

---

# **pandas-datareader Documentation**

***Release 0.8.0***

**pydata**

**Sep 22, 2019**



---

## Contents

---

<b>1</b>	<b>Usage</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Documentation</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Installation</b>	<b>7</b>
3.1	Requirements . . . . .	7
3.2	Install latest release version via pip . . . . .	8
3.3	Install latest development version . . . . .	8
<b>4</b>	<b>Documentation</b>	<b>9</b>
4.1	What's New . . . . .	9
4.2	Remote Data Access . . . . .	17
4.3	Caching queries . . . . .	30
4.4	Other Data Sources . . . . .	31
4.5	Data Readers . . . . .	32
<b>5</b>	<b>Indices and tables</b>	<b>53</b>
	<b>Python Module Index</b>	<b>55</b>
	<b>Index</b>	<b>57</b>



Up to date remote data access for pandas, works for multiple versions of pandas.

**Warning:** v0.8.0 is the last version which officially supports Python 2.7. Future versions of `pandas_datareader` will end support for Python 2.x.

**Warning:** As of v0.8.0 Robinhood has been immediately deprecated due to large changes in their API and no stable replacement.



# CHAPTER 1

---

## Usage

---

Starting in 0.19.0, pandas no longer supports `pandas.io.data` or `pandas.io.wb`, so you must replace your imports from `pandas.io` with those from `pandas_datareader`:

```
from pandas.io import data, wb # becomes
from pandas_datareader import data, wb
```

Many functions from the data module have been included in the top level API.

```
import pandas_datareader as pdr
pdr.get_data_fred('GS10')
```





## CHAPTER 2

---

### Documentation

---

Stable documentation is available on [github.io](#). A second copy of the stable documentation is hosted on [read the docs](#) for more details.

Development documentation is available for the latest changes in master.



### 3.1 Requirements

Using pandas datareader requires the following packages:

- pandas>=0.19.2
- lxml
- requests>=2.3.0

Building the documentation additionally requires:

- matplotlib
- ipython
- requests\_cache
- sphinx
- sphinx\_rtd\_theme

Development and testing additionally requires:

- black
- coverage
- codecov
- coveralls
- flake8
- pytest
- pytest-cov
- wrapt

## 3.2 Install latest release version via pip

```
$ pip install pandas-datareader
```

## 3.3 Install latest development version

```
$ pip install git+https://github.com/pydata/pandas-datareader.git
```

or

```
$ git clone https://github.com/pydata/pandas-datareader.git  
$ python setup.py install
```

Contents:

### 4.1 What's New

These are new features and improvements of note in each release.

#### 4.1.1 v0.8.0 (TBD)

Highlights include:

- A new connector for Econdb was introduced. Econdb provides aggregated economic data from 90+ official statistical agencies ([GH615](#))
- Migrated IEX readers to [IEX Cloud](#). All readers now require an API token (`IEX_API_KEY`) ([GH638](#))
- Removal of Google Finance and Morningstar, which were deprecated in 0.7.0
- Immediate deprecation of Robinhood for quotes and historical data. Robinhood ended support for these endpoints in 1/2019

#### What's new in v0.8.0

- *Enhancements*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*
- *Bug Fixes*
- *Contributors*

## Enhancements

- Added Tiingo IEX Historical reader. ([GH619](#))
- Added support for Alpha Vantage intraday time series prices (:issue: 631)
- Up to 15 years of historical prices from IEX with new platform, IEX Cloud
- Added testing on Python 3.7 ([GH667](#))
- Allow IEX to read less than 1 year of data ([GH649](#))
- Allow data download from Poland using stooq ([GH597](#))
- All time series readers now use a rolling default starting date (most are 5 years before the current date. Intraday readers are 3-5 days from the current date)

## Backwards incompatible API changes

- Immediate deprecation of Robinhood for quotes and historical data. Robinhood ended support for these endpoints in 1/2019. The Robinhood quotes and daily readers will raise an `ImmediateDeprecationError` when called.
- Usage of all IEX readers requires an IEX Cloud API token, which can be passed as a parameter or stored in the environment variable `IEX_API_TOKEN`
- Deprecated `access_key` in favor of `api_key` in `DataReader`. ([GH693](#))

## Bug Fixes

- Fix Yahoo! actions issue where dividends are adjusted twice as a result of a change to the Yahoo! API. (:issue: 583)
- Fix AlphaVantage time series data ordering after provider switch to descending order (maintains ascending order for consistency). (:issue: 662)
- Refactored compatibility library to be independent of pandas version.
- Fixed quarter value handling in JSDMX and OECD. ([GH685](#))
- Fixed a bug in `base` so that the reader does not error when `response.encoding` is `None`. ([GH674](#))
- Correct EcondbReader's API URL format. ([GH670](#))
- Fix eurostat URL. ([GH669](#))
- Adjust Alphavantage time series reader to account for descending ordering. ([GH666](#))
- Fix bug in downloading index historical constituents. ([GH591](#))
- Fix a bug that occurs when an endpoint returns has no data for a date range. ([GH640](#))

## Contributors

- Peiji Chen
- EconDB
- Roger Erens
- Nikhilesh Koshti

- Gábor Lipták
- Addison Lynch
- Rahim Nathwani
- Chuk Orakwue
- Raffaele Sandrini
- Felipe S. S. Schneider
- Kevin Sheppard
- Tony Shouse
- David Stephens

### 4.1.2 v0.7.0 (September 11, 2018)

**Warning:** Google finance and Morningstar for historical price data have been immediately deprecated.

Highlights include:

- Immediate deprecation of Google finance and Morningstar for historical price data, as these API endpoints are no longer supported by their respective providers. Alternate methods are welcome via pull requests, as PDR would like to restore these features.
- Removal of EDGAR, which was deprecated in v0.6.0.

#### What's new in v0.7.0

- *Enhancements*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*
- *Bug Fixes*

### Enhancements

- A new data connector for data provided by [Alpha Vantage](#) was introduced to obtain Foreign Exchange (FX) data. (GH389)
- A new data connector for data provided by [Alpha Vantage](#) was introduced to obtain historical time series data. (GH389)
- A new data connector for data provided by [Alpha Vantage](#) was introduced to obtain sector performance data, accessed through the top-level function `get_sector_performance_av`. (GH389)
- A new data connector for data provided by [Alpha Vantage](#) was introduced to obtain real-time Batch Stock Quotes through the top-level function `get_quote_av`. (GH389)
- MOEX data connector now supports multiple symbols in constructor. (GH562)

## Backwards incompatible API changes

- Deprecation of Google finance daily reader. Google retired the remaining financial data end point in June 2018. It is not possible to reliably retrieve historical price data without this endpoint. The Google daily reader will raise an *ImmediateDeprecationError* when called.
- Deprecation of Morningstar daily reader. Morningstar ended support for the historical price data endpoint in July 2018. It is not possible to retrieve historical price data without this endpoint. The Morningstar daily reader will raise an *ImmediateDeprecationError* when called.
- When requesting multiple symbols from a DailyReader (ex: google, yahoo, IEX) a MultiIndex DataFrame is now returned. Previously Panel or dict of DataFrames were returned. (GH297).

## Bug Fixes

- Fixed import of pandas.compat (GH657)
- Added support for passing the API KEY to QuandlReader either directly or by setting the environmental variable QUANDL\_API\_KEY (GH485).
- Added support for optionally passing a custom base\_url to the EnigmaReader (GH499).
- Fix Yahoo! price data (GH498).
- Added back support for Yahoo! price, dividends, and splits data for stocks and currency pairs (GH487).
- Add *is\_list\_like* to compatibility layer to avoid failure on pandas  $\geq 0.23$  (GH520).
- Fixed Yahoo! time offset (GH487).
- Fix Yahoo! quote reader (:issue: 540).
- Remove import of deprecated *tm.get\_data\_path* (:issue: 566)
- Allow full usage of stooq url parameters.
- Removed unused requests-file and requests-ftp dependencies.
- Fix Yahoo! actions issue where the default reporting adjusts dividends. The unadjusted dividends may lack precision due to accumulated numerical error when converting adjusted to the original dividend amount. (:issue: 495)

### 4.1.3 v0.6.0 (January 24, 2018)

This is a major release from 0.5.0. We recommend that all users upgrade.

**Warning:** Yahoo!, Google Options, Google Quotes and EDGAR have been immediately deprecated.

---

**Note:** Google finance is still functioning for historical price data, although there are frequent reports of failures. Failure is frequently encountered when bulk downloading historical price data.

---

Highlights include:

- Immediate deprecation of Yahoo!, Google Options and Quotes and EDGAR. The end points behind these APIs have radically changed and the existing readers require complete rewrites. In the case of most Yahoo! data the endpoints have been removed. PDR would like to restore these features, and pull requests are welcome.



- A new connector for Tiingo was introduced. Tiingo provides historical end-of-day data for a large set of equities, ETFs and mutual funds. Free registration is required to get an API key ([GH478](#)).
- A new connector for Robinhood was introduced. This provides up to 1 year of historical end-of-day data. It also provides near real-time quotes. ([GH477](#)).
- A new connector for Morningstar Open, High, Low, Close and Volume was introduced ([GH467](#)).
- A new connector for IEX daily price data was introduced ([GH465](#)).
- A new connector for IEX the majority of the IEX API was introduced ([GH446](#)).
- A new data connector for stock index data provided by Stooq was introduced ([GH447](#)).
- A new data connector for data provided by the Bank of Canada was introduced ([GH440](#)).
- A new data connector for data provided by Moscow Exchange (MOEX) introduced ([GH381](#)).

#### What's new in v0.6.0

- *Enhancements*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*
- *Bug Fixes*
- *Other Changes*

### Enhancements

- A new data connector for data provided by the [Bank of Canada](#) was introduced. ([GH440](#))
- A new data connector for stock index data provided by [Stooq](#) was introduced. ([GH447](#))
- A new connector for IEX the majority of the [IEX API](#) was introduced ([GH446](#)).
- A new connector for [IEX daily price data](#) was introduced ([GH465](#)).
- A new data connector for stock pricing data provided by [Morningstar](#) was introduced. ([GH467](#))
- A new data connector for stock pricing data provided by [Robinhood](#) was introduced. ([GH477](#))
- A new data connector for stock pricing data provided by [Tiingo](#) was introduced. ([GH478](#))
- A new data connector for data provided by [Moscow Exchange](#) was introduced. ([GH381](#)).

### Backwards incompatible API changes

- Deprecation of Yahoo readers. Yahoo! retired the financial data end points in late 2017. It is not possible to reliably retrieve data from Yahoo! without these endpoints. The Yahoo! readers have been immediately deprecated and will raise an *ImmediateDeprecationError* when called.
- Deprecation of EDGAR readers. EDGAR substantially altered their API. The EDGAR readers have been immediately deprecated and will raise an *ImmediateDeprecationError* when called.
- Google finance data will raise an *UnstableAPIWarning* when first called. Google has also altered their API in a way that makes reading data unreliable. It may call it works. However it also regularly fails, especially when used for bulk downloading. Google may be removed in the future.

## Bug Fixes

- *freq* parameter was added to the WorldBank connector to address a limitation ([GH198](#), [GH449](#)).
- The Enigma data connector was updated to the latest API ([GH380](#)).
- The Google finance endpoint was updated to the latest value ([GH404](#)).
- The end point for FRED was updated to the latest values ([GH436](#)).
- The end point for WorldBank was updated to the latest values ([GH456](#)).

## Other Changes

- The minimum tested pandas version was increased to 0.19.2 ([GH441](#)).
- Added versioneer to simplifying release ([GH442](#)).
- Added doct to automatically build docs for gh-pages ([GH459](#)).

## 4.1.4 v0.5.0 (July 25, 2017)

This is a major release from 0.4.0. We recommend that all users upgrade.

Highlights include:

- Compat with the new Yahoo iCharts API. Yahoo removed the older API, this release restores ability to download from Yahoo. ([GH315](#))

### What's new in v0.5.0

- *Enhancements*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*
- *Bug Fixes*

## Enhancements

- DataReader now supports Quandl, see [here](#) ([GH361](#)).

## Backwards incompatible API changes

- Removed Oanda as it became subscription only ([GH296](#)).

## Bug Fixes

- web sessions are closed properly at the end of use ([GH355](#))
- Handle commas in large price quotes ([GH345](#))
- Test suite fixes for test\_get\_options\_data ([GH352](#))
- Test suite fixes for test\_wdi\_download ([GH350](#))
- avoid monkey patching requests.Session ([GH301](#))

- `get_data_yahoo()` now treats 'null' strings as missing values ([GH342](#))

### 4.1.5 v0.4.0 (May 15, 2017)

This is a major release from 0.3.0 and includes compat with pandas 0.20.1, and some backwards incompatible API changes.

Highlights include:

#### What's new in v0.4.0

- *Enhancements*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*

#### Enhancements

- Compat with pandas 0.20.1 ([GH304](#), [GH320](#))
- Switched test framework to use `pytest` ([GH310](#), [GH312](#))

#### Backwards incompatible API changes

- Support has been dropped for Python 2.6 and 3.4 ([GH313](#))
- Support has been dropped for *pandas* versions before 0.17.0 ([GH313](#))

### 4.1.6 v0.3.0 (January 14, 2017)

This is a major release from 0.2.1 and includes new features and a number of bug fixes.

Highlights include:

#### What's new in v0.3.0

- *New features*
  - *Other enhancements*
- *Bug Fixes*

#### New features

- `DataReader` now supports dividend only pulls from Yahoo! Finance ([GH138](#)).
- `DataReader` now supports downloading mutual fund prices from the Thrift Savings Plan, see [here](#) ([GH157](#)).
- `DataReader` now supports Google options data source ([GH148](#)).
- `DataReader` now supports Google quotes ([GH188](#)).
- `DataReader` now supports Enigma dataset. see [here](#) ([GH245](#)).

- `DataReader` now supports downloading a full list of NASDAQ listed symbols. see [here](#) (GH254).

### Other enhancements

- Eurostat reader now supports larger data returned from API via zip format. (GH205)
- Added support for Python 3.6.
- Added support for pandas 19.2

### Bug Fixes

- Fixed bug that caused `DataReader` to fail if company name has a comma. (GH85).
- Fixed bug in `YahooOptions` caused as a result of change in yahoo website format. (GH244).

## 4.1.7 v0.2.1 (November 26, 2015)

This is a minor release from 0.2.0 and includes new features and bug fixes.

Highlights include:

#### What's new in v0.2.1

- *New features*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*

### New features

- `DataReader` now supports Eurostat data sources, see [here](#) (GH101).
- `Options` downloading is approximately 4x faster as a result of a rewrite of the parsing function. (GH122)
- `DataReader` and `Options` now support caching, see [here](#) (GH110),(GH116),(GH121), (GH122).

### Backwards incompatible API changes

- `Options` columns `PctChg` and `IV` (Implied Volatility) are now type float rather than string. (GH122)

## 4.1.8 v0.2.0 (October 9, 2015)

This is a major release from 0.1.1 and includes new features and a number of bug fixes.

Highlights include:

#### What's new in v0.2.0

- *New features*
- *Backwards incompatible API changes*

- *Bug Fixes*

## New features

- Added latitude and longitude to output of `wb.get_countries` (GH47).
- Extended `DataReader` to fetch dividends and stock splits from Yahoo (GH45).
- Added `get_available_datasets` to `famafrench` (GH56).
- `DataReader` now supports OECD data sources, see [here](#) (GH101).

## Backwards incompatible API changes

- Fama French indexes are not `Pandas.PeriodIndex` for annual and monthly data, and `pandas.DatetimeIndex` otherwise (GH56).

## Bug Fixes

- Update Fama-French URL (GH53)
- Fixed bug where `get_quote_yahoo` would fail if a company name had a comma (GH85)

## 4.2 Remote Data Access

**Warning:** The `access_key` keyword argument of `DataReader` has been deprecated in favor of `api_key`.

**Warning:** Robinhood has been immediately deprecated. Endpoints from this provider have been retired.

Functions from `pandas_datareader.data` and `pandas_datareader.wb` extract data from various Internet sources into a pandas `DataFrame`. Currently the following sources are supported:

- *Tiingo*
- *IEX*
- *Alpha Vantage*
- *Enigma*
- *Quandl*
- *St.Louis FED (FRED)*
- *Kenneth French's data library*
- *World Bank*
- *OECD*
- *Eurostat*
- *Thrift Savings Plan*

- *Nasdaq Trader symbol definitions*
- *Stooq*
- *MOEX*

It should be noted, that various sources support different kinds of data, so not all sources implement the same methods and the data elements returned might also differ.

### 4.2.1 Tiingo

[Tiingo](#) is a trading platform that provides a data api with historical end-of-day prices on equities, mutual funds and ETFs. Free registration is required to get an API key. Free accounts are rate limited and can access a limited number of symbols (500 at the time of writing).

```
In [1]: import os
In [2]: import pandas_datareader as pdr

In [3]: df = pdr.get_data_tiingo('GOOG', api_key=os.getenv('TIINGO_API_KEY'))
In [4]: df.head()
```

				close	high	low	open	volume	adjClose	
↪adjHigh	adjLow	adjOpen	adjVolume	divCash	splitFactor					
symbol	date									
GOOG	2014-03-27	00:00:00+00:00	558.46	568.00	552.92	568.000	13100	558.46		↪
↪568.00	552.92	568.000	13100	0.0	1.0					↪
	2014-03-28	00:00:00+00:00	559.99	566.43	558.67	561.200	41100	559.99		↪
↪566.43	558.67	561.200	41100	0.0	1.0					↪
	2014-03-31	00:00:00+00:00	556.97	567.00	556.93	566.890	10800	556.97		↪
↪567.00	556.93	566.890	10800	0.0	1.0					↪
	2014-04-01	00:00:00+00:00	567.16	568.45	558.71	558.710	7900	567.16		↪
↪568.45	558.71	558.710	7900	0.0	1.0					↪
	2014-04-02	00:00:00+00:00	567.00	604.83	562.19	565.106	146700	567.00		↪
↪604.83	562.19	565.106	146700	0.0	1.0					

### 4.2.2 IEX

**Warning:** Usage of all IEX readers now requires an API key. See below for additional information.

The Investors Exchange (IEX) provides a wide range of data through an [API](#). Historical stock prices are available for up to 15 years. The usage of these readers requires the publishable API key from IEX Cloud Console, which can be stored in the IEX\_API\_KEY environment variable.

```
In [1]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [2]: from datetime import datetime

In [3]: start = datetime(2016, 9, 1)

In [4]: end = datetime(2018, 9, 1)

In [5]: f = web.DataReader('F', 'iex', start, end)

In [6]: f.loc['2018-08-31']
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
Out [6]:
open          9.64
high          9.68
low           9.40
close         9.48
volume       76424884.00
Name: 2018-08-31, dtype: float64
```

**Note:** You must provide an API Key when using IEX. You can do this using `os.environ["IEX_API_KEY"] = "pk_XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX"` or by exporting the key before starting the IPython session.

There are additional interfaces to this API that are directly exposed: `tops` (`'iex-tops'`) and `last` (`'iex-lasts'`). A third interface to the deep API is exposed through `Deep` class or the `get_iex_book` function.

**Todo:** Execute block when markets are open

```
import pandas_datareader.data as web
f = web.DataReader('gs', 'iex-tops')
f[:10]
```

### 4.2.3 Alpha Vantage

Alpha Vantage provides realtime equities and forex data. Free registration is required to get an API key.

#### Historical Time Series Data

Through the Alpha Vantage Time Series endpoints, it is possible to obtain historical equities data for individual symbols. For daily, weekly, and monthly frequencies, 20+ years of historical data is available. The past 3-5 days of intraday data is also available.

The following endpoints are available:

- `av-intraday` - Intraday Time Series
- `av-daily` - Daily Time Series
- `av-daily-adjusted` - Daily Time Series (Adjusted)
- `av-weekly` - Weekly Time Series
- `av-weekly-adjusted` - Weekly Time Series (Adjusted)
- `av-monthly` - Monthly Time Series
- `av-monthly-adjusted` - Monthly Time Series (Adjusted)

```
In [1]: import os

In [2]: from datetime import datetime

In [3]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [4]: f = web.DataReader("AAPL", "av-daily", start=datetime(2017, 2, 9),
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
...:          end=datetime(2017, 5, 24),
...:          api_key=os.getenv('ALPHAVANTAGE_API_KEY'))

In [5]: f.loc["2017-02-09"]
Out[5]:
open      1.316500e+02
high      1.324450e+02
low       1.311200e+02
close     1.324200e+02
volume    2.834990e+07
Name: 2017-02-09, dtype: float64
```

The top-level function `get_data_alphavantage` is also provided. This function will return the `TIME_SERIES_DAILY` endpoint for the symbol and date range provided.

## Quotes

Alpha Vantage Batch Stock Quotes endpoint allows the retrieval of realtime stock quotes for up to 100 symbols at once. These quotes are accessible through the top-level function `get_quote_av`.

```
In [1]: import os

In [2]: from datetime import datetime

In [3]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [4]: web.get_quote_av(["AAPL", "TSLA"])
Out[4]:
      price  volume      timestamp
symbol
AAPL    219.87     NaN  2019-09-16 15:59:59
TSLA    242.80     NaN  2019-09-16 15:59:57
```

---

**Note:** Most quotes are only available during market hours.

---

## Forex

Alpha Vantage provides realtime currency exchange rates (for physical and digital currencies).

To request the exchange rate of physical or digital currencies, simply format as “FROM/TO” as in “USD/JPY”.

```
In [1]: import os

In [2]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [3]: f = web.DataReader("USD/JPY", "av-forex",
...:                      api_key=os.getenv('ALPHAVANTAGE_API_KEY'))

In [4]: f
Out[4]:
      From_Currency Code      USD/JPY
0      USD
```

(continues on next page)



(continued from previous page)

```

From_Currency Name  United States Dollar
To_Currency Code    JPY
To_Currency Name    Japanese Yen
Exchange Rate       108.17000000
Last Refreshed      2019-09-17 10:43:36
Time Zone           UTC
Bid Price           108.17000000
Ask Price           108.17000000

```

Multiple pairs are are allowable:

```

In [1]: import os

In [2]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [3]: f = web.DataReader(["USD/JPY", "BTC/CNY"], "av-forex",
...:                        api_key=os.getenv('ALPHAVANTAGE_API_KEY'))

In [4]: f
Out[4]:

```

	USD/JPY	BTC/CNY
From_Currency Code	USD	BTC
From_Currency Name	United States Dollar	Bitcoin
To_Currency Code	JPY	CNY
To_Currency Name	Japanese Yen	Chinese Yuan
Exchange Rate	108.17000000	72230.38039500
Last Refreshed	2019-09-17 10:44:35	2019-09-17 10:44:01
Time Zone	UTC	UTC
Bid Price	108.17000000	72226.26407700
Ask Price	108.17000000	72230.02554000

## Sector Performance

Alpha Vantage provides sector performances through the top-level function `get_sector_performance_av`.

```

In [1]: import os

In [2]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [3]: web.get_sector_performance_av().head()
Out[4]:

```

	RT	1D	5D	1M	3M	YTD	1Y	3Y	5Y
↪ 10Y									
Energy	3.29%	3.29%	4.82%	11.69%	3.37%	9.07%	-15.26%	-7.69%	-32.31%
↪ 12.15%									
Real Estate	1.02%	1.02%	-1.39%	1.26%	3.49%	24.95%	16.55%	NaN	NaN
↪ NaN									
Utilities	0.08%	0.08%	0.72%	2.77%	3.72%	18.16%	16.09%	27.95%	48.41%
↪ 113.09%									
Industrials	-0.15%	-0.15%	2.42%	8.59%	5.10%	22.70%	0.50%	34.50%	43.53%
↪ 183.47%									
Health Care	-0.23%	-0.23%	0.88%	1.91%	0.09%	5.20%	-2.38%	26.37%	43.43%
↪ 216.01%									

## 4.2.4 Econdb

[Econdb](#) provides economic data from 90+ official statistical agencies. Free API allows access to the complete Econdb database of time series aggregated into datasets.

```
In [1]: import os

In [2]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [3]: f = web.DataReader('ticker=RGDPUS', 'econdb')

In [4]: f.head()
Out[4]:
```

	values
TIME_PERIOD	
2014-10-01	17143038
2015-01-01	17277580
2015-04-01	17405668
2015-07-01	17463222
2015-10-01	17468902

## 4.2.5 Enigma

Access datasets from [Enigma](#), the world's largest repository of structured public data. Note that the Enigma URL has changed from [app.enigma.io](#) as of release 0.6.0, as the old API deprecated.

Datasets are unique identified by the `uuid4` at the end of a dataset's web address. For example, the following code downloads from [USDA Food Recalls 1996 Data](#).

```
In [1]: import os

In [2]: import pandas_datareader as pdr

In [3]: df = pdr.get_data_enigma('292129b0-1275-44c8-a6a3-2a0881f24fe1', os.getenv(
↳ 'ENIGMA_API_KEY'))

In [4]: df.columns
Out[4]:
```

Index(['case_number', 'recall_notification_report_number',
'recall_notification_report_url', 'date_opened', 'date_closed',
'recall_class', 'press_release', 'domestic_est_number', 'company_name',
'imported_product', 'foreign_estab_number', 'city', 'state', 'country',
'product', 'problem', 'description', 'total_pounds_recalled',
'pounds_recovered'],
dtype='object')

## 4.2.6 Quandl

Daily financial data (prices of stocks, ETFs etc.) from [Quandl](#). The symbol names consist of two parts: DB name and symbol name. DB names can be all the [free ones listed on the Quandl website](#). Symbol names vary with DB name; for WIKI (US stocks), they are the common ticker symbols, in some other cases (such as FSE) they can be a bit strange. Some sources are also mapped to suitable ISO country codes in the dot suffix style shown above, currently available for BE, CN, DE, FR, IN, JP, NL, PT, UK, US.

As of June 2017, each DB has a different data schema, the coverage in terms of time range is sometimes surprisingly small, and the data quality is not always good.

```
In [1]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [2]: symbol = 'WIKI/AAPL' # or 'AAPL.US'

In [3]: df = web.DataReader(symbol, 'quandl', '2015-01-01', '2015-01-05')

In [4]: df.loc['2015-01-02']
Out[4]:
```

	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	...	AdjOpen	AdjHigh
↪ AdjLow	AdjClose	AdjVolume						
Date						...		
2015-01-02	111.39	111.44	107.35	109.33	53204626.0	...	105.820966	105.868466
↪	101.982949	103.863957	53204626.0					

## 4.2.7 FRED

```
In [5]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [6]: import datetime

In [7]: start = datetime.datetime(2010, 1, 1)

In [8]: end = datetime.datetime(2013, 1, 27)

In [9]: gdp = web.DataReader('GDP', 'fred', start, end)

In [10]: gdp.loc['2013-01-01']
Out[10]:
GDP    16569.591
Name: 2013-01-01 00:00:00, dtype: float64

# Multiple series:
In [11]: inflation = web.DataReader(['CPIAUCSL', 'CPILFESL'], 'fred', start, end)

In [12]: inflation.head()
Out[12]:
```

	CPIAUCSL	CPILFESL
DATE		
2010-01-01	217.488	220.633
2010-02-01	217.281	220.731
2010-03-01	217.353	220.783
2010-04-01	217.403	220.822
2010-05-01	217.290	220.962

## 4.2.8 Fama/French

Access datasets from the [Fama/French Data Library](#). The `get_available_datasets` function returns a list of all available datasets.

```
In [13]: from pandas_datareader.famafrench import get_available_datasets
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

In [14]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [15]: len(get_available_datasets())
Out[15]: 295

In [16]: ds = web.DataReader('5_Industry_Portfolios', 'famafrch')

In [17]: print(ds['DESCR'])
5 Industry Portfolios
-----

This file was created by CMPT_IND_RETS using the 201907 CRSP database. It contains
↳value- and equal-weighted returns for 5 industry portfolios. The portfolios are
↳constructed at the end of June. The annual returns are from January to December.
↳Missing data are indicated by -99.99 or -999. Copyright 2019 Kenneth R. French

0 : Average Value Weighted Returns -- Monthly (59 rows x 5 cols)
1 : Average Equal Weighted Returns -- Monthly (59 rows x 5 cols)
2 : Average Value Weighted Returns -- Annual (5 rows x 5 cols)
3 : Average Equal Weighted Returns -- Annual (5 rows x 5 cols)
4 : Number of Firms in Portfolios (59 rows x 5 cols)
5 : Average Firm Size (59 rows x 5 cols)
6 : Sum of BE / Sum of ME (6 rows x 5 cols)
7 : Value-Weighted Average of BE/ME (6 rows x 5 cols)

In [18]: ds[4].head()

```

	Cnsmr	Manuf	HiTec	Hlth	Other
Date					
2014-09	566	677	764	531	1111
2014-10	562	675	758	530	1107
2014-11	560	673	755	525	1101
2014-12	556	671	747	524	1094
2015-01	553	669	741	521	1090

## 4.2.9 World Bank

pandas users can easily access thousands of panel data series from the [World Bank's World Development Indicators](#) by using the `wb` I/O functions.

### Indicators

Either from exploring the World Bank site, or using the search function included, every world bank indicator is accessible.

For example, if you wanted to compare the Gross Domestic Products per capita in constant dollars in North America, you would use the `search` function:

```

In [1]: from pandas_datareader import wb
In [2]: matches = wb.search('gdp.*capita.*const')

```

Then you would use the `download` function to acquire the data from the World Bank's servers:

```
In [3]: dat = wb.download(indicator='NY.GDP.PCAP.KD', country=['US', 'CA', 'MX'],
↳start=2005, end=2008)
```

```
In [4]: print(dat)
```

		NY.GDP.PCAP.KD
country	year	
Canada	2008	36005.5004978584
	2007	36182.9138439757
	2006	35785.9698172849
	2005	35087.8925933298
Mexico	2008	8113.10219480083
	2007	8119.21298908649
	2006	7961.96818458178
	2005	7666.69796097264
United States	2008	43069.5819857208
	2007	43635.5852068142
	2006	43228.111147107
	2005	42516.3934699993

The resulting dataset is a properly formatted DataFrame with a hierarchical index, so it is easy to apply `.groupby` transformations to it:

```
In [6]: dat['NY.GDP.PCAP.KD'].groupby(level=0).mean()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

country	
Canada	35765.569188
Mexico	7965.245332
United States	43112.417952

dtype: float64

Now imagine you want to compare GDP to the share of people with cellphone contracts around the world.

```
In [7]: wb.search('cell.*%').iloc[:, :2]
```

```
Out[7]:
```

	id	name
3990	IT.CEL.SETS.FE.ZS	Mobile cellular telephone users, female (% of ...
3991	IT.CEL.SETS.MA.ZS	Mobile cellular telephone users, male (% of po...
4027	IT.MOB.COV.ZS	Population coverage of mobile cellular telepho...

Notice that this second search was much faster than the first one because pandas now has a cached list of available data series.

```
In [13]: ind = ['NY.GDP.PCAP.KD', 'IT.MOB.COV.ZS']
```

```
In [14]: dat = wb.download(indicator=ind, country='all', start=2011, end=2011).
```

```
↳dropna()
```

```
In [15]: dat.columns = ['gdp', 'cellphone']
```

```
In [16]: print(dat.tail())
```

		gdp	cellphone
country	year		
Swaziland	2011	2413.952853	94.9
Tunisia	2011	3687.340170	100.0
Uganda	2011	405.332501	100.0
Zambia	2011	767.911290	62.0
Zimbabwe	2011	419.236086	72.4

Finally, we use the `statsmodels` package to assess the relationship between our two variables using ordinary least squares regression. Unsurprisingly, populations in rich countries tend to use cellphones at a higher rate:

```

In [17]: import numpy as np
In [18]: import statsmodels.formula.api as smf
In [19]: mod = smf.ols('cellphone ~ np.log(gdp)', dat).fit()
In [20]: print(mod.summary())

```

OLS Regression Results						
Dep. Variable:	cellphone	R-squared:	0.297			
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.274			
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	13.08			
Date:	Thu, 25 Jul 2013	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00105			
Time:	15:24:42	Log-Likelihood:	-139.16			
No. Observations:	33	AIC:	282.3			
Df Residuals:	31	BIC:	285.3			
Df Model:	1					
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]	
Intercept	16.5110	19.071	0.866	0.393	-22.384	55.406
np.log(gdp)	9.9333	2.747	3.616	0.001	4.331	15.535
Omnibus:	36.054	Durbin-Watson:	2.071			
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	119.133			
Skew:	-2.314	Prob(JB):	1.35e-26			
Kurtosis:	11.077	Cond. No.	45.8			

## Country Codes

The `country` argument accepts a string or list of mixed [two](#) or [three](#) character ISO country codes, as well as dynamic [World Bank exceptions](#) to the ISO standards.

For a list of the the hard-coded country codes (used solely for error handling logic) see `pandas_datareader.wb.country_codes`.

## Problematic Country Codes & Indicators

**Note:** The World Bank's country list and indicators are dynamic. As of 0.15.1, `wb.download()` is more flexible. To achieve this, the warning and exception logic changed.

The world bank converts some country codes, in their response, which makes error checking by pandas difficult. Retired indicators still persist in the search.

Given the new flexibility of 0.15.1, improved error handling by the user may be necessary for fringe cases.

To help identify issues:

There are at least 4 kinds of country codes:

1. Standard (2/3 digit ISO) - returns data, will warn and error properly.
2. Non-standard (WB Exceptions) - returns data, but will falsely warn.
3. Blank - silently missing from the response.
4. Bad - causes the entire response from WB to fail, always exception inducing.

There are at least 3 kinds of indicators:

- Use the `errors` argument to control warnings and exceptions. Setting errors to ignore or warn, won't stop failed responses. (ie, 100% bad indicators, or a single 'bad' (#4 above) country code).

To confirm data set code, access to each data -> Export -> SDMX Query. Following example is to download 'Trade Union Density' data which set code is 'TUD'.

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

names=['Country', 'Source', 'Series'])

In [23]: df[['Japan', 'United States']]
\
Country          Japan          ... United States
Source      Administrative data    ... Survey data
Series          Employees Union members    ... Union members Trade union density
Year
2015-01-01          44480.0      12271.909    ...      16913.0      16.516
2016-01-01          45650.0      12227.223    ...      17002.0      16.248

[2 rows x 12 columns]

```

## 4.2.11 Eurostat

Eurostat are available via DataReader.

Get Rail accidents by type of accident (ERA data) data. The result will be a DataFrame which has DatetimeIndex as index and MultiIndex of attributes or countries as column. The target URL is:

- [http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=tran\\_sf\\_railac&lang=en](http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=tran_sf_railac&lang=en)

You can specify dataset ID 'tran\_sf\_railac' to get corresponding data via DataReader.

```

In [24]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [25]: df = web.DataReader('tran_sf_railac', 'eurostat')

In [26]: df
Out[26]:
ACCIDENT      Collisions of trains, including collisions with obstacles within the_
clearance gauge    ...      Unknown
UNIT
Number    ...      Number
GEO
Austria    ... United Kingdom
FREQ
Annual    ...      Annual
TIME_PERIOD
2015-01-01    ...      7.0
2016-01-01    ...      NaN
2017-01-01    ...      NaN
2018-01-01    ...      NaN

[3 rows x 264 columns]

```

## 4.2.12 TSP Fund Data

Download mutual fund index prices for the TSP.



```
In [27]: import pandas_datareader.tsp as tsp

In [28]: tspreader = tsp.TSPReader(start='2015-10-1', end='2015-12-31')

In [29]: tspreader.read()
Out[29]:
```

	L Income	L 2020	L 2030	L 2040	...	C Fund	S Fund	I Fund	
date					...				
2015-10-01	17.5164	22.5789	24.2159	25.5690	...	25.7953	34.0993	23.3202	NaN
2015-10-02	17.5707	22.7413	24.4472	25.8518	...	26.1669	34.6504	23.6367	
2015-10-05	17.6395	22.9582	24.7571	26.2306	...	26.6467	35.3565	24.1475	
2015-10-06	17.6338	22.9390	24.7268	26.1898	...	26.5513	35.1320	24.2294	
2015-10-07	17.6639	23.0324	24.8629	26.3598	...	26.7751	35.6035	24.3671	
2015-10-08	17.6957	23.1364	25.0122	26.5422	...	27.0115	35.9016	24.6406	
2015-10-09	17.7048	23.1646	25.0521	26.5903	...	27.0320	35.9772	24.7723	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2015-12-22	17.7493	23.1452	24.9775	26.4695	...	27.4848	35.0903	23.8679	
2015-12-23	17.8015	23.3149	25.2208	26.7663	...	27.8272	35.5749	24.3623	
2015-12-24	17.7991	23.3039	25.2052	26.7481	...	27.7831	35.6084	24.3272	
2015-12-28	17.7950	23.2811	25.1691	26.7015	...	27.7230	35.4625	24.2816	
2015-12-29	17.8270	23.3871	25.3226	26.8905	...	28.0236	35.8047	24.4757	
2015-12-30	17.8066	23.3216	25.2267	26.7707	...	27.8239	35.5126	24.4184	
2015-12-31	17.7733	23.2085	25.0635	26.5715	...	27.5622	35.2356	24.0952	

```
[62 rows x 11 columns]
```

### 4.2.13 Nasdaq Trader Symbol Definitions

Download the latest symbols from [Nasdaq](#).

Note that Nasdaq updates this file daily, and historical versions are not available. More information on the [field definitions](#).

```
In [12]: from pandas_datareader.nasdaq_trader import get_nasdaq_symbols
In [13]: symbols = get_nasdaq_symbols()
In [14]: print(symbols.loc['IBM'])
```

Nasdaq Traded	True
Security Name	International Business Machines Corporation Co...
Listing Exchange	N
Market Category	
ETF	False
Round Lot Size	100
Test Issue	False
Financial Status	NaN
CQS Symbol	IBM
NASDAQ Symbol	IBM
NextShares	False
Name: IBM, dtype: object	

### 4.2.14 Stooq Index Data

Google finance doesn't provide common index data download. The Stooq site has the data for download.

```
In [30]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [31]: f = web.DataReader('^DJI', 'stoq')

In [32]: f[:10]
Out[32]:
```

	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume
Date					
2019-09-20	27102.18	27194.75	26926.68	26935.07	NaN
2019-09-19	27186.05	27272.17	27064.21	27094.79	68699381.0
2019-09-18	27075.39	27161.93	26899.15	27147.08	70454821.0
2019-09-17	27010.12	27110.80	26984.14	27110.80	67020055.0
2019-09-16	27146.06	27172.87	27032.56	27076.82	72079672.0
2019-09-13	27216.67	27277.55	27193.95	27219.52	72147749.0
2019-09-12	27197.32	27306.73	27105.01	27182.45	80090206.0
2019-09-11	26928.05	27137.04	26885.48	27137.04	80088953.0
2019-09-10	26805.83	26909.43	26717.05	26909.43	87146222.0
2019-09-09	26866.23	26900.83	26762.18	26835.51	78395202.0

## 4.2.15 MOEX Data

The Moscow Exchange (MOEX) provides historical data.

```
In [33]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [34]: f = web.DataReader('USD000UTSTOM', 'moex', start='2017-07-01', end='2017-07-
↪31')

In [35]: f.head()
Out[35]:
```

	BOARDID	SHORTNAME	SECID	...	NUMTRADES	VOLRUR	WAPRICE
TRADEDATE				...			
2017-07-03	CNGD	USDRUB_TOM	USD000UTSTOM	...	24	1.864785e+09	NaN
2017-07-04	CETS	USDRUB_TOM	USD000UTSTOM	...	21053	1.090265e+11	59.2700
2017-07-04	CNGD	USDRUB_TOM	USD000UTSTOM	...	37	1.046416e+09	NaN
2017-07-05	CETS	USDRUB_TOM	USD000UTSTOM	...	50108	2.874226e+11	59.9234
2017-07-05	CNGD	USDRUB_TOM	USD000UTSTOM	...	35	6.339036e+09	NaN

[5 rows x 10 columns]

## 4.3 Caching queries

Making the same request repeatedly can use a lot of bandwidth, slow down your code and may result in your IP being banned.

pandas-datareader allows you to cache queries using `requests_cache` by passing a `requests_cache.Session` to `DataReader` or `Options` using the `session` parameter.

Below is an example with Yahoo! Finance. The session parameter is implemented for all datareaders.

```
In [1]: import pandas_datareader.data as web

In [2]: import datetime
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

In [3]: import requests_cache

In [4]: expire_after = datetime.timedelta(days=3)

In [5]: session = requests_cache.CachedSession(cache_name='cache', backend='sqlite',
↳ expire_after=expire_after)

In [6]: start = datetime.datetime(2010, 1, 1)

In [7]: end = datetime.datetime(2013, 1, 27)

In [8]: f = web.DataReader("F", 'yahoo', start, end, session=session)

In [9]: f.loc['2010-01-04']
Out[9]:
High          1.028000e+01
Low           1.005000e+01
Open          1.017000e+01
Close         1.028000e+01
Volume        6.085580e+07
Adj Close     7.339305e+00
Name: 2010-01-04 00:00:00, dtype: float64

```

A [SQLite](#) file named `cache.sqlite` will be created in the working directory, storing the request until the expiry date.

For additional information on using `requests-cache`, see the [documentation](#).

## 4.4 Other Data Sources

Web interfaces are constantly evolving and so there is constant evolution in this space. There are a number of noteworthy Python packages that integrate into the PyData ecosystem that are more narrowly focused than `pandas-datareader`.

### 4.4.1 Alpha Vantage

[Alpha Vantage](#) provides real time and historical equity data. Users are required to get a free API key before using the API. [Documentation](#) is available.

A [python package](#) simplifying access is available on github.

### 4.4.2 Tiingo

[Tiingo](#) aims to make high-end financial tools accessible investors. The [API is documented](#). Users are required to get a free API key before using the API.

A [python package](#) simplifying access is available on github.

### 4.4.3 Barchart

Barchart is a data provider covering a wide range of financial data. The [free API](#) provides up to two years of historical data.

A [python package](#) simplifying access is available on [github](#).

## 4.4.4 List of Other Sources

[Awesome Quant](#) maintains a large list of packages designed to provide access to financial data.

## 4.5 Data Readers

### 4.5.1 AlphaVantage

```
class pandas_datareader.av.forex.AVForexReader (symbols=None,          retry_count=3,
                                              pause=0.1,          session=None,
                                              api_key=None)
```

Returns DataFrame of the Alpha Vantage Foreign Exchange (FX) Exchange Rates data.

New in version 0.7.0.

#### Parameters

- **symbols** (*string, array-like object (list, tuple, Series)*) – Single currency pair (formatted ‘FROM/TO’) or list of the same.
- **retry\_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **api\_key** (*str, optional*) – Alpha Vantage API key . If not provided the environmental variable ALPHAVANTAGE\_API\_KEY is read. The API key is *required*.

**close()**

Close network session

**data\_key**

Key of data returned from Alpha Vantage

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**function**

Alpha Vantage endpoint function

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data from connector

**url**

API URL

```
class pandas_datareader.av.time_series.AVTimeSeriesReader (symbols=None, func-
                                                         tion='TIME_SERIES_DAILY',
                                                         start=None, end=None,
                                                         retry_count=3,
                                                         pause=0.1,      ses-
                                                         sion=None,
                                                         chunksize=25,
                                                         api_key=None)
```

Returns DataFrame of the Alpha Vantage Stock Time Series endpoints

New in version 0.7.0.

#### Parameters

- **symbols** (*string*) – Single stock symbol (ticker)
- **start** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Starting date. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., 'JAN-01-2010', '1/1/10', 'Jan, 1, 1980'). Defaults to 20 years before current date.
- **end** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Ending date
- **retry\_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **api\_key** (*str, optional*) – AlphaVantage API key . If not provided the environmental variable ALPHAVANTAGE\_API\_KEY is read. The API key is *required*.

**close()**

Close network session

**data\_key**

Key of data returned from Alpha Vantage

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**function**

Alpha Vantage endpoint function

**output\_size**

Used to limit the size of the Alpha Vantage query when possible.

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data from connector

**url**

API URL

```
class pandas_datareader.av.sector.AVSectorPerformanceReader (symbols=None,
                                                                start=None,
                                                                end=None,
                                                                retry_count=3,
                                                                pause=0.1,      ses-
                                                                sion=None,
                                                                api_key=None)
```

Returns DataFrame of the Alpha Vantage Sector Performances SECTOR data.

New in version 0.7.0.

#### Parameters

- **symbols** (*string, array-like object (list, tuple, Series)*) – Single currency pair (formatted ‘FROM/TO’) or list of the same.
- **retry\_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **api\_key** (*str, optional*) – Alpha Vantage API key . If not provided the environmental variable ALPHAVANTAGE\_API\_KEY is read. The API key is *required*.

**close()**

Close network session

**data\_key**

Key of data returned from Alpha Vantage

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**function**

Alpha Vantage endpoint function

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data from connector

**url**

API URL

```
class pandas_datareader.av.quotes.AVQuotesReader (symbols=None,      retry_count=3,
                                                  pause=0.1,        session=None,
                                                  api_key=None)
```

Returns DataFrame of Alpha Vantage Realtime Stock quotes for a symbol or list of symbols.

#### Parameters

- **symbols** (*string, array-like object (list, tuple, Series), or DataFrame*) – Single stock symbol (ticker), array-like object of symbols or DataFrame with index containing stock symbols.
- **retry\_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used

**close()**

Close network session

**data\_key**

Key of data returned from Alpha Vantage

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**function**  
Alpha Vantage endpoint function

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**  
Read data from connector

**url**  
API URL

### 4.5.2 Federal Reserve Economic Data (FRED)

**class** `pandas_datareader.fred.FredReader` (*symbols, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None*)

Get data for the given name from the St. Louis FED (FRED).

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**  
Read data

**Returns data** – If multiple names are passed for “series” then the index of the DataFrame is the outer join of the indices of each series.

**Return type** DataFrame

**url**  
API URL

### 4.5.3 Fama-French Data (Ken French’s Data Library)

**class** `pandas_datareader.famafrench.FamaFrenchReader` (*symbols, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None*)

Get data for the given name from the Fama/French data library.

For annual and monthly data, index is a `pandas.PeriodIndex`, otherwise it’s a `pandas.DatetimeIndex`.

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**get\_available\_datasets()**  
Get the list of datasets available from the Fama/French data library.

**Returns datasets** – A list of valid inputs for `get_data_famafrench`

**Return type** `list`

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data

**Returns** **df** – A dictionary of DataFrames. Tables are accessed by integer keys. See `df['DESCR']` for a description of the data set.

**Return type** `dict`

**url**

API URL

`pandas_datareader.famafrench.get_available_datasets(**kwargs)`

Get the list of datasets available from the Fama/French data library.

**Parameters** **session** (*Session, default None*) – `requests.sessions.Session` instance to be used

**Returns**

**Return type** A list of valid inputs for `get_data_famafrench`.

## 4.5.4 Bank of Canada

`class pandas_datareader.bankofcanada.BankOfCanadaReader` (*symbols, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None*)

Get data for the given name from Bank of Canada.

### Notes

See [Bank of Canada](#)

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data from connector

**url**

API URL

## 4.5.5 Econdb

`class pandas_datareader.econdb.EcondbReader` (*symbols, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None*)

Get data for the given name from Econdb.



**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**  
read one data from specified URL

**url**  
API URL

## 4.5.6 Enigma

**class** pandas\_datareader.enigma.**EnigmaReader** (*dataset\_id=None, api\_key=None, retry\_count=5, pause=0.75, session=None, base\_url='https://public.enigma.com/api'*)

Collects current snapshot of Enigma data located at the specified data set ID and returns a pandas DataFrame.

### Parameters

- **dataset\_id** (*str*) – Enigma dataset UUID.
- **api\_key** (*str, optional*) – Enigma API key. If not provided, the environmental variable ENIGMA\_API\_KEY is read.
- **retry\_count** (*int, default 5*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*float, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, of the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used.
- **base\_url** (*str, optional (defaults to https://public.enigma.com/api)*) – Alternative Enigma endpoint to be used.

### Examples

Download current snapshot for the following Florida Inspections Dataset: <https://public.enigma.com/datasets/bedaf052-5fcd-4758-8d27-048ce8746c6a>

```
>>> import pandas_datareader as pdr
>>> df = pdr.get_data_enigma('bedaf052-5fcd-4758-8d27-048ce8746c6a')
```

In the event that ENIGMA\_API\_KEY does not exist in your env, the key can be supplied as the second argument or as the keyword argument *api\_key*

```
>>> df = EnigmaReader(dataset_id='bedaf052-5fcd-4758-8d27-048ce8746c6a',
...                    api_key='INSERT_API_KEY').read()
```

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**get\_current\_snapshot\_id** (*dataset\_id*)  
Get ID of the most current snapshot of a dataset

**get\_dataset\_metadata** (*dataset\_id*)

Get the Dataset Model of this EnigmaReader's dataset <https://docs.public.enigma.com/resources/dataset/index.html>

**get\_snapshot\_export** (*snapshot\_id*)

Return raw CSV of a dataset

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read** ()

Read data

**url**

API URL

## 4.5.7 Eurostat

**class** pandas\_datareader.eurostat.**EurostatReader** (*symbols*, *start=None*, *end=None*,  
*retry\_count=3*, *pause=0.1*, *time-*  
*out=30*, *session=None*, *freq=None*)

Get data for the given name from Eurostat.

**close** ()

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**dsd\_url**

API DSD URL

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read** ()

Read data from connector

**url**

API URL

## 4.5.8 The Investors Exchange (IEX)

**class** pandas\_datareader.iex.daily.**IEXDailyReader** (*symbols=None*, *start=None*,  
*end=None*, *retry\_count=3*,  
*pause=0.1*, *session=None*, *chunk-*  
*size=25*, *api\_key=None*)

Returns DataFrame of historical stock prices from symbols, over date range, start to end. To avoid being penalized by IEX servers, pauses between downloading 'chunks' of symbols can be specified.

### Parameters

- **symbols** (*string*, *array-like object (list, tuple, Series)*, or *DataFrame*) – Single stock symbol (ticker), array-like object of symbols or DataFrame with index containing stock symbols.
- **start** (*string*, *int*, *date*, *datetime*, *Timestamp*) – Starting date. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., 'JAN-01-2010', '1/1/10', 'Jan, 1, 1980'). Defaults to 15 years before current date

- **end**(*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Ending date
- **retry\_count**(*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause**(*int, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **chunksize**(*int, default 25*) – Number of symbols to download consecutively before initiating pause.
- **session**(*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **api\_key**(*str*) – IEX Cloud Secret Token

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**endpoint**

API endpoint

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data

**url**

API URL

```
class pandas_datareader.iex.market.MarketReader(symbols=None, start=None,
                                                end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.1,
                                                session=None)
```

Near real-time traded volume

## Notes

Market data is captured by the IEX system between approximately 7:45 a.m. and 5:15 p.m. ET.

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data

**service**

Service endpoint

**url**

API URL

```
class pandas_datareader.iex.ref.SymbolsReader(symbols=None, start=None, end=None,
                                                retry_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None)
```

Symbols available for trading on IEX

## Notes

Returns symbols IEX supports for trading. Updated daily as of 7:45 a.m. ET.

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**  
Read data

**service**  
Service endpoint

**url**  
API URL

**class** pandas\_datareader.iex.stats.**DailySummaryReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None*)

Daily statistics from IEX for a day or month

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**  
Unfortunately, IEX's API can only retrieve data one day or one month at a time. Rather than specifying a date range, we will have to run the read function for each date provided.

**Returns** DataFrame

**service**  
Service endpoint

**url**  
API URL

**class** pandas\_datareader.iex.stats.**MonthlySummaryReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None*)

Monthly statistics from IEX

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Unfortunately, IEX's API can only retrieve data one day or one month at a time. Rather than specifying a date range, we will have to run the read function for each date provided.

**Returns** DataFrame

**service**  
Service endpoint

**url**  
API URL

**class** pandas\_datareader.iex.stats.**RecordsReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None*)

Total matched volume information from IEX

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**  
Read data

**service**  
Service endpoint

**url**  
API URL

**class** pandas\_datareader.iex.stats.**RecentReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None*)

Recent trading volume from IEX

## Notes

Returns 6 fields for each day:

- date: refers to the trading day.
- volume: refers to executions received from order routed to away trading centers.
- routedVolume: refers to single counted shares matched from executions on IEX.
- marketShare: refers to IEX's percentage of total US Equity market volume.
- isHalfday: will be true if the trading day is a half day.
- litVolume: refers to the number of lit shares traded on IEX (single-counted).

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**  
Read data

**service**  
Service endpoint

**url**  
API URL

**class** `pandas_datareader.iex.deep.Deep` (*symbols=None, service=None, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None*)

Retrieve order book data from IEX

### Notes

Real-time depth of book quotations direct from IEX. Returns aggregated size of resting displayed orders at a price and side. Does not indicate the size or number of individual orders at any price level. Non-displayed orders and non-displayed portions of reserve orders are not counted.

Also provides last trade price and size information. Routed executions are not reported.

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**  
Read data

**service**  
Service endpoint

**url**  
API URL

**class** `pandas_datareader.iex.tops.TopsReader` (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None*)

Near-real time aggregated bid and offer positions

### Notes

IEX's aggregated best quoted bid and offer position for all securities on IEX's displayed limit order book.

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**  
Read data

**service**  
Service endpoint

**url**  
API URL

**class** pandas\_datareader.iex.tops.**LastReader** (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None*)  
Information of executions on IEX

## Notes

Last provides trade data for executions on IEX. Provides last sale price, size and time.

**close()**  
Close network session

**default\_start\_date**  
Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**  
Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**  
Read data

**service**  
Service endpoint

**url**  
API URL

## 4.5.9 Moscow Exchange (MOEX)

**class** pandas\_datareader.moex.**MoexReader** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)  
Returns a DataFrame of historical stock prices from symbols from Moex

### Parameters

- **symbols** (*str, an array-like object (list, tuple, Series), or a DataFrame*) – A single stock symbol (secid), an array-like object of symbols or a DataFrame with an index containing stock symbols.
- **start** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Starting date. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., 'JAN-01-2010', '1/1/10', 'Jan, 1, 1980'). Defaults to 20 years before current date.
- **end** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Ending date
- **retry\_count** (*int, default 3*) – The number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **chunksize** (*int, default 25*) – The number of symbols to download consecutively before initiating pause.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used

## Notes

To avoid being penalized by Moex servers, pauses more than 0.1s between downloading ‘chunks’ of symbols can be specified.

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data

**url**

Return a list of API URLs per symbol

### 4.5.10 NASDAQ

`pandas_datareader.nasdaq_trader.get_nasdaq_symbols(retry_count=3, timeout=30, pause=None)`

Get the list of all available equity symbols from Nasdaq.

**Returns** `nasdaq_tickers` – DataFrame with company tickers, names, and other properties.

**Return type** `pandas.DataFrame`

### 4.5.11 Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

`class pandas_datareader.oecd.OECDReader(symbols, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.1, timeout=30, session=None, freq=None)`

Get data for the given name from OECD.

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data from connector

**url**

API URL

### 4.5.12 Quandl

`class pandas_datareader.quandl.QuandlReader(symbols, start=None, end=None, retry_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None, chunksize=25, api_key=None)`

Returns DataFrame of historical stock prices from symbol, over date range, start to end.



New in version 0.5.0.

### Parameters

- **symbols** (*string*) – Possible formats: 1. DB/SYM: The Quandl ‘codes’: DB is the database name, SYM is a ticker-symbol-like Quandl abbreviation for a particular security. 2. SYM.CC: SYM is the same symbol and CC is an ISO country code, will try to map to the best single Quandl database for that country. Beware of ambiguous symbols (different securities per country)! Note: Cannot use more than a single string because of the inflexible way the URL is composed of url and `_get_params` in the superclass
- **start** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Starting date. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., ‘JAN-01-2010’, ‘1/1/10’, ‘Jan, 1, 1980’). Defaults to 20 years before current date.
- **end** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Ending date
- **retry\_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **chunksize** (*int, default 25*) – Number of symbols to download consecutively before initiating pause.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **api\_key** (*str, optional*) – Quandl API key . If not provided the environmental variable QUANDL\_API\_KEY is read. The API key is *required*.

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data

**url**

API URL

## 4.5.13 Stooq.com

**class** pandas\_datareader.stooq.StooqDailyReader (*symbols=None, start=None, end=None, retry\_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None, chunksize=25*)

Returns DataFrame/dict of Dataframes of historical stock prices from symbols, over date range, start to end.

### Parameters

- **symbols** (*string, array-like object (list, tuple, Series), or DataFrame*) – Single stock symbol (ticker), array-like object of symbols or DataFrame with index containing stock symbols.
- **start** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Starting date. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., ‘JAN-01-2010’, ‘1/1/10’, ‘Jan, 1, 1980’). Defaults to 20 years before current date.

- **end**(*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Ending date
- **retry\_count**(*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause**(*int, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **chunksize**(*int, default 25*) – Number of symbols to download consecutively before initiating pause.
- **session**(*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **freq** (*string, d, w, m, q, y for daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, yearly*) –

## Notes

See [Stooq](#)

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data

**url**

API URL

## 4.5.14 Tiingo

```
class pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoDailyReader(symbols, start=None, end=None,  
                                                retry_count=3, pause=0.1, time-  
                                                out=30, session=None, freq=None,  
                                                api_key=None)
```

Historical daily data from Tiingo on equities, ETFs and mutual funds

### Parameters

- **symbols** (*{str, List[str]}*) – String symbol or list of symbols
- **start** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Starting date, timestamp. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., ‘JAN-01-2010’, ‘1/1/10’, ‘Jan, 1, 1980’). Default is ‘1/1/2010’.
- **end** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Ending date, timestamp. Same format as starting date.
- **retry\_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*float, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, of the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **freq** (*{str, None}*) – Not used.

- **api\_key**(*str*, *optional*) – Tiingo API key . If not provided the environmental variable TIINGO\_API\_KEY is read. The API key is *required*.

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data from connector

**url**

API URL

```
class pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoQuoteReader(symbols, start=None, end=None,
                                                  retry_count=3, pause=0.1, time-
                                                  out=30, session=None, freq=None,
                                                  api_key=None)
```

Read quotes (latest prices) from Tiingo

#### Parameters

- **symbols** (*{str, List[str]}*) – String symbol or list of symbols
- **start** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Not used.
- **end** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Not used.
- **retry\_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*float, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, of the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **freq** (*{str, None}*) – Not used.
- **api\_key** (*str, optional*) – Tiingo API key . If not provided the environmental variable TIINGO\_API\_KEY is read. The API key is *required*.

## Notes

This is a special case of the daily reader which automatically selected the latest data available for each symbol.

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data from connector

**url**

API URL

```
class pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoMetaDataReader (symbols, start=None, end=None,
                                                    retry_count=3, pause=0.1,
                                                    timeout=30, session=None,
                                                    freq=None, api_key=None)
```

Read metadata about symbols from Tiingo

#### Parameters

- **symbols** (*{str, List[str]}*) – String symbol or list of symbols
- **start** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Not used.
- **end** (*string, int, date, datetime, Timestamp*) – Not used.
- **retry\_count** (*int, default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*float, default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, of the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session, default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used
- **freq** (*{str, None}*) – Not used.
- **api\_key** (*str, optional*) – Tiingo API key . If not provided the environmental variable TIINGO\_API\_KEY is read. The API key is *required*.

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data from connector

**url**

API URL

`pandas_datareader.tiingo.get_tiingo_symbols()`

Get the set of stock symbols supported by Tiingo

**Returns symbols** – DataFrame with symbols (ticker), exchange, asset type, currency and start and end dates

**Return type** DataFrame

#### Notes

Reads [https://apimedia.tiingo.com/docs/tiingo/daily/supported\\_tickers.zip](https://apimedia.tiingo.com/docs/tiingo/daily/supported_tickers.zip)

### 4.5.15 Thrift Savings Plan (TSP)

```
class pandas_datareader.tsp.TSPReader (symbols=('Linc', 'L2020', 'L2030', 'L2040', 'L2050',
                                                'G', 'F', 'C', 'S', 'I'), start=None, end=None,
                                        retry_count=3, pause=0.1, session=None)
```

Returns DataFrame of historical TSP fund prices from symbols, over date range, start to end.

#### Parameters

- **symbols** (*str*, array-like object (*list*, *tuple*, *Series*), or *DataFrame*) – Single stock symbol (ticker), array-like object of symbols or *DataFrame* with index containing stock symbols.
- **start** (*string*, *int*, *date*, *datetime*, *Timestamp*) – Starting date. Parses many different kind of date representations (e.g., ‘JAN-01-2010’, ‘1/1/10’, ‘Jan, 1, 1980’). Defaults to 20 years before current date.
- **end** (*string*, *int*, *date*, *datetime*, *Timestamp*) – Ending date
- **retry\_count** (*int*, *default 3*) – Number of times to retry query request.
- **pause** (*int*, *default 0.1*) – Time, in seconds, to pause between consecutive queries of chunks. If single value given for symbol, represents the pause between retries.
- **session** (*Session*, *default None*) – requests.sessions.Session instance to be used

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

read one data from specified URL

**url**

API URL

## 4.5.16 World Bank

**class** pandas\_datareader.wb.**WorldBankReader** (*symbols=None*, *countries=None*, *start=None*, *end=None*, *freq=None*, *retry\_count=3*, *pause=0.1*, *session=None*, *errors='warn'*)

Download data series from the World Bank’s World Development Indicators

### Parameters

- **symbols** (*WorldBank indicator string or list of strings*) – taken from the *id* field in *WDIsearch()*
- **countries** (*string or list of strings*) – all downloads data for all countries 2 or 3 character ISO country codes select individual countries (e.g. ‘US’, ‘CA’) or (e.g. ‘USA’, ‘CAN’). The codes can be mixed. The two ISO lists of countries, provided by wikipedia, are hardcoded into pandas as of 11/10/2014.
- **start** (*string*, *int*, *date*, *datetime*, *Timestamp*) – First year of the data series. Month and day are ignored.
- **end** (*string*, *int*, *date*, *datetime*, *Timestamp*) – Last year of the data series (inclusive). Month and day are ignored.
- **errors** (*str {'ignore', 'warn', 'raise'}, default 'warn'*) – Country codes are validated against a hardcoded list. This controls the outcome of that validation, and attempts to also apply to the results from world bank. *errors='raise'*, will raise a *ValueError* on a bad country code.

**close()**

Close network session

**default\_start\_date**

Default start date for reader. Defaults to 5 years before current date

**get\_countries()**

Query information about countries

**Notes**

Provides information such as:

- country code
- region
- income level
- capital city
- latitude
- and longitude

**get\_indicators()**

Download information about all World Bank data series

**params**

Parameters to use in API calls

**read()**

Read data

**search(string='gdp.\*capi', field='name', case=False)**

Search available data series from the world bank

**Parameters**

- **string**(*string*) – regular expression
- **field**(*string*) – id, name, source, sourceNote, sourceOrganization, topics See notes below
- **case**(*bool*) – case sensitive search?

**Notes**

The first time this function is run it will download and cache the full list of available series. Depending on the speed of your network connection, this can take time. Subsequent searches will use the cached copy, so they should be much faster.

**id** : Data series indicator (for use with the `indicator` argument of `WDI()`) e.g. `NY.GNS.ICTR.GN.ZS`  
**name**: Short description of the data series  
**source**: Data collection project  
**sourceOrganization**: Data collection organization  
**note**: sourceNote: topics:

**url**

API URL

```
pandas_datareader.wb.download(country=None, indicator=None, start=2003, end=2005,
                                freq=None, errors='warn', **kwargs)
```

Download data series from the World Bank's World Development Indicators

**Parameters**

- **indicator** (*string or list of strings*) – taken from the `id` field in `WDIsearch()`

- **country** (*string or list of strings.*) – all downloads data for all countries 2 or 3 character ISO country codes select individual countries (e.g. “US”, “CA”) or (e.g. “USA”, “CAN”). The codes can be mixed.

The two ISO lists of countries, provided by wikipedia, are hardcoded into pandas as of 11/10/2014.

- **start** (*int*) – First year of the data series
- **end** (*int*) – Last year of the data series (inclusive)
- **freq** (*str*) – frequency or periodicity of the data to be retrieved (e.g. ‘M’ for monthly, ‘Q’ for quarterly, and ‘A’ for annual). None defaults to annual.
- **errors** (*str {'ignore', 'warn', 'raise'}, default 'warn'*) – Country codes are validated against a hardcoded list. This controls the outcome of that validation, and attempts to also apply to the results from world bank. `errors='raise'`, will raise a `ValueError` on a bad country code.
- **kwargs** – keywords passed to `WorldBankReader`

**Returns** **data** – DataFrame with columns country, iso\_code, year, indicator value

**Return type** DataFrame

```
pandas_datareader.wb.get_countries(**kwargs)
```

Query information about countries

**Provides information such as:** country code, region, income level, capital city, latitude, and longitude

**Parameters** **kwargs** – keywords passed to `WorldBankReader`

```
pandas_datareader.wb.get_indicators(**kwargs)
```

Download information about all World Bank data series

**Parameters** **kwargs** – keywords passed to `WorldBankReader`

```
pandas_datareader.wb.search(string='gdp.*capi', field='name', case=False, **kwargs)
```

Search available data series from the world bank

**Parameters**

- **string** (*string*) – regular expression
- **field** (*string*) – id, name, source, sourceNote, sourceOrganization, topics. See notes
- **case** (*bool*) – case sensitive search?
- **kwargs** – keywords passed to `WorldBankReader`

## Notes

The first time this function is run it will download and cache the full list of available series. Depending on the speed of your network connection, this can take time. Subsequent searches will use the cached copy, so they should be much faster.

`id` : Data series indicator (for use with the `indicator` argument of `WDI()`) e.g. NY.GNS.ICTR.GN.ZS”

- `name`: Short description of the data series
- `source`: Data collection project

- sourceOrganization: Data collection organization
- note:
- sourceNote:
- topics:



## CHAPTER 5

---

### Indices and tables

---

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`



### p

- `pandas_datareader.av.forex`, 32
- `pandas_datareader.av.quotes`, 34
- `pandas_datareader.av.sector`, 33
- `pandas_datareader.av.time_series`, 32
- `pandas_datareader.bankofcanada`, 36
- `pandas_datareader.econdb`, 36
- `pandas_datareader.enigma`, 37
- `pandas_datareader.eurostat`, 38
- `pandas_datareader.famafrench`, 35
- `pandas_datareader.fred`, 35
- `pandas_datareader.iex.daily`, 38
- `pandas_datareader.iex.deep`, 42
- `pandas_datareader.iex.market`, 39
- `pandas_datareader.iex.ref`, 39
- `pandas_datareader.iex.stats`, 40
- `pandas_datareader.iex.tops`, 42
- `pandas_datareader.moex`, 43
- `pandas_datareader.nasdaq_trader`, 44
- `pandas_datareader.oecd`, 44
- `pandas_datareader.quandl`, 44
- `pandas_datareader.stooq`, 45
- `pandas_datareader.tiingo`, 46
- `pandas_datareader.tsp`, 48
- `pandas_datareader.wb`, 49



## A

AVForexReader (class in *pandas\_datareader.av.forex*), 32

AVQuotesReader (class in *pandas\_datareader.av.quotes*), 34

AVSectorPerformanceReader (class in *pandas\_datareader.av.sector*), 33

AVTimeSeriesReader (class in *pandas\_datareader.av.time\_series*), 32

## B

BankOfCanadaReader (class in *pandas\_datareader.bankofcanada*), 36

## C

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.av.forex.AVForexReader* method), 32

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.av.quotes.AVQuotesReader* method), 34

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.av.sector.AVSectorPerformanceReader* method), 34

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.av.time\_series.AVTimeSeriesReader* method), 33

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.bankofcanada.BankOfCanadaReader* method), 36

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.econdb.EcondbReader* method), 36

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.enigma.EnigmaReader* method), 37

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.eurostat.EurostatReader* method), 38

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.famafrench.FamaFrenchReader* method), 35

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.fred.FredReader* method), 35

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.iex.daily.IEXDailyReader* method), 39

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.iex.deep.Deep* method), 42

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.iex.market.MarketReader* method), 39

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.iex.ref.SymbolsReader* method), 40

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.iex.stats.DailySummaryReader* method), 40

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.iex.stats.MonthlySummaryReader* method), 40

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.iex.stats.RecentReader* method), 41

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.iex.stats.RecordsReader* method), 41

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.iex.tops.LastReader* method), 43

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.iex.tops.TopsReader* method), 42

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.moex.MoexReader* method), 44

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.oecd.OECDReader* method), 44

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.quandl.QuandlReader* method), 45

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.stooq.StooqDailyReader* method), 46

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.tiingo.TiingoDailyReader* method), 47

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.tiingo.TiingoMetaDataReader* method), 48

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.tiingo.TiingoQuoteReader* method), 47

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.tsp.TSPReader* method), 49

`close()` (*pandas\_datareader.wb.WorldBankReader* method), 49

## D

DailySummaryReader (class in *pandas\_datareader.iex.stats*), 40

`data_key` (*pandas\_datareader.av.forex.AVForexReader* attribute), 32

[data\\_key \(pandas\\_datareader.av.quotes.AVQuotesReader attribute\), 40](#)  
[data\\_key \(pandas\\_datareader.av.quotes.AVQuotesReader attribute\), 34](#)  
[data\\_key \(pandas\\_datareader.av.sector.AVSectorPerformanceReader attribute\), 34](#)  
[data\\_key \(pandas\\_datareader.av.time\\_series.AVTimeSeriesReader attribute\), 33](#)  
[Deep \(class in pandas\\_datareader.iex.deep\), 42](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.av.forex.AVForexReader attribute\), 32](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.av.quotes.AVQuotesReader attribute\), 34](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.av.sector.AVSectorPerformanceReader attribute\), 34](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.av.time\\_series.AVTimeSeriesReader attribute\), 33](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.bankofcanada.BankOfCanadaReader attribute\), 36](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.econdb.EcondbReader attribute\), 37](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.enigma.EnigmaReader attribute\), 37](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.eurostat.EurostatReader attribute\), 38](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.famafrench.FamaFrenchReader attribute\), 35](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.fred.FredReader attribute\), 35](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.daily.IEXDailyReader attribute\), 39](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.deep.Deep attribute\), 42](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.market.MarketReader attribute\), 39](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.ref.SymbolsReader attribute\), 40](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.stats.DailySummaryReader attribute\), 40](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.stats.MonthlySummaryReader attribute\), 40](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.stats.RecentReader attribute\), 41](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.stats.RecordsReader attribute\), 41](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.tops.LastReader attribute\), 43](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.tops.TopsReader attribute\), 42](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.moex.MoexReader attribute\), 44](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.oecd.OECDReader attribute\), 44](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.quandl.QuandlReader attribute\), 45](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.stooq.StooqDailyReader attribute\), 46](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.tiingo.TiingoDailyReader attribute\), 47](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.tiingo.TiingoMetaDataReader attribute\), 48](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.tiingo.TiingoQuoteReader attribute\), 47](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.tsp.TSPReader attribute\), 49](#)  
[default\\_start\\_date \(pandas\\_datareader.wb.WorldBankReader attribute\), 49](#)  
[download\(\) \(in module pandas\\_datareader.wb\), 50](#)  
[dsd\\_url \(pandas\\_datareader.eurostat.EurostatReader attribute\), 38](#)

## E

[EcondbReader \(class in pandas\\_datareader.econdb\), 36](#)  
[endpoint \(pandas\\_datareader.iex.daily.IEXDailyReader attribute\), 39](#)  
[EnigmaReader \(class in pandas\\_datareader.enigma\), 37](#)  
[EurostatReader \(class in pandas\\_datareader.eurostat\), 38](#)

## F

FamaFrenchReader (class in pandas\_datareader.famafrench), 35

FredReader (class in pandas\_datareader.fred), 35

function (pandas\_datareader.av.forex.AVForexReader attribute), 32

function (pandas\_datareader.av.quotes.AVQuotesReader attribute), 35

function (pandas\_datareader.av.sector.AVSectorPerformanceReader attribute), 34

function (pandas\_datareader.av.time\_series.AVTimeSeriesReader attribute), 33

## G

get\_available\_datasets() (in module pandas\_datareader.famafrench), 36

get\_available\_datasets() (pandas\_datareader.famafrench.FamaFrenchReader method), 35

get\_countries() (in module pandas\_datareader.wb), 51

get\_countries() (pandas\_datareader.wb.WorldBankReader method), 50

get\_current\_snapshot\_id() (pandas\_datareader.enigma.EnigmaReader method), 37

get\_dataset\_metadata() (pandas\_datareader.enigma.EnigmaReader method), 37

get\_indicators() (in module pandas\_datareader.wb), 51

get\_indicators() (pandas\_datareader.wb.WorldBankReader method), 50

get\_nasdaq\_symbols() (in module pandas\_datareader.nasdaq\_trader), 44

get\_snapshot\_export() (pandas\_datareader.enigma.EnigmaReader method), 38

get\_tingo\_symbols() (in module pandas\_datareader.tingo), 48

## I

IEXDailyReader (class in pandas\_datareader.iex.daily), 38

## L

LastReader (class in pandas\_datareader.iex.tops), 43

## M

MarketReader (class in pandas\_datareader.iex.market), 39

MoexReader (class in pandas\_datareader.moex), 43

MonthlySummaryReader (class in pandas\_datareader.iex.stats), 40

## O

OECDReader (class in pandas\_datareader.oecd), 44

output\_size (pandas\_datareader.av.time\_series.AVTimeSeriesReader attribute), 33

## P

pandas\_datareader.av.forex (module), 32

pandas\_datareader.av.quotes (module), 34

pandas\_datareader.av.sector (module), 33

pandas\_datareader.av.time\_series (module), 32

pandas\_datareader.bankofcanada (module), 36

pandas\_datareader.econdb (module), 36

pandas\_datareader.enigma (module), 37

pandas\_datareader.eurostat (module), 38

pandas\_datareader.famafrench (module), 35

pandas\_datareader.fred (module), 35

pandas\_datareader.iex.daily (module), 38

pandas\_datareader.iex.deep (module), 42

pandas\_datareader.iex.market (module), 39

pandas\_datareader.iex.ref (module), 39

pandas\_datareader.iex.stats (module), 40

pandas\_datareader.iex.tops (module), 42

pandas\_datareader.moex (module), 43

pandas\_datareader.nasdaq\_trader (module), 44

pandas\_datareader.oecd (module), 44

pandas\_datareader.quandl (module), 44

pandas\_datareader.stooq (module), 45

pandas\_datareader.tingo (module), 46

pandas\_datareader.tsp (module), 48

pandas\_datareader.wb (module), 49

params (pandas\_datareader.av.forex.AVForexReader attribute), 32

params (pandas\_datareader.av.quotes.AVQuotesReader attribute), 35

params (pandas\_datareader.av.sector.AVSectorPerformanceReader attribute), 34

params (pandas\_datareader.av.time\_series.AVTimeSeriesReader attribute), 33

params (pandas\_datareader.bankofcanada.BankOfCanadaReader attribute), 36

params (pandas\_datareader.econdb.EcondbReader attribute), 37

params (pandas\_datareader.enigma.EnigmaReader attribute), 38

params (pandas\_datareader.eurostat.EurostatReader attribute), 38

`params (pandas_datareader.famafrench.FamaFrenchReader attribute), 36`  
`params (pandas_datareader.fred.FredReader attribute), 35`  
`params (pandas_datareader.iex.daily.IEXDailyReader attribute), 39`  
`params (pandas_datareader.iex.deep.Deep attribute), 42`  
`params (pandas_datareader.iex.market.MarketReader attribute), 39`  
`params (pandas_datareader.iex.ref.SymbolsReader attribute), 40`  
`params (pandas_datareader.iex.stats.DailySummaryReader attribute), 40`  
`params (pandas_datareader.iex.stats.MonthlySummaryReader attribute), 40`  
`params (pandas_datareader.iex.stats.RecentReader attribute), 41`  
`params (pandas_datareader.iex.stats.RecordsReader attribute), 41`  
`params (pandas_datareader.iex.tops.LastReader attribute), 43`  
`params (pandas_datareader.iex.tops.TopsReader attribute), 42`  
`params (pandas_datareader.moex.MoexReader attribute), 44`  
`params (pandas_datareader.oecd.OECDReader attribute), 44`  
`params (pandas_datareader.quandl.QuandlReader attribute), 45`  
`params (pandas_datareader.stooq.StooqDailyReader attribute), 46`  
`params (pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoDailyReader attribute), 47`  
`params (pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoMetaDataReader attribute), 48`  
`params (pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoQuoteReader attribute), 47`  
`params (pandas_datareader.tsp.TSPReader attribute), 49`  
`params (pandas_datareader.wb.WorldBankReader attribute), 50`

**Q**  
`QuandlReader (class in pandas_datareader.quandl), 44`

**R**  
`read () (pandas_datareader.av.forex.AVForexReader method), 32`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.av.quotes.AVQuotesReader method), 35`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.av.sector.AVSectorPerformanceReader method), 34`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.av.time_series.AVTimeSeriesReader method), 33`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.bankofcanada.BankOfCanadaReader method), 36`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.econdb.EcondbReader method), 37`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.enigma.EnigmaReader method), 38`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.eurostat.EurostatReader method), 38`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.famafrench.FamaFrenchReader method), 36`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.fred.FredReader method), 35`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.iex.daily.IEXDailyReader method), 39`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.iex.deep.Deep method), 42`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.iex.market.MarketReader method), 39`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.iex.ref.SymbolsReader method), 40`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.iex.stats.DailySummaryReader method), 40`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.iex.stats.MonthlySummaryReader method), 40`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.iex.stats.RecentReader method), 41`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.iex.stats.RecordsReader method), 41`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.iex.tops.LastReader method), 43`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.iex.tops.TopsReader method), 42`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.moex.MoexReader method), 44`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.oecd.OECDReader method), 44`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.quandl.QuandlReader method), 45`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.stooq.StooqDailyReader method), 46`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoDailyReader method), 47`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoMetaDataReader method), 48`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoQuoteReader method), 47`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.tsp.TSPReader method), 49`  
`read () (pandas_datareader.wb.WorldBankReader method), 50`  
`RecentReader (class in pandas_datareader.iex.stats), 41`  
`RecordsReader (class in pandas_datareader.iex.stats), 41`



## S

`search()` (in module `pandas_datareader.wb`), 51

`search()` (`pandas_datareader.wb.WorldBankReader` method), 50

`service` (`pandas_datareader.iex.deep.Deep` attribute), 42

`service` (`pandas_datareader.iex.market.MarketReader` attribute), 39

`service` (`pandas_datareader.iex.ref.SymbolsReader` attribute), 40

`service` (`pandas_datareader.iex.stats.DailySummaryReader` attribute), 40

`service` (`pandas_datareader.iex.stats.MonthlySummaryReader` attribute), 41

`service` (`pandas_datareader.iex.stats.RecentReader` attribute), 42

`service` (`pandas_datareader.iex.stats.RecordsReader` attribute), 41

`service` (`pandas_datareader.iex.tops.LastReader` attribute), 43

`service` (`pandas_datareader.iex.tops.TopsReader` attribute), 42

`StooqDailyReader` (class in `pandas_datareader.stooq`), 45

`SymbolsReader` (class in `pandas_datareader.iex.ref`), 39

## T

`TiingoDailyReader` (class in `pandas_datareader.tiingo`), 46

`TiingoMetaDataReader` (class in `pandas_datareader.tiingo`), 47

`TiingoQuoteReader` (class in `pandas_datareader.tiingo`), 47

`TopsReader` (class in `pandas_datareader.iex.tops`), 42

`TSPReader` (class in `pandas_datareader.tsp`), 48

## U

`url` (`pandas_datareader.av.forex.AVForexReader` attribute), 32

`url` (`pandas_datareader.av.quotes.AVQuotesReader` attribute), 35

`url` (`pandas_datareader.av.sector.AVSectorPerformanceReader` attribute), 34

`url` (`pandas_datareader.av.time_series.AVTimeSeriesReader` attribute), 33

`url` (`pandas_datareader.bankofcanada.BankOfCanadaReader` attribute), 36

`url` (`pandas_datareader.econdb.EcondbReader` attribute), 37

`url` (`pandas_datareader.enigma.EnigmaReader` attribute), 38

`url` (`pandas_datareader.eurostat.EurostatReader` attribute), 38

`url` (`pandas_datareader.famafrench.FamaFrenchReader` attribute), 36

`url` (`pandas_datareader.fred.FredReader` attribute), 35

`url` (`pandas_datareader.iex.daily.IEXDailyReader` attribute), 39

`url` (`pandas_datareader.iex.deep.Deep` attribute), 42

`url` (`pandas_datareader.iex.market.MarketReader` attribute), 39

`url` (`pandas_datareader.iex.ref.SymbolsReader` attribute), 40

`url` (`pandas_datareader.iex.stats.DailySummaryReader` attribute), 40

`url` (`pandas_datareader.iex.stats.MonthlySummaryReader` attribute), 41

`url` (`pandas_datareader.iex.stats.RecentReader` attribute), 42

`url` (`pandas_datareader.iex.stats.RecordsReader` attribute), 41

`url` (`pandas_datareader.iex.tops.LastReader` attribute), 43

`url` (`pandas_datareader.iex.tops.TopsReader` attribute), 43

`url` (`pandas_datareader.moex.MoexReader` attribute), 44

`url` (`pandas_datareader.oecd.OECDReader` attribute), 44

`url` (`pandas_datareader.quandl.QuandlReader` attribute), 45

`url` (`pandas_datareader.stooq.StooqDailyReader` attribute), 46

`url` (`pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoDailyReader` attribute), 47

`url` (`pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoMetaDataReader` attribute), 48

`url` (`pandas_datareader.tiingo.TiingoQuoteReader` attribute), 47

`url` (`pandas_datareader.tsp.TSPReader` attribute), 49

`url` (`pandas_datareader.wb.WorldBankReader` attribute), 50

## W

`WorldBankReader` (class in `pandas_datareader.wb`), 49