## **NUMBER THEORY** handout 1

 $\log_A(Rhythm)$ 

August 22, 2023

## §1 Problems

**Problem 1.1** (2020 AIME II P.1). Find the number of ordered pairs of positive integers (m, n) such that  $m^2n = 20^{20}$ .

**Problem 1.2** (2019 AIME I P.1). Consider the integer

$$N = 9 + 99 + 999 + 9999 + \dots + \underbrace{99 \dots 99}_{321 \text{ digits}}.$$

Find the sum of the digits of N.

**Problem 1.3** (1995 AIME P.6). Let  $n = 2^{31}3^{19}$ . How many positive integer divisors of  $n^2$  are less than n but do not divide n?

**Problem 1.4** (2021 DIME P.1). Find the remainder when the number of positive divisors of the value

$$(3^{2020} + 3^{2021})(3^{2021} + 3^{2022})(3^{2022} + 3^{2023})(3^{2023} + 3^{2024})$$

is divided by 1000.

**Problem 1.5** (2023 MBMT P.7). What is the largest integer n such that  $3^n$  is a factor of 18! + 19! + 20!?

**Problem 1.6** (2022 BMT P.2). Compute the number of positive integer divisors of 100000 which do not contain the digit 0.

**Problem 1.7** (2022 IOQM P.6). Let a, b be positive integers satisfying  $a^3 - b^3 - ab = 25$ . Find the largest possible value of  $a^2 + b^3$ .

**Problem 1.8** (2007 PAMO P.5). For which positive integers n is  $231^n - 222^n - 8^n - 1$  divisible by 2007?

**Problem 1.9** (1983 AIME P.8). What is the largest 2-digit prime factor of the integer  $n = \binom{200}{100}$ ?

**Problem 1.10** (1984 AIME P.2). The integer n is the smallest positive multiple of 15 such that every digit of n is either 8 or 0. Compute  $\frac{n}{15}$ .