

6317. Count the Number of Beautiful Subarrays

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You are given a **0-indexed** integer array `nums` . In one operation, you can:

- Choose two different indices `i` and `j` such that  $0 \leq i, j < \text{nums.length}$  .
- Choose a non-negative integer `k` such that the  $k^{\text{th}}$  bit (**0-indexed**) in the binary representation of `nums[i]` and `nums[j]` is 1.
- Subtract  $2^k$  from `nums[i]` and `nums[j]` .

A subarray is **beautiful** if it is possible to make all of its elements equal to 0 after applying the above operation any number of times.

Return the number of **beautiful subarrays** in the array `nums` .

A subarray is a contiguous **non-empty** sequence of elements within an array.

User Accepted:	4242
User Tried:	5463
Total Accepted:	4448
Total Submissions:	10807
Difficulty:	Medium

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [4,3,1,2,4]`  
Output: 2  
Explanation: There are 2 beautiful subarrays in `nums`: `[4,3,1,2,4]` and `[4,3,1,2,4]`.  
- We can make all elements in the subarray `[3,1,2]` equal to 0 in the following way:  
  - Choose `[3, 1, 2]` and `k = 1`. Subtract  $2^1$  from both numbers. The subarray becomes `[1, 1, 0]`.  
  - Choose `[1, 1, 0]` and `k = 0`. Subtract  $2^0$  from both numbers. The subarray becomes `[0, 0, 0]`.  
- We can make all elements in the subarray `[4,3,1,2,4]` equal to 0 in the following way:  
  - Choose `[4, 3, 1, 2, 4]` and `k = 2`. Subtract  $2^2$  from both numbers. The subarray becomes `[0, 3, 1, 2, 0]`.  
  - Choose `[0, 3, 1, 2, 0]` and `k = 0`. Subtract  $2^0$  from both numbers. The subarray becomes `[0, 2, 0, 2, 0]`.  
  - Choose `[0, 2, 0, 2, 0]` and `k = 1`. Subtract  $2^1$  from both numbers. The subarray becomes `[0, 0, 0, 0, 0]`.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,10,4]`  
Output: 0  
Explanation: There are no beautiful subarrays in `nums`.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^5$
- $0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^6$

Python

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```
1 class Solution(object):
2     def beautifulSubarrays(self, nums):
3         """
4         :type nums: List[int]
5         :rtype: int
6         """
7         count = 0
8         xor_sum = 0
9         freq = {0: 1}
10        for i in range(len(nums)):
11            xor_sum ^= nums[i]
12            if xor_sum in freq:
13                count += freq[xor_sum]
14            freq[xor_sum] = freq.get(xor_sum, 0) + 1
15        return count
```

☐ Custom Testcase

Use Example Testcases

Run

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