Exercise sheet 1

Points: / 20

Python Introduction 2022

by David Rieger

26. November 2022

Questions:

In this exercise some basic knowledge will be asked. Answer the questions with a few sentences in the $exercise_01.py$ file!

- (a) Which programs and resources do you need, to write and execute python code?
- **(b)** Which type of language is python and what are the differences to C++ for example?
- (c) How do you define variables in python? (Check answer (b))
- (d) What's the difference between tuples, lists, sets and dictionaries?
- (e) What are modules and how can you import and use them?
- **(f)** What loop and statements are there in python?

0.1 Exercise 1:

Here you have to code in python. The files *Exercise_1.py* and *resources.py* are given to you. Complete the code with the following instructions!

- (a) Import the factorial function from the math module
- **(b)** Import the variables ARR and NUMBERS from the resource.py file. What makes these variables special? Hint: it has to do with UPPERCASE
- (c) Code a function called *isValid* where an argument is given. The function should check if all contents of the argument are characters. If not, then a phrase x is not a character type! where x is the data, that isn't a character. Check out formatted strings from the lecture!
- **(d)** Code the main function, so the code runs as a script! Check out this resource for further information!

(e) Code a loop function, that loops through NUMBERS and calculates the factorial for each number. Let the factorial and number print out in the console like this: The factorial of number x is: factorial(x)

0.2 Exercise 2:

You have to finfish *Exercise_2.py*. The program should do arithmetics according to the user input. You can select the arithemtic cas with an input between 1 and 4. Where 1 is addition, 2 is subtraction, 3 is multiplication and 4 is division. Also you can exit the program if the user inputs 'x'. The arithmetic functions as well as the evaluation for a valid input is already coded. You just have to finish the input cases and the corresponding print instructions.

Hint: Use If-Else-Statements and formatted strings!

0.3 Exercise 3:

Write a program called *Exercise_3.py* that calculates the row sums, the column sums and the total sum of a 2D matrix that was entered by the user. The program should work as follows:

- The 2D matrix should be implemented as a nested list of integer numbers.
- To extract the matrix from the console input, the following actions must be performed:
 - Until x is entered, the user can enter entire rows
 - Such an entire row input must be follow the format $int_{-}1$ $int_{-}2$... $int_{-}n$, where int_i are integer numbers separated by a single space character (you can assume correct user input w.r.t. the data types).
 - The individual integers must then be extracted and stored in a (row) list.
 - If the user enters rows with different sizesl, extend all shorter rows with 0, so that all rows are equally sized afterwards, i.e., apply 0-padding to the end of shorter rows.
 - All row lists must then be collected inside another list, which will then be the matrix/nested list.
- Using the matrix, calculate the row sum, i.e., for each row, compute the sum and store the result in a list (row sum list).
- Using the matrix, calculate the column sum, i.e., for each column, compute the sum and store the result in alist (column sum list).
- Using the matrix, calculate the total sums of all elemts.
- Print a nicely formatted matrix of the form $[[r1c1 \ r1c2 \dots r1cn]]$

```
[rmc1\ rmc2\ ...\ rmcn]] where ricj indicates the element in the i-th row and j-th column.
```

• Print the row sums, the column sums and the total sum.

```
Example input:
Enter row: 1\ 2\ 3\ 4
Enter row: 5
Enter row: 0
Enter row: x
Example output: [[1\ 2\ 3\ 4]
[5\ 0\ 0\ 0]
[0\ 0\ 0\ 0]]
row sums: [10,\ 5,\ 0]
column sums: [6,\ 2,\ 3,\ 4]
total sum: 15
```