# 2009年云南省中考英语试题

## (满分 120 分,考试时间 120 分钟)

第一部分听力(共四节,满分 30分)

第一节听句子,选出与句子内容相关的图画。(共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)



第二节听句子,选出与所听句子内容相符的正确答语。(共满分 5 分)

- 6. A. It's interesting.
- 7. A. Good luck !
- 8. A. Certainly not.

- B. Don't worry.
- B. My pleasure.
- B. You're so kind.
- 5 小题,每小题 1分,
- C. The same to you.
- C. It doesn't matter.
  - C. No, thanks.

第 -1 -页

9. A. At school.

B. On foot.

C. In ten days.

10. A. Thanks. I will.

B. I hope not.

C. No, I won't.

第三节听对话,选出能回答问题的正确选项。(共

10 小题,每小题 1分,满分 10分)

听第 1 段对话,回答第 11,12 小题。

11. What does Mr. Brown do?

A. A doctor.

B. A teacher.

C. A driver.

12. What time does Mr. Brown get up in the morning?

A. At 6:00.

B. At 7:00.

C. At 8:00.

听第 2 段对话,回答第 13,14 小题。

13. What are they going to do this evening?

A. Go to the supermarket.

B. Go to the concert.

C. Go to the office.

14. Where are they going to meet?

A. Outside the cinema.

B. In the park.

C. At Betty's house.

听第 3 段对话,回答第 15 17 小题。

15. Why does Sam like Kunming?

A. Because the weather is hot and cloudy.

B. Because the weather is sunny and warm.

C. Because the weather is cold and rainy.

16. Does Sam live near the hills?

A. Yes, he does.

B. No, he doesn't.

C. We don't know.

17. What does Sam do when the weather is bad?

A. Go climbing.

B. Listen to music.

C. Watch TV.

听第 4 段对话,回答第 18? 20 小题。

18. What's wrong with Nick?

A. He has a toothache.

B. He has a headache.

C. He has a stomachache.

19. Has Nick gone to see the doctor?

A. Yes, he has.

B. No, he hasn't.

C. No. He stays at home.

20. What does Lucy want to do?

A. She wants to clean the room for Nick.

B. She wants to help Nick with his lessons.

C. She wants to buy some fruits for Nick.

第四节听对话,完成下列信息表格。(共 5小题,每小题 2分,满分 10分)

Presents on Mother's Day			
From Whom : Rose and Mike	Date: May 10th		
Rose's Present: A Coat and 21	The Color of the Coat:22		
The Size of the Coat:23	The Money Rose Spent:24		
Mike's Present:25			

21. A. A skirt

B. A T-shirt

C. Some flowers

22. A. Red	B. White	C. Blue	
23. A. Size 36	B. Size 38	C. Size 40	
24. A. 200 yuan	B. 350 yua	n C. 400 yuan	
25. A. A bag	B. A hat	C. A cake	
第二部分英语知识运用 (	共三节,满分	35分)	
第一节词语释义(共 5	小题,每小题 1:	分,满分 5分)	
选出与句中画线部分意义	最接近的解释。		
26. We often play footbal	l on weekends, but	at times we go shoppin	g.
A. always	B. sometimes	C. as usual	D. at that time
27. My uncle rang me up	this morning, but I	wasn't at home.	
A. visited me B. lo	oked after me	C. woke me up	D. called me
28. John was walking on	air when he knew	his father bought him a l	bike.
A. too bad	B. quite sad	C. very excited	D. a little angry
29. Why not listen to p	op music, Tom?		
Oh, that's not my cup	of tea. I like classic	al music better.	
A. it's my favourite	B. that's not my	y favourite	
C. it's good for me	D. I don't want t	o drink tea	
30. The dress is so b	eautiful. Do you lik	e it?	
Yes. But it costs an arr	n and a leg and I h	aven't enough money w	vith me.
A. it's too expensive	B. it's very chea	ар	
C. it doesn't fit me	D. it's too big for	r me	
第二节单项填空(共 2	0 小题,每小题 1	分,满分 20分)	
从 A、B、C、D 四个选	项中选择能填入空	白处的正确答案。	
31. It won't be long. I'll be	back in half	hour.	
A. the B.	a C. an	D. /	
32. Happy Father's D	ay, dad		
, my sc			
A. I'm very happy		wishes	
C. The same to you	D. Thank you		
33. After the earthqua	ke, we heard of	a lot of	stories, and all of us were
deeply			
A. moving, moved	B. moving, mov	ing	
C. moved, moving	D. moved, move	ed	
34. What else do you	ı want?		
I think I	າave got everythinເ	g ready.	
A. Nothing	B. Anything	C. Something	D. Everything
35. — Excuse me, when	n will the Flight CAS	980 arrive?	
Wait a minute, please.	I'll it f	or you.	
A. see B.	catch C.	check D. read	

36 you the film City of Life and Death ( Nanjing ! Nanjing ! )
No, not yet. A painful memory. I will see it this weekend.
A. Will, see B. Are, seeing C. Have, seen D. Do, see
37. If you don't learn something useful, you will feel sad you are old.
A. what B. when C. which D. why
38. — Let's go out and enjoy the sunshine.
It's boring to stay at home.
A. Sounds great B. Not at all C. Forget it D. No way
39. I think people will go to Shanghai for the EXPO 2010.
A. million of B. millions of C. two millions of D. two millions
40. A kind is better than a good face.
A. eye B. ear C. heart D, hand
41. — The music is good, but I'm afraid it's too noisy. Could you please turn it down?
A. I'd love to B. I hope so
C. I'm glad you like it D. I'm sorry about that
42. Shall I get some drinks for you?
A. That's nice of you B. You are right
C, Here you are D. You are welcome
43. With tears her eyes, Mrs. Vera thanked the young man for saving her child.
A. out B. in C. under D. over
44. Just like weather, life be beautiful all the time.
A. mustn't B. needn't C. can't D. wouldn't
45 is the moon away from the earth?
—It's about 383 000 kilometers.
A. How long B. How soon C. How often D. How far
46. I'm worried about the test tomorrow, mum.
<ul><li> ! Believe in yourself, my dear.</li></ul>
A. It's a joke B. Take it easy C. It's terrible D. Be careful
47. I'm leaving for Hawaii on vacation this afternoon.
And don't forget to send me a postcard.
A. Can you say it again?  B. Can I go with you?
C, I don't care. D. Have a nice trip !
48. Thought is the key opens the doors of the world.
A. why B. where C. which D. who
49. Do you know in Australia?
— Yes. In May, 2009.
A. when Ben got his job  B. when will Ben get his job
C. when did Ben get his job  D. when Ben will get his job
50. Don't too late, or you will feel tired in class.

I won't, mum. Good night.

A. wake up B. stay up C. get up D. stand up

第三节完形填空(共 10 小题,每小题 1分,满分 10分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择能填入空白处的正确答案。

A gentleman put an ad in a newspaper for a boy to work in his office. About 60 persons came for the 51 . Finally, the gentleman chose one after the interview.

"I'd like to know," said a friend,"why you\_52\_that boy, who brought not a letter nat recommendation(推荐信)."

"You're 53\_\_\_. He did not bring a single letter." said the gentleman. "But I think he had a great many. He wiped(擦) his feet at the door and closed the door 54\_\_\_\_ him, showing he was careful. He gave his \_55\_\_ to that old man, showing he was kind and friendly. He turned off his mobile phone \_56\_\_ he came in, and answered my questions quickly, showing that he was \_\_\_57 and a real gentleman."

"He waited for his <u>58</u> instead of pushing and crowding. As I talked to him, I <u>59 his</u> clean clothing, hair and finger-nails. Can't you see that these things are the best recommendations? I think they are 60 than letters."

	man letters.			
51. A. interview	B. class	C. meeting	D. exam	
52. A. know	B. introduce	C. prefer	D. dislike	
53. A. honest	B. serious	C. wrong	D. right	
54. A. in front of	B. behind	C. before	D. beside	
55. A. seat	B. bag	C. mobile phor	ne D. lett	er
56. A. if	B. since	C. until	D. as soon as	
57. A. healthy	B. polite	C. happy	D. helpful	
58. A. turn	B. answer	C. term	D. result	
59. A. watched	B. thought	C. noticed	D. liked	
60. A. less important 第三部分阅读理解(共	B. more impo 15 小题,每小	ortant       C. less 题   2 分,满分	•	D. more interesting

Α

Top students always have special ways of learning that others probably can learn. Here arc some of their secrets.

- ? Study any time and everywhere. Some work late at night. Others work early in the morning. And some others study as soon as they come back home. All the ways are OK, but you should keep your own.
- ? Learn how to read. The secret of good reading is to be an active reader. Asking questions makes a full understanding of the book.
- ? Plan your time. If you want to be the top, make sure to finish all tasks on time.
- ? Keep your papers clean. Clean papers are likely to get higher grades than dirty ones.
- ? Top students often make up possible test questions themselves. It helps them find exams much easier.

? Do more than what your teacher asks. The more you practice, the more you learn. 根据短文内容,判断以下句子的正误。你认为正确的句子写 "T",错误的写 "F"。 (共 5 小

题,每小题 2分,满分 10分)

- 61. The secrets are written for successful teachers,
- 62. If you want to he the top, you can only work late at night.
- 63. To read better, try to he an active reader.
- 64. It's necessary to keep your papers clean to get higher grades.
- 65. It's enough to do what your teacher asks.

В

A blind hoy sat on the steps of a building with a hat by his feet. He <u>held up</u> a sign which said,"I am blind, please help. " There were only a few coins in the hat.

A man was walking by. He took a few coins from his pocket and dropped them into the hat. He then took the sign, turned it around, and wrote some words. He put the sign back so that everyone who walked by would see the new words.

Soon the hat began to fill up. A lot more people were giving money to the blind boy. That afternoon the man who had changed the sign came to see how things were. The boy recognized(听出)his footsteps and asked,"Were you the one who changed my sign this morning? What did you write?"

The man said, "I only wrote the truth. I said what you said but in a different way."

What he had written was,"Today is a beautiful day; I can not see it." Of course both signs told people the boy was blind. But the first sign simply said the boy was blind. The second sign told people they were so lucky that they were not blind. Should we be surprised that the second sign was more effective(有效的)?

根据短文内容,选择正确答案。(共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 10 分) 66. The boy in the passage can not \_\_\_\_\_\_.
A. see B. walk C. hear D. speak

- 67. How did the man help the boy?
- A. He gave the boy a lot of money.
- B. He brought the boy back to his home.
- C. He wrote some new words on the sign.
- D. He sent the boy to a special school.
- 68. The underlined words "held up" in the first paragraph mean
- A. 阻碍 B. 举着 C.承受 D. 坚持
- 69. What happened after the man changed the sign?
- A. The boy still got a few coins in the hat.

  B. The boy got much more money.
- C. No one gave the boy Coins any more. D. The boy became healthy.
- 70. What can we learn from the story? '
- A. Time means life; time is money.
- B. You should be brave even though you're blind.

- C. Treating a thing differently brings a different result.
- D. If we want to be rich, we should be honest.

C

British teenagers cost their parents an average( 平均) of £,000 a year. Where does their money come from? And what do they like to spend it on? Let's see what the two boys said.

Emil, 15, lives with his parents, two brothers and one sister.

Income( 收入): Every week I get 30 from my parents. I usually spend it going out with my friends.

Expenditure(花费): I have two phones. My parents pay for one —it's 25£a month — and I pay for the other. If I need clothes, and I really need them, my mum will give me the money. I pay **6** for my hair cut.

Tom, another boy, 17, lives with his parents. They give some extra(额外的) money when he has used up the money he gets from a part-time job.

Income: I've got a part — time job. I do two evenings a week and on Sundays. My monthly wage( 工资 )is about 220. If I have used up my wages, I ask for a bit of money. If 1 ask my dad, he gives me the money and then I have to pay him back at the end of the month, but my mum just gives me the money and says, " All right. Have a good time!"

Expenditure : I usually save up my pay for the things I want. If I need a little bit of extra money, I'll ask for it as a present. But if I want anything else that costs more, I will spend some of my wages on it. My dad pays 25 fox my monthly phone calls, I think he pays for it because he wants me to be able to keep in touch with them.

D. has two sisters and a brother

根据短文内容,选择正确答案。(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

71. How much money does Emil get from his parents each month?

A. <b>£</b> 0. 11	9£0.	C. £100	D. <b>£</b> 120.
-------------------	------	---------	------------------

72. From the passage, we can learn that Emil \_\_\_\_\_

A. is the only child in the family B. lives in a big family C. lives with his grandparents

73. What does Tom usually do for the things he wants?

A. He saves up his pay.

B. He asks his parents for them.

C. He borrows them from his friends.

D. He borrows money from his parents.

74. Tom's father pays for

A. his clothes B. his haircut

C. his monthly phone calls D. his presents

75. Which of the following statements is TRUE?

A. Emil himself pays for his two phones calls.

B. Emil's mother gives him the money for his haircut.

C. Tom's parents don't give him money because he has a part-lime job.

D. Tom's father wants him to pay back the money he asks for, but his mother doesn't. 第四部分写作(共三节,满分  25 分)
第一节根据句意,用括号中所给词的适当形式填空。(共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,满 分 5
分)
76. The little boy wants to be an when he grows up. (act)
77. Life is like a piece of white paper, on which we may draw the and finest pictures,
(new)
78. It is raining. You should drive the car (care)
79. Parents are our first teachers. They teach lessons of life, (we)
80. Take the time and listen, and you'll hear the sound of nature, (wonder) 第二节将下列句子中汉语部分译成英语, 注意使用适当的形式。 (共 5 小题 , 每小 题 1 分
满分 5 分)
81. Animals are our friends. I like to keep a in my house.( 宠物狗)
82. Don't ! Your dream will come true ( 放弃)
83. We should obey the and learn to protect ourselves.(交通规则)
84. How often do you help your mother with the housework?(一周一次)
85. In order to save the trees on the earth, we'd better use fewer,(纸袋)
第二节书面表达(满分 15 分)
Sunshine in My Life
提示:生活中处处充满着阳光。每个人都会得到同学的帮助,朋友的支持,老师 的关心,
亲人的爱护,让你感受到生活中的阳光和幸福。请写一件你经历过的事,说     明生活是美
好的。
要求: 1.请根据所给的题目,用英语写一篇短文,词数不少于 60 个;
2. 语言流畅、书写规范、卷面整洁;
3. 文中不得使用你的真实姓名、校名,否则以零分计;

### 2009 年云南省中考英语试题参考答案和听力材料

- 1. B 2. A 3.C 4. A 5.C 6. A 7. C 8. A 9. B 10. A
- 11. C 12. A 13. B 14. C 15. B 16. A 17. C 18. B 19. A 20. B 21. C
- 22. A 23. B 24. B 25. C
- 26. B【解析】词组 at times 意为 "有时 ", 频率副词 sometimes 也意为 "有时 ", 故选 B。
- 27. D【解析】短语 ring sb. up 意为 "给某人打电话 ",相当于 call sb.,故选 D。
- 28. C【解析】短语 walk on air 意为 "洋洋得意 ", very excited 意为 "非常兴奋 ", 两者比较相近, 故选 c。
- 29. B【解析】根据后句的句意 "我比较喜欢古典音乐 ", 所以 前句应该翻译成 "那不是我最喜欢的 ", 故选 B。
- 30. A【解析】 cost an arm and a leg 意为 "非常贵 ", 正和 A 项 的句意相符 ,故选 A。
- 31. C【解析】本题考查冠词的用法。名词 hour 的音标是以 元音因素开始,故应该用不定 冠词 an。
- 32. D【解析】本题考查情景交际。在父亲节时,儿子对父亲 说 "父亲节快乐 ",父亲应该对儿子说 "谢谢! ",故选 D。
- 33. A【解析】本题考查形容词 moving 和 moved 的区别。形 容词 moving 意为 "令人感动的",主语通常是物;形容词 moved 意为 "感动的",主语通常是人,故选 A。
- 34. A【解析】本题考查不定代词用法。根据句意 "我想我已 经准备好一切 ",故不需要什么东西了,不定代词 nothing,表示否定,故选 A。
- 35. C【解析】本题考查情景交际。根据句意 "请稍等,我将 为你查查",动词 check 意为"检查",故选 C。
- 36. C【解析】本题考查时态用法。在现在完成时的句子中, already 常用于肯定句, yet 常用于否定句和疑问句,故 选 0。
- 37. B【解析】本题考查疑问副词的用法。 疑问副词 when 引导时间状语从句, 意为 "当……的时候 ", 故选 B。
- 38. A【解析】本题考查情景交际。因为待在家里乏味,出去 晒晒太阳应该是听起来很棒,故选 A。
- 39. B【解析】本题考查数词的用法。基数词在表示确切的数 字时,不能使用百、千、百万、十亿的复数形式,而是直接用 在数量的后面,如 3 hundred, 5 thousand, 7 million, 9 billion; 当基数词表示不确切数字,如成百、成千上万,三 三两两时,基数词则以复数形式出现,如: hundreds of , thousands of, millions of 意思是:数以百计的,成千上万 的,上百万的。故选 B。
- 40. C【解析】本题考查名词词义辨析。根据常理,善良的心 要比好看的脸更好,故选 C。 41. D【解析】本题考查情景交际。由于自己开得音乐声音 很大,别人感觉喧闹,故应该 跟人家说声对不起,故选 D。
- 42. A【解析】本题考查情景交际。别人为你取饮料,你应该 对人家说声谢谢,故选 A。 43. B【解析】本题考查介词的用法。 with tears in one's eyes 意为 "某人眼里含着泪 ",故选

B。

44. C【解析】 本题考查情态动词的用法。 mustn't"禁止 "; needn't "没必要 "; can't "不可能 "; wouldn't " 不可能 "含 个人意愿。故选 c。

45. D【解析】本题考查 how long/soon/often/far 的区别。因 为答语回答的是距离,提问距 离应该用 how far , 故选 D。

46. B【解析】本题考查情景交际。由于儿子担心明天的考 张,短语 take it easy 意为 "不紧张 ",故选 B。

试,所以母亲安慰儿子不要紧

47. D【解析】本题考查情景交际。因为朋友要旅游,应该对 他说声旅行愉快,故选 D。 48. C【解析】本题考查疑问代词的用法。在定语从句中,先 行词如果是物,应该由疑问 代词 which 引导,故选 C。

49. A【解析】本题考查宾语从句的语序。宾语从句应该用 只有 A 项是陈述句语序,故 选 A。

陈述句的语序,四个选项中,

50. B【解析】本题考查词组辨析。 wake up 意为 "醒,"; stay up 意为 "熬夜 "; get up 意为 "起 床"; stand up 意为 "起立, "根据句意 "别熬夜太晚了 ,否则你会在课上感觉疲劳 ",故选 В

【文章大。意】一位绅士在报纸上刊登一则广告,想为他的办公室招收一名小伙子,在大 约 60 名面试者中,这位绅士最终选 择了 一位没有带介绍信,也没有推荐信的一位面试 者。

51. A【解析】 因为绅士刊登了广告, 所以有大约 60 人来面试, 名词 interview 意为 "面试", 故选 A。

52. C【解析】在大约 60 个面试者中,绅士选择了一个没有带 介绍信和推荐信的面试者, 可见绅士比较喜欢这名面试 者,动词 prefer 意为 "更喜欢 ",故选 C。

53. D【解析】根据后面的一句话,可知这句话是绅士对朋友 所说的事情进行肯定回答, 故选 D。

54. B【解析】人在进入门里把门关上的时候, 门应该在人的 后面,介词 behind 意为 "在...... 后面 " , 故选 B。

55. A【解析】给老人让座,才能显示出这位面试者的善良和 友好,故选 A。

56. D【解析】 as soon as 意为 "一……就 ", 更能突出面试者 关手机的速度, 故选 D。

57. B【解析】关手机,快速地回答绅士的问题,表明这名面试 者是有礼貌的,故选 B。

58. A【解析】这名面试者在等着他的次序,不推不挤,名词 turn 意为 "次序 ", 故选 A。

到这位面试者干净的衣服、

59. C【解析】当绅士和这名面试者谈话的时候,绅士也注意 头发和手指甲,动词 watch 意 为"观察",不恰当, B 项和 D 项不符合句意,故选

60. B【解析】因为绅士觉得他所观察到的这些比信件更重 要,应该用 important 的比较级 more important, 1?? B 。

【文章大意】本篇短文主要介绍了尖子生总是有特别的学习方 的秘密,可以供其他人学习。

式,并介绍了 一些尖子生

61. F【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据第一段可知,秘密写 写成功的教师,故填 F。

成功的尖子生,而不是秘密

- 62. F【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据尖子生的第一个秘密 口 J 知,一些晚上学得很晚;一些早晨起得很早学习;一些一 回到家,就学习,所有的方式都是好的,故填 F。
- 63. T【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据第二个秘密可知良 好的阅读秘诀就是成为一个积极的读者,故填 T。
- 64. T【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据第四个秘密可知,干 净的试卷要比脏的试卷得到的分数高,故填 T。
- 65. F【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据最后一个秘密可知, 练习的越多, 学到的越多, 故填 F。
- 【文章大意】 一个失明的男孩举起一个写有 "我是失明的 ,请帮 帮我"的标志牌在乞讨 , 帽子里仅有一些硬币。一个男人经过 的时候,给了小男孩一些硬币,还帮他在标志牌的后面写了 "今天天气不错,但我不能看见 "的新标语,很快帽子就被硬币 填满了。
- 66. A【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据第一段的第一句话 可知,这个男孩失明,所以不能看见东西,故选 A。
- 67. C【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据第二段的内容可知, 那个男人给了小男孩一些硬
- 币,而不是很多硬币,还帮他 写了新的标语,故选 C。 68. B【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据第一段的内容我们可 知,这个失明的小男孩在乞
- 讨,所以应该举着带有标语的标志牌,故选 B。 69. B【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据第三段第一句话可知知,很快帽子被硬币充满了,
- 应该是得到更多的钱,故 选 B 70. C【°解析】本题考主旨大意。根据本篇短文的内容我们 可理解到对待事情不同的方
- 【文章大意】英国青少年平均每年花费他们父母 9000 英镑,我 来自,里?他们喜欢在什么上付款?然后,通过两个青少年 的话,向我们说明。
- 71. D【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据短文第三段,埃米每 个星期可以从父母那里得到 30 英镑,一个月大概有四个 星期,即 120 英镑,故选 D。
- 72. B【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据短文的第二段可知 , 埃米 15 岁 , 与父母在一起 , 有两个哥哥和一个妹妹 , 她的 家庭是个大家庭 , 故选 B。
- 73. A【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据短文最后一句话可 知,汤姆通常会为他想要的东西节省他的支付,故选 A。
- 74. C【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据短文最后一段倒数 第二句话可知,汤姆的父亲为他支付每月 25 英镑的电话 费,故选 C。
- 75. D【解析】本题考查细节理解。根据短文第六段最后一 句话可知,向父亲要钱时,通常要在月底归还,而向母亲要 则不需要,故选 D。
- 76. actor 77. newest 78. carefully 79. us 80. wonderful 81. pet dog 82. give up 83. traffic rules 84. Once a week 85. paper bags '

#### 【写作指导】

式,导致不同的结果,故选C。

这篇作文从形式上看是以叙事为主的记叙文。经历过的 事是发生在过去的事情,故应该用一般过去时态来描述。在 选择事件的时候,一定要考虑该事件是否充满阳光、充满爱,选择一个比较典型的事件,来反映生活中处处充满阳光。最 后,用独立一段作个总结,

来说明生活是美好的,所用的时态 可以是一般现在时或一般将来时。

Possible version 1

Everyone has different ideas about life. Some say life is happy, but others feel life is unhappy. In my opinion, life is beautiful and full of sunshine.

Several weeks ago, one of my classmates Sun was badly ill. He had to be in hospital for a long time. But his family was too poor to afford it. What could we do? We decided to collect money for him. Everyone in our class took out our pocket money. Then, we went to the street on Sunday to collect money from others. When we sent all the money to him, he and his parents were deeply moved.

Maybe sometimes we feel unlucky, but we should believe: Life is beautiful. Help and love will be around us forever.

Possible version 2

I live in a happy family and I think life is beautiful and full of sunshine.

I can remember one day when I got a cold, my parents took me to the hospital. After being examined, I took some medicine and went back home. My parents asked me to have a rest. I had a good sleep. When 1 woke up, 1 found my parents sitting beside me. They didn't sleep and stayed with me for a whole night. I felt very warm.

In a word, my parents love me and I love my parents, too. I think life is beautiful.

#### 听力材料:

#### Part 1

- 1. Computers are becoming more and more popular in modern life.
- 2. The young boy likes playing ping pong when he is free.
- 3. Jenny plays the violin very well.
- 4. An apple a day keeps the doctor away.
- 5. Tony is a good boy. He never throws rubbish everywhere.

#### Part 2

- 6. What do you think of your school life, Jim?
- 7. I am sorry; I may come to your party a bit later.
- 8. Would you mind my sitting here?
- 9. How do you go to school, Kate?
- 10. Remember to give my best wishes to your family.

#### Part 3

#### Text 1

W: You drive a school bus, Mr. Brown?

M: That's right. I take the children to school.

W:Do you get up early in the morning?

M:Oh, yes. I have to get up at 6 o'clock.

W: And when does school begin?

M:It begins at 8 o'clock. We always arrive on time.

Text 2

W:Hello, Betty Black.

M : Betty. This is Tom. How about going to the concert this evening?

W: Great.

M: Would like me to pick you up at the office after work?

W: Thanks. But I want to go home and take a shower first.

M:Ok. I will drive over to your house at about 7 o'clock.

W: That's fine. See you then. Bye.

M: Bye Text 3

W: Hi, Sam. You've been living in Kunming for months. Do you like Kunming?

M: Yes, I do. It's a lovely place.

W:Is it? What do you like most about the city?

M: Well, I love the weather. I like warm sunny days.

W:Do you often have sunny days in Kunming?

M: Yes, it's sunny most of the time. Of course, sometimes it's cloudy and rainy.

W: What do you usually do on sunny days?

M:I usually go climbing. I live near the hills.

W:Then what do you do when the weather is bad?

M:I usually watch TV at home.

W: Thank you, Sam.

Text 4

W:Nick, you don't look well. What's the matter?

M:Oh , Lucy. I didn't sleep well last night.

W:Why?

M: I have caught a cold and got a bad headache.

W: Have you gone to see the doctor?

M. Yes, the doctor said it was nothing serious and I would get better soon.

W: Have you taken some medicine?

M:Yes.

W: Would you like me to help you with your lessons?

M:No, thank you. I can do it by myself.

Part 4

WrMike, do you know tomorrow is a special day?

M: What's special, Rose?

Writ's May 10th , it's Mother's Day. It's a day to show love and thanks to mothers.

M:Oh , yes. Then how shall we celebrate this special day?

W:Well, I've bought a coat and some flowers with a card for mom.

M: Great. What color is the coat?

W:Red.

M: Oh. Good. It's mom's favorite color. Have you got the right size?

W:Yes, size 38.

M: How much is it?

W:300 yuan. And the flowers cost me 50 yuan.

M : They are nice presents. Hmm , what shall I do for mom?

W: Why not make a cake?

M : Good idea.

W:I think we've got everything.

M : Cool. I'll get started right now.