

KEAMANAN SISTEM INFORMASI

UTS - Incident Response Checkpoint Exam

Disusun untuk Memenuhi UTS Mata Kuliah Manajemen Jaringan Komputer



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PROGRAM STUDI D-IV SISTEM INFORMASI BISNIS

JURUSAN TEKNOLOGI INFORMASI

POLITEKNIK NEGERI MALANG

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Question 1

Place the seven steps defined in the Cyber Kill Chain in the correct order.

Categories:		Options:
step 1	A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Installation
step 2	B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> reconnaissance
step 3	C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> exploitation
step 4	D	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> command and control
step 5	E	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> delivery
step 6	F	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> weaponization
step 7	G	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> action on objectives

Question 2

What will a threat actor do to create a back door on a compromised target according to the Cyber Kill Chain model?

<input type="checkbox"/>	Collect and exfiltrate data.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Add services and autorun keys.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Open a two-way communications channel to the CnC infrastructure.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Obtain an automated tool to deliver the malware payload.

Question 3

In which step of the NIST incident response process does the CSIRT perform an analysis to determine which networks, systems, or applications are affected; who or what originated the incident; and how the incident is occurring?

incident notification

attacker identification

detection



scoping

Question 4

Which type of controls restore the system after a disaster or an event?

Preventive controls

Detective controls



Corrective controls

Question 5

According to NIST, which step in the digital forensics process involves identifying potential sources of forensic data, its acquisition, handling, and storage?

reporting

analysis



collection

examination

Question 6

Which activity is typically performed by a threat actor in the installation phase of the Cyber Kill Chain?



Install a web shell on the target web server for persistent access.

Open a two-way communication channel to the CnC infrastructure.

Obtain an automated tool to deliver the malware payload.

Harvest email addresses of user accounts.

Question 7

Match the intrusion event defined in the Diamond Model of intrusion to the description.

Categories:

the target of the attack

the parties responsible for the intrusion

network path used to establish and maintain command and control

a tool or technique used to attack the victim

A

B

C

D

Options:



infrastructure



victim



adversary



capability

Question 8

What is the objective the threat actor in establishing a two-way communication channel between the target system and a CnC infrastructure?



to allow the threat actor to issue commands to the software that is installed on the target

to steal network bandwidth from the network where the target is located

to send user data stored on the target to the threat actor

to launch a buffer overflow attack

Question 9

What is specified in the plan element of the NIST incident response plan?

priority and severity ratings of incidents



metrics for measuring the incident response capability and effectiveness

organizational structure and the definition of roles, responsibilities, and levels of authority

incident handling based on the mission of the organization

Question 10

Which type of data would be considered an example of volatile data?

temp files

web browser cache

log files



memory registers

Question 11

Which type of evidence supports an assertion based on previously obtained evidence?

indirect evidence

direct evidence

best evidence



corroborating evidence

Question 12

Which task describes threat attribution?

evaluating the server alert data

reporting the incident to the proper authorities



determining who is responsible for the attack

obtaining the most volatile evidence

Question 13

Keeping data backups offsite is an example of which type of disaster recovery control?



preventive

corrective

detective

management

Question 14

Which NIST-defined incident response stakeholder is responsible for coordinating incident response with other stakeholders and minimizing the damage of an incident?



management

the legal department

human resources

IT support

Question 15

What is a chain of custody?

a plan ensuring that each party involved in an incident response understands how to collect evidence

a list of all of the stakeholders that were exploited by an attacker



the documentation surrounding the preservation of evidence related to an incident

the disciplinary measures an organization may perform if an incident is caused by an employee

Question 16

Match the NIST incident response stakeholder with the role.

Categories:

designs the budget

A

preserves attack evidence

B

develops firewall rules

C

reviews policies for local or federal guideline violations

D

performs disciplinary measures

E

Options:

E



human resources

C



information assurance

D



legal department

A

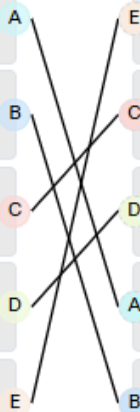


management

B



IT support



Question 17

A company is applying the NIST.SP800-61 r2 incident handling process to security events. What are two examples of incidents that are in the category of precursor? (Choose two.)

an IDS alert message being sent



log entries that show a response to a port scan

multiple failed logins from an unknown source

a host that has been verified as infected with malware



a newly-discovered vulnerability in Apache web servers

Question 18

A cybersecurity analyst has been called to a crime scene that contains several technology items including a computer. Which technique will be used so that the information found on the computer can be used in court?

log collection

Tor

rootki



unaltered disk image

Question 19

According to the Cyber Kill Chain model, after a weapon is delivered to a targeted system, what is the next step that a threat actor would take?

weaponization

installation

action on objectives



exploitation

Question 20

What type of exercise interrupts services to verify that all aspects of a business continuity plan are able to respond to a certain type of incident?

Tabletop exercise

Functional test



Operational exercise

Hasil Akhir

Cisco Networking Academy | Cyber Threat Management

Course Outline | Resources

Search course outline

Course Introduction 100%

Module 1: Governance and Compliance 100%

Module 2: Network Security Testing 100%

Module 3: Threat Intelligence 100%

Module 4: Endpoint Vulnerability Assessment 100%

Module 5: Risk Management and Security Controls 100%

Checkpoint Exam: Vulnerability Assessment and Risk Management 100%

Checkpoint Exam

100%

You've scored 100%.
Congratulations, you have passed the quiz.

Here is how you performed in each of the Learning Objectives and Skills associated with this assessment.

Module: Digital Forensics and Incident Analysis and Response	100%
Skill: Explain how forensic investigations are performed.	100%
Skill: Recommend disaster recovery and incident response activities.	100%
Skill: Explain how organizations recover from cybersecurity exploits.	100%