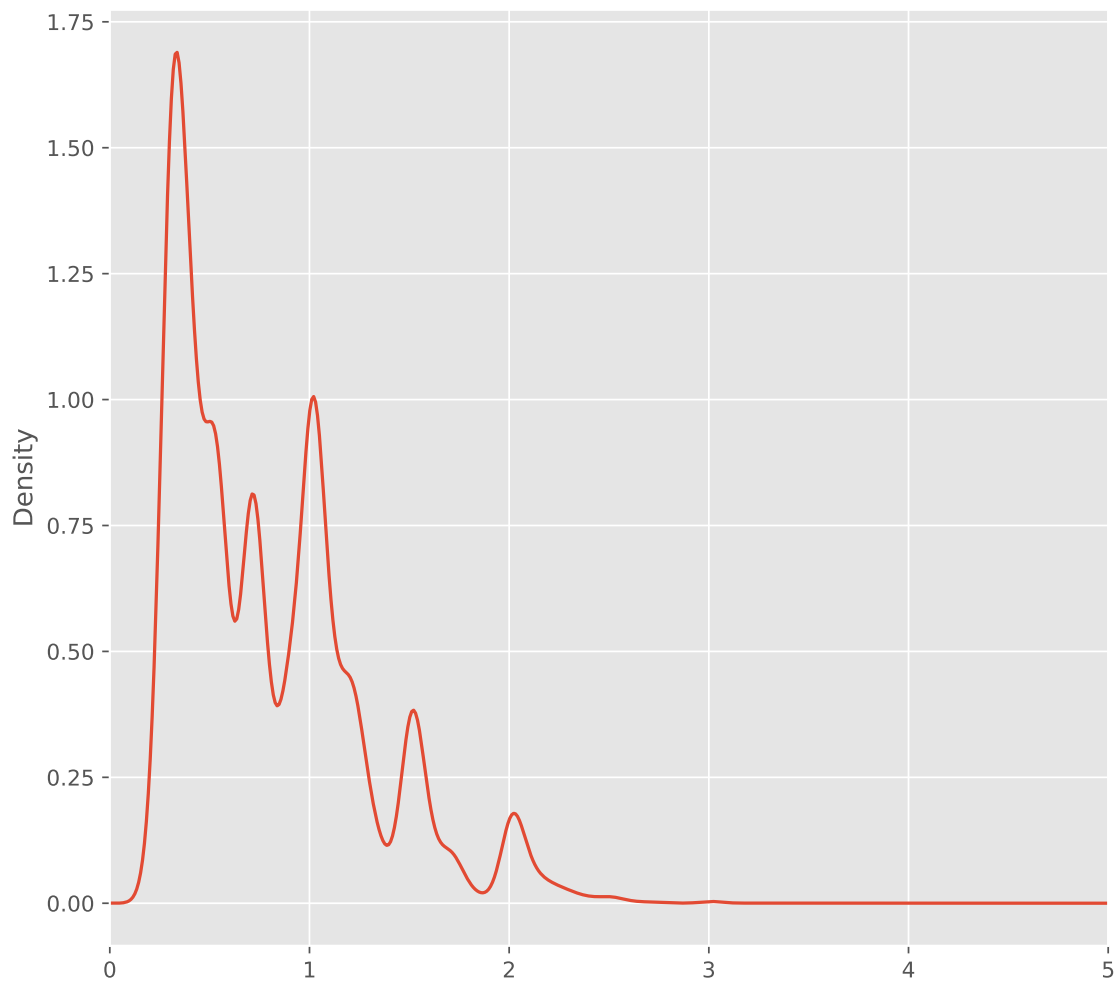


Tabla de frecuencias

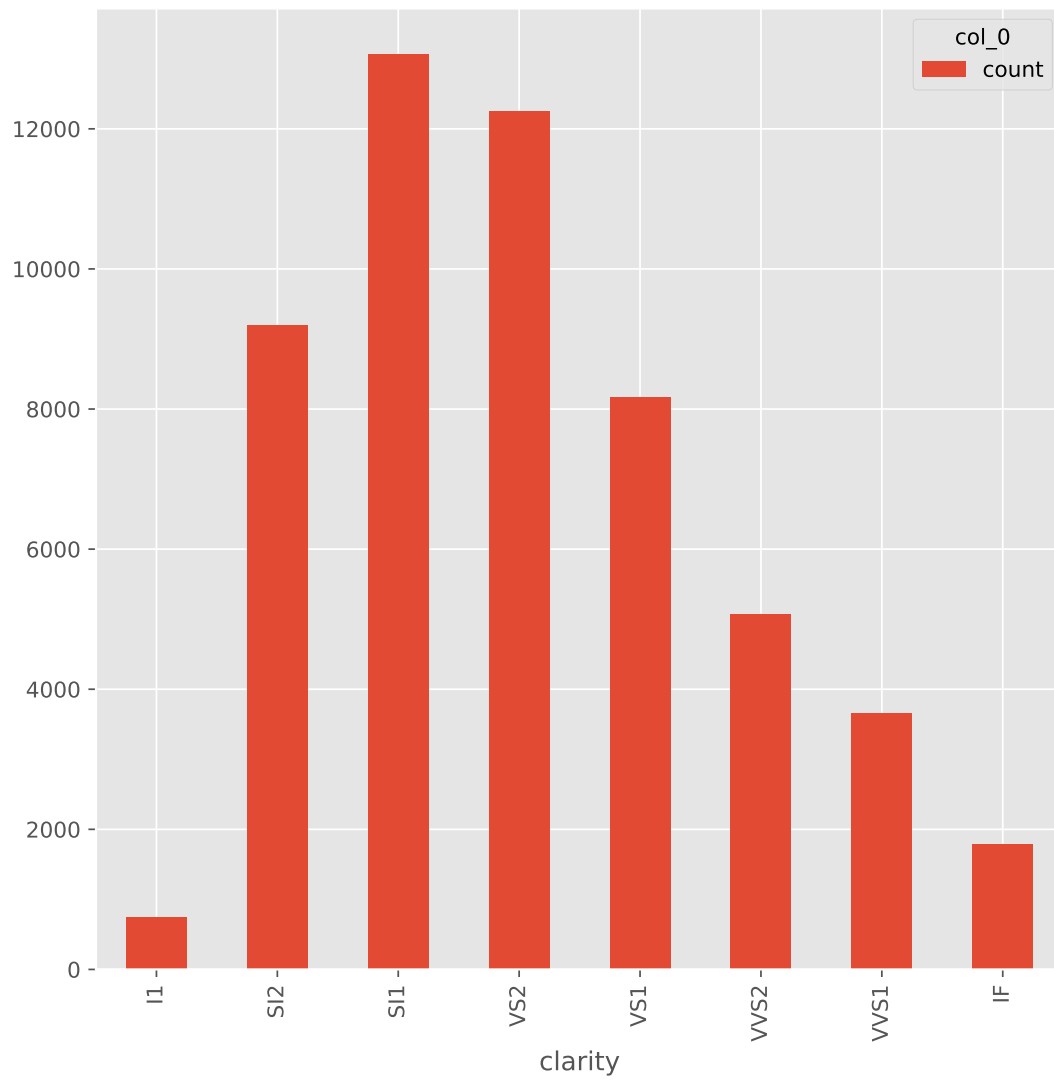
```
# Tabla de frecuencias absolutas  
carat_table = pd.crosstab(index=diamonds["clarity"], columns="count")  
print(carat_table)
```

```
## col_0    count  
## clarity  
## I1         741  
## SI2        9194  
## SI1       13065
```

```
## VS2      12258
## VS1      8171
## VVS2     5066
## VVS1     3655
## IF       1790
```

Barplot

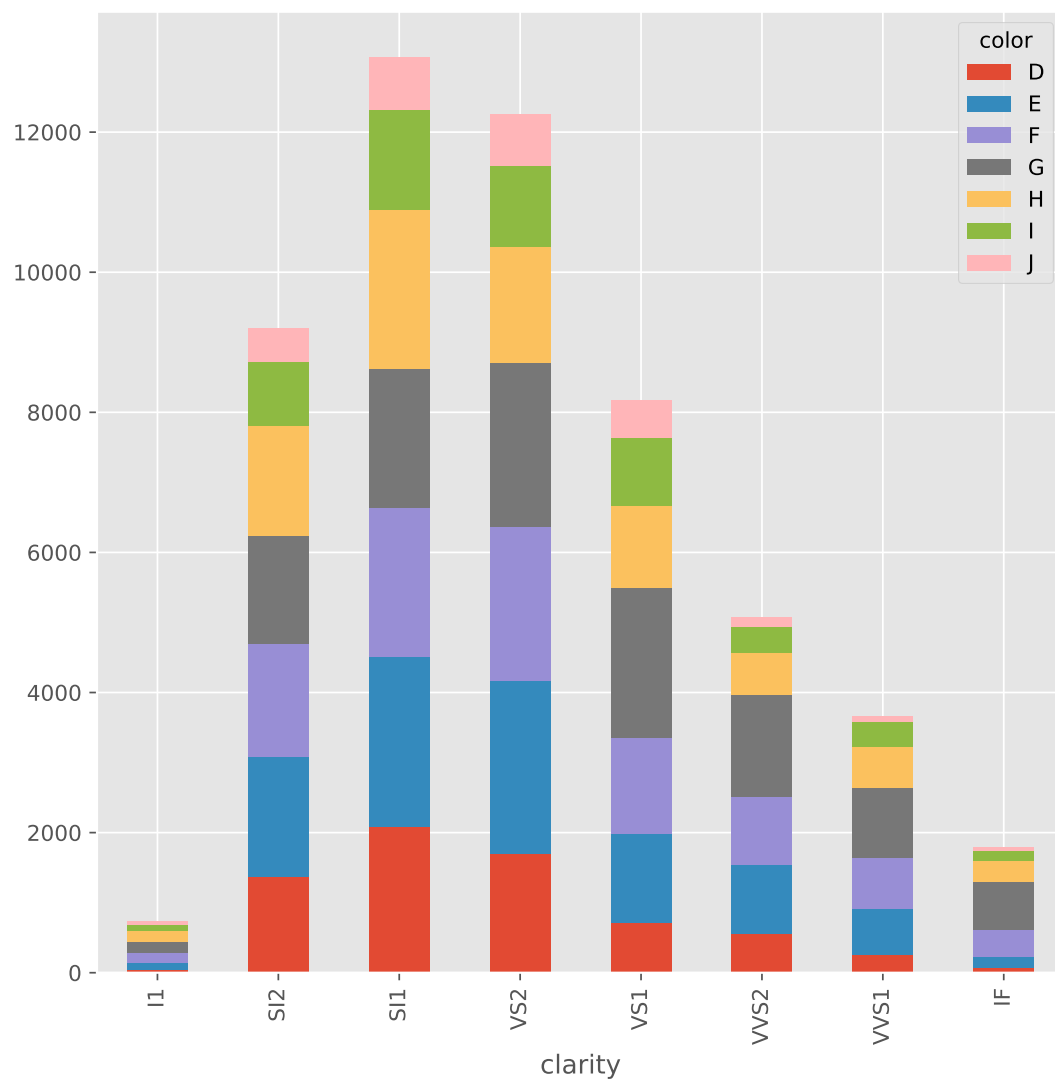
```
carat_table.plot(kind="bar", figsize=(8,8))
matplotlib.pyplot.show()
```



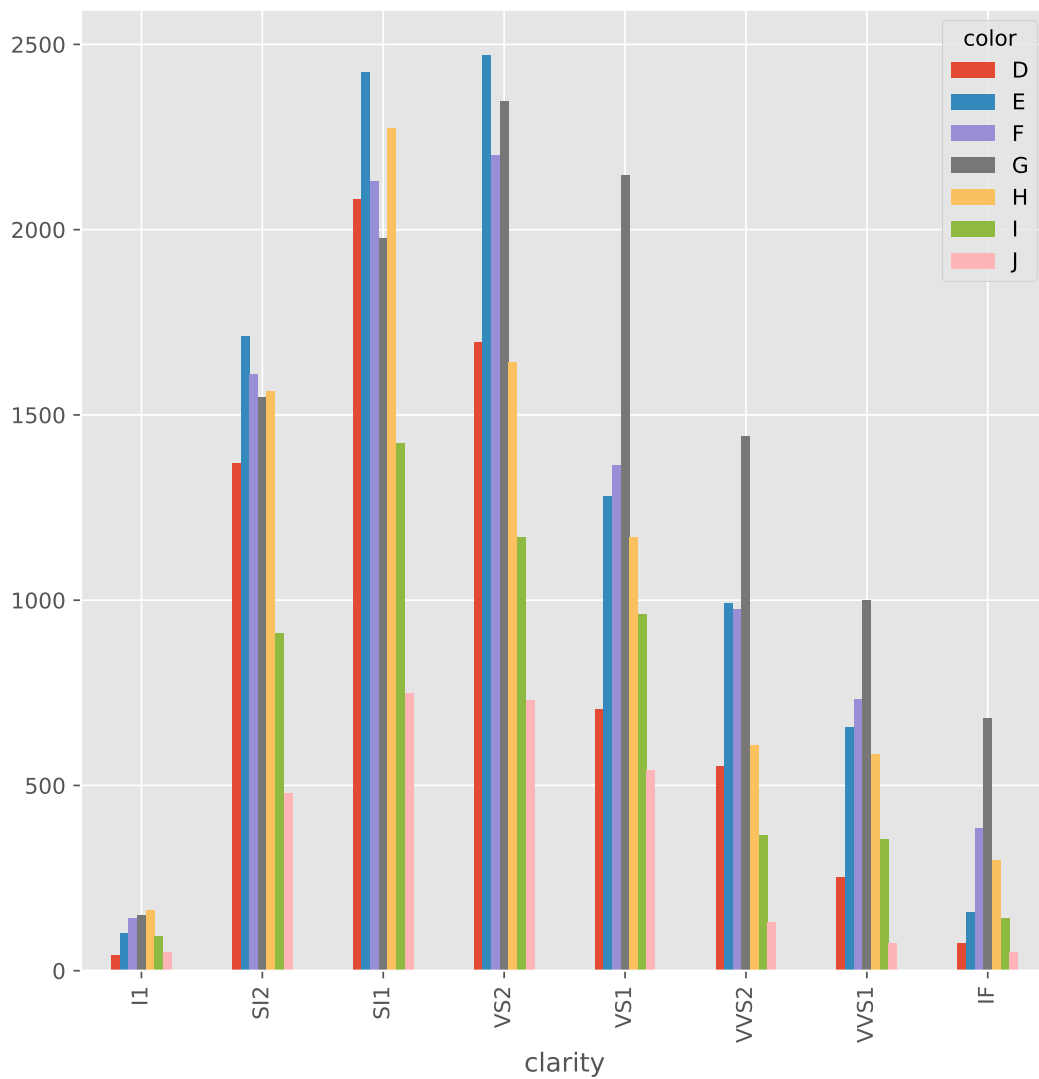
```
carat_table_2 = pd.crosstab(index=diamonds["clarity"], columns=diamonds["color"])
print(carat_table_2)
```

```
## color      D      E      F      G      H      I      J
## clarity
## I1         42     102     143     150     162      92     50
## SI2        1370   1713   1609   1548   1563     912    479
## SI1        2083   2426   2131   1976   2275   1424    750
## VS2        1697   2470   2201   2347   1643   1169    731
## VS1         705   1281   1364   2148   1169     962    542
## VVS2         553    991    975   1443    608     365    131
## VVS1         252    656    734    999    585     355     74
## IF          73     158    385    681    299     143     51
```

```
carat_table_2.plot(kind="bar", figsize=(8,8), stacked = True) #Apiladas
matplotlib.pyplot.show()
```

```
carat_table_2.plot(kind="bar", figsize=(8,8), stacked = False) #Sin apilar
matplotlib.pyplot.show()
```



Scatterplot

Nube de puntos

```
diamonds.plot(kind="scatter", x = "carat", y="price",
               figsize=(10,10),
               ylim=(0,20000), xlim=(0,6), alpha = 0.1)
               # alpha = 1 es 100% opaco
               # alpha = 0 es transparente
matplotlib.pyplot.show()
# Los diamantes cuanto mas kilate mas valen pero can teniendo mas dispersion
```

