```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        Variables
        x = altura de la persona
        y = peso de la persona
In [2]: y = [68.78,74.11,71.73,69.88,67.25,68.78,68.34,67.01,63.45,71.17,
             67.19,65.80,64.30,67.97,72.18,65.27,66.09,67.51,70.10,68.25,
             67.89,68.14,69.08,72.80,67.42,68.49,68.61,74.03,71.52,69.18]
        x = [162, 212, 220, 206, 152, 183, 167, 175, 156, 186, 183, 163, 163, 172, 194,
             168, 161, 164, 188, 187, 162, 192, 184, 206, 175, 154, 187, 212, 195, 205]
In [3]: n = len(y)
        n
Out[3]: 30
In [4]: x = np.array(x)
        y = np.array(y)
Out[4]: array([162, 212, 220, 206, 152, 183, 167, 175, 156, 186, 183, 163, 163,
                172, 194, 168, 161, 164, 188, 187, 162, 192, 184, 206, 175, 154,
                187, 212, 195, 205])
In [5]: sumx = sum(x)
        sumy = sum(y)
        sumx2 = sum(x**2)
        sumy2 = sum(y**2)
        sumxy = sum(x*y)
        promx = sumx/n
        promy = sumy/n
        sumx, sumx2, sumxy
Out[5]: (5434, 994968, 374715.79)
In [6]: m = (sumx*sumy - n*sumxy) / (sumx**2 - n*sumx2)
        b = promy - m*promx
        m, b
Out[6]: (0.10860167641666033, 49.072616345062244)
        Ecuación lineal
        y = -218.68254697954592x + 5.816011292809254
```

```
In [7]: sigmax = np.sqrt(sumx2/n - promx**2)
sigmay = np.sqrt(sumy2/n - promy**2)
sigmaxy = sumxy/n - promx*promy

R2 = (sigmaxy / (sigmax*sigmay))**2
R2
```

Out[7]: 0.6316285764573425

R2 = 63.1628 %

Gráfica

```
In [10]: plt.plot(x, y, 'o', label = 'Datos')
    plt.plot(x, m * x + b, label = 'Regresión')
    plt.xlabel('\nAltura')
    plt.ylabel('Peso\n')
    plt.title('Gráfica de dispersión\n')
    plt.grid()
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

Gráfica de dispersión

