

Network Traffic Analysis Using Wireshark

Submitted By: Deepak

Internship Program: Cyber Security Internship

Organization: Codectechnologies

Tools Used: Wireshark, Kali Linux

Declaration

I hereby declare that this project titled 'Network Traffic Analysis Using Wireshark' is my original work carried out as part of my cybersecurity internship. All activities were performed in a controlled and ethical environment for learning purposes only.

1. Introduction

Network traffic analysis is a critical component of cybersecurity that involves monitoring, capturing, and inspecting network packets to detect malicious activities and performance issues. This project focuses on analyzing network traffic using Wireshark.

2. Objective

- Capture live network traffic
- Analyze TCP, HTTP, and DNS protocols
- Detect suspicious patterns such as port scanning and http plain texts
- Understand attacker behavior

3. Tools and Environment

Tools Used:

- Kali Linux
- Wireshark

Environment:

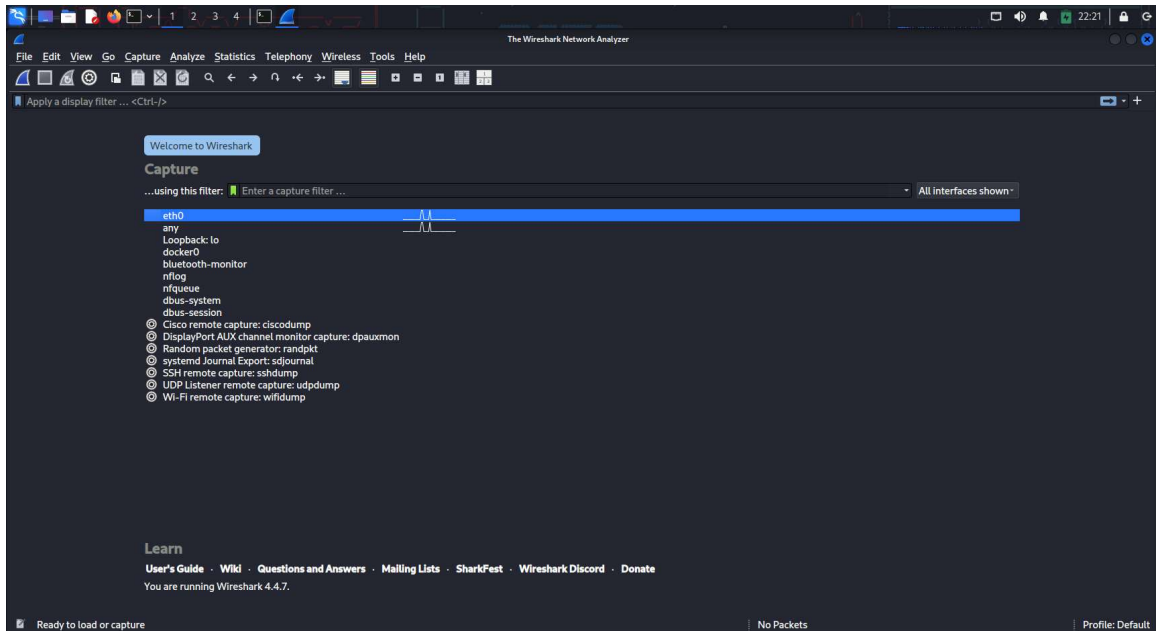
- Local controlled lab setup
- No real-world systems targeted

4. Methodology

1. Selected network interface
2. Captured live traffic
3. Generated different traffic types
4. Applied Wireshark filters
5. Analyzed captured packets

5. Traffic Capture

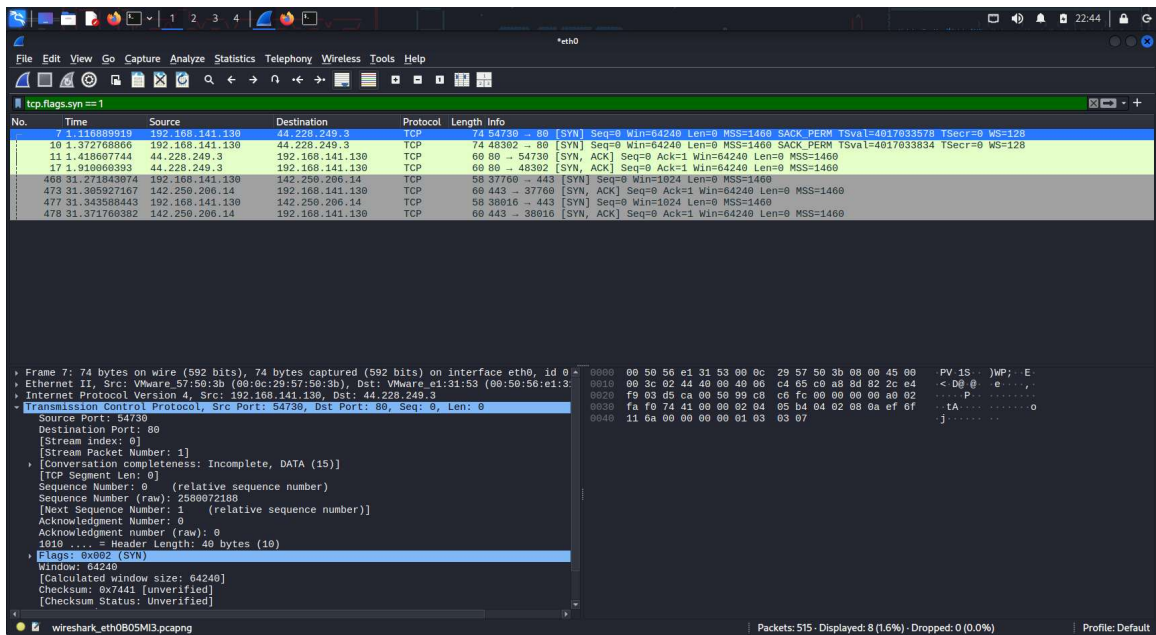
Wireshark was used to capture live network traffic.



6.1 TCP Three-Way Handshake Analysis

Filter Used: `tcp.flags.syn == 1`

Explanation of SYN, SYN-ACK, and ACK packets.



6.2 HTTP Traffic Analysis

Filter Used: http

HTTP traffic is transmitted in plaintext.

The image shows a Wireshark packet capture of HTTP traffic. The filter is set to 'http'. The packet list shows a GET request from 192.168.141.130 to 192.168.141.130. The packet details pane shows the request structure: GET / HTTP/1.1, Host: testphp.vulnweb.com, User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:128.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/128.0, Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8, Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5, Connection: keep-alive, Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1, Priority: u=0. The packet bytes pane shows the raw data of the request.

6.3 DNS Traffic Analysis

Filter Used: dns

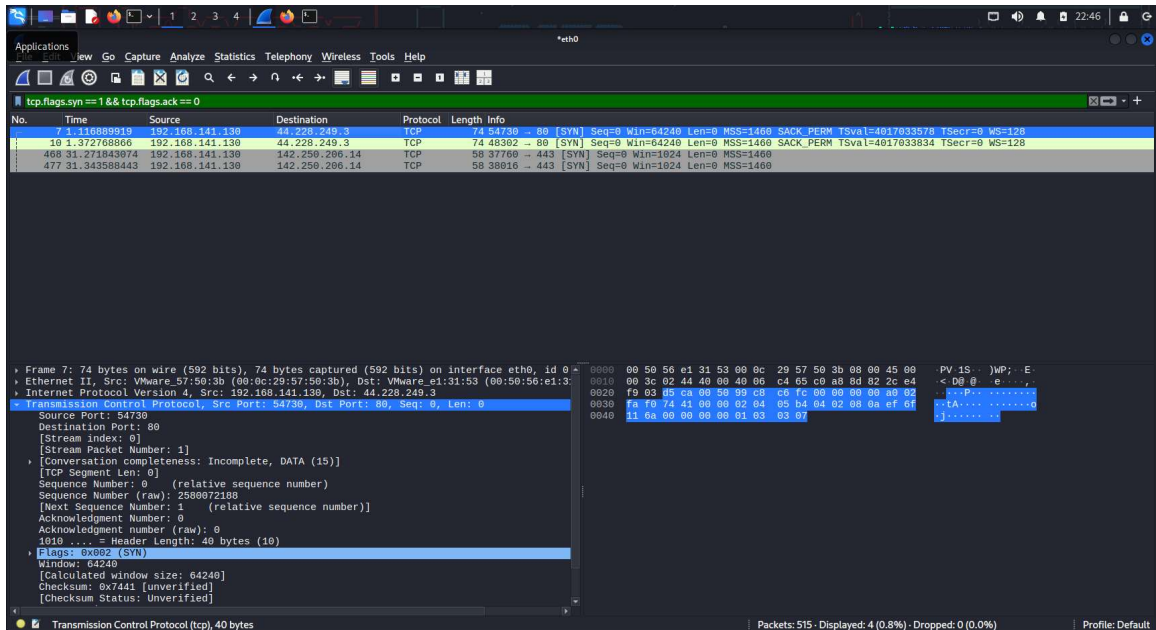
DNS queries reveal domain requests.

The image shows a Wireshark packet capture of DNS traffic. The filter is set to 'dns'. The packet list shows multiple DNS queries and responses. The packet details pane shows the structure of a DNS query: Standard query query 0xa4d A testphp.vulnweb.com. The packet bytes pane shows the raw data of the query.

6.4 Port Scanning Detection

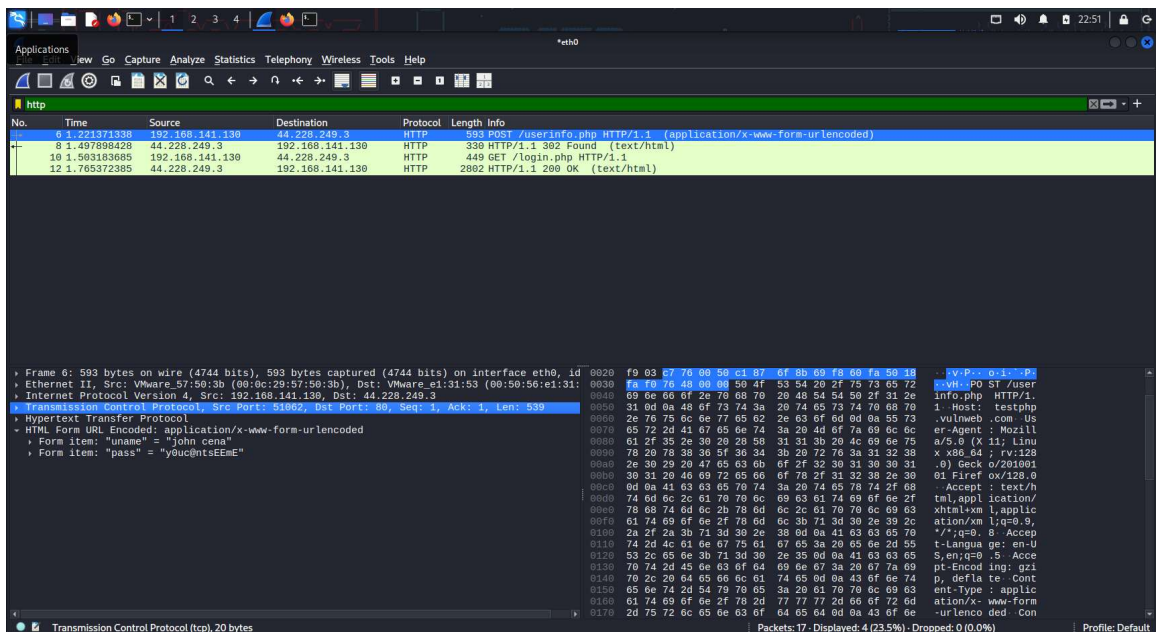
Filter Used: `tcp.flags.syn == 1 && tcp.flags.ack == 0`

Multiple SYN packets indicate scanning.



6.5 http Plain Text Credential Detection

http protocol transfers data as plain text.



7. Suspicious Activity Identified

- Port Scanning
- Plain HTTP traffic
- Excessive SYN packets

8. Security Recommendations

- Use HTTPS
- Deploy IDS/IPS
- Monitor network traffic
- Implement firewall rules

9. Conclusion

This project demonstrated how network traffic analysis helps detect anomalies and improves cybersecurity monitoring.