

```
In [120]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

Transacciones

A B C E

B E

C D E

A C D

A C E

```
In [121]: transacciones = [['A', 'B', 'C', 'E'], ['B', 'E'], ['C', 'D', 'E'], ['A', 'C', 'D'], ['A', 'C', 'E']]
transacciones
```

```
Out[121]: [['A', 'B', 'C', 'E'],
           ['B', 'E'],
           ['C', 'D', 'E'],
           ['A', 'C', 'D'],
           ['A', 'C', 'E']]
```

itemset k = 1

```
In [122]: a = []
b = []
c = []
d = []
e = []

i = 1
index = []
```

```
In [123]: for tran in transacciones:
            a.append(tran.count('A'))
            b.append(tran.count('B'))
            c.append(tran.count('C'))
            d.append(tran.count('D'))
            e.append(tran.count('E'))

            index.append(str(i))
            i += 1
a
```

```
Out[123]: [1, 0, 0, 1, 1]
```

```
In [124]: result = {  
    "ID": index,  
    "A": a,  
    "B": b,  
    "C": c,  
    "D": d,  
    "E": e  
}
```

Base de datos binaria

```
In [125]: df = pd.DataFrame(result)  
df
```

```
Out[125]:
```

	ID	A	B	C	D	E
0	1	1	1	1	0	1
1	2	0	1	0	0	1
2	3	0	0	1	1	1
3	4	1	0	1	1	0
4	5	1	0	1	0	1

Suma de ocurrencias de itemset y soporte

```
In [126]: ocurra = sum(a)  
ocurrb = sum(b)  
ocurrc = sum(c)  
ocurrd = sum(d)  
ocurre = sum(e)
```

```
In [127]: sopa = ocurra / 5  
sopb = ocurrb / 5  
sopc = ocurrc / 5  
sopd = ocurrd / 5  
sope = ocurre / 5
```

```
In [128]: dict = {
    "item" : ["A", "B", "C", "D", "E"],
    "Ocurrencia" : [ocurra, ocurrb, ocurrc, ocurrd, ocurre],
    "Soporte" : [sopa, sobp, sopc, sopd, sope]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(dict)
df
```

```
Out[128]:
```

	item	Ocurrencia	Soporte
0	A	3	0.6
1	B	2	0.4
2	C	4	0.8
3	D	2	0.4
4	E	4	0.8

itemset k = 2

```
In [129]: ab = []
ac = []
ad = []
ae = []
bc = []
bd = []
be = []
cd = []
ce = []
de = []

i = 1
index = []
```

```
In [130]: for tran in transacciones:
    ab.append(1 if np.in1d(['A', 'B'], tran).all() else 0)
    ac.append(1 if np.in1d(['A', 'C'], tran).all() else 0)
    ad.append(1 if np.in1d(['A', 'D'], tran).all() else 0)
    ae.append(1 if np.in1d(['A', 'E'], tran).all() else 0)
    bc.append(1 if np.in1d(['B', 'C'], tran).all() else 0)
    bd.append(1 if np.in1d(['B', 'D'], tran).all() else 0)
    be.append(1 if np.in1d(['B', 'E'], tran).all() else 0)
    cd.append(1 if np.in1d(['C', 'D'], tran).all() else 0)
    ce.append(1 if np.in1d(['C', 'E'], tran).all() else 0)
    de.append(1 if np.in1d(['D', 'E'], tran).all() else 0)

    index.append(str(i))
    i += 1
ab
```

```
Out[130]: [1, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```

```
In [131]: resultado = {
    "ID": index,
    "AB": ab,
    "AC": ac,
    "AD": ad,
    "AE": ae,
    "BC": bc,
    "BD": bd,
    "BE": be,
    "CD": cd,
    "CE": ce,
    "DE": de
}
```

Base de datos binaria

```
In [132]: df = pd.DataFrame(resultado)
df
```

```
Out[132]:
```

	ID	AB	AC	AD	AE	BC	BD	BE	CD	CE	DE
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0
1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
3	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4	5	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0

Suma de ocurrencias de itemset y soporte

```
In [133]: ocurrab = sum(ab)
ocurrac = sum(ac)
ocurrad = sum(ad)
ocurrae = sum(ae)
ocurrbc = sum(bc)
ocurrbd = sum(bd)
ocurrbe = sum(be)
ocurrce = sum(cd)
ocurrce = sum(ce)
ocurrde = sum(de)
```

```
In [134]: sopab = ocurrab / 5
sopac = occurrac / 5
sopad = ocurrad / 5
sopae = ocurrae / 5
sopbc = occurrbc / 5
sopbd = occurrbd / 5
sopbe = occurrbe / 5
sopcd = occurrce / 5
sopce = occurrce / 5
sopde = occurrde / 5
```

```
In [135]: dict = {
    "item" : [{"A,B}", "{A,C}", "{A,D}", "{A,E}", "{B,C}", "{B,D}", "{B,E}", "{C,D}", "{C,E}", "{D,E}"],
    "Ocurrencia" : [ocurrab, ocurrac, ocurrad, ocurrae, occurrb, occurrc, occurrd, occurre, occurrb, occurrc, occurrd, occurre],
    "Soporte" : [sopab, sopac, sopad, sopae, sopbc, sopbd, sopbe, sopcd, sopce, sopde]
}
```

```
In [136]: df = pd.DataFrame(dict)
df
```

```
Out[136]:
```

	item	Ocurrencia	Soporte
0	{A,B}	1	0.2
1	{A,C}	3	0.6
2	{A,D}	1	0.2
3	{A,E}	2	0.4
4	{B,C}	1	0.2
5	{B,D}	0	0.0
6	{B,E}	2	0.4
7	{C,D}	2	0.4
8	{C,E}	3	0.6
9	{D,E}	1	0.2

Se **descartan** los itemset que no superen el soporte mínimo (≤ 0.5)

```
In [137]: filt = (df["Soporte"] >= 0.5)
df[filt]
```

```
Out[137]:
```

	item	Ocurrencia	Soporte
1	{A,C}	3	0.6
8	{C,E}	3	0.6

itemset k = 3

```
In [138]: ace = []

i = 1
index = []
```

```
In [139]: for tran in transacciones:
    ace.append(1 if np.in1d(['A', 'C', 'E'], tran).all() else 0)

    index.append(str(i))
    i += 1
ace
```

```
Out[139]: [1, 0, 0, 0, 1]
```

```
In [140]: resultado = {
            "ID": index,
            "ACE": ace,
          }
```

Base de datos binaria

```
In [141]: df = pd.DataFrame(resultado)
df
```

```
Out[141]:
```

	ID	ACE
0	1	1
1	2	0
2	3	0
3	4	0
4	5	1

Suma de ocurrencias de itemset y soporte

```
In [142]: ocurrace = sum(ace)
```

```
In [143]: sopace = ocurrace / 5
```

```
In [144]: dict = {
            "item" : ["{A,C,E}"],
            "Ocurrencia" : [ocurrace],
            "Soporte" : [sopace]
          }
```

```
In [145]: df = pd.DataFrame(dict)
df
```

```
Out[145]:
```

	item	Ocurrencia	Soporte
0	{A,C,E}	2	0.4

Se **descartan** los itemset que no superen el soporte mínimo (≤ 0.5)

```
In [146]: filt = (df["Soporte"] >= 0.5)
df[filt]
```

```
Out[146]:
```

	item	Ocurrencia	Soporte
--	------	------------	---------

La tabla regresa vacía, es decir, **ningún soporte** supera el umbral mínimo

Se detiene el algoritmo

Confianza ≥ 0.7

```
In [147]: reglaac1 = sopac / sopa
          reglaac2 = sopac / sopc
          reglace1 = sopce / sopc
          reglace2 = sopce / sope
```

```
In [148]: dict = {
          "item" : ["{A,C} 1", "{A,C} 2", "{C,E} 1", "{C,E} 2"],
          "Regla" : ["{A} => {C} 1", "{A} => {C} 2", "{C} => {E} 1", "{C} => {E} 2"],
          "Soporte" : [reglaac1,reglaac2,reglace1,reglace2]
          }
```

```
In [149]: df = pd.DataFrame(dict)
          df
```

```
Out[149]:
```

	item	Regla	Soporte
0	{A,C} 1	{A} => {C} 1	1.00
1	{A,C} 2	{A} => {C} 2	0.75
2	{C,E} 1	{C} => {E} 1	0.75
3	{C,E} 2	{C} => {E} 2	0.75

En conclusión, el nivel más alto al que se puede llegar en este caso de transacciones es **K=2** con un soporte(umbral) mínimo de **0.5**, donde todas las reglas de asociación son altamente confiables, pues todas son mayor o igual al **75% de confianza**.