Assignment 1

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Schema

Relations

- User(<u>uid</u>, name, profile, email, phone, photo, lastSeen)
- Contact(<u>user</u>, <u>contact</u>, start)
- Group(gid, <u>uid</u>)
- Message(mid, from, to, content, time)
- Attachment(<u>mid</u>, <u>contentId</u>, size)
- Privacy(<u>uid</u>, lastSeen, photo, profile); (none, contacts, everyone)
- Status(mid, uid, status)

Integrity constraints

- $Contact[user] \subseteq User[uid]$
- $Contact[contact] \subseteq User[uid]$
- Group[uid] \subseteq User[uid]
- Group[gid] \cap User[uid] = \emptyset
- Message[from] \subseteq User[uid]
- Attachment $[mid] \subseteq Message[mid]$
- Attachment[size] ≤ 16
- $Privacy[uid]] \subseteq User[uid]$
- Status[mid] \subseteq Message[mid]
- $Status[uid] \subseteq User[uid]$
- Status[status] \subseteq { "sent", "delivered", "read" }
- Privacy[lastSeen] ⊆ { "none", "contacts", "everyone" }
- Privacy[profilePhoto] ⊆ { "none", "contacts", "everyone" }
- Privacy[profile] ⊆ { "none", "contacts", "everyone" }

Part 1. Queries

- 1.1 Find all the users who have never sent a message, but who have been sent at least one message. The message may have been sent to the user or to a group that the user belongs to. Report each user id.
- -Users who never sent messages

$$NeverSentMsg(uid) := \Pi_{uid}User - \rho_{Temp(uid)}\Pi_{from}Message$$

-Users who never sent message but have been sent a direct messages

$$NeverSentButDirect := \rho_{Temp2(uid)}\Pi_{to}Message \cap NeverSentMeg$$

-Users who never sent message but have been sent messages from group

$$NeverSentButGroup := \Pi_{uid}((Group \bowtie NeverSentMsg) \bowtie \rho_{Temp3(mid)}\Pi_{to}Message)$$

-Users who have never sent a message, but who have been sent at least a message.

 $Answer := NeverSentButDirect \ \cup NeverSentButGroup$

1.2 Find the users (and return their uid) who sent two or fewer messages in 2017.

-Users who sent at leat Three messages $\,$

$$At Least Three := \Pi_{from}$$

$$\sigma_{M1.from=M2.from=M3.from \ \land \ M1.mid \neq M2.mid \neq M3.mid \ \land \ M1.time.year=M2.time.year=M3.time.year=2017}$$

 $[(\rho_{M1}Message) \times (\rho_{M2}Message) \times (\rho_{M3}Message)]$

-Users who sent at most two messages (Final Answer)

$$AtMostTwo := \Pi_{uid}User - \rho_{Temp(uid)}AtLeastThree$$

1.3 Find	the l	largest	group.	Report	the	group	id.	$\mathbf{If} \ 1$	there	is a	a tie,	report	them
all.													

This question is not solvable.

- 1.4 Find privacy fanatics, that is, any user who has all her privacy settings set to none and who has never sent a message to another user who has privacy settings different than her own (meaning different than all none). Note that a private user (settings are all none) who has never sent a message would be considered a privacy fanatic. Return the user's uid and name.
- -All users that set their lastSeen status to "none"

$$Private(uid) := \prod_{uid} \sigma_{lastSeen="none"} \land photo="none" \land profile="none" Privacy$$

-Other users that not set their lastSeen status to "none"

$$Other(uid) := \Pi_{uid}\sigma_{lastSeen \neq "none"} \vee photo \neq "none" \vee prodile \neq "none"} Privacy$$

-All user that their private status is "none" but they did sent Direct Message

```
PrivateButSentDirectMessage(uid) := \rho_{Temp(uid)}(\Pi_{from}(Message \bowtie \rho_{Temp2(to)}Other) \\ \bowtie \rho_{Temp3(from)}Private \\ ))
```

-All group ID that set the private status to "everyone"

$$GroupWithPublic(gid) := \Pi_{gid}(Group - (Group \bowtie Private))$$

-All group that their private status is "none" but they did sent Direct Message

```
PrivateButSentGroupMsg(uid) := \rho_{Temp(uid)}(\Pi_{from}(\\ (Message \bowtie \rho_{Temp2(to)}GroupWithPublic(gid))\\ \bowtie \rho_{Temp3(from)}Private\\ ))
```

-All users that are privacy fanatics

```
Answer(uid, name) := \Pi_{uid, name}([Private(uid) - PrivateButSentDirectMessage(uid) - PrivateButSentGroupMsg(uid)] \bowtie User)
```

1.5 Consider only users whose privacy settings state that everyone may see their lastSeen time (lastSeen = "everyone"). Among such users, report the uid, name and lastSeen of the user(s) whose lastSeen time is the most recent. Since times are ordered, the most recent time is the largest time value. If there are ties, report all users. These users have the most recent public lastSeen time.

```
-Public(uid, lastSeen, name) Public(uid, lastSeen, name) := \Pi_{uid, \ lastSeen, \ name}(\Pi_{uid}(\sigma_{privacy="everyone"}(Privacy)) \bowtie User) -Losers(uid, lastseen, name) Losers(uid, lastseen, name) := \Pi_{P1.uid, \ P1.lastSeen, \ P1.name}(\Pi_{uid}(\sigma_{P1.lastSeen} < p2.lastSeen}[(\rho_{P1}Public) \times (\rho_{P2}Public)]) -Winners(uid, lastSeen, name) Winners(uid, lastSeen, name) := \Pi_{uid, \ lastSeen, \ name}User \ - \ Losers
```

1.6 A user's contact list can be sorted by the start time. Find users who send their first direct message to a contact in the same order as the contact list order. So if Sue is Pat's oldest contact and Jo is the second oldest contact, then Pat's first direct message to Sue happens before her first direct message to Jo and so on for all contacts. Include users with empty contact lists. Return user's uid.

```
-DirectMsg(to, from, time, mid) DirectMsg(to, from, time, mid) := \Pi_{to, from, time, mid}(Message \bowtie (\rho_{Temp(to)}\Pi_{uid}User))
-Fail(mid) Fail(mid) := \Pi_{d1.mid}(\sigma_{d1.to=d2.to \land d1.from=d2.from \land d1.time>d2.time}[(\rho_{d1}DirectMsg) \times (\rho_{d2}DirectMsg)])
-FirstMsg(from, to time) FirstMsg(from, to, time) := \Pi_{from, to, time}((\Pi_{mid}DirectMsg - Fail) \bowtie DirectMsg)
-FirstMsgWithCon(user, contact, time, start) FirstMsgWithCon(user, contact, time, start) := (\rho_{temp(user, contact, start)}FirstMsg) \bowtie \Pi_{user, contact, start}Contact
-Loser(uid) Loser(uid) := \rho_{temp(uid)}(\Pi_{user} - \sigma_{F1.user=F2.user \land F1.contact\neq F2.contact \land F1.start < F2.start \land F1.time > F2.time} [(\rho_{F1}FirstMsgWithContact) \times (\rho_{F2}FirstMsgWithContact)]
) Ans(uid) := \Pi_{uid}User - Loser(uid)
```

1.7 Return all pairs of users with the same name. Return the two uids and the common name. Return each pair only once. (For example, if user 1 and user 2 are both named 'Pat', then return either [1, 2, 'Pat'] or [2, 1, 'Pat'] but not both).

-bla

 $Answer := \Pi_{U1.uid,\ U2.uid,\ name}$ $\sigma_{U1.uid>U2.uid\ \land\ U1.name=U2.name}$ $[(\rho_{U1}User)\times(\rho_{U2}User)]$

1.8 For each user and contact, report the time that the first direct message was sent from the user to the contact and the time the last direct message was sent. Return the uid of the user (in an attribute named user) and the contact (in an attribute named contact) and the first time (earliest) (in an attribute named first) and last (most recent) time (in an attribute named last). If a user has not sent any direct messages to a contact then include the user and contact with the value 0 for both the first and last times.

```
-bla
            NotLast(from, to, time) := \Pi_{M1.from, M1.to, M1.time}
                                             \sigma_{M1.from=M2.from \ \land \ M1.to=M2.to \ \land \ M1.time < M2.time, \ M1.time}
                                              [(\rho_{M1}Message) \times (\rho_{M2}Message)]
-bla
             LastTime(from, to, last) := \rho_{temp(from, to, last)}(\Pi_{from, to, time}Message - NotLast)
-bla
           NotFirst(from, to, time) := \Pi_{M1.from, M1.to, M1.time}
                                              \sigma_{M1.from=M2.from \ \land \ M1.to=M2.to \ \land \ M1.time>M2.time, \ M1.time}
                                              [(\rho_{M1}Message) \times (\rho_{M2}Message)]
-bla
                    FirstTime := \rho_{temp(from, to, first)}(\Pi_{from, to, time}Message - NotFirst)
-bla
NoContact(from, to, first, last) := \Pi_{from, to, 0, 0}(\rho_{temp(from, to)}\Pi_{user, contact}Contact - \Pi_{from, to}Message)
-bla
              Answer := \rho_{temp(uid, contact, from, last)}((FirstTime \bowtie LastTime) \cup NoContact)
```

1.9 A 'spammer' is a user who posts unwanted direct messages that are not read. A spammer must have sent at least direct message (so this message will appear in the Status relation). Because users may not be aware that someone is a spammer, they may read some of their initial messages. However, once they decide a certain user is a spammer, the receivers stop reading all messages from the spammer. This means that for a user who is sent a direct message from a spammer there are no delivered messages with a time that is earlier than any read message from the spammer. Return the spammer's user id and all their privacy settings (Privacy.lastSeen, Privacy.photo, Privacy.profile). Do not consider groups for this question. Only consider direct messages sent from a user to another single user (not to a group).

-Get all messages with their sending status

```
MsgWithStatus(mid, from, to, time, status) := \Pi_{mid, from, to, time, status}[Message \bowtie \rho_{temp(mid, to, status)}Status]
```

-Find messages that haves more than one status

```
More Than One (from, \ to, \ time, \ status) := \\ \Pi_{M1.from, \ M1.to, \ M1.time, \ M1.status} \\ \sigma_{M1.from=M2.from \ \land \ M1.to=M2.to \ \land \ (M1.status \neq "read" \ \land \ M2.status = "read") \ \lor \ (M1.status = "read" \ \land \ M2.status \neq "read")} \\ [\rho_{M1} MsgWith Status \times \rho_{M2} MsgWith Status]
```

-Get messages that are either all read or unread formed by the same sender

 $Only One Either All Read Or Unread (from,\ to,\ time,\ status) := \Pi_{from,\ to,\ time,\ status} MsgWith Status\ -\ More Than One More Than O$

-if messages that have sent by the same sender are all readed, the sender must be safe(not spammer)

$$OnlyOneAllRead(from) := \Pi_{from}\sigma_{status="read"}OnlyOneEitherAllReadOrUnread$$

-if messages that have sent by the same sender are all unreaded, the sender must be unsafe(spammer)

$$OnlyOneAllNotRead(from) := \Pi_{from}\sigma_{status \neq "read"}OnlyOneEitherAllReadOrUnread$$

-For those people who send messages with more than one status, if there is a recevier who read all his messages, the sender must not be a spammer.

```
\begin{split} Have One Person All Read (from) := & \Pi_{from} More Than One - \\ & \Pi_{m1.from} \\ & \sigma_{m1.from = m2.from \ \land \ m1.to = m2.to \ \land \ (m1.status \neq "read" \ \lor \ s2.status \neq "read")} \\ & [\rho_{m1} (More Than One) \times \rho_{m2} (More Than One)] \end{split}
```

-Find the sender who send messages with more than one status, and there is no person who read all his messages. They may become potential spammer.

```
More Than One Not All Read := More Than One - (More Than One \bowtie Have One Person All Read)
```

-Find the messages that are not last.

```
ExistReadAfterUnread(from) := \Pi_{m1.from}
```

 $\sigma_{m1.from=m2.from \land m1.to=m2.to \land m1.status="read" \land m2.status \neq "read" \land m1.time>m2.time} [\rho_{m1}(MoreThanOneNotAllRead) \times \rho_{m2}(MoreThanOneNotAllRead)]$

-Find the last messages with unread status from senders who have sent messages with more than one status and they must be spammers since we have already pop off the safe people above.

 $NoReadAfterUnread(from) := \!\! \Pi_{from}(MoreThanOneNotAllRead) - ExistReadAfterUnread(from) := \!\! \Pi_{from}(MoreThanOneNotAllReadAfterUnread(from) := \!\! \Pi_{from}(MoreThanOneNotAllReadAfterUnread(from) - I + I + I + I + I + I + I + I + I$

- The final answer will be all people except safe people and intersect with all spammers.

```
Answer(uid, last Seen, photo, profile) := \\ (\rho_{answer(uid)}[(\Pi_{from} MsgWith Status - Only One AllRead - Have One Person AllRead) \\ \cap \\ (Only One AllNot Read \cup No Read After Unread)]) \bowtie Privacy
```

Part 2. Integrity Constraints

2.1 The receiver (Message[to]) of a message must be either a user (User[uid]) or a group (Group[gid]).

-bla

$$\Pi_{to}Message - \rho_{temp1(to)}\Pi_{uid}User - \rho_{temp2(to)}\Pi_{qid}Group = \varnothing$$

- 2.2 A user can only send messages to users in her contacts (Contact[contact]) and the time of the message must be after the start of the contact. This includes direct messages sent to a user and messages sent to a group. All members of the group must be in the user's contacts.
- -WrongTimeDirectMsg(from)

 $WrongTimeDirectMsg(from) := \Pi_{from}$ $\sigma_{Message.from=Contact.user \ \land \ Message.to=Contact.contact \ \land \ Message.time<Contact.start}$ $[Message \times Contact]$

-GroupMsgWithMembers(from, uid, time)

 $GroupMsgWithMembers(from,\ uid,\ time) := \Pi_{from,uid,time}[(\rho_{temp(to,\ uid)}Group) \times Message]$

-WrongTimeGroupMsg(from)

 $WrongTimeGroupMsg(from) := \Pi_{from}$ $\sigma_{M.from=Contact.user} \land M.to=Contact.contact \land M.time=Contact.start$ $[(\rho_M GroupMsgWithMembers) \times Contact]$

-MsgBetweenNoContact(user, contact)

$$\begin{aligned} MsgBetweenNoContact(from) := & \Pi_{from} \\ & (\Pi_{from,\ uid}[Status \bowtie Message] \\ & - & \rho_{temp(from,\ uid)}\Pi_{user,\ contact}Contact) \end{aligned}$$

-Answer

 $Answer := WronqTimeDirectMsq \cup WronqTimeGroupMsq \cup MsqBetweenNoContact = \emptyset$

2.3 The total size of all attachments in a message must be less than 128MB.

This question is not solvable.

2.4 The Status relation may not contain a message and user if the message was not sent to that user (either directly or the user was part of a group that received the message).

-bla $Answer := \Pi_{mid,\ uid}Status \\ - \ \Pi_{mid,\ uid}[(\rho_{temp(mid,\ uid)}\Pi_{mid,\ to}Message) \bowtie (User)] \\ - \ \Pi_{mid,\ uid}[(Message) \bowtie (\rho_{temp(to,\ uid)}Group)] = \varnothing$