NAMA : ANISATUL LATIFAH

NIM : 2141762008

ABSEN : 01 (SATU)

KELAS : SIB – 4C

# Lab - Gather System Information After an Incident

### **Objectives**

- Collect system information after an incident has occurred.
- View logs for potential intrusions.

#### **Background / Scenario**

When an incident occurs in an organization, people responsible must know how to respond. An organization needs to develop an incident response plan and put together a Computer Security Incident Response Team (CSIRT) to manage the response. In this lab, you will gather system information and review logs after an incident has occurred. Doing these tasks immediately after the incident is important because any data residing in RAM will be gone when the system is shut down.

## **Required Resources**

PC with the CSE-LABVM installed in VirtualBox

#### **Instructions**

### Step 1: Open a terminal window in the CSE-LABVM.

- a. Launch the CSE-LABVM.
- b. Double-click the **Terminal** icon to open a terminal.

#### Step 2: Collect volatile information of the compromised system.

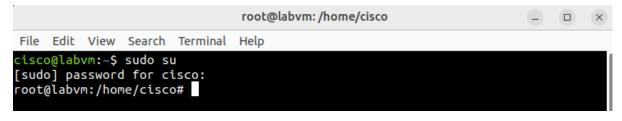
In this step, you will create a file called **report.txt** that includes a variety of system information that can be used for incident analysis. This report can then be transferred to a USB drive, emailed, or uploaded to a cloud server to preserve the information. Then the system can be taken down.

a. Switch to the root user with the **sudo su** command. Enter **password** as the root password.

cisco@labvm:~\$ sudo su

[sudo] password for cisco: **password** 

root@labvm:/home/cisco#



b. Enter the **echo** command, and then specify a heading for a newly created file named **report.txt**. Enter the **cat** command to review the new file.

root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo Incident Investigator Report > report.txt

root@labvm:/home/cisco# cat report.txt

Incident Investigator Report

root@labvm:/home/cisco#

```
root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo Incident Investigator Report > report.txt
root@labvm:/home/cisco# cat report.txt
Incident Investigator Report
root@labvm:/home/cisco#
```

c. Enter the **date** command and redirect the date and timestamp to the **report.txt** file. Be sure to use the double angle brackets (>>) to append to the **report.txt** file. Otherwise, you will replace the previous content.

**Note**: To better document the content stored in report.txt, use the **echo** command to add a subheading as shown here for **Start Date and Time**. Each substep will specify a subheading for you to append before you gather information.

root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====Start Date and Time===== >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# date >> report.txt

```
root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====Start Date and Time==== >> report.txt
root@labvm:/home/cisco# date >> report.txt
```

d. Enter the **uname** command to print system information. Use the **-a** option to append all system information to the **report.txt** file.

root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====System Information===== >> report.txt

root@labvm:/home/cisco# uname -a >> report.txt

```
root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====System Information===== >> report.txt
root@labvm:/home/cisco# uname -a >> report.txt
```

e. Enter the **ifconfig -a** command and append all network interface information to the **report.txt** file.

root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====Network Interfaces===== >> report.txt

root@labvm:/home/cisco# ifconfig -a >> report.txt

```
root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====Network Interfaces==== >> report.txt
root@labvm:/home/cisco# ifconfig -a >> report.txt
```

f. The **netstat** command can collect all the network statistics. Enter the command with the options -ano to collect data on all sockets (-a), IP addresses instead of domain names (n), and information related to networking times (-o). Append the output to the **report.txt** file. root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====Network Statistics===== >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# netstat -ano >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====Network Statistics===== >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# netstat -ano >> report.txt g. The **ps** command reports a snapshot of the current processes running on the system. Enter the command with the options -axu to list every process running on the system (a and -x) and in a user-oriented format (-u). Append the output to the report.txt file. root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====Processes===== >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# ps axu >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====Processes===== >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# ps axu >> report.txt h. The route command lists the routing table currently used by the system. Enter the command with the option -n to list IP addresses instead of trying to determine host names. Append the output to the **report.txt** file. root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====Routing Table===== >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# route -n >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====Routing Table===== >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# route -n >> report.txt i. Enter the **date** command and append the date and timestamp to the end of the file to complete the report. root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====End Date and Time===== >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# date >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# echo =====End Date and Time===== >> report.txt root@labvm:/home/cisco# date >> report.txt j. Use the cat command and pipe the output to the less command to view report.txt one page or line at a time. Press the **spacebar** to scroll down by page or press **Enter** to scroll down by a single line. Type  $\mathbf{q}$  when finished. root@labvm:/home/cisco# cat report.txt | less Incident Investigator Report ====Start Date and Time===== Wed 24 Mar 2021 05:06:53 PM UTC

====System Information=====

```
Linux labvm 5.4.0-67-generic #75-Ubuntu SMP Fri Feb 19 18:03:38 UTC 2021 x86 64
x86 64 x86 64 GNU/Linux
====Network Interfaces=====
enp0s3: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.0.2.15 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.0.2.255
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:feb5:4bb0 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 08:00:27:b5:4b:b0 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 47719 bytes 36618515 (36.6 MB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 31406 bytes 3590109 (3.5 MB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 2292 bytes 244651 (244.6 KB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 2292 bytes 244651 (244.6 KB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
====Network Statistics=====
Active Internet connections (servers and established)
<output omitted>
                STREAM CONNECTED
                                          22100
unix 3
         []
                          CONNECTED
unix 3
         []
                STREAM
                                          18249
====Processes=====
USER
         PID %CPU %MEM VSZ RSS TTY
                                             STAT START TIME COMMAND
         1 0.0 0.5 101896 10768 ?
                                    Ss Mar23 0:03/sbin/init
root
         2 0.0 0.0
                         0?
                               S Mar23 0:00 [kthreadd]
root
         3 0.0 0.0 0 0?
                               I< Mar23 0:00 [rcu gp]
root
```

```
<output omitted>
root 5319 0.0 0.0 0 0? I 16:31 0:00 [kworker/0:2-events]
root 5490 0.0 0.1 11492 3332 pts/1 R+ 17:06 0:00 ps axu
=====Routing Table=====
```

### Kernel IP routing table

Destination	Gateway	Genmas	sk Flag.		s Meti	ric Ref	Use Iface
0.0.0.0	10.0.2.2	0.0.0.0	UG	100	0	0 enp	0s3
10.0.2.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.25	5.0 L	<i>J</i> 0	0	0 enp0s3	
10.0.2.2	0.0.0.0	255.255.25	5.255	UH	100	0 (	enp0s3

====End Date and Time=====

Wed 24 Mar 2021 05:06:53 PM UTC

(END) q

root@labvm:/home/cisco#

### root@labvm:/home/cisco# cat report.txt | less

```
Incident Investigator Report
====Start Date and Time=====
Tue Oct 22 10:02:49 AM UTC 2024
====System Information=====
Linux labvm 5.15.0-60-generic #66-Ubuntu SMP Fri Jan 20 14:29:49 UTC 2023 x86_64
x86 64 x86 64 GNU/Linux
=====Network Interfaces=====
enp0s3: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 10.0.2.15 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.0.2.255
        inet6 fd00::a00:27ff:fe55:4407 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0<global>
inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe55:4407 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
        ether 08:00:27:55:44:07 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
        RX packets 90 bytes 10795 (10.7 KB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 106 bytes 10676 (10.6 KB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
        inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
        inet6 :: 1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
        loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
        RX packets 28 bytes 2541 (2.5 KB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0
        TX packets 28 bytes 2541 (2.5 KB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

=====Network Statistics===== Active Internet connections (servers and established)									
	nd-Q Local Address	Foreign Address	State						
tcp 0	0 0.0.0.0:631	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN						
off (0.00/0/0) tcp 0	0 127.0.0.53:53	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN						
off (0.00/0/0) tcp 0	0 0.0.0.0:22	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN						
off (0.00/0/0) tcp 0	0 0.0.0.0:21	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN						
off (0.00/0/0) tcp6 0	0 :::23	:::*	LISTEN						
off (0.00/0/0) tcp6 0	0 :::22	:::*	LISTEN						

====Processes=====										
USER		%CPU	%MEM	VSZ	RSS	TTY	STAT	START	TIME	COMMAND
root	1	0.4	0.6	101552	12484	?	Ss	09:57	0:02	/sbin/init sp
lash										
root	2	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	S	09:57		[kthreadd]
root	3	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I<	09:57		[rcu_gp]
root	4	0.0	0.0	0	0		I<	09:57		[rcu_par_gp]
root	5	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I<	09:57	0:00	[slub_flushwq
]										
root	6	0.0	0.0	0		?	I<	09:57		[netns]
root	8	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I<	09:57	0:00	[kworker/0:0H
-events_high	pri]									
root	9			0	0	?	I	09:57	0:01	[kworker/u4:0
-events_powe										
root	10	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I<	09:57	0:00	[mm_percpu_wq
]										
root	11	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	S	09:57	0:00	[rcu_tasks_ru
de_]										
root	12	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	S	09:57	0:00	[rcu_tasks_tr
ace]										
root	13	0.0	0.0	0			S	09:57		[ksoftirqd/0]
root	14	0.1	0.0	0	0	?	I	09:57		[rcu_sched]
root	15	0.0	0.0	0			S	09:57		[migration/0]
root	16	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	S	09:57	0:00	[idle_inject/
0]										
root	17	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I	09:57	0:00	[kworker/0:1-
events]										

=====Routing Table===== Kernel IP routing table											
Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	Metric	Ref	Use	Iface				
0.0.0.0	10.0.2.2	0.0.0.0	UG	100	0	0	enp0s3				
10.0.2.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	100	0	0	enp0s3				
10.0.2.2	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	100	0	0	enp0s3				
10.0.2.3	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	100	0	0	enp0s3				
====End Date and Time=====											
Tue Oct 22 10:06:40 AM UTC 2024											
(END)											

Step 3: Analyze different log files and learn their importance.

In addition to capturing information stored in RAM, the system also maintains a variety of logs that you should review after an incident. These log files can also be appended to

your **report.txt** file or stored separately off the system in the event the system needs to be wiped. Logs of particular interest include, but are not limited to, the following:

- auth.log logs system authorization information
- btmp.log logs failed login attempts
- wtmp.log logs who is currently logged into the system
- a. Use the **cat** command to view the auth.log and pipe it to the **less** command. Press the **spacebar** to scroll down by page or press **Enter** to scroll down by a single line. Type **q** when finished. Your output will be different.

root@labvm:/home/cisco# cat /var/log/auth.log | less

Mar 18 21:43:57 labvm sshd[375]: Server listening on 0.0.0.0 port 22.

*Mar 18 21:43:57 labvm sshd[375]: Server listening on :: port 22.* 

Mar 18 21:43:57 labvm systemd-logind[366]: New seat seat0.

Mar 18 21:43:57 labvm systemd-logind[366]: Watching system buttons on /dev/input/event0 (Power Button)

Mar 18 21:43:57 labvm systemd-logind[366]: Watching system buttons on /dev/input/event1 (Sleep Button)

Mar 18 21:43:57 labvm systemd-logind[366]: Watching system buttons on /dev/input/event2 (AT Translated Set 2 keyboard)

Mar 18 21:43:59 labvm sshd[408]: error: kex\_exchange\_identification: Connection closed by remote host

Mar 18 21:43:59 labvm sshd[407]: Accepted password for cisco from 10.0.2.2 port 57067 ssh2

Mar 18 21:43:59 labvm sshd[407]: pam\_unix(sshd:session): session opened for user cisco by (uid=0)

Mar 18 21:43:59 labym systemd-logind[366]: New session 1 of user cisco.

<output omitted>

(END) q

root@labvm:/home/cisco#

root@labvm:/home/cisco# cat /var/log/auth.log | less

```
Sep 13 06:25:01 labvm CRON[2982]: pam_unix(cron:session): session opened for use
r root(uid=0) by (uid=0)
Sep 13 06:25:01 labvm CRON[2982]: pam_unix(cron:session): session closed for use
Oct 22 16:57:32 labvm systemd-logind[412]: New seat seat0.
Oct 22 16:57:32 labvm systemd-logind[412]: Watching system buttons on /dev/input
/event0 (Power Button)
Oct 22 16:57:32 labvm systemd-logind[412]: Watching system buttons on /dev/input
/event1 (Sleep Button)
Oct 22 16:57:34 labvm systemd-logind[412]: Watching system buttons on /dev/input
/event2 (AT Translated Set 2 keyboard)
Oct 22 16:57:34 labvm sshd[631]: Server listening on 0.0.0.0 port 22.
Oct 22 16:57:34 labvm sshd[631]: Server listening on :: port 22.
Oct 22 16:57:36 labvm useradd[817]: failed adding user 'vboxadd', data deleted
Oct 22 16:57:36 labvm useradd[823]: failed adding user 'vboxadd', data deleted
Oct 22 09:57:42 labvm lightdm: pam_unix(lightdm-greeter:session): session opened
for user lightdm(uid=113) by (uid=0)
Oct 22 09:57:42 labvm systemd-logind[412]: New session c1 of user lightdm.
Oct 22 09:57:42 labvm systemd: pam_unix(systemd-user:session): session opened fo
r user lightdm(uid=113) by (uid=0)
Oct 22 09:57:44 labvm lightdm: pam_succeed_if(lightdm:auth): requirement "user i
ngroup nopasswdlogin" was met by user "cisco"
Oct 22 09:58:43 labvm lightdm: pam_unix(lightdm-greeter:session): session closed
for user lightdm
Oct 22 09:58:43 labvm lightdm: pam_unix(lightdm:session): session opened for use
r cisco(uid=1001) by (uid=0)
Oct 22 09:58:43 labvm systemd-logind[412]: New session c2 of user cisco.
Oct 22 09:58:43 labvm systemd-logind[412]: Removed session c1.
Oct 22 09:58:43 labvm systemd: pam_unix(systemd-user:session): session opened fo
r user cisco(uid=1001) by (uid=0)
Oct 22 09:58:48 labvm polkitd(authority=local): Registered Authentication Agent
for unix-session:c2 (system bus name :1.66 [/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/polkit-mat
e/polkit-mate-authentication-agent-1], object path /org/mate/PolicyKit1/Authenti
cationAgent, locale en_US.UTF-8)
                                cisco : TTY=pts/0 ; PWD=/home/cisco ; USER=root ;
Oct 22 10:01:38 labvm sudo:
COMMAND=/usr/bin/su
Oct 22 10:01:38 labvm sudo: pam unix(sudo:session): session opened for user root
(uid=0) by (uid=1001)
Oct 22 10:01:38 labvm su: (to root) root on pts/1
Oct 22 10:01:38 labvm su: pam_unix(su:session): session opened for user root(uid
=0) by cisco(uid=0)
```

b. The **last** command shows a listing of last logged in users. Enter the command with the **f** option to specify the log file. The **btmp** log file shows failed login attempts. Your output will be different.

root@labvm:/home/cisco# last -f/var/log/btmp

```
UNKNOWN tty6

Thu Mar 18 21:47 gone - no logout

UNKNOWN tty4

Thu Mar 18 21:47 gone - no logout

UNKNOWN tty3

Thu Mar 18 21:47 gone - no logout

cisco tty1

Thu Mar 18 21:47 gone - no logout

Thu Mar 18 21:47 gone - no logout
```

btmp begins Thu Mar 18 21:47:05 2021

root@labvm:/home/cisco#

```
root@labvm:/home/cisco# last -f /var/log/btmp
                                                             gone - no logout
cisco
         pts/4
                      localhost
                                        Fri Sep 13 06:09
UNKNOWN
         pts/1
                       localhost
                                        Fri Sep 13 05:33
                                                             gone - no logout
UNKNOWN
         pts/1
                       localhost
                                        Fri Sep 13 05:33 - 05:33 (00:00)
btmp begins Fri Sep 13 05:33:03 2024
```

c. Enter the **last** command again specifying the **wtmp** file to show who is currently connected to the system. Your output will be different.

root@labvm:/home/cisco# last -f /var/log/wtmp

```
cisco tty7 :0 Tue Mar 23 19:38 gone - no logout
reboot system boot 5.4.0-67-generic Tue Mar 23 14:38 still running
cisco tty2 Thu Mar 18 21:47 - 21:47 (00:00)
reboot system boot 5.4.0-67-generic Thu Mar 18 21:43 - 22:02 (00:18)
wtmp begins Thu Mar 18 21:43:54 2021
```

```
root@labvm:/home/cisco# last -f /var/log/wtmp
cisco
                       :0
                                         Tue Oct 22 09:58
                                                              gone - no logout
         tty7
reboot
         system boot
                       5.15.0-60-generi Tue Oct 22 16:57
                                                             still running
cisco
         pts/4
                       localhost
                                         Fri Sep 13 06:09 - 06:09
                                                                    (00:00)
cisco
         pts/3
                       127.0.0.1
                                         Fri Sep 13 06:03 - 06:04
                                                                    (00:00)
                       localhost
cisco
         pts/2
                                         Fri Sep 13 05:37
                                                          - 05:38
                                                                    (00:01)
                       localhost
cisco
         pts/1
                                         Fri Sep 13 05:33
                                                          - 05:35
                                                                    (00:01)
                                         Fri Sep 13 05:31
                                                          - crash
                                                                   (39+11:26)
cisco
         tty7
                       :0
                       5.15.0-60-generi Fri Sep 13 12:28
reboot
         system boot
                                                             still
                                                                   running
cisco
         pts/1
                       localhost
                                         Fri Sep 13 03:21 - 03:29
                                                                    (00:08)
cisco
                       localhost
                                         Fri Sep 13 03:16 - 03:18
                                                                    (00:01)
         pts/1
cisco
         pts/3
                       localhost
                                         Fri Sep 13 03:08 - 03:09
                                                                    (00:00)
                       localhost
cisco
         pts/5
                                         Fri Sep 13 03:02 - 03:03
                                                                    (00:01)
                       localhost
                                         Fri Sep 13 02:57 - 02:59
cisco
         pts/4
                                                                    (00:02)
                       :0
                                         Fri Sep 13 02:13
                                                          - crash
                                                                    (10:15)
cisco
         tty7
                       5.15.0-60-generi Fri Sep 13 09:10
reboot
         system boot
                                                             still
                                                                   running
                       5.15.0-60-generi Fri Feb 10 21:10 - 21:31
reboot
         system boot
                                                                    (00:20)
wtmp begins Fri Feb 10 21:10:49 2023
```

d. Enter the exit command to switch back to the cisco user.

root@labvm:/home/cisco# exit

cisco@labvm:~\$

```
root@labvm:/home/cisco# exit
exit
cisco@labvm:~$
```