## **Data Analysis**

The following section presents 10 SQL queries along with screenshots of their results, executed on various tables within the Restaurant\_DB database. These queries demonstrate a range of SQL functionalities, including:

- Joins: Combining data from multiple tables.
- Where Conditions: Filtering data based on specified criteria.
- Group By: Aggregating data based on specified columns.
- **Having**: Filtering groups based on aggregate functions.
- Aggregate Functions: Such as SUM, AVG, and MAX, for summarizing data.
- **Limit**: Restricting the number of results returned.
- Order By: Sorting results based on specified columns.
- Date Intervals: Analyzing data over specific time periods.

These queries demonstrate various analytical techniques to extract and analyze data effectively from the database.

### 1. List all the items ordered with their total quantities and total price

```
-- List all the items ordered with their total quantities and total price
10
11
     SELECT
            i.item_name,
12
            SUM(oi.quantity) AS total quantity,
13
           SUM(oi.item_price) as total_price
14
15
     FROM Items i
     JOIN OrderItems oi ON i.item id = oi.item id
16
17
     GROUP BY i.item name;
18
```

	item_name 🗸	total_quantity 🗸	total_price 🗸
1	Cheeseburger	4	17.47
2	Fries	7	14.45
3	Coke	6	10.45
4	Veggie Burger	2	10.98
5	Chicken Sandwich	2	12.98
6	Chocolate Shake	3	10.97
7	Salad	2	8.98

# 2. Calculate the total amount spent on each order and list the orders in descending order, with the highest amounts at the top.

```
-- Calculate the total amount spent on each order and list the orders in descending order, with the highest amounts at the top.

V SELECT o.order_id,

SUM(oi.quantity * oi.item_price) AS total_amount

FROM Orders o

JOIN OrderItems oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_id

GROUP BY o.order_id

ORDER BY total_amount DESC;
```

#### Results Messages

	order_id 🗸	total_amount 🗸
1	ORD050	16.96
2	ORD008	14.47
3	ORD002	11.47
4	ORD003	10.48
5	ORD001	9.97
6	ORD005	9.47
7	ORD007	8.47
8	ORD006	7.98
9	ORD004	6.98
10	ORD009	4.49

#### 3. List the most expensive item in each category.

```
-- Find the most expensive item in each category.

SELECT item_category,

MAX(item_price) AS max_price

FROM Items

GROUP BY item_category;

GROUP BY item_category;
```

	item_category 🗸	max_price 🗸
1	Burger	5.99
2	Sandwich	6.49
3	Side	4.49
4	Beverage	4.99
5	Dessert	3.49

#### 4. Calculate the total cost of ingredients for each item, factoring in the size of the item.

```
-- Calculate the total cost of ingredients for each item, factoring in the size of the item.

SELECT i.item_id,

i.item_name, item_size,

SUM(ing.ingredient_price * ii.quantity_required) AS total_ingredient_cost

FROM Items i

JOIN ItemIngredients ii ON i.item_id = ii.item_id

JOIN Ingredients ing ON ii.ingredient_id = ing.ingredient_id

GROUP BY i.item_id, i.item_name,item_size;
```

#### Results Messages

	item_id 🗸	item_name 🗸	item_size ✓	total_ingredient_cost 🗸
1	ITM001	Cheeseburger	Medium	2.90
2	ITM002	Veggie Burger	Medium	1.40
3	ITM003	Chicken Sandwich	Medium	1.70
4	ITM004	Fries	Small	2.00
5	ITM005	Fries	Large	4.00
6	ITM006	Coke	Small	3.30
7	ITM007	Coke	Large	5.00
8	ITM009	Chocolate Shake	Medium	15.00
9	ITM010	Milkshake	Large	22.50
10	ITM011	Hot Dog	Medium	1.50
11	ITM012	Onion Rings	Medium	0.75
12	ITM013	Apple Pie	Medium	0.75
13	ITM014	Lemonade	Medium	15.25
14	ITM015	Chicken Nuggets	Large	3.60

#### 5. List the top 5 items with the highest total sales amount.

```
-- List the top 5 items with the highest total sales amount.
45
      SELECT i.item_name,
46
47
            SUM(oi.quantity * oi.item_price) AS total_sales
      FROM OrderItems oi
48
      JOIN Items i ON oi.item_id = i.item_id
49
50
      GROUP BY i.item name
51
      ORDER BY total_sales DESC
52
      LIMIT 5;
53
```

	item_name 🗸	total_sales 🗸
1	Cheeseburger	23.46
2	Fries	20.43
3	Chicken Sandwich	12.98
4	Coke	12.94
5	Veggie Burger	10.98

#### 6. Show orders placed in the last 30 days along with the total quantity of items ordered

```
-- Show orders placed in the last 30 days along with the total quantity of items ordered

SELECT o.order_id,

COUNT(oi.order_item_id) AS total_items_ordered

FROM Orders o

JOIN OrderItems oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_id

WHERE o.placement_date >= NOW() - INTERVAL 30 DAY

GROUP BY o.order_id;
```

#### Results Messages

	order_id 🗸	total_items_ordered 🗸
1	ORD001	3
2	ORD002	3
3	ORD003	2
4	ORD004	2
5	ORD005	2
6	ORD006	2
7	ORD007	2
8	ORD008	3
9	ORD009	1
10	ORD050	2

#### 7. Show items that have never been ordered.

```
-- Show items that have never been ordered.

SELECT i.item_id,

i.item_name

FROM Items i

LEFT JOIN OrderItems oi ON i.item_id = oi.item_id

WHERE oi.item_id IS NULL;
```

	item_id 🗸	item_name 🗸
1	ITM010	Milkshake
2	ITM011	Hot Dog
3	ITM012	Onion Rings
4	ITM013	Apple Pie
5	ITM014	Lemonade
6	ITM015	Chicken Nuggets

#### 8. List all ingredients that are used in more than 3 items.

```
71
      -- List all ingredients that are used in more than 3 items.
72
      SELECT ing.ingredient_id,
73
             ing.ingredient_name,
74
             COUNT(ii.item id) AS num items
75
      FROM Ingredients ing
76
      JOIN ItemIngredients ii ON ing.ingredient_id = ii.ingredient_id
     GROUP BY ing.ingredient_id, ing.ingredient_name
77
78
     HAVING COUNT(ii.item_id) > 3;
79
```

#### Results Messages

	ingredient_id \	/	ingredient_name ✓	num_items	<b>~</b>
1	ING002		Burger Bun	4	

#### 9. Calculate the average price of items in each category, rounded to two decimal points.

```
-- Calculate the average price of items in each category, rounded to two decimal points.
81
       SELECT item_category,
82
             ROUND(AVG(item_price), 2) AS average_price
83
      FROM Items
84
85
      GROUP BY item_category;
Results
```

#### Messages

	item_category 🗸	average_price 🗸
1	Burger	5.49
2	Sandwich	6.49
3	Side	3.59
4	Beverage	3.19
5	Dessert	3.49

#### 10. List items with inventory below a certain threshold (100)

```
-- List items with inventory below a certain threshold (100)
100
       SELECT i.item_id,
101
102
              i.item name,
              SUM(inv.quantity) AS total_inventory_quantity
103
       FROM Items i
104
105
       LEFT JOIN Inventory inv ON i.item_id = inv.item_id
       GROUP BY i.item_id, i.item_name
106
       HAVING total_inventory_quantity < 100;</pre>
```

	item_id 🗸	item_name 🗸	total_inventory_quantity 🗸
1	ITM002	Veggie Burger	50
2	ITM003	Chicken Sandwich	70
3	ITM009	Chocolate Shake	80