In [1]: %matplotlib notebook
 import numpy as np
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 import xlrd
 from scipy.integrate import ode
 from scipy import integrate
 import xlsxwriter
 from IPython.display import Image
 import pandas as pd
 import math as ma

In [6]: comparision='table.png'
 dt='data\_table.png'
 hand1='handcal-1.png'
 hand2='handcal-2.png'
 hand3='handcal-3.png'
 hand4='handcal-4.png'
 vartable='vartable.png'
 sen='sen.png'
 title='title.png'
 logic='logic.png'
 thermtable='thermtable.png'
 drawing='drawing.png'
 flow='flow.png'

In [3]: Image(title)

Out[3]:

# NUCLEAR POWER PLANT SYSTEMS FINAL PROJECT

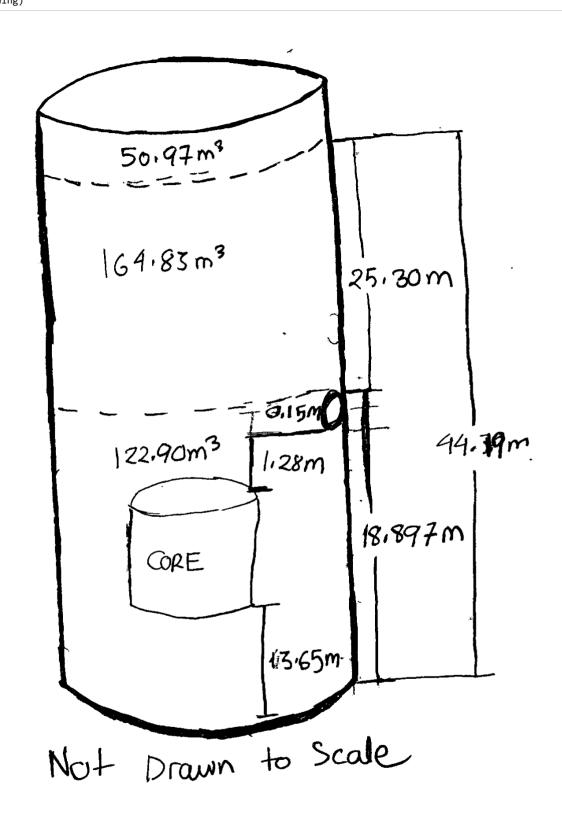
Jiazheng (James) Wu, Zhonghan(Brian) Wang, Taqi Anwar In [34]: Image(sen)

Out[34]:

## **SCENARIO**

- 6Inch (0.15m) break in Reactor Cooling System(RCS)
- Break is 62ft (18.89m) from the bottom of the core
- $\dot{q}$  is constant
- 2% scram
- ullet Calculating: P ,  $m_f$  ,  $m_g$  ,  $Water\ Level$  ,  $\dot{m}_{out}$

Out[5]:



```
In [35]: Image(logic)

Out[35]:

LOGIC DIAGRAM FOR CODE

Variables from HEM and Thermal property table

Systems of Differential Equation

Plots from Data

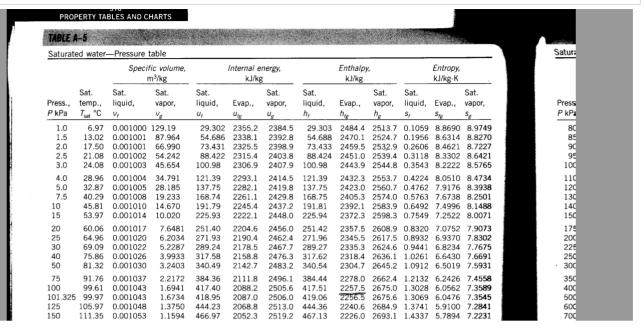
Plots from Data
```

## **Initial Condition**

```
In [4]: # All in units of metric
        HPSI=0.02524
        temp_HPSI=32.22
        Break_Area=0.01824
        Break_Height=18.90
        Cross Area=6.503
        RCS_temp=304.4
        RCS_pressure=9142448
        Water_V=287.7
        Steam_V=50.97
        hi=137000
        qdot=64e6 #Assume 2% of 3200 MW
        workbook = xlrd.open_workbook("C:/Users/Zhonghan/Desktop/nuclear_power_plant/Therm_Pressure_Table.xlsx")
        Thermo_data=np.zeros([73,6])
        for i in np.arange(73):
            for j in np.arange(6):
                 Thermo_data[i,j]=workbook.sheet_by_index(1).cell_value(i+1,j)
                 if j == 0 or j == 3 or j == 4:
                     Thermo_data[i,j]= Thermo_data[i,j]*1000
```

In [37]: Image(thermtable)

Out[37]:



#### Variables of P

```
In [6]: def vf(p=None): #returns vf, and slope at a pressure
                                                if p in Thermo_data[:,0]:
                                                               a=list(Thermo_data[:,0]).index(p)
                                                               return ((Thermo_data[a,1]),(Thermo_data[a+1,1]-Thermo_data[a-1,1])/(Thermo_data[a+1,0]-Thermo_data[a-1,0
                                ]))
                                                else:
                                                               a=list(Thermo data[:,0] > p).index(1)
                                                               \textbf{return} \ (((\texttt{Thermo\_data[a,1]-Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a,0]-Thermo\_data[a-1,0]})) * (p-\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a,0]-Thermo\_data[a-1,0]})) * (p-\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a,0]-Thermo\_data[a-1,0]})) * (p-\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a,0]-Thermo\_data[a-1,0]})) * (p-\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a,0]-Thermo\_data[a-1,0]})) * (p-\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})) * (p-\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a-1,1]})/(\texttt
                                0])
                                                                                             +Thermo_data[a-1,1],(Thermo_data[a,1]-Thermo_data[a-1,1])/(Thermo_data[a,0]-Thermo_data[a-1,0]))
                                def vg(p=None):
                                                if p in Thermo data[:,0]:
                                                               a=list(Thermo_data[:,0]).index(p)
                                                              return (Thermo_data[a,2],(Thermo_data[a+1,2]-Thermo_data[a-1,2])/(Thermo_data[a+1,0]-Thermo_data[a-1,0]))
                                                               a=list(Thermo_data[:,0] > p).index(1)
                                                               \textbf{return} \ (((\texttt{Thermo\_data}[a,2]-\texttt{Thermo\_data}[a-1,2]))/(\texttt{Thermo\_data}[a,0]-\texttt{Thermo\_data}[a-1,0])) * (p-\texttt{Thermo\_data}[a-1,0]) + (p-\texttt{T
                                01)
                                                                                            + Thermo\_data[a-1,2], (Thermo\_data[a,2]-Thermo\_data[a-1,2])/(Thermo\_data[a,0]-Thermo\_data[a-1,0]))\\
                                def hf(p=None):
                                                if p in Thermo_data[:,0]:
                                                               a=list(Thermo_data[:,0]).index(p)
                                                              \textbf{return} \hspace{0.2cm} (\texttt{Thermo\_data[a+3,3],(Thermo\_data[a+1,3]-Thermo\_data[a-1,3])}/(\texttt{Thermo\_data[a+1,0]-Thermo\_data[a-1,0])}) \\
                                                              a=list(Thermo_data[:,0] > p).index(1)
                                                               return (((Thermo_data[a,3]-Thermo_data[a-1,3])/(Thermo_data[a,0]-Thermo_data[a-1,0]))*(p-Thermo_data[a-1,
                                0])
                                                                                             +Thermo_data[a-1,3],(Thermo_data[a,3]-Thermo_data[a-1,3])/(Thermo_data[a,0]-Thermo_data[a-1,0]))
                                def hg(p=None):
                                                if p in Thermo_data[:,0]:
                                                               a=list(Thermo data[:,0]).index(p)
                                                                \textbf{return} \hspace{0.2cm} (\texttt{Thermo\_data[a,4],(Thermo\_data[a+1,4]-Thermo\_data[a-1,4])/(Thermo\_data[a+1,0]-Thermo\_data[a-1,0]))} \\
                                                               a=list(Thermo_data[:,0] > p).index(1)
                                                               \textbf{return} \ (((\texttt{Thermo\_data}[a,4]-\texttt{Thermo\_data}[a-1,4]))/(\texttt{Thermo\_data}[a,0]-\texttt{Thermo\_data}[a-1,0]))*(p-\texttt{Thermo\_data}[a-1,0]))
                                0])
                                                                                             +Thermo_data[a-1,4],(Thermo_data[a,4]-Thermo_data[a-1,4])/(Thermo_data[a,0]-Thermo_data[a-1,0]))
                                def mout_f(p=None):
                                                return(Break_Area*8300.54*(p/1378952)**0.71)
                                def mout g(p=None):
                                               return(Break_Area*1953.0678*(p/1378952)**1.02)
```

In [33]: Image(vartable)

Out[33]:

Variables	Values		
vf	0.001422 m³/kg		
vg	0.020140 m³/kg		
d(vf)/dP	3.4 × 10−11 m⁵/N·kg		
d(vg)/dP	-2.461 × 10−9 m <sup>5</sup> /N·kg		
vfg	0.0187 m <sup>3</sup>		
hf	1,370,000 J/kg		
hg	2,740,000 J/kg		
hi	137,000 J/kg		
d(hf)/dP	0.0441 m³/kg		
d(hg)/dP	-0.0174 m³/kg		
hfg	1370000		
	64,000000 J/s		
ŵ	0		
mi	17.581 kg/s		
mo	578.7 kg/s		

#### Some unit conversion

$$\begin{split} \dot{m}_{out.f} &= 1700 \frac{lb}{s \cdot ft^2} \times \left(\frac{P}{200psia}\right)^{0.71} = 1700 \frac{lb}{s \cdot ft^2} \left(\frac{0.4536kg}{1lb}\right) \left(\frac{1ft^2}{0.0929m^2}\right) \times \left(\frac{P}{200psia} \frac{1psia}{6894.76pa}\right)^{0.71} \\ &= 8300.54 \frac{kg}{s \cdot m^2} \times \left(\frac{P}{1,378,952pascal}\right)^{0.71} \end{split}$$

In [56]: print(vf(RCS\_pressure)[0],vg(RCS\_pressure)[0]) Image(hand1) 0.001422843232 0.020138435472 Out[56]:  $A = \pi \left(\frac{6}{2}\right)^2 = 28.27 \text{ in}^2 = 0.196 \text{ ft}^2 = 0.01 \text{ } 2\text{ m}^2$ mass flux at 1326 psia = 6200 mout = 0.19 ft2 x 6200 1b x 253.1 kg D = 1326 ps/4 x 6.14 km 9142.4 kpa 0.00 1452- 0.001418 9142.4-9000) + 0.001418 = 0.00 14 22 m3/19. 0.018028 - 0.0204891 Vo= 10,000 - 9,000 0.020140 m3/kg. 0.00 1452 - 0.00 1418 = 3.4 × 10-11 m5 dVf 0.018028-0.020489 = -2.461 x 109 10,000- 9,000 Vtg = Vg- Vt = 0.020140 - 0.001422 = 0.0187 mg

In [52]: Image(hand2) Out[52]: 3 H= (15,000 - 9,000) (9142.4 - 9,000) + 1363.7 = 1,370,000 J (9142.4-9000)+2742.9 = 2,740,000 ] hi (ht at 32.2'c) = 137,000 J/kg 1407.8-1363.7 = 0.0441 m3 kg. 2725.8 - 2742.9 = -0,0174 10,000 - 9,000 hfg = hf- hg = (2740.47 = 1370)×103 = 1,370,000 J/k.

 $\alpha = 64 \times 10^6 \text{ J/s}$   $\dot{w} = 0$ ,  $\dot{v} = 0$  $\dot{w} = 400 \text{ Jpm} \times 1 \text{ m}^3 \text{/s}$   $\dot{w} = 0$ ,  $\dot$ 

```
In [7]: def system eq1( t=None,y=None): # y is a vector [pressure, water mass, steam mass]
            vfg=vg(y[0])[0]-vf(y[0])[0]
            hfg=hg(y[0])[0]-hf(y[0])[0]
             a=vfg*((hi*HPSI/vf(v[0])[0]-hf(v[0])[0]*mout f(v[0]))+qdot)
            b = (HPSI/vf(y[0])[0] - mout_f(y[0]))*(vg(y[0])[0]*hfg-hg(y[0])[0]*vfg)
             c = vfg*(y[1]*hf(y[0])[1] + y[2]*hg(y[0])[1] - (y[1]*vf(y[0])[0] + y[2]*vg(y[0])[0]))
             d=hfg*(y[1]*vf(y[0])[1]+y[2]*vg(y[0])[1])
             return (np.array([(a+b)/(c-d),HPSI/vf(y[0])[0]-mout f(y[0])-(qdot/(hf(y[0])[0]-hi)),qdot/(hf(y[0])[0]-hi)]))
        def system eq2( t=None, y=None):
             vfg=vg(y[0])[0]-vf(y[0])[0]
            hfg=hg(v[0])[0]-hf(v[0])[0]
             a=vfg*((hi*HPSI/vf(y[0])[0]-hg(y[0])[0]*mout_g(y[0]))+qdot)
             b = (HPSI/vf(y[0])[0] - mout_g(y[0]))*(vg(y[0])[0]*hfg-hg(y[0])[0]*vfg)
             c=vfg*(y[1]*hf(y[0])[1]+y[2]*hg(y[0])[1]-(y[1]*vf(y[0])[0]+y[2]*vg(y[0])[0]))
             d=hfg*(y[1]*vf(y[0])[1]+y[2]*vg(y[0])[1])
             return (np.array([(a+b)/(c-d),HPSI/vf(y[0])[0]-(qdot/(hg(y[0])[0]-hi)),qdot/(hg(y[0])[0]-hi)-mout_g(y[0])]))
        y0=np.array([RCS_pressure, Water_V/(vf(RCS_pressure)[0]), Steam_V/(vg(RCS_pressure)[0])])
```

The problem can be model as an IVP, using system of ODE of the form:

$$rac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} ec{y} = f(t, ec{y}) \qquad y_0 = y(t=0)$$

We can calculate the mass of water and steam through the conservation of mass:

$$rac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{dt}} M_{Total} = \dot{M}_{In} - \dot{M}_{Out} \implies rac{\mathrm{d} M_{Water}}{\mathrm{dt}} + rac{\mathrm{d} \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Steam}}}{\mathrm{dt}} = \dot{M}_{HPSI} - \dot{M}_{Break}$$

We have two systems of ODE, one for when the water level is above the pipe break and the other for water level below the pipe break:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{dt}} \begin{bmatrix} P \\ M_{Water} \\ M_{Steam} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} f(P, M_{Water}, M_{Steam}) \\ g(P) \\ h(P) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{v_{fg} \left( \sum (\dot{m}h)_j + \dot{q} - \dot{w}_s \right) + \sum \dot{m}_j (v_g h_{fg} - h_g v_{fg})}{v_{fg} \left( m_f \frac{\mathrm{d}h_f}{\mathrm{d}P} + m_g \frac{\mathrm{d}h_g}{\mathrm{d}P} - V \right) - h_{fg} \left( m_f \frac{\mathrm{d}v_f}{\mathrm{d}P} + m_g \frac{\mathrm{d}v_g}{\mathrm{d}P} \right)}{\dot{m}_{HPSI} - \dot{m}_{Water,Out}(P) - \frac{\dot{q}}{h_f(P) - h_{In}}} \end{bmatrix} \tag{1}$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{dt}} \begin{bmatrix} P \\ M_{Water} \\ M_{Steam} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} f(P, M_{Water}, M_{Steam}) \\ g(P) \\ h(P) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{v_{fg} \left( \sum (\dot{m}h)_j + \dot{q} - \dot{w}_s \right) + \sum \dot{m}_j (v_g h_{fg} - h_g v_{fg})}{v_{fg} \left( m_f \frac{\mathrm{d}h_f}{\mathrm{d}P} + m_g \frac{\mathrm{d}h_g}{\mathrm{d}P} - V \right) - h_{fg} \left( m_f \frac{\mathrm{d}v_f}{\mathrm{d}P} + m_g \frac{\mathrm{d}v_g}{\mathrm{d}P} \right)}{\dot{M}_{HPSI} - \frac{\dot{q}}{h_g(P) - h_{In}}} \\ -\dot{M}_{Steam.out}(P) + \frac{\dot{q}}{h_g(P) - h_{In}} \end{bmatrix} \tag{2}$$

Out[53]:

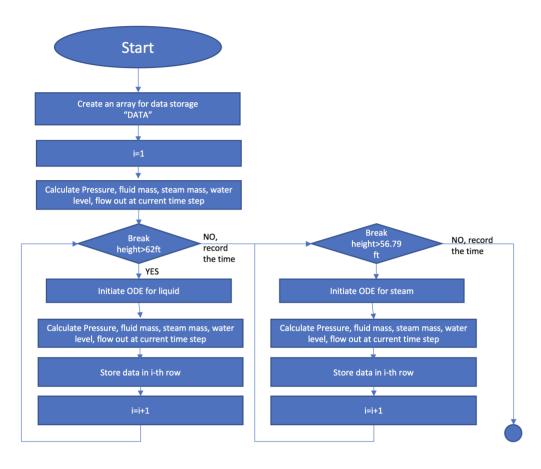
	,
	3
•	
	$Z(mh) = [(17.581)(137) - (578.9)(1370)] \times [0^{3} = -7.9 \times [0^{3}]$
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	I(m); = (17.581 - 578.9) = -561.32 kg/s
	$m_f = \frac{287.7}{0.001422} = 202,320.68 kg, mg = \frac{51}{0.020140} = 2523.3 lg$
i	V== 10 160-(+3 × 0. 0213 m3 = 283.7 m3
-	Vg=10/60-(+3 x 0.02/3 m3 1+3 Vg=1000(+3) X 0.02/3 m3 
	·,
dP_	(0.0187) (-7.9×108+64×106) -(561.32)(0.02014.1.73×106-2.74×106.0.0187)
	(c.0187)[20232068(U.0441)-25323(0.0174)-32837
	- (1.37 ×106)(202320.68) (3.4×10") + 25323 (-2.461×109)
	= - 13576200 - (561.32)(-23646.2)
•	(15 3. 3)
	dP = -1908.78 pa = -1.9 kpa
,	<u> </u>

Out[57]:

[-1938.15185994	614.13772396 51.9066801 ]
	Pi = 9142.4 kpa Mti = 202 320. 68 kg Mgi = 2532.3 kg
	using conservation of mass; dMg
	$\dot{m}_{i\dot{n}} - \dot{m}_{out} = dt + (\frac{\dot{q}}{h_{out} - h_{in}})$
	dt = min mout (ho-hi)
	= (17.581 - 578.7) - (1370000-137000) = -6/3, 0/9/4
	dug = a' = 51.9169/5.
	$\Delta t = o.1$
	1st interations.
	P_= P_i + dPAt = 9142.4 kpa + (-19)(0.1) = 9142.21 kpa
	Mf. = Mict dMf = 202320.68 + (-6/3.0/4)(0.1) = 202259.37 /g
	Mg, = Mgi+ dMg = 2532,3+ (51.9)(0.1) = 2537.49 Kg

## **Runge Kutta Integrator Method**

```
In [7]: Image(flow)
Out[7]:
```



Water level drops below the pipe break 189.9 seconds after the break, and core begin uncover at 264.3 second.

#### **Euler Method**

$$ec{y}(t+\Delta t) = ec{y}(t) + f(t,ec{y}) \cdot \Delta t$$

#### Time Step = 10 sec

```
In [10]: def Euler_Method(Table=None, dt=None):
             j=1
             Table=np.append(np.append(0,y0),[Water_V/Cross_Area,mout_f(RCS_pressure)])
             # time, pressure, fluid mass, steam mass, water level, flow out
             val2 = Table[1:4]+system_eq1(0,Table[1:4])*dt
             layer= np.append(np.append(j*dt,val2),[(val2[1]*vf(val2[0])[0])/Cross_Area,mout_f(val2[0])])
             Table=np.vstack([Table,layer])
             while Table[j,4] > Break_Height: #62 ft
                 i += 1
                 val2 = Table[j-1][1:4] + system_eq1(0, Table[j-1][1:4])*dt
                 layer= np.append(np.append(j*dt,val2),[(val2[1]*vf(val2[0])[0])/Cross_Area,mout_f(val2[0])])
                 Table=np.vstack([Table,layer])
             j_crit=j
             while Table[j,4] > 17.31: #56.79 ft
                 j += 1
                 val2 = Table[j-1][1:4] + system_eq2(0, Table[j-1][1:4])*dt
                 layer= np.append(np.append(j*dt,val2),[(val2[1]*vf(val2[0])[0])/Cross\_Area,mout\_f(val2[0])])
                  Table=np.vstack([Table,layer])
             return(j_crit*dt, Table)
```

```
In [12]: DATA2=np.append(np.append(0,y0),[Water_V/Cross_Area,mout_f(RCS_pressure)])
DATA2=Euler_Method(DATA2,10)
```

#### Time Step = 1 sec

```
In [13]: DATA3=np.append(np.append(0,y0),[Water_V/Cross_Area,mout_f(RCS_pressure)])
DATA3=Euler_Method(DATA3,1)
```

#### Time Step = 0.1sec

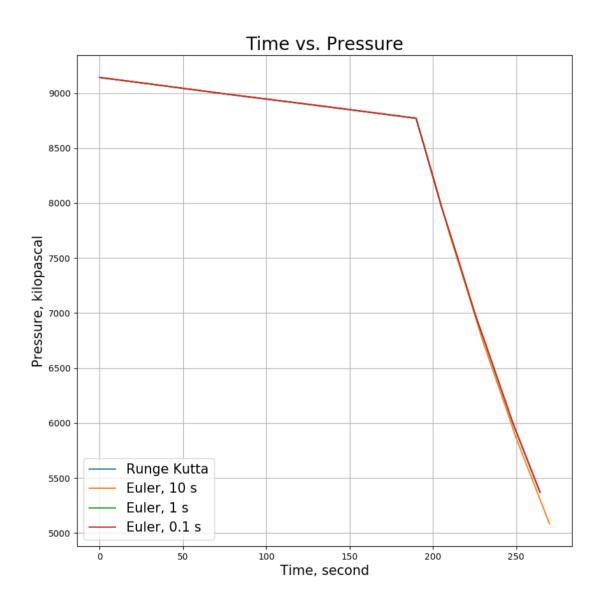
```
In [14]: DATA4=np.append(np.append(0,y0),[Water_V/Cross_Area,mout_f(RCS_pressure)])
DATA4=Euler_Method(DATA4,0.1)
```

#### Results

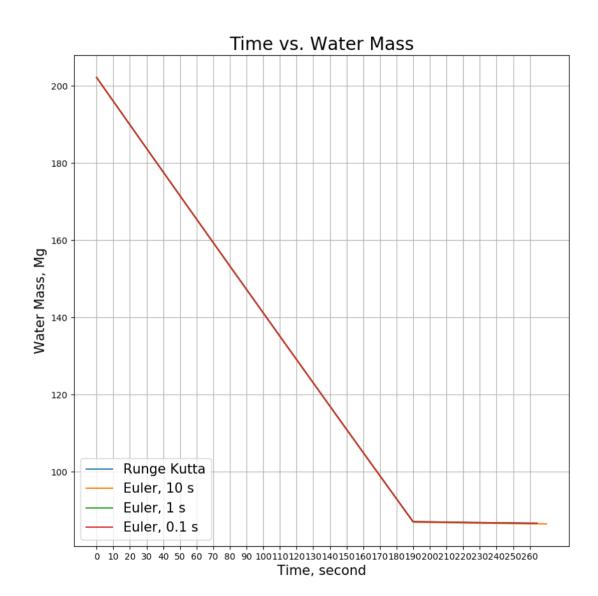
Out[15]:

	Runge-Kutta, Kpa	Euler-10s, Kpa	Euler-1s, Kpa	Euler-0.1s, Kpa	
0.0	9142.45	9142.45	9142.45	9142.45	
10.0	9123	9123.07	9123.01	9123	
20.0	9103.42	9103.55	9103.43	9103.42	
30.0	9083.7	9083.9	9083.72	9083.7	
40.0	9063.83	9064.1	9063.86	9063.83	
50.0	9043.81	9044.15	9043.85	9043.81	
60.0	9023.64	9024.05	9023.68	9023.64	
70.0	9003.3	9003.78	9003.35	9003.3	
80.0	8984.26	8983.35	8984.25	8984.25	
90.0	8965.41	8964.56	8965.4	8965.4	
100.0	8946.47	8945.67	8946.46	8946.46	
110.0	8927.42	8926.68	8927.42	8927.41	
120.0	8908.27	8907.59	8908.27	8908.26	
130.0	8889.01	8888.39	8889.02	8889	
140.0	8869.63	8869.07	8869.64	8869.62	
150.0	8850.12	8849.63	8850.14	8850.12	
160.0	8830.49	8830.06	8830.51	8830.48	
170.0	8810.72	8810.36	8810.75	8810.71	
180.0	8790.81	8790.51	8790.84	8790.8	
190.0	8765.77	8770.52	8770.78	8765.76	
200.0	8238.8	8252.53	8244.61	8238.87	
210.0	7736.5	7715.68	7738.97	7736.3	
220.0	7251.7	7235.29	7254.46	7251.53	
230.0	6790.13	6742.32	6787.08	6789.26	
240.0	6352.72	6305.86	6349.75	6351.87	
250.0	5923.68	5862.31	5920.49	5922.88	
260.0	5537.33	5473.89	5533.88	5536.52	

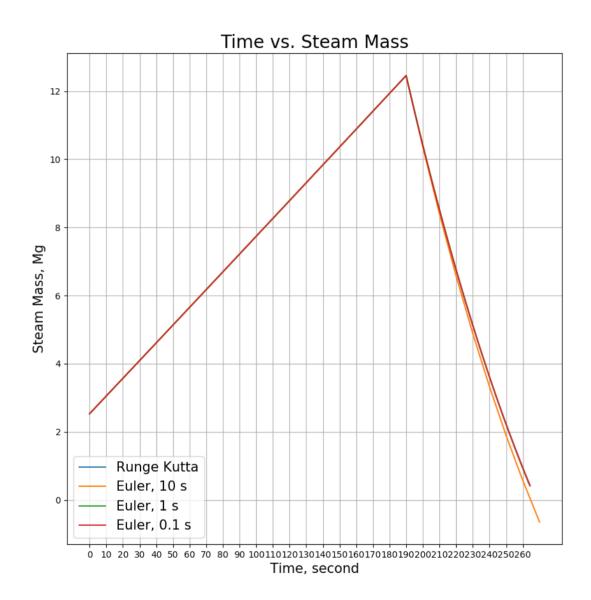
```
In [70]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
   plt.title(r"Time vs. Pressure", fontsize=20)
   plt.xlabel(r"Time, second", fontsize=15)
   plt.ylabel(r"Pressure, kilopascal", fontsize=15)
   plt.plot(DATA1[:,0], DATA1[:,1]/1000, label="Runge Kutta")
   plt.plot(DATA2[1][:,0], DATA2[1][:,1]/1000, label="Euler, 10 s")
   plt.plot(DATA3[1][:,0], DATA3[1][:,1]/1000, label="Euler, 1 s")
   plt.plot(DATA4[1][:,0], DATA4[1][:,1]/1000, label="Euler, 0.1 s")
   plt.grid("True")
   plt.legend(loc=3,fontsize=15)
   #plt.xticks(np.arange(min(DATA1[:,0]), max(DATA1[:,0])+1, 10))
   plt.show()
```



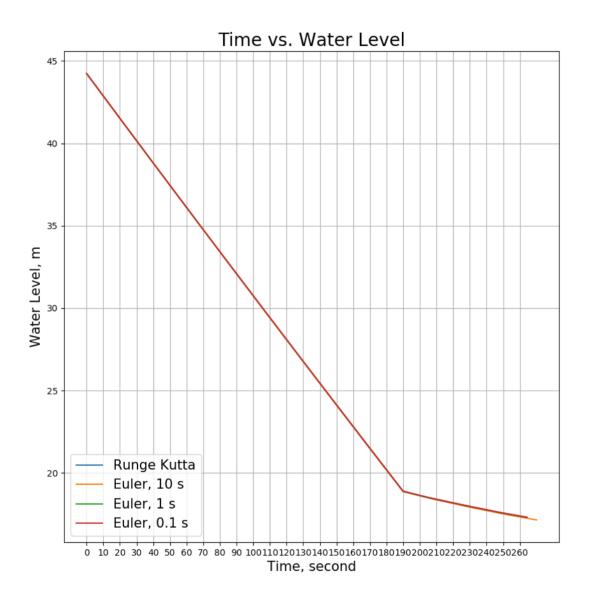
```
In [69]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    plt.title(r"Time vs. Water Mass", fontsize=20)
    plt.xlabel(r"Time, second", fontsize=15)
    plt.ylabel(r"Water Mass, Mg", fontsize=15)
    plt.plot(DATA1[:,0], DATA1[:,2]/1000, label="Runge Kutta")
    plt.plot(DATA2[1][:,0], DATA2[1][:,2]/1000, label="Euler, 10 s")
    plt.plot(DATA3[1][:,0], DATA3[1][:,2]/1000, label="Euler, 1 s")
    plt.plot(DATA4[1][:,0], DATA4[1][:,2]/1000, label="Euler, 0.1 s")
    plt.grid("True")
    plt.legend(loc=3,fontsize=15)
    plt.xticks(np.arange(min(DATA1[:,0]), max(DATA1[:,0])+1, 10))
    plt.show()
```



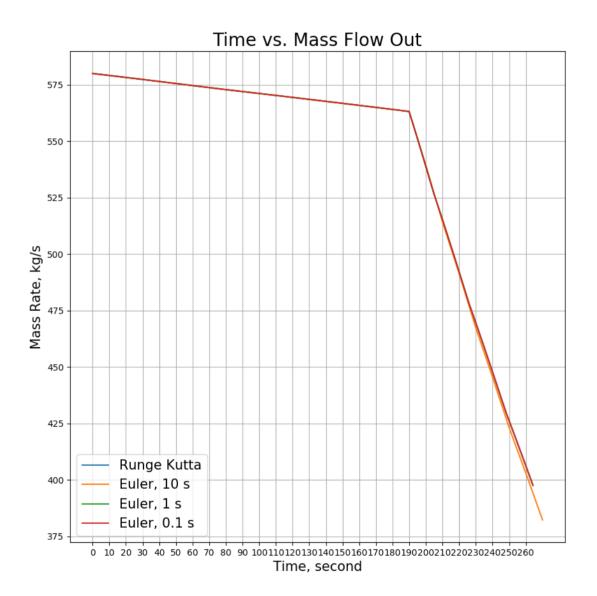
```
In [65]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    plt.title(r"Time vs. Steam Mass", fontsize=20)
    plt.xlabel(r"Time, second", fontsize=15)
    plt.ylabel(r"Steam Mass, Mg", fontsize=15)
    plt.plot(DATA1[:,0], DATA1[:,3]/1000, label="Runge Kutta")
    plt.plot(DATA2[1][:,0], DATA2[1][:,3]/1000, label="Euler, 10 s")
    plt.plot(DATA3[1][:,0], DATA3[1][:,3]/1000, label="Euler, 1 s")
    plt.plot(DATA4[1][:,0], DATA4[1][:,3]/1000, label="Euler, 0.1 s")
    plt.grid("True")
    plt.legend(loc=3,fontsize=15)
    plt.xticks(np.arange(min(DATA1[:,0]), max(DATA1[:,0])+1, 10))
    plt.show()
```



```
In [66]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    plt.title(r"Time vs. Water Level", fontsize=20)
    plt.xlabel(r"Time, second", fontsize=15)
    plt.ylabel(r"Water Level, m", fontsize=15)
    plt.plot(DATA1[:,0], DATA1[:,4], label="Runge Kutta")
    plt.plot(DATA2[1][:,0], DATA2[1][:,4], label="Euler, 10 s")
    plt.plot(DATA3[1][:,0], DATA3[1][:,4], label="Euler, 1 s")
    plt.plot(DATA4[1][:,0], DATA4[1][:,4], label="Euler, 0.1 s")
    plt.grid("True")
    plt.legend(loc=3,fontsize=15)
    plt.xticks(np.arange(min(DATA1[:,0]), max(DATA1[:,0])+1, 10))
    plt.show()
```



```
In [67]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    plt.title(r"Time vs. Mass Flow Out", fontsize=20)
    plt.xlabel(r"Time, second", fontsize=15)
    plt.ylabel(r"Mass Rate, kg/s", fontsize=15)
    plt.plot(DATA1[:,0], DATA1[:,5], label="Runge Kutta")
    plt.plot(DATA2[1][:,0], DATA2[1][:,5], label="Euler, 10 s")
    plt.plot(DATA3[1][:,0], DATA3[1][:,5], label="Euler, 1 s")
    plt.plot(DATA4[1][:,0], DATA4[1][:,5], label="Euler, 0.1 s")
    plt.grid("True")
    plt.legend(loc=3,fontsize=15)
    plt.xticks(np.arange(min(DATA1[:,0]), max(DATA1[:,0])+1, 10))
    plt.show()
```



Out[23]:

	Pressure, pa	Water Mass, kg	Steam Mass, kg	Water Level, m	Mass Flow Rate Out, kg/s
0.0	9142448.0	202200.77203839135	2530.9811216897892	44.24111948331539	579.9701731143964
0.1	9142254.178316783	202139.35868859704	2536.1718076915345	44.22747752502005	579.96144329609
0.2	9142060.343635967	202077.94618404726	2541.3625296788227	44.2138358623971	579.9527128386877
0.30000000000000004	9141866.495952826	202016.53452480363	2546.553287654567	44.20019449546499	579.9439817419642
0.4	9141672.635262629	201955.12371092782	2551.744081621681	44.18655342424217	579.9352500056942
	Pressure, pa	Water Mass, kg	Steam Mass, kg	Water Level, m	Mass Flow Rate Out, kg/s
189.4999999999352	8771747.240710955	87358.38564102375	12434.545917156347	18.944523741596996	563.1737739584515
189.599999999935	8771545.872033577	87298.59559025333	12439.808820866758	18.93146577164666	563.1645946909704
189.699999999935	8771344.487378396	87238.80642552527	12445.071765190563	18.918408112450898	563.1554146340321
189.799999999935	8771143.08673672	87179.01814691543	12450.334750131613	18.905350764034385	563.1462337872241
189.899999999935	8770941.670099853	87119.23075449977	12455.59777569376	18.89229372642182	563.1370521501335
189.99999999935	8765765.513246043	87118.56814725586	12434.544311847832	18.88979236468101	562.9010745237226
190.0999999999349	8760587.270174354	87117.9058403483	12413.504927532045	18.887290153679874	562.6649613503193
190.1999999999348	8755406.947625255	87117.24383394893	12392.479628248215	18.884787096523095	562.4287128576034
190.2999999999347	8750224.552354526	87116.58212822929	12371.468419479508	18.88228319632212	562.1923292740275
190.3999999999347	8745040.091133216	87115.92072336058	12350.47130669041	18.879778456195172	561.9558108288174
	Pressure, pa	Water Mass, kg	Steam Mass, kg	Water Level, m	Mass Flow Rate Out, kg/s
263.799999999915	5390316.390339157	86705.37204861298	480.0426971000626	17.3181472971352	398.5633932006167
263.899999999915	5386452.662179673	86704.90342125439	468.1495689045616	17.316353689761947	398.3605346996277
263.9999999999153	5382589.292789439	86704.4350183909	456.26686899566704	17.314560303450516	398.1576528383989
264.0999999999155	5378726.289308221	86703.96684003797	444.3945962461997	17.31276714132964	397.9547479646751
264.1999999999916	5374863.658869014	86703.49888621065	432.53274950965516	17.310974206524914	397.7518204261141
264.299999999916	5371001.408597976	86703.03115692356	420.68132762022344	17.30918150215877	397.5488705702839

```
In [ ]: book = xlsxwriter.Workbook("Testing.xlsx")
          sheet1=book.add_worksheet('Pressure')
          sheet1=book.add_worksheet('Fressure')
sheet2=book.add_worksheet('Water Mass')
sheet3=book.add_worksheet('Steam Mass')
sheet4=book.add_worksheet('Water Level')
          sheet5=book.add_worksheet('Mass Flow')
          def writedata(array=None, sheet=None,col=None):
               for i in np.arange(len(array)):
                   sheet.write(i+1,col+1,array[i])
          writedata(DATA1[:,0][::100],sheet1,0)
          writedata(DATA1[:,1][::100]/1000, sheet1,1)
          writedata(DATA2[1][:,1]/1000, sheet1,2)
          writedata(DATA3[1][:,1][::10]/1000,sheet1,3)
          writedata(DATA4[1][:,1][::100]/1000,sheet1,4)
          writedata(DATA1[:,0],sheet2,6)
          writedata(DATA1[:,1]/1000,sheet2,7)
          writedata(DATA1[:,2]/1000,sheet2,8)
          writedata(DATA1[:,3]/1000,sheet2,9)
          writedata(DATA1[:,4],sheet2,10)
          writedata(DATA1[:,5],sheet2,11)
          book.close()
```