

# How to Analyze MPMS Data

Just in case, please save the files from time to time.

## Copy data

You can bring a hard drive or USB to copy data. Also, you can copy data by email on the Edge browser.



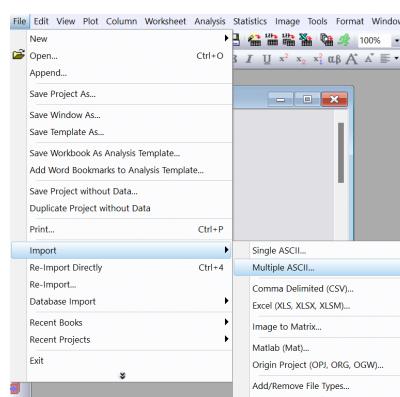
You can find the files in the folder icon from the taskbar. The Files' names are like "xxx-M-H\_T.dat" or "xxx-M-T\_H.dat". Normally, the size of the files is larger than 100kb.



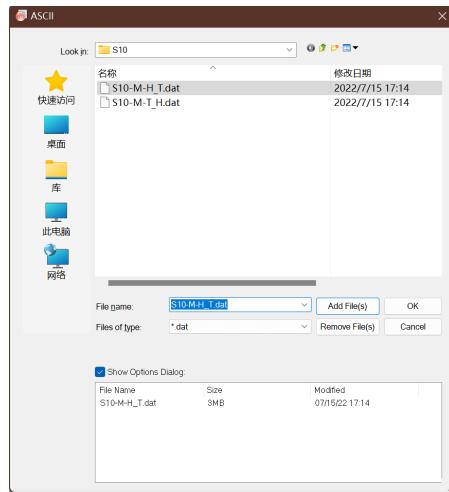
## Import data

1. [File] → [Import] → [Multiple ASCII...]

data →  
import from file  
→  
Multiple ASCII.

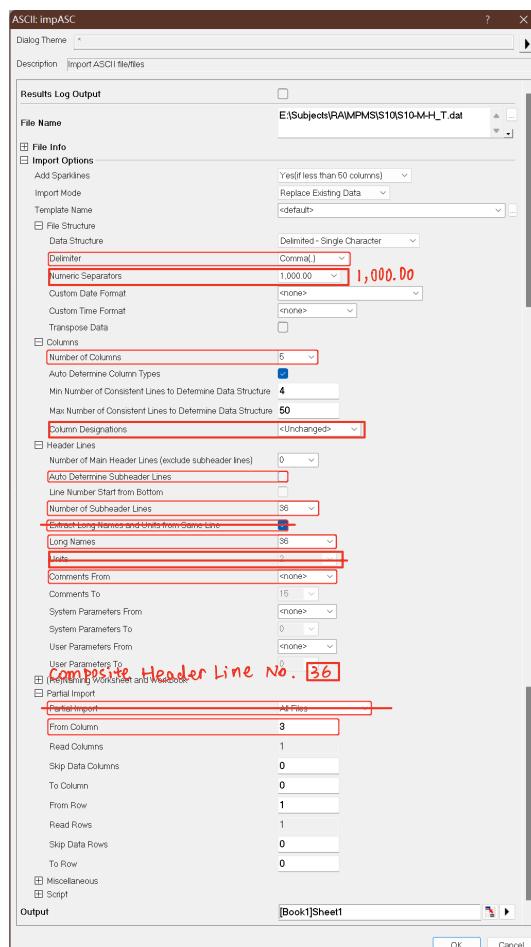


2. Choose the files and click [Add File(s)] (or double click the files) → [OK]



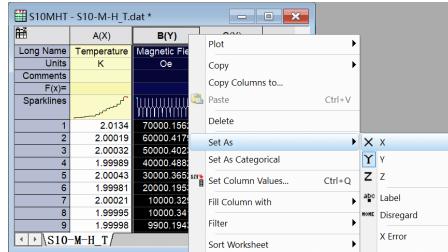
3. Set as follow → click [OK]

- [File Structure]
  - Delimiter: Comma(,)
- [Columns]
  - Number of Columns: 5
- [Header Lines]
  - Auto Determine Subheader Lines: ×
  - Number of Subheader Lines: 36
  - Extract Long Name and Units from Same Line: ✓
  - Long Names: 36
  - Comments From: <none>
- [Partial Import]
  - Partial Import: All Files
  - From Column: 3



# Analyze M-H data

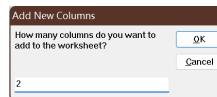
1. Choose the column of *Magnetic Field*, and set it as X



2. We tested many different temperature groups in our experiments (you can find that the *Sparkline of Temperature* is like a stair), and you first need to know how much data is in one set. (In our example, every 430 rows is a set)

	A(X1)	B(X2)	C(Y2)
Long Name	Temperature	Magnetic Field	Moment
Units	K	Oe	emu
Comments			
F(x)=			
Sparklines			
425	1.99987	20000.46289	0.02847
426	2.00018	30000.46289	0.03053
427	1.99987	40000.46289	0.02114
428	2.00012	50000.46289	0.03188
429	1.99995	60000.46484	0.03222
430	1.99987	70000.32021	0.03243
431	4.9999	69999.55469	0.0326
432	5.00029	60000.41797	0.0324
433	4.99967	50000.30859	0.03212
434	4.99997	40000.25781	0.03171
435	5.00013	30000.29297	0.03109

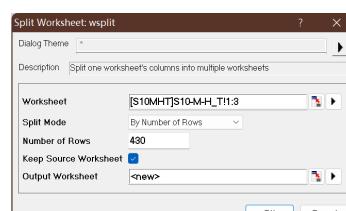
3. Press [ctrl]+[D], Add 2 new columns



4. Choose all columns → [Worksheet] → [Split Worksheet] → [Open Dialog]

5. Setting

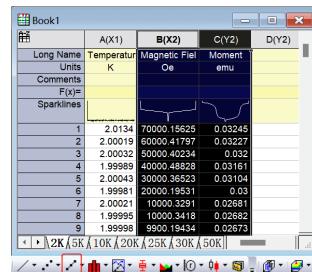
- Split Mode: By Number of Rows
- Change the *Number of Rows*
- Click [OK]



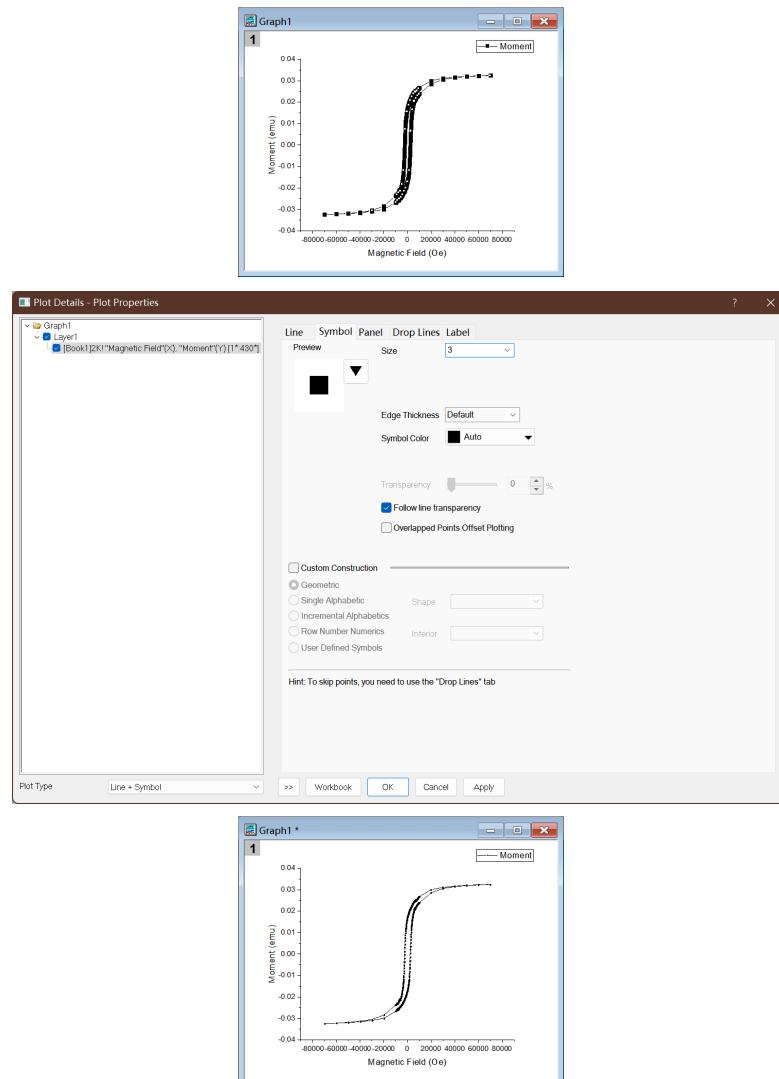
6. Double click the sheet title to rename each sheet according to temperature

	A(X1)	B(X2)	C(Y2)	D(Y2)
Long Name	Temperature	Magnetic Field	Moment	
Units	K	Oe	emu	
Comments				
F(x)=				
1	2.0134	70000.15625	0.03245	
2	2.00019	69999.41797	0.03227	
3	2.00032	60000.40234	0.032	
4	1.99989	40000.48828	0.03161	
5	2.00043	30000.36523	0.03104	
6	1.99981	20000.19531	0.03	
7	2.00021	10000.32911	0.02681	
8		10000.3418	0.02682	
9	1.99998	9900.19434	0.02673	

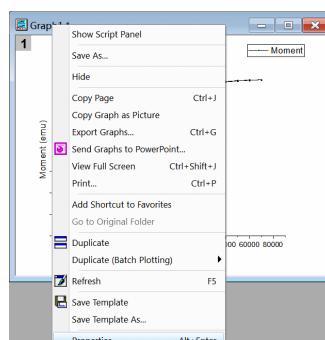
7. Choose the columns of *Magnetic Field* and *Moment*, click [Line + Symbol Graph] () to plot it.

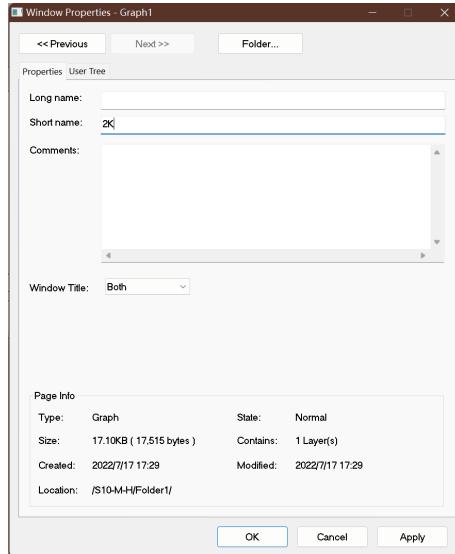


8. Double click the curve to open *Plot Details* dialog, you can reduce the marker size here

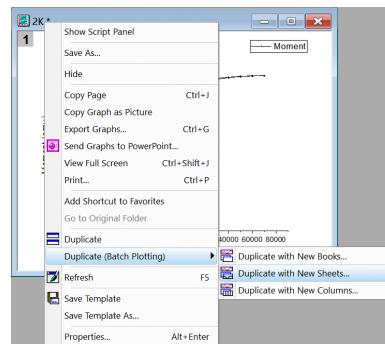


9. Right click the title of the plot window → [Properties] → Rename short name in the pop out window according to the temperature → [OK]



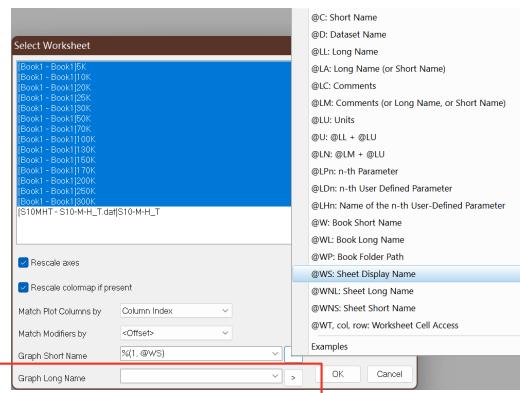


10. Right click the title of the plot window → [Duplicate (Batch Plotting)] → [Duplicate with New Sheets...]

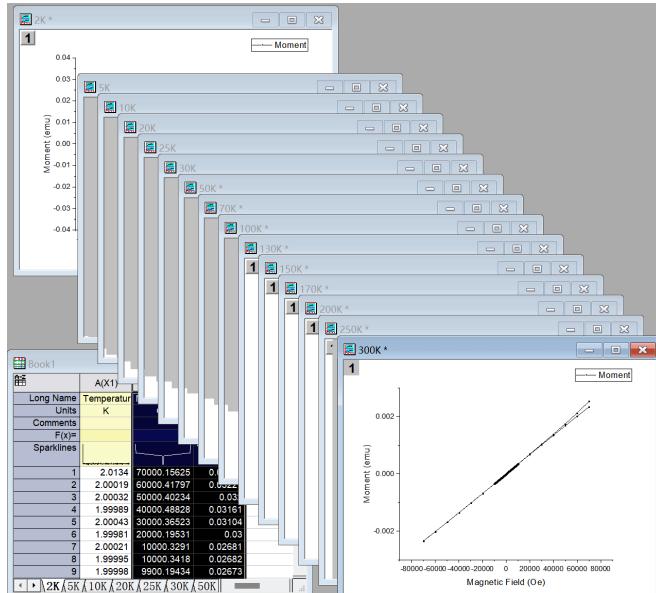


## 11. Setting

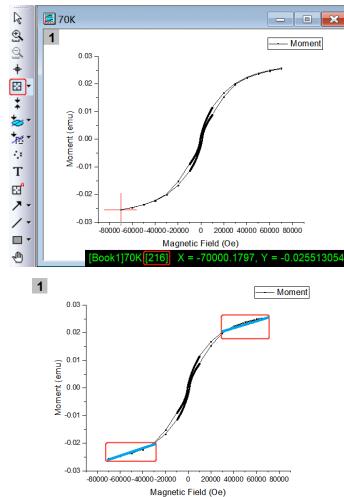
- Select all worksheets you want to plot
- Set Graph Short Name as *Sheet Display Name*
- Set Graph Long Name as *blank*
- Click [OK]



12. You can see the end of the graphs are not saturated, this may due to paramagnet or diamagnet of the environment (tape, tissue, holder, etc.). We need to correct them.

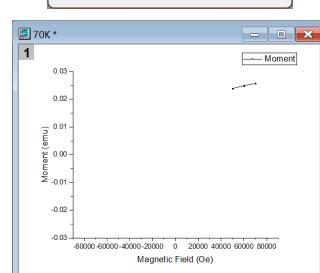
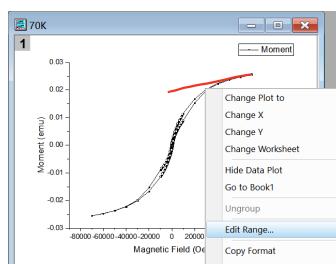


13. By using *Data Reader* (█), you can find the index of the data points. Choose the points from the region of *straight-line-like* (either the left part or the right part of the hysteresis loop are both okay).

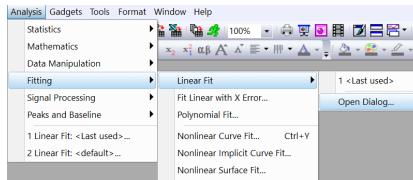


14. Right click on the curve → [Edit Range] → input the range

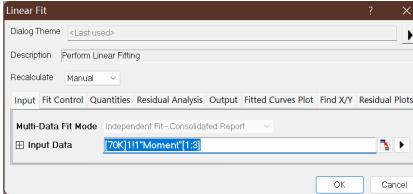
- Disable *Auto*, then you can input the index you choose
- Able *Auto* will automatically use the min or max index



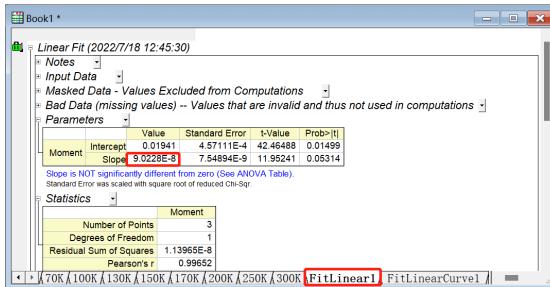
15. [Analysis] → [Fitting] → [Linear Fit] → [Open Dialog] (if you have done this step before, you can click [Analysis] → [Linear Fit: <Last used>... ] next time)



16. Click [OK] in the pop-up window



17. Copy (press [ctrl]+[C]) the *Slope* of the fitting line in the *FitLinear* sheet



18. Set the function in the temperature set sheet

- Click the *Function* row ( $F(x)=$ ) of a new column that we created before and paste (press [ctrl]+[V]) the slope, then times it with the *Magnetic Field* column (you can find the example in the E column in the following image). For convenience, we call this column as *Excess* column
- In another *Function* row of a new column, please use the *Moment* column minus the *Excess* column, and this is the *Corrected Moment* column (you can find the example in the D column in the following image)
- Input the temperature in the *Comments* row in the *Corrected Moment* column

	A(X1)	B(X2)	C(Y2)	D(Y2)	E(Y2)
Long Name	Temperatur	Magnetic Fl	Moment		
Units	K	Oe	emu		
Comments				70K	
$F(x)=$				C-E	9.0228E-8*B
Sparklines					
1	70.03443	#####	0.02568	0.01937	0.00632
2	70.0871	#####	0.02491	0.0195	0.00541
3	70.06474	#####	0.02388	0.01937	0.00451
4	70.02282	#####	0.02443	0.01882	0.00361
5	70.00613	#####	0.02022	0.01751	0.00271
6	70.00121	#####	0.01678	0.01497	0.0016
7	70.00065	#####	0.0159	0.01407	9.0228E-4
8	70.00001	#####	0.0150	0.01367	9.0228E-4
9	69.99998	#####	0.01152	0.01063	8.93298E-4
10	69.99537	#####	0.01445	0.01057	8.84265E-4
11	69.95305	9700.375	0.01141	0.01053	8.75245E-4
12	69.92069	#####	0.01135	0.01043	8.66262E-4

- Sometimes, you might find that the program cannot calculate all data

	A(X1)	B(X2)	C(Y2)	D(Y2)	E(Y2)
Long Name	Temperatur	Magnetic Fl	Moment		
Units	K	Oe	emu		
Comments					
$F(x)=$				C-E	9.0228E-8*B
Sparklines					
1	300.0264	#####	0.02523	#####	0.00273
2	300.02698	#####	0.0212	#####	0.00234
3	299.99234	#####	0.0175	#####	0.00195
4	299.99234	#####	0.0139	#####	0.00156
5	299.99234	#####	0.0104	#####	0.00117
6	299.98737	#####	0.0077	#####	0.00086
7	299.98589	#####	0.0052	#####	0.00066
8	299.98712	#####	0.0032	#####	0.00051
9	299.98351	#####	3.4292E-4	#####	0.00041
10	299.9864	9800.4248	#####	#####	0.00031
11	300.04095	#####	#####	#####	3.7859E-4
12	300.04802	9600.1543	#####	#####	0.00021

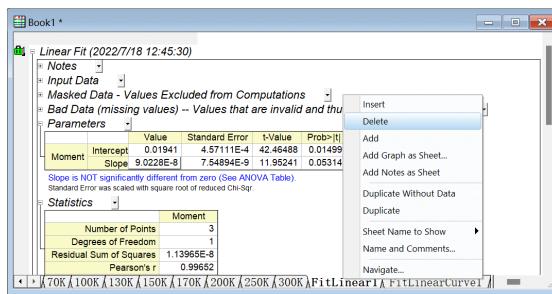
Please replace the *Function* row with any constant number, and then re-input the formula ("####" means ellipsis, you can expand the width of the column, then the data can be seen)

	A(X1)	B(X2)	C(Y2)	D(Y2)	E(Y2)
Long Name	Temperatur	Magnetic Fi	Moment		
Units	K	Oe	emu		
Comments	F(x)=				
Sparklines					
1	300.0264	#####	0.00253	0	9.9028E-8'B
2	300.0268	#####	0.00212	0	0.00234
3	299.99234	#####	0.00175	0	0.00195
4	299.99689	#####	0.00139	0	0.00156
5	299.99727	#####	0.00104	0	0.00117
6	299.99727	#####	0.00104	0	0.00117
7	299.98598	#####	0.00088	0	0.00117
8	299.98712	#####	0.00088	0	0.00117
9	299.98351	#####	3.4292E-4	0	0.00088
10	299.99864	9800.4248	#####	0	0.00088
11	300.04095	#####	#####	0	3.7859E-4
12	300.04802	9600.1543	#####	0	0.00088

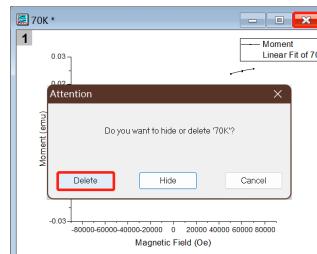
  

	A(X1)	B(X2)	C(Y2)	D(Y2)	E(Y2)
Long Name	Temperatur	Magnetic Fi	Moment		
Units	K	Oe	emu		
Comments	F(x)=				
Sparklines					
1	300.0264	#####	0.00253	0	9.9028E-8'B
2	300.0268	#####	0.00212	0	0.00234
3	299.99234	#####	0.00175	0	0.00195
4	299.99689	#####	0.00139	0	0.00156
5	299.99727	#####	0.00104	0	0.00117
6	299.99727	#####	0.00104	0	0.00117
7	299.98598	#####	0.00088	0	0.00117
8	299.98712	#####	0.00088	0	0.00117
9	299.98351	#####	3.4292E-4	0	0.00088
10	299.99864	9800.4248	#####	0	0.00088
11	300.04095	#####	#####	0	3.7859E-4
12	300.04802	9600.1543	#####	0	0.00088

19. To make it simple and clear, we can delete the *FitLinear* sheet and the *FitLinearCurve* sheet that we will not use anymore

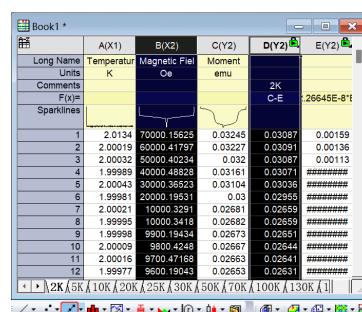


20. Close and delete the figure window

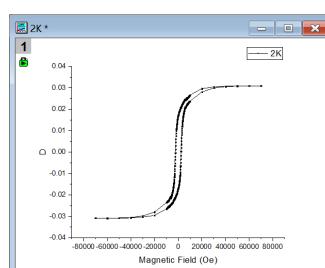


21. Repeat step 13~20 for all temperature sets

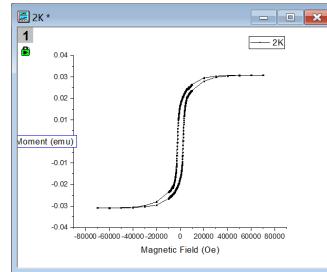
22. Choose the Magnetic Field column as well as Corrected Moment column and then plot it



23. You can see the *Legend* show the *Comments* that we input before, please reduce the size of the marker and rename the title of the figure window

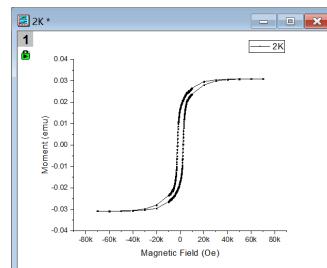
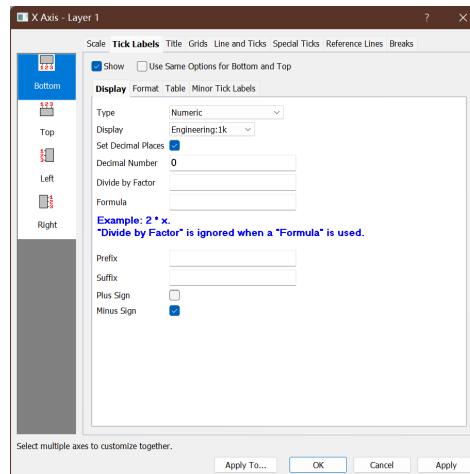


24. Double click the title of the Y axis to rename it as "Moment (emu)"

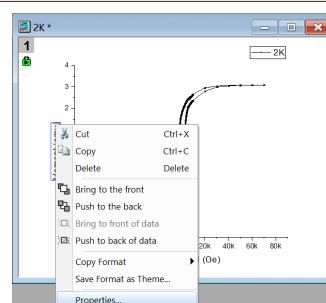
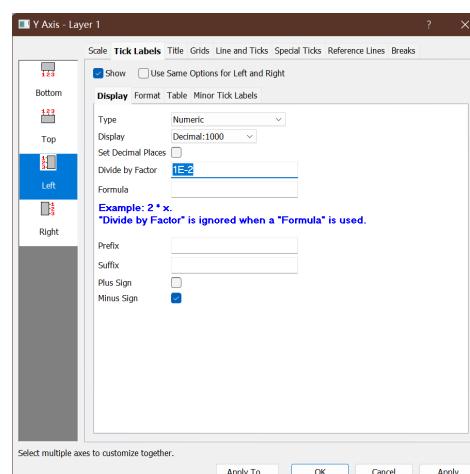


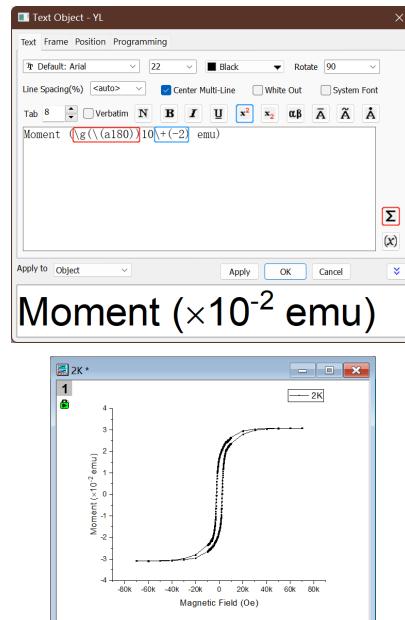
25. Also, you can double click other elements in the window to modify them, please have a try.

- For example, you can double click the *Tick Labels* (number) of the X axis to change its format

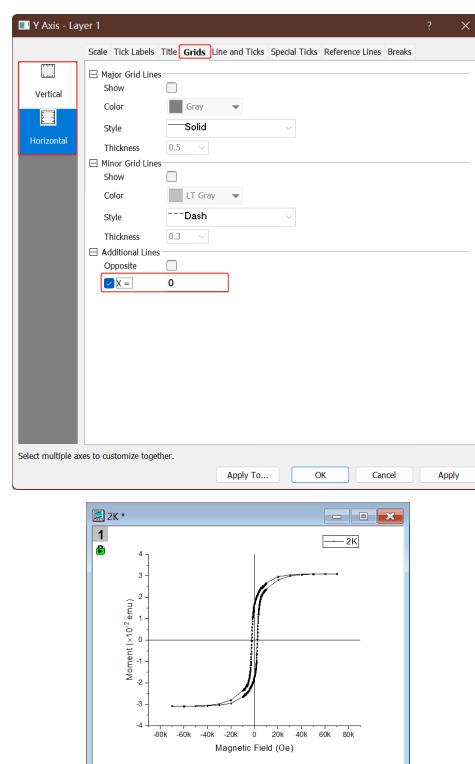


- For example, you can double click the number of the *Tick Labels* of the Y axis to change its format, and then modify the unit of the Y axis title

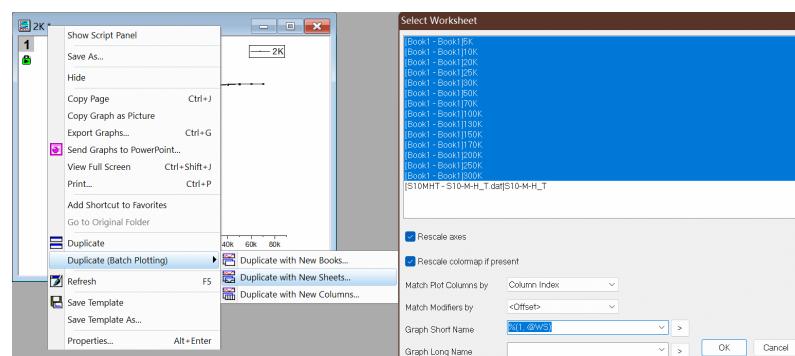




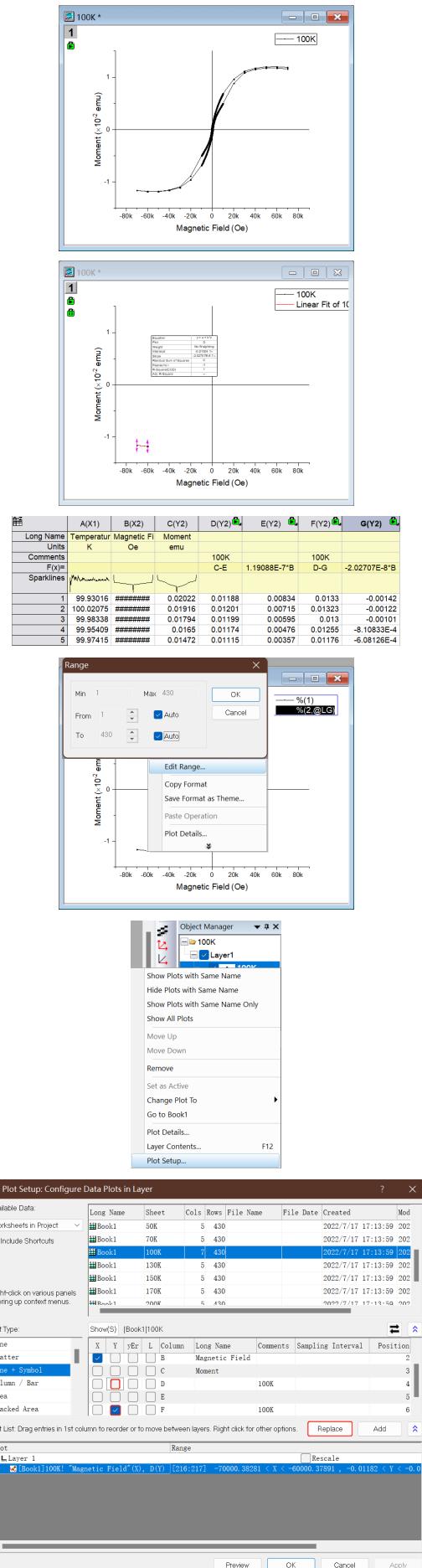
- Also, please remember to create the line of "X = 0" and "Y = 0" in the *Grids* interface

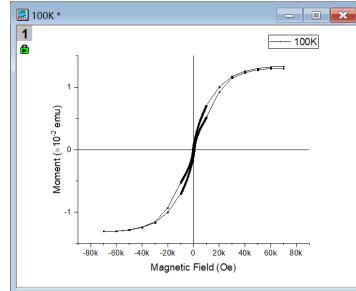


26. After modifying the figure window, please duplicate it

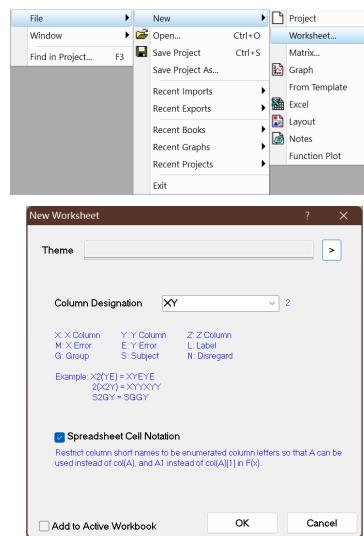


27. Some corrections might not be good, you can redo the process again in this step





28. [File] → [New] → [Worksheet] → [OK]

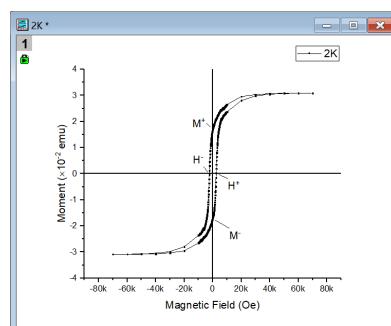


29. Please input the title, unit, formula (and the temperatures) as following

- o Formula

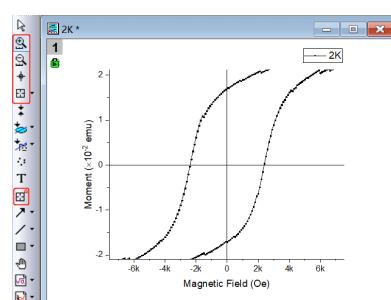
- $H_c = (\text{abs}(H^-) + \text{abs}(H^+))/2$
- $H_{eb} = (H^- + H^+)/2$
- $M_r = (M^- + M^+)/2$

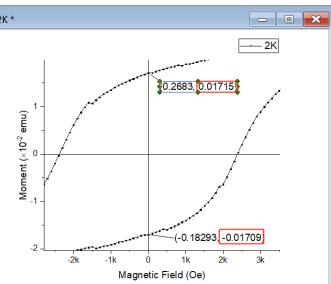
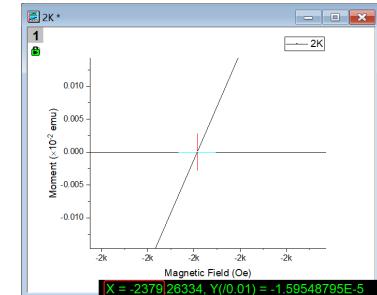
	A(X)	B(Y)	C(Y)	D(Y)	E(Y)	F(Y)	G(Y)	H(Y)
Long Name	Temperature	H-	H+	M-	M+	Hc	Heb	Mr
Units	K					Oe	Oe	emu
Comments								
R(x)						(abs(B)+abs(C))/2	(B+C)/2	(D+E)/2
1	2							
2	5							
3	10							
4	20							
5	25							



30. Use *Scale In* (zoom in) and *Scale Out* (zoom out) to zoom in or zoom out, press [ctrl]+[R] to resize the view.

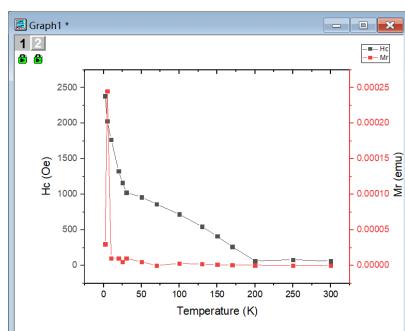
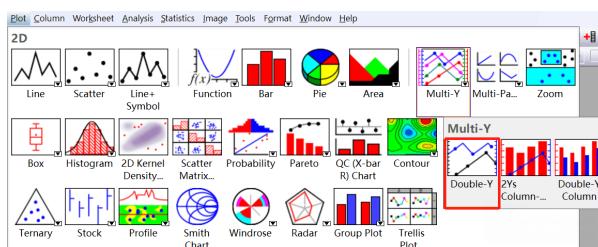
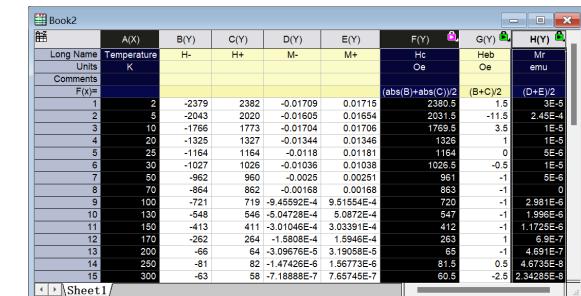
Use *Screen Reader* (+) to read  $H^-$  and  $H^+$ , use *Data Reader* (grid icon) or *Annotation* (pencil icon), choose the point then press [enter] to read  $M^-$  and  $M^+$ . And then please record them in the worksheet that we created



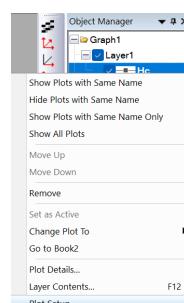


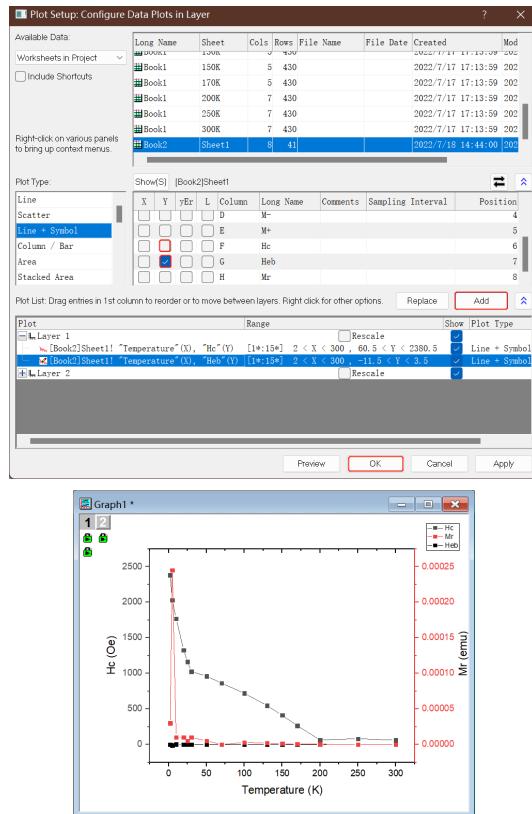
Long Name	A(X)	B(Y)	C(Y)	D(Y)	E(Y)	F(Y)	G(Y)	H(Y)
Units	K	H-	H+	M-	M+	Oe	Oe	emu
<b>Comments</b>								
$F(x)=$						$(abs(B)+abs(C))/2$	$(B+C)/2$	$(D+E)/2$
1	2	-2379	2382	-0.01709	0.01715	2380.5	1.5	3E-5
2	5	-2043	2020	-0.01605	0.01654	2031.5	-11.5	2.45E-4
3	10	-1766	1773	-0.01704	0.01706	1769.5	3.5	1E-5
4	20	-1325	1327	-0.01344	0.01346	1326	1	1E-5
5	25	-1164	1164	-0.0118	0.01181	1164	0	5E-6

31. Choose the columns of Temperature,  $H_c$ , and  $M_r$  → [Plot] → [Multi-Y] → [Double-Y]

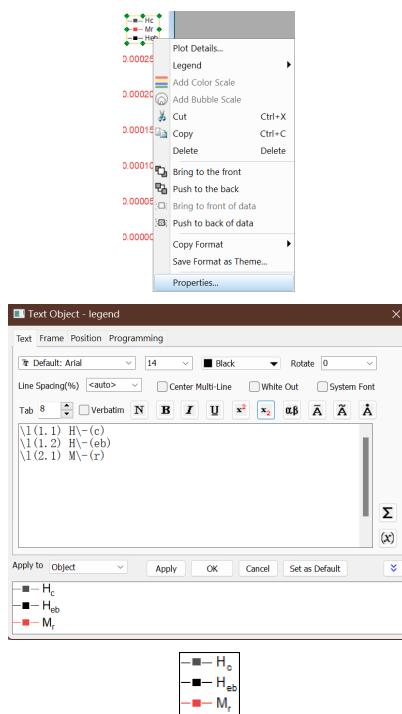


32. [Object Manager] → Right click  $H_c$  → [Plot Setup...] → Add the curve of  $H_{eb}$

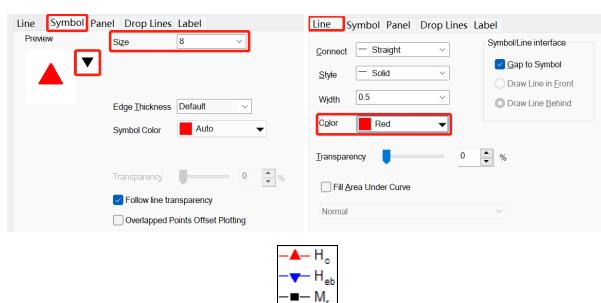




33. Right click *Legend* → [Properties...] → re-order and rename



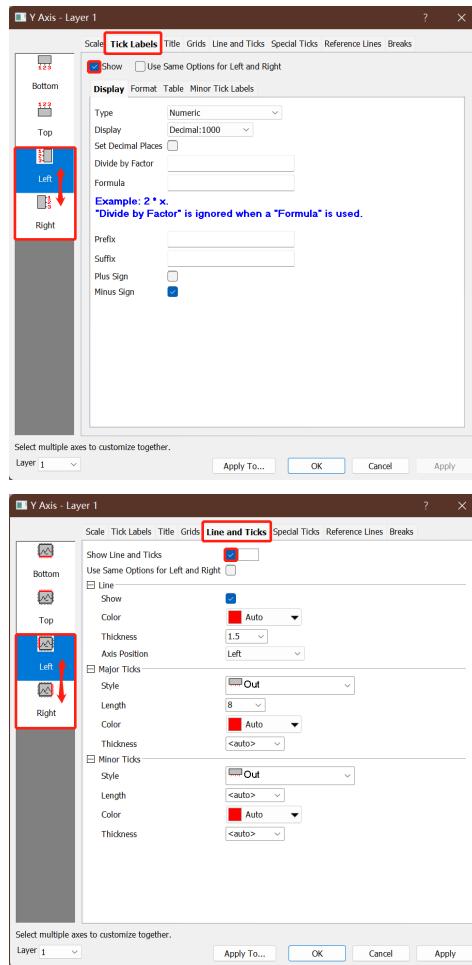
34. Double click the marker in the *Legend* to modify the markers



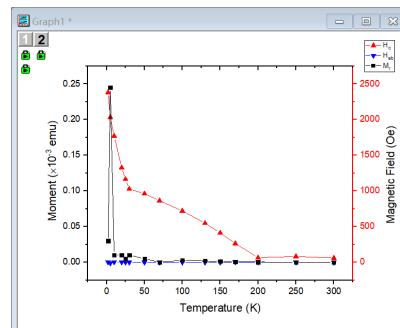
35. Please keep all the figures in a similar configuration. If you want to exchange the two Y axis, you can do the following

- o Double click the left Y axis. For both *Tick Labels* and *Line and Ticks*, disable *Show* on the *Left* and able it one the *Right*

- Do the same for the right Y axis

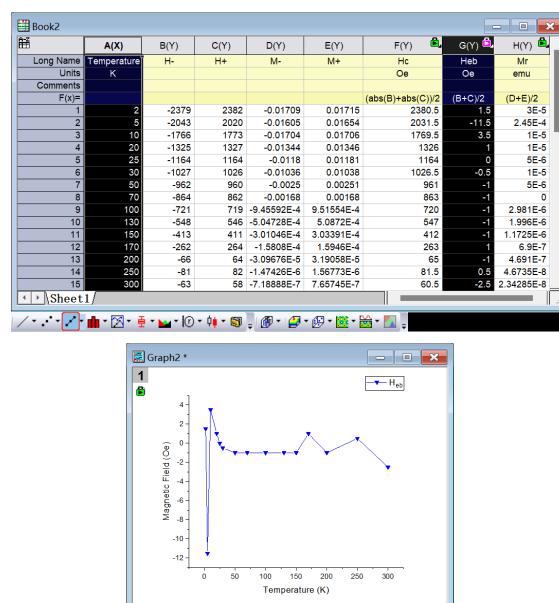


- Rename the title of the left and right Y axis

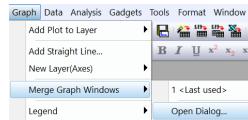


36. Since the Y range of  $H_{eb}$  is too small in this figure, we can add a subplot to show  $H_{eb}$  only

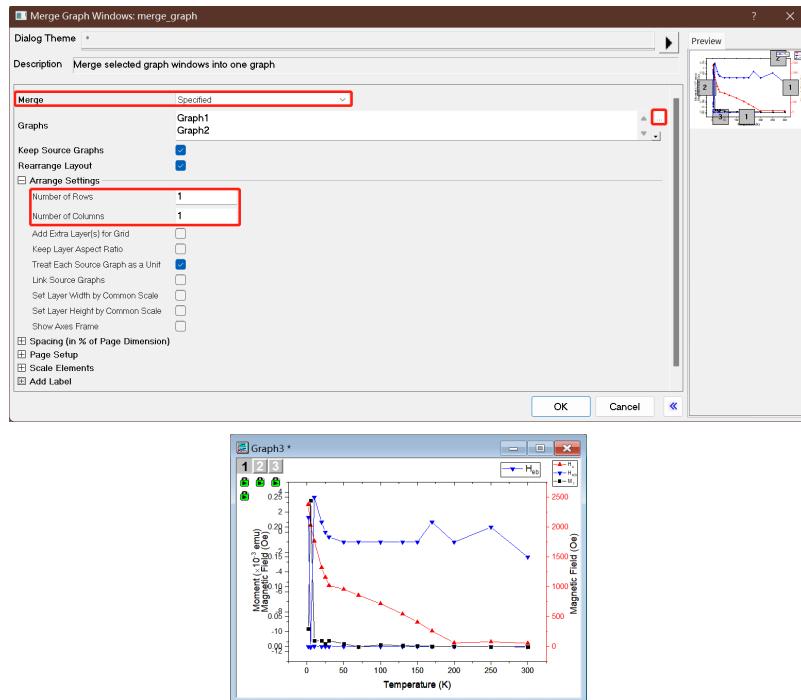
- Plot Temperature vs  $H_{eb}$



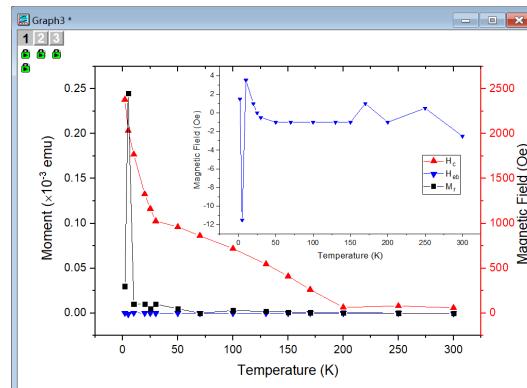
- [Graph] → [Merge Graph Windows] → [Open Dialog]



- Choose *Specified* type and choose the graphs that you want to merge. We want to create  $1 \times 1$  figure here



- Resize and reposition the "Temperature vs  $H_{eb}$ " figure, delete the useless elements on the figure



And this is the figure that we want. Please save the project and export the graphs.

## Analyze M-T data

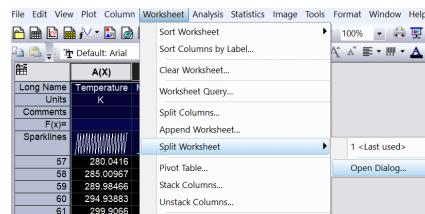
1. Now *Temperature* is X

	A(X)	B(Y)	C(Y)
Long Name	Temperature	Magnetic Field	Moment
Units	K	Oe	emu
Comments			
F(x)=			
Sparklines			
1	2.00029	9.73181	3.22165E-5
2	6.00885	9.73181	3.34531E-5
3	11.93539	9.73181	3.46895E-5
4	16.90002	9.73181	3.58345E-5
5	21.86882	9.73181	3.81925E-5
6	26.83379	9.73181	4.12339E-5
7	31.80035	9.73181	4.47842E-5
8	36.76714	9.73181	4.99581E-5
9	41.73208	9.73181	4.12677E-5

2. We need to analyze ZFC (Zero Fieldcool Curve) and FC (Fieldcool Curve) in our experiment. Their *Magnetic Fields* are similar (for example, in this case, the Magnetic field for ZFC is 9.73181 Oe, and for FC is 10.37816 Oe. And we consider them as the 10 Oe group)

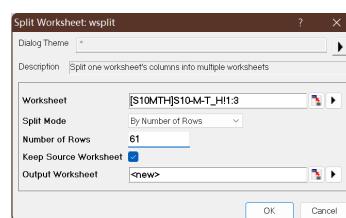
	A(X)	B(Y)	C(Y)
Long Name	Temperature	Magnetic Field	Moment
Units	K	Oe	emu
Comments			
F(x)=			
Sparklines			
57	280.0416	9.73181	1.1217E-6
58	285.00967	9.73181	1.10478E-6
59	289.98466	9.73181	1.08311E-6
60	294.93883	9.73181	1.05533E-6
61	299.9066	9.73181	1.03533E-6
62	304.8735	10.37816	0.01051
63	6.95675	10.37816	0.01757
64	11.93339	10.37816	0.01624
65	16.90005	10.37816	0.01423
66	21.86682	10.37816	0.01227

3. Select all columns → [Worksheet] → [Split Worksheet] → [Open Dialog]

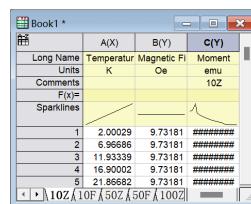


4. Set

- o Split Mode: By Number of Rows
- o Number of Rows: (the number of each set, take ZFC and FC as 2 groups)



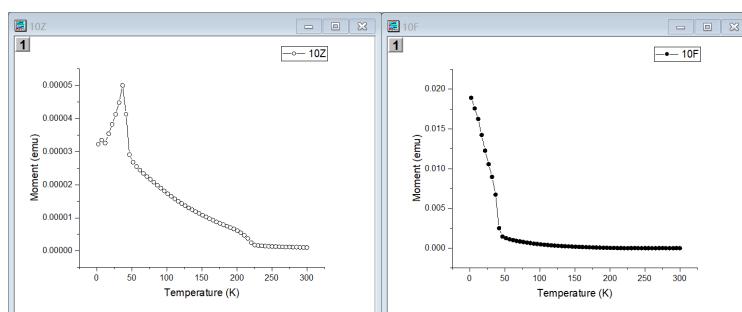
5. Rename the sheets. Also, add *Comments* in *Moment* column



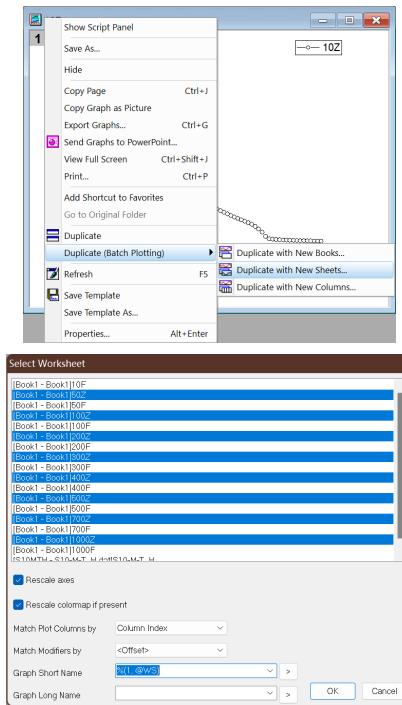
6. Plot "Temperature vs Moment"



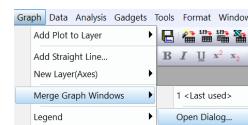
7. Set the markers as hollow circle in ZFC case, and solid circle in FC case. Rename the title of the figure windows



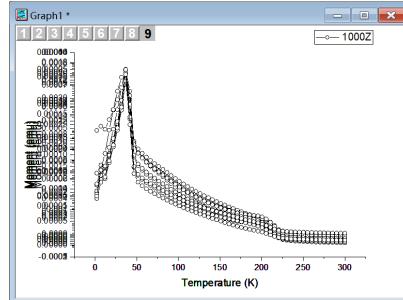
8. Duplicate the figures, please remember to separate the case of ZFC and FC



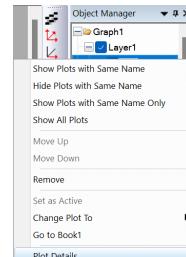
9. [Graph] → [Merge Graph Windows] → [Open Dialog]



10. Select the images that you want to merge, and output it as  $1 \times 1$  figure

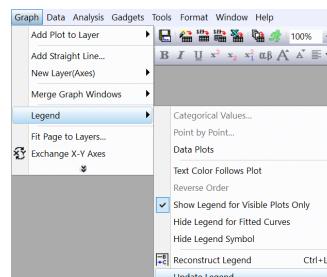


11. Right click on the curve in the Object Manager → [Plot Details...]



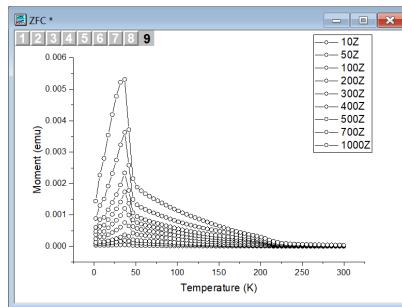
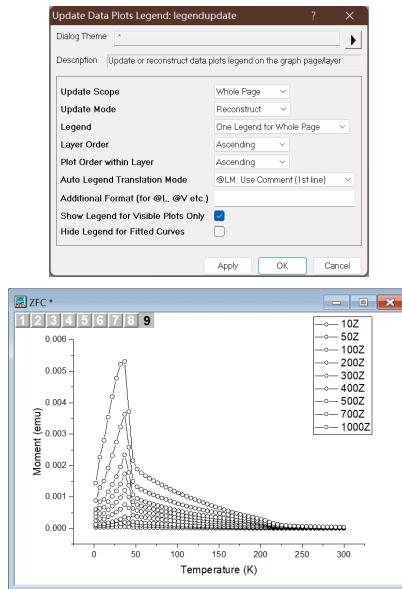
12. Except Layer 1, all other layers link to Layer 1 in the *Link Axes Scales* interface. Select Straight (1 to 1) for both X and Y Axis Link

13. [Graph] → [Legend] → [Update Legend...]

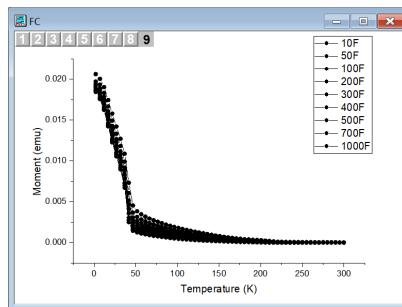


14. Set as

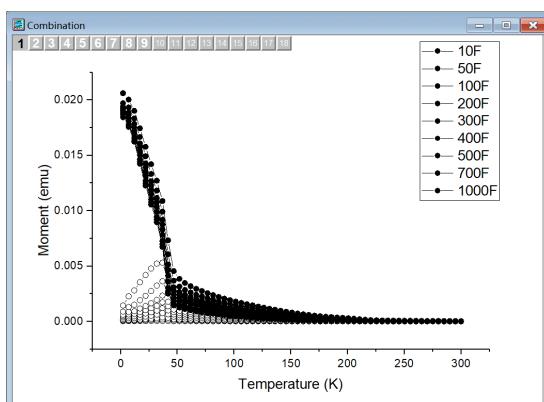
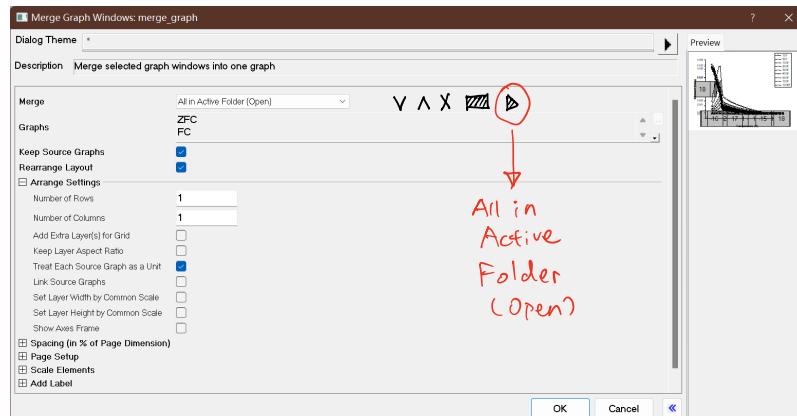
- Update Mode: Reconstruct
- Legend: One Legend for Whole Page



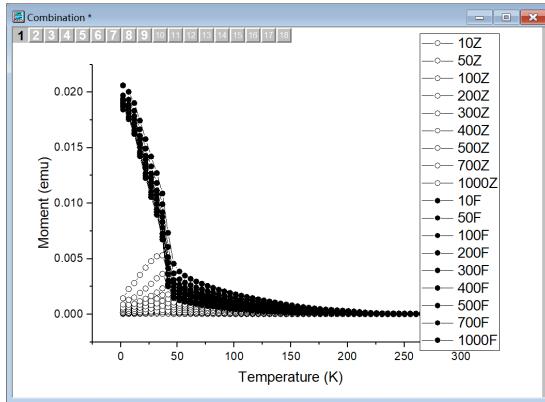
15. Repeat step 8~14 for FC



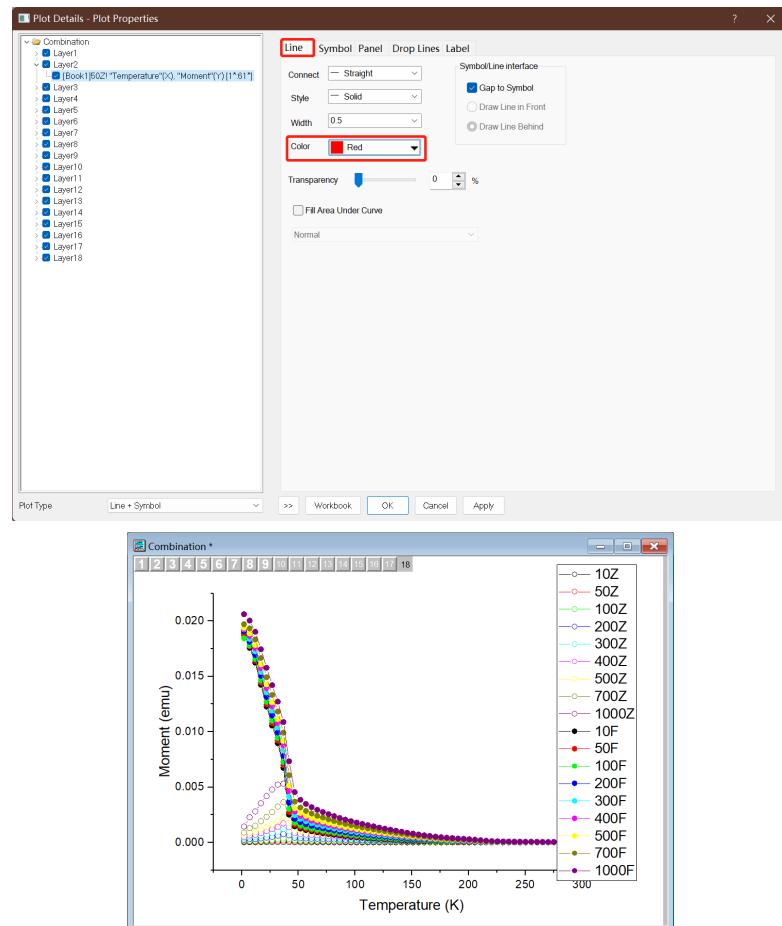
16. Now we need to merge ZFC and FC into one figure. Please also link the curves together



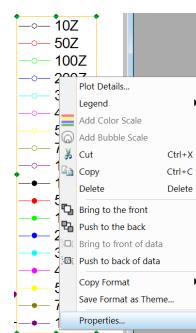
17. Again, merge the Legend

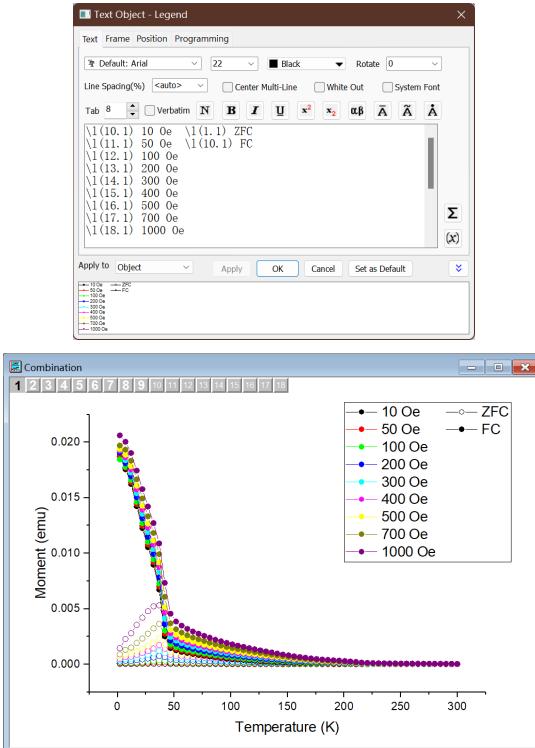


18. Double click on the markers in the *Legend* to change their color. Please remember to select the same color for the similar *Magnetic Field* group (for example, 10Z's and 10F's markers should be in the same color)

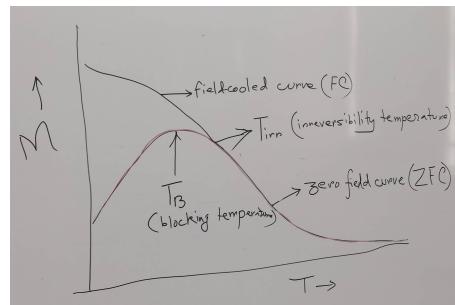


19. Right click on the Legend to reorder it. List the *Magnetic Field Groups* on the first column and the type on the second column

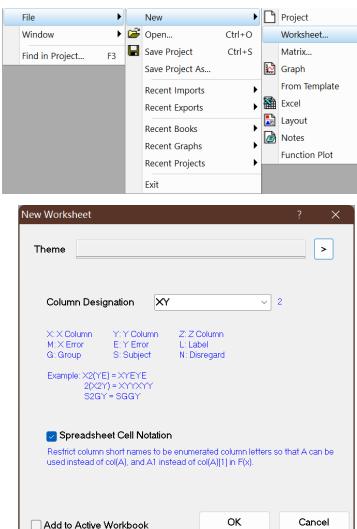




20. We want to find whether the material has  $T_F$  (or called  $T_B$ ) or  $T_{irr}$ .  $T_F$  is the peak of ZFC, while  $T_{irr}$  is where ZFC and FC start to overlap (the first intersection point). Not all materials have these two properties



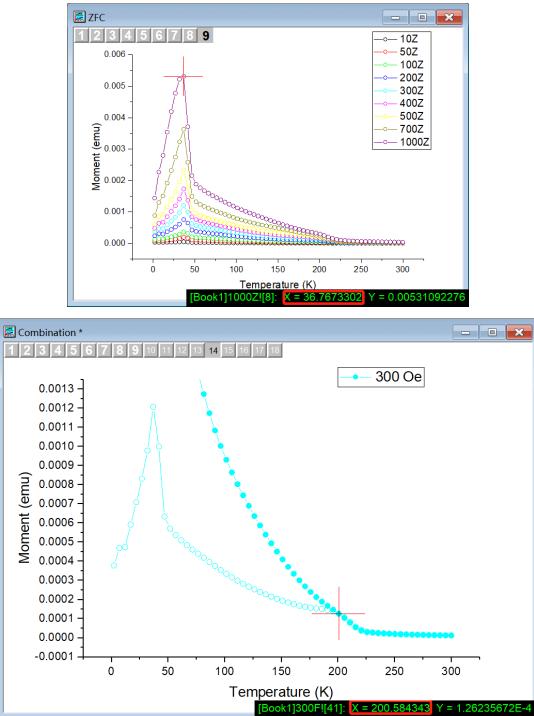
21. [File] → [New] → [Worksheet] → [OK]



22. Please input the title, unit, (and the temperatures) as following

	A(X)	B(Y)	C(Y)
Long Name	Apply Field	TF	Tirr
Units	Oe	K	K
Comments			
F(x)=			
1	10		
2	50		
3	100		
4	200		
5	300		
6	400		
7	500		
8	700		
9	1000		

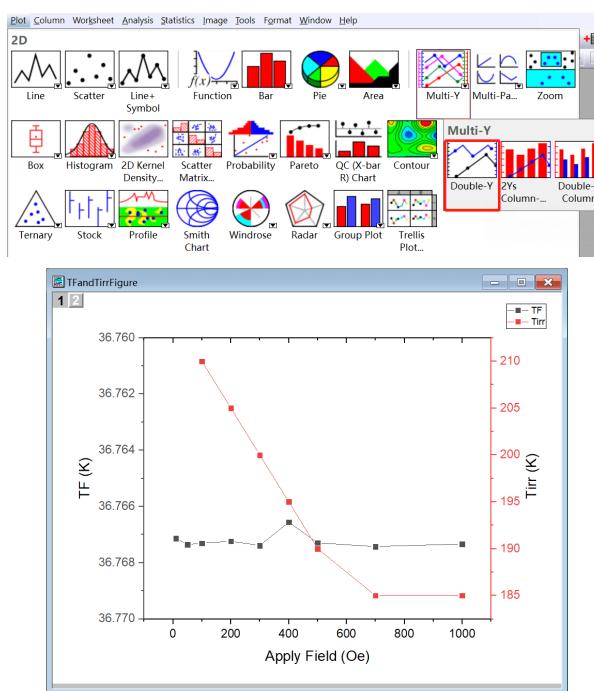
23. Use Data Reader (☞) to find  $T_F$  in the ZFC figure, and  $T_{irr}$  in the ZFC & FC figure



24. Record these data into the worksheet

	A(X)	B(Y)	C(Y)
Long Name	Apply Field	TF	Tirr
Units	Oe	K	K
Comments			
F(x)=			
1	10	36.76714	
2	50	36.76735	
3	100	36.76731	210
4	200	36.76723	205
5	300	36.76739	200
6	400	36.76656	195
7	500	36.76729	190
8	700	36.76743	185
9	1000	36.76733	185

25. Select all data → [Plot] → [Multi-Y] → [Double-Y]



And these are the figures that we want. Please save the project and export the graphs.