



R&D Project Proposal

Developing Molecular Representations for Machine Learning

Zuha Karim

Supervised by

Dr. Karl N. Kirschner Dr. Sebastian Houben

1 Introduction That is technically true. But almost any innova

Drug pipeline is a process which involves research and other activities from discovering a molecule to the launch of a drug in the market approved by the authorities. One of the most important translational science activities include drug development and drug discovery as it contributes to human health and growth. The drug pipeline consists of several phases. Each phase is further divided into other phases. Phase 0 consists of discovery & development. Phase 1 consists of preclinical research. Phase 2 consists of clinical development, phase 3 review by authorities, phase 4 consists of post-market monitoring.

This whole process of drug discovery can take approximately 15 years [1] along with unsustainable cost greater than \$2 million [2]. It is risky, time consuming and a complicated process, in some cases the cost exceeds to \$500 million[7]. The costs of drug development even in the initial stages are very high. The need to lower the cost and time of drug development is increasing. Not only that, third world countries, that have low pharmaceutical investment returns, do not have enough resources for investing in R&D [6]. Interesting point.

The ultimate goal of drug discovery is to produce a new medicine in the market Why a separate which has been tested and proves to cure the illness. This industry plays a vital role in human health.

You spend a lo

Citation?

of a drug. According to a study [Machine learning applications in drug development] from 2016 to 2018, the total development cost per approved medicine nearly doubled (from \$1,477 to \$2,168 million), nearly doubling in eight years (from 2010 to 2018). Re-purposing pharmaceuticals drugs / compounds is a less dangerous and less expensive process than finding new ones. Reusing drugs can be a solution to shorten the time and lessen the costs of drug development. This process can be optimized by using machine learning and other AI methods. Machine learning and artificial intelligence is speeding up the drug pipeline process[6]. Recent breakthroughs in deep learning, have led to a slew of new drug discovery applications. [2]. Automating the initial process would be really beneficial. In instance, if machine learning could be used to mine current databases for candidate compounds that are likely to have desirable features, drug discovery would be faster and more efficient.[7]

Companies spend an average of \$1 billion and around 13 years in the discovery

Modern machine learning approaches may now be utilized to model and construct artificial intelligence algorithms that effectively predict how chemical alterations or conformations might affect biological activity of compounds. Many thermochemical and physiochemical properties of compounds have been successfully predicted[8].

Nice.

The digital encoding employed for each molecule that serves as input for training the deep learning model is referred to as the molecular representation. Molecular representation can loome a variety of ways, each with its own set of advantages and disadvantages in terms of accuracy and computational efficiency. [4]. The aim

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to this research is to perform comparative analysis of different machine learning models for generating multiple 3D confirmations based, focusing on their input.

...to understand and identify their strength and weaknesses, with a particular empahasis on 3D-based representation.

1.1 Problem Statement

Such a statment

Reuse the existing drugs, to reduce the time and cost of drug development is a solution which is gaining popularity.[1] Machine learning models are heavily being used for this repurposing. Finding similarity, between molecules can help predict if both the molecules poses similar properties and can be utilized for treating same illness. To check the similarity, different conformations of each molecule are required.

Here was an opc

The aim of this research is to create a neural network model which can produce multiple 3D conformations of the molecules. There has not been much research when it comes to generating multiple conformations in 3D using machine learning model [11]. This research will use 2-3 existing input featurization ways in the created NN model, compare them based on the 3D conformations generated by them. Evaluate the conformations. The outcome of the project is to create multiple conformations candidates of a molecule.

The evaluation metric used in most of the models for generating conformation is the shortest distance, which is based on the RMSD metric.

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2 Related Work

2.1 DGSM

References?

Dynamic Graph Score Matching is an approach that predicts the molecular conformation. The previous works only consider local interactions but not the long range ones. This model considers both and performs better. It follows a pattern of an existing work that involves learning the gradient of atomic coordinates. [5]

2.2 ConfGF

This paper presents an approach which is called ConfGF. It is based on Langevin dynamics. The aim of this approach is to predict 3D molecular representations in a single stage as other works involve prediction in more than one stage. It calculates the gradient field of atomic coordinates of molecules. These gradient fields assist in generating the conformations. Upon comparison it with the previous state-of-the-art approaches it outperformed. [14]

2.3 CGCF

This work generates valid conformations using probabilistic framework by a molecular graph. It is a combination of two existing models flow-based and energy-based models. It tries to address an issue of large molecules, the long-distance dependencies of atoms. [16]

2.4 GRAPHDG

This paper describes a probabilistic approach Graph Distance Geometry GRAPHDG, that uses graph representations of molecules to create molecular conformations. Learning methodology is based on Euclidean distance geometry. An exisiting approach CVAE is used for calculating distributions for distance.

2.5 **GEOM**

The Geometric Ensemble Of Molecules assists in developing models that are capable of predicting 3D molecular representations. It is a dataset that contains 33 million molecular conformers. The dataset consists of some properties like relative energies.[3]

3 Project Plan

3.1 Work Packages

Figure 1:

/ a tal	Tasks/Milestones					
Literature Survey	Literature search on different featurization ways. Literature search for machine learning models. Literature search on models to produce multiple 3D conformations. Understanding the state-of-the-art approaches for building a new model Documentation of literature search. M1: Perform in depth literature search					
Generating a model	Implementing the knowledge gained from literature search to build					
	featurization vector. 2. Build a learning model using any of the machine learning state of the art approaches. 3. Optimize the model to be able to take	Any approach, or one that can use a choice				
Evaluation of model	more than one way of input. 4. Generate multiple 3D conformations of a molecule. M2: Generating a model	It is unclear if you will be creating new cod				
	Take a featurization vector and generate conformations. Take another way and then implement the model.					
	Select appropriate metrics for comparison.					
	Perform comparative analysis of the models. M3: Evaluation of the build machine learning model with other models.					
R&D Project Report	Create first draft of the report M4: Create first draft. Add improvements if necessary M5: Create final report	Do you plan to do any similarity calculation				

3.2 Milestones

- M1 Perform in depth literature search
- M2 Implementing a model to generate 3D conformations.
- M3 Evaluation of the build machine learning model with other models.
- ${\rm M4}$ First draft of R&D report
- M5 Add improvements and prepare Final R&D report

3.3 Project Schedule

Figures need figure captions. And what do the orange v

Figure 2:

Duration: 15 December. 2021 - 15 August. 2022											
Literature Survey											
Literature search on different featurization ways											
Literature search for machine learning models.											
Literature search on models to produce multiple 3D conformations.											
Understanding the state-of-the-art approaches for building a new mode											
Documentation of literature search											
Generating a model											
Implementing the knowledge gained from literature search to build featurization vector.											
Build a learning model using any of the machine learning state of the art approaches.											
Optimize the model to be able to take more than one way of input.											
Generate multiple 3D conformations of a molecule.											
Evaluation of model											
Take a featurization vector and generate conformations.											
Take another input way and then implement the model.											
Select appropriate metrics for comparison.											
Perform comparative analysis of the models.											
R&D Project Report											
Create first draft of the report											
Add improvements if necessary											
Complete report Bold face for consistency.											

3.4 Deliverables

Minimum Viable

- In depth literature search on different methods that are using machine learning models to generate 3D multiple conformations.
- Analysis of state of the art.

Expected

- A machine learning model to generate multiple 3D conformations, based on a specific featurization vector.
- Comparative analysis of the generated model with state of the art models.

Desired

- Implement a model that can find similarity between molecules Period (i.e. ".").
- Model that is capable of representation learning and explainable AI.

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By just looking at these, it seems like a good collection of really r

Overall, I think it is a good first attempt to design a research project.However, it could have been done a bit