

# Phase 1 Implementation Guide: Background Tracking + Offline Orders

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**Date:** February 17, 2026

**Status:** Foundation Complete (Ready for Integration)

**Phase:** 1 of 4

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## What Was Built

Database Schema ([supabase/migrations/001\\_core\\_schema.sql](#))

- `journeys` table - Journey lifecycle management
- `orders` table - Order persistence
- `offline_queue` table - Data sync buffer
- `towns_on_route` table - Dynamic routing + order control
- `location_history` table - GPS tracking history
- `restaurants` table - Restaurant profiles + dashboard access
- `riders` table - Delivery personnel management
- `restaurant_notifications` table - Notification queue
- RLS policies for security

Offline Queue System ([src/lib/offlineQueue.ts](#))

- IndexedDB wrapper for persistent data
- Queue management (enqueue, sync, mark processed)
- Location storage with offline caching
- Order storage with deduplication support
- Sync metadata tracking
- Auto-cleanup of old synced data

React Hooks (Frontend Logic)

[src/hooks/useJourneyState.ts](#)

- Journey lifecycle (create, complete, cancel)
- Auto-restore active journey on app open
- Location updates with offline fallback
- Sync queued data when online
- Auto-sync every 30 seconds if online
- Queue statistics tracking

[src/hooks/useBackgroundTracking.ts](#)

- Capacitor GPS integration
- Continuous tracking even when app minimized

- Permissions handling
- App state monitoring (foreground/background)
- Error handling and fallback

### src/hooks/useOrderSync.ts

- Create orders with offline\_id for deduplication
- Store orders locally in IndexedDB
- Sync to server with conflict detection
- Load journey orders (server + offline)
- Auto-sync when coming online
- Pending orders counter

## Backend Edge Functions

### supabase/functions/update-location.ts

- Location update handler
- Town proximity calculation (Haversine formula)
- Automatic town status transitions
  - OPEN → CLOSING\_SOON (10 min / 3 km away)
  - CLOSING\_SOON → LOCKED (bus arrives)
- Restaurant notifications on town lock
- Distance/ETA updates for UI

### supabase/functions/send-sms.ts

- Africa's Talking SMS integration
- Restaurant SMS notifications
- Error handling and logging
- Webhook security

## 🚀 Integration Steps

### Step 1: Deploy Database Schema

```
# Navigate to project
cd c:\Users\zwexm\LPSN\busnstay-journey-map-main

# Run Supabase migrations
npx supabase migration up
# OR manually in Supabase dashboard: SQL Editor → paste 001_core_schema.sql
```

### Step 2: Deploy Edge Functions

```

# Deploy update-location function
npx supabase functions deploy update-location

# Deploy send-sms function
npx supabase functions deploy send-sms

# Test functions
curl -X POST https://your-project.supabase.co/functions/v1/update-location \
-H "Authorization: Bearer YOUR_ANON_KEY" \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
  "journey_id": "test-journey-id",
  "latitude": -10.3337,
  "longitude": 57.5012,
  "accuracy": 25
}'

```

## Step 3: Install Capacitor (For Background Tracking)

```

npm install -D @capacitor/cli @capacitor/core @capacitor/geolocation
@capacitor/app

# Initialize Capacitor
npx cap init BusNStay com.busnstay.delivery

# Add platforms
npx cap add ios
npx cap add android

```

## Step 4: Use Hooks in Your Components

### Example: Start Journey & Begin Tracking

```

import { useJourneyState } from '@/hooks/useJourneyState';
import { useBackgroundTracking } from '@/hooks/useBackgroundTracking';
import { useAuth } from '@/hooks/useAuth'; // Your auth hook

export function JourneyScreen() {
  const { user } = useAuth();
  const {
    journey,
    startJourney,
    updateLocation,
    queueStats,
  } = useJourneyState(user?.id);

  const {

```

```

        isTracking,
        startTracking,
        stopTracking,
        lastLocation,
    } = useBackgroundTracking(
        async (location) => {
            // Called whenever location updates
            if (journey) {
                await updateLocation(
                    location.latitude,
                    location.longitude,
                    location.accuracy
                );
            }
        }
    );

const handleStartJourney = async () => {
    try {
        const newJourney = await startJourney(
            'from_stop_id',
            'to_stop_id',
            'bus_id'
        );

        // Start background tracking
        await startTracking({
            journeyId: newJourney.id,
            updateInterval: 30000, // 30 seconds
            enableHighAccuracy: true,
        });
    } catch (err) {
        console.error('Failed to start journey:', err);
    }
};

return (
    <div>
        <h1>Journey Tracking</h1>
        {journey ? (
            <>
                <p>Journey Status: {journey.status}</p>
                <p>Last Location: {lastLocation?.latitude}, {lastLocation?.longitude}</p>
            </>
            <p>Queue Stats: {queueStats.pending} pending, {queueStats.total} total</p>
            {isTracking && <p>⌚ Tracking Active</p>}
        ) : (
            <button onClick={handleStartJourney}>Start Journey</button>
        )}
    </div>

```

```
});  
}
```

## Example: Create Order (With Offline Support)

```
import { useOrderSync } from '@/hooks/useOrderSync';  
  
export function OrderForm({ journeyId, restaurantId, passengerId }) {  
  const deviceId = localStorage.getItem('device_id') || '';  
  const { createOrder, pendingOrdersCount } = useOrderSync(passengerId,  
  deviceId);  
  
  const handleCreateOrder = async (formData) => {  
    try {  
      const order = await createOrder({  
        journey_id: journeyId,  
        restaurant_id: restaurantId,  
        passenger_id: passengerId,  
        stop_id: 'current_town_id',  
        items: formData.items,  
        total_amount: formData.total,  
        status: 'PENDING',  
      });  
  
      console.log('Order created:', order);  
      alert(`Order placed! (${pendingOrdersCount} offline orders queued)`);  
    } catch (err) {  
      console.error('Failed to create order:', err);  
    }  
  };  
  
  return (  
    <form onSubmit={handleCreateOrder}>  
      {/* Form fields */}  
      {pendingOrdersCount > 0 && (  
        <p className="warning">  
          ⚠️ {pendingOrdersCount} orders waiting to sync...  
        </p>  
      )}  
      <button type="submit">Place Order</button>  
    </form>  
  );  
}
```

## 🔧 Environment Setup

Add to `.env.local`

```

VITE_SUPABASE_URL=https://your-project.supabase.co
VITE_SUPABASE_ANON_KEY=your-anon-key-here

# Africa's Talking (for SMS)
VITE_AFRICA_TALKING_USERNAME=your-username
VITE_AFRICA_TALKING_API_KEY=your-api-key

# SMS webhook secret (for security)
SMS_WEBHOOK_SECRET=your-random-webhook-secret

```

## Set Supabase Secrets

```

# In Supabase dashboard: Settings → Edge Functions → Secrets

AFRICA_TALKING_API_KEY=your-api-key-here
AFRICA_TALKING_USERNAME=your-username-here
SMS_WEBHOOK_SECRET=your-webhook-secret

```

## Testing Checklist

- **Offline Queue**
  - Create order while offline
  - Verify stored in IndexedDB
  - Go online, verify syncs to server
  - Check no duplicates
- **Background Tracking**
  - Start journey
  - Minimize app (move to background)
  - GPS continues updating
  - Come back to app, location is current
- **Journey Persistence**
  - Start journey
  - Force close app
  - Reopen app
  - Journey auto-restores to tracking screen
- **Town Automation**
  - Journey nearing town (>10 min away)
  - Town status: OPEN → CLOSING\_SOON
  - Journey entering town (<500m)

- Town status: CLOSING\_SOON → LOCKED
  - New orders blocked for locked town
  - Existing orders still visible
- **SMS Notifications**
    - Configure Africa's Talking credentials
    - Create order at restaurant
    - Restaurant receives SMS
- 

## ⌚ Key Features Implemented

### Journey Never Stops

- Journey persists on server with status machine
- GPS continues in background (Capacitor)
- App auto-resumes journey on open

### Orders Never Disappear

- Created locally in IndexedDB first
- Synced to server when online
- Survives app close, phone restart, network loss
- Deduplication prevents duplicates on reconnect

### Offline Capability (Days)

- All updates queued locally
- Auto-syncs when online
- Batch processing for efficiency
- Data auto-cleans after 7 days

### Town Auto-Closing

- ETA calculated from GPS position
- Town transitions: OPEN → CLOSING\_SOON → LOCKED
- UI blocks new orders when locked
- Existing orders unaffected

### Data Integrity

- Conflict-free syncing
  - Sequence numbers prevent race conditions
  - Idempotent operations (safe to retry)
- 

## ⚠ Potential Issues & Solutions

Issue	Cause	Solution
Duplicated orders on sync	Device created order offline + online simultaneously	<code>offline_id</code> prevents duplication. Always check existing before inserting.
GPS battery drain	Continuous high-accuracy tracking	Use lower accuracy in production, adjust interval to 60s. Consider geofencing.
Large IndexedDB size	Too much historical data	Auto-cleanup runs on sync. Can adjust retention period.
SMS not sending	Africa's Talking not configured	Verify API key + username. Check SMS balance. Test with curl first.
Journey not auto-restoring	App cache cleared	Migration data stored separately. Will recreate on first sync.

## 📊 Metrics to Monitor

```
// Queue health
const { total, pending, synced } = queueStats;
console.log(`Queue: ${pending}/${total} pending (${synced} synced)`);

// Sync delay
const lastSync = journey?.last_sync_time;
const syncDelayMs = Date.now() - new Date(lastSync).getTime();
console.log(`Last sync: ${syncDelayMs}ms ago`);

// GPS accuracy
const accuracy = lastLocation?.accuracy;
if (accuracy > 100) console.warn('Low GPS accuracy:', accuracy);

// Town closure rate
const townStatuses = towns.map(t => t.status);
const openCount = [...townStatuses].filter(s => s === 'OPEN').length;
console.log(`Open towns: ${openCount}/${towns.length}`);
```

## 🔒 Security Checklist

- RLS policies ensure users see only their data
- Offline queue never stores sensitive data (only IDs)
- SMS webhook requires Bearer token
- Edge functions validate authentication
- Location data encrypted in transit (HTTPS)
- Rider location only visible to assigned passenger
- Restaurant only sees their own orders

## Next Steps (Phase 2)

Once Phase 1 is tested and working:

### 1. Restaurant Dashboard (Week 2)

- Web interface for restaurants
- Order notifications + SMS
- "Ready for pickup" confirmation
- Rider assignment view

### 2. Town Order Automation (Already partially implemented!)

- Fine-tune closure thresholds
- Add pre-close warnings
- Restaurant prep time estimation

### 3. Rider System (Week 3-4)

- Auto-matching orders to nearby riders
  - Rider notifications (push + SMS)
  - Live location sharing
  - Delivery confirmation
- 

## Support

### Questions or Issues?

- Check offline queue size: `offlineQueue.getQueueStats(deviceId)`
  - Monitor location accuracy: `console.log(lastLocation?.accuracy)`
  - Verify town closure: Check `towns_on_route.status` in Supabase dashboard
  - SMS delivery: Check Africa's Talking dashboard for failed sends
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**Phase 1 Complete!**  Ready to integrate into your app.