

Software Development Life cycle Design Specification

Author: Tom Reed, Matt Whitmore, Dave Clark, Silhab
Csoma, Mike Steel, Chris 'Tux' Lloyd, Alex
Badyda, Sam Jackson, Chris Marriott
Config. Ref.: SE.QA.G17
Date: 2012-12-5
Version: 1.2
Status: draft

Department of Computer Science,
Aberystwyth University,
Aberystwyth,
Ceredigion, SY23 3DB,
U.K.

©Aberystwyth University 2012

CONTENTS

| | | |
|-----------|---|-----------|
| 1 | Introduction | 3 |
| 1.1 | Purpose of this Document | 3 |
| 1.2 | Scope | 3 |
| 1.3 | Objectives | 3 |
| 2 | General Functionality | 3 |
| 2.1 | Description | 3 |
| 2.2 | Relational Database diagram | 4 |
| 2.3 | Relational Database diagram explanation | 4 |
| 3 | Algorithms | 4 |
| 4 | JSON Table | 5 |
| 5 | Significant Data Classes | 8 |
| 5.1 | Java Data Classes | 8 |
| 5.2 | User-Manager class | 8 |
| 5.3 | User class | 8 |
| 5.4 | Monster class | 8 |
| 5.5 | Request class | 8 |
| 5.6 | Functional Requirements | 9 |
| 6 | Breed Class | 9 |
| 6.1 | Classes extended and why | 9 |
| 6.2 | Public Methods | 9 |
| 7 | Monster Class | 9 |
| 7.1 | Classes extended and why | 9 |
| 7.2 | Public Methods | 9 |
| 8 | MySQLDatabase Class | 10 |
| 8.1 | Classes extended and why | 10 |
| 8.2 | Public Methods | 11 |
| 9 | Request | 11 |
| 9.1 | Classes extended and why | 11 |
| 9.2 | Public Methods | 11 |
| 10 | Request state | 11 |
| 10.1 | Classes extended and why | 11 |
| 10.2 | Public Methods | 11 |
| 11 | UserManager | 12 |
| 11.1 | classes extended and why | 12 |

| | |
|--|-----------|
| 11.2 Public Methods | 12 |
| 12 User | 12 |
| 12.1 Classes extended and why | 12 |
| 12.2 Public Methods | 12 |
| 13 Status class | 13 |
| 13.1 Classes extended and why | 13 |
| 13.2 Public methods | 13 |
| 14 RequestType class | 13 |
| 14.1 Classes extended and why | 13 |
| 14.2 Public methods | 13 |
| 15 Class Diagram | 14 |
| 16 Sequence Diagrams | 15 |
| 16.1 Accept Battle | 15 |
| 16.2 Accept Breed | 15 |
| 16.3 Add Friend | 16 |
| 16.4 Register User | 17 |
| 16.5 Send Battle/Breed Request | 18 |
| 16.6 User Log In | 18 |
| 17 State Diagram | 19 |
| REFERENCES | 20 |
| DOCUMENT HISTORY | 21 |

1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose of this Document

This should provide everything designers, programmers and testers need to know to use the facilities provided by a module. It should include an outline for all parts of the system. The information provide should be enough to get a basic understanding of the system.

1.2 Scope

An outline for each class and its containing methods. Explanation of how the server works and significant algorithms. Outline of how the system is navigated and operated through sequence diagrams.

1.3 Objectives

The objective of this document is to give an overview of the system that is being produced.

The areas covered by this plan are:

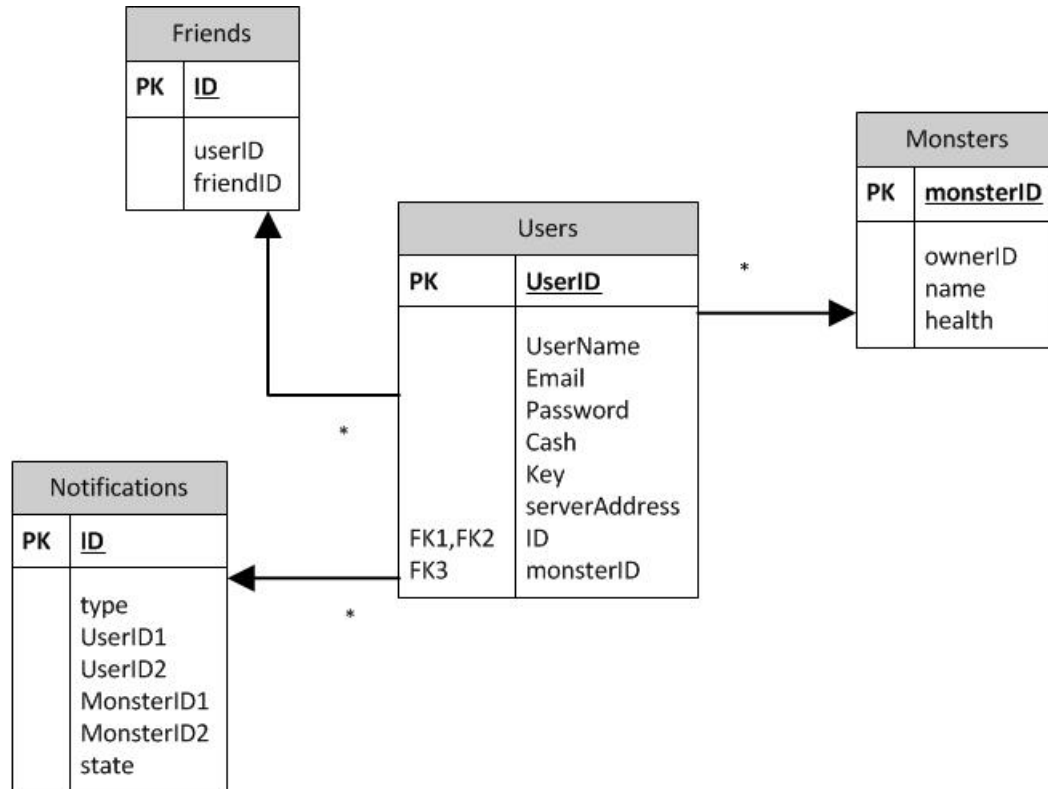
- Java Classes explanations
- Sequence diagrams
- Relational Database diagram
- JSON Table
- Algorithms

2 General Functionality

2.1 Description

An HTTP servlet is used to access the data contained within the backend of the server as if it was almost a web page. We will pass parameters between it and get a response. We will be working on the principle that one main servlet will perform different actions, passing through an actions variable and any data required to be processed. There are two methods of accessing this; using get and post requests. The get request will pass the parameters through the URL, the post request through a hidden layer, based on the users input. JavaScript will collate the necessary data, and attach the appropriate action command before sending to the server.

2.2 Relational Database diagram



2.3 Relational Database diagram explanation

This is a relational database diagram for our database, we have used 4 tables to store information about the User, the Users table to store information directly related e.g. user name etc. We then have the Monsters table in which will have information about the users monsters, the friends table to store the users friends and the notifications table to store information about any notification the user might have e.g. a user who wants to battle their monster with you.

3 Algorithms

The algorithm for the aging process and strengths as follows:

$$=(10+2.7*A)*EXP((A*(-0.09)))$$

The A is the number of days that have passed. Upon birth it is at 100% health, after 7 days it rises to 150%. After 21 days(3 weeks) it's back to 100% and at 84 days(12 weeks) the monster shall be at 0%(Dead).

4 JSON Table

| Page | Event | Description | Action | Data | Response | |
|---------|----------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Profile | On Load | Request a list of the users monsters | getMonsters | N/a | | |
| Battle | On Load | Request a list of users monsters and a list of the users friends. | getMonsters | N/a | | |
| | On clicking a friend | Request a list of a friends monsters. | getFriends | N/a | | |
| | | | getFriendsMonsters | friendId : Int | ID representing a friend. | n |
| | On clicking battle | Create a new battle request. | newBattleRequest | userMonsterId: Int | ID of the selected monster. | y |
| Breed | On Load | Request a list of users monsters and a list of the users friends. | getMonsters | friendId: Int | ID of the friend we're battling with. | |
| | | | | monsterId: Int | ID of our friends monster. | |
| | | | | N/a | ID representing a friend. | n |
| | On clicking a friend | Request a list of a friends monsters. | getFriends | N/a | | |
| | | | getFriendsMonsters | friendId : Int | | |
| | On clicking breed | Create a new breed request. | newBreedRequest | userMonsterId: Int | ID of the selected monster. | y |
| | | | | friendId: Int | ID of the friend we're battling with. | |
| | | | | monsterId: Int | ID of our friends monster. | |

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| Friends | On Load | Request a list of friends. | getFriends | N/a | | |
| | | Request a list of pending friends. | getAllNotifications | N/a | | |
| | Accept Friend Click | Accept a pending friend request. | acceptRequest | id: Int | ID representing a friend | n |
| | Decline Friend Click | Decline a pending friend request. | declineRequest | id: Int | ID representing a friend | n |
| | Add Friend Click | Send a request to connect to another user as a friend. | addFriend | username: email | The users email address. | y |
| Notifications Menu | On Load | Request a list of all notifications for the current user. | getAllNotifications | N/a | <pre>{ "Notifications": [{ "Type": "BATTLE", "ID": "1", "From": "email" }, { "Type": "BREED", "ID": "2", "From": "email" }, { "Type": "FRIEND", "ID": "3", "From": "email" },] }</pre> Type can be BATTLE BREED or FRIEND | |
| | Click accept request | Accept the notification. | acceptRequest | id :Int | ID of the notification | n |
| | Click decline request | Decline the notification. | declineRequest | Id :Int | ID of the notification | n |

5 Significant Data Classes

5.1 Java Data Classes

There are four main classes within the Java designed to be implemented within the project, these are Monster, User, User-Manager, and Request.

5.2 User-Manager class

User-Manager handles the basic ability to get a user from the database and find out if they exist, as well as being able to add and remove a user from the database. This class is therefore key to having a usable log in page, as well as being absolutely necessary for a functioning registration form for new users.

5.3 User class

The User class handles more specific details appropriate to a user, including both details necessary for the user logging in, such as getting the user-name and password, as well as details necessary for the management of the user within the game, such as methods to get which monsters the user has. There will also be parts of this class that handle setting the user-name and password and other key parts of the users details, so this is a class key to many functions of the website; from creating a new user and logging in, to finding out what monsters and friends that user has.

5.4 Monster class

There is then the Monster class which will handle all the functionality regarding monsters that a user might own, including basic things such as who owns the monster, its stats, and what its name is, to key details that add depth to the game, such as the monsters age, how many battles it has won, and how fertile it is.

5.5 Request class

Finally, there is the Request class, which will handle requests from other players to breed, fight, or become friends. This will handle everything to do with notifying the recipient of these requests, such as noting who the request is from, and responding to it.

| | |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| Monster | FR3, FR4, FR10 |
| User | FR1, FR6, FR7, FR8, F11 |
| User-Manager | FR1, FR2, FR3, FR7 |
| Request | FR6, FR9 |

Table 1: This table shows the functional of Java classes

5.6 Functional Requirements

6 Breed Class

The breed class is called Breed.class and is a private class.

6.1 Classes extended and why

N/A

6.2 Public Methods

The only public method this class has is ENUM Breed and has no parameters. This is a list of set monster types that the monster will be of type. Used ENUM so can only select a type from that list.

7 Monster Class

The monster class is called Monster.class and is a public class.

7.1 Classes extended and why

N/A

7.2 Public Methods

Public methods are as follows: public Integer getId() - This will return an ID, used for identification purposes. public void setId(Integer id) - is used to set the unique ID and takes parameter of Integer id. public Integer getOwnerId() - this will return the unique id of the owner, used for identification of owner. public void setOwnerId(Integer ownerId) - This is used to set the unique owner id and takes Integer ownerId as a parameter.

public String getName() - This will return the name of the owner and monster.
public void setName(String name) This will set the name for owner and monster and takes String name as a parameter. public float getHealth() - This will get the health of the monster. public void setHealth(float health) - This will set the health of the monster, will be done after battle. Takes float health as a parameter.
public float getStrength() - This will return the strength of the monster. public void setStrength(float strength) - This sets the strength of the monster and takes float strength as a parameter. public float getDefence() - This will return the monsters defence. public void setDefence(float defence) - This will set the monsters defence and take float defence as a parameter.

public float getAggression() - This will return the monsters aggression. public void setAggression(float aggression) - This will set the monsters aggression and will take float aggression as a parameter. public float getFertility() - This will return the monsters fertility which will be used during the breeding process. public void setFertility(float fertility) - This will set the fertility of the monster and will take float fertility as a parameter. public Breed getBreed() - This will return the monsters breed type. public void setBreed(Breed breed) - This will set the monsters breed type and takes Breed breed as a parameter. public Status getStatus() - This will get the status of the monster. public void setStatus(Status status) - This will set the status of the monster and will take Status status as a parameter. public int getAge() - This will return the age of the monster. public void setAge(int age) - This will set the age of the monster and will take int age as a parameter.

public int getCashPrize() - This will return the cash prize from the battle. public void setCashPrize(int cashPrize) - This will set the cash prize and take int cashPrize as a parameter. public int getWins() - This will return the number of wins. public void setWins(int wins) - This will set the number of wins and takes int wins as a parameter. public int getLosses() - This will return number of losses. public void setLosses(int losses) - This will set the losses and takes int losses as a parameter.

8 MySQLDatabase Class

The MySQLDatabase class is called MySQLDatabase.class and is a public class.

8.1 Classes extended and why

N/A

8.2 Public Methods

9 Request

The Request class is called Request.class and is a public class.

9.1 Classes extended and why

N/A

9.2 Public Methods

public User getFrom() - This will return from which is of type User. public void setFrom(User from) - This will set the User from and take User from as a parameter. public User getTo() - This will return to which is of type User. public void setTo(User to) - This will set the User to value and take User to as a parameter. public Monster getFromMon() - This will return fromMon which is of type Monster. public void setFromMon(Monster fromMon) - This will set fromMon and takes Monster fromMon as a parameter. public Monster getToMon() - This will return a toMon which is of type Monster. public void setToMon(Monster toMon) - This will set toMon and takes Monster toMon as a parameter. public RequestType getType() - This will return type which is of type request. public void setType(RequestType type) - This will set type and take RequestType type as a parameter. These will be used to determine whether it is pending, accepted and declined. public RequestState getState() - This will return state which is of type RequestState. public void setState(RequestState state) - This will set state which is of type RequestState and takes RequestState state as a parameter.

10 Request state

The request state class is called RequestState.class and is a public ENUM class.

10.1 Classes extended and why

N/A

10.2 Public Methods

The only method in this class is enum RequestState. This is used to allow 3 states to be identified of which are ACCEPTED, PENDING and DECLINED. These will

be used for requests such as battle and breed.

11 UserManager

The user manager class is called UserManager.class and is a public class.

11.1 classes extended and why

N/A

11.2 Public Methods

public UserManager() - public User fetchUser(Integer id) public User getUser(String name) public void addUser(User user) public void removeUser(User user) public void createUser(Integer id, String username, String email, String password)

12 User

The user class is called User.class and is a public class.

12.1 Classes extended and why

N/A

12.2 Public Methods

public Integer getId() - This will return id which is of type Integer. public void setId(Integer id) - This will set id and takes Integer id as a parameter. public String getUsername() - This will return username which is of type String. public void setUsername(String username) - This will set username and takes String username as a parameter. public Integer getKey() - This will return key and is of type Integer. public void setKey(Integer key) - This will set key and takes Integer key as a parameter. public String getEmail() - This will return email and is of type String. public void setEmail(String email) - This will set email and takes String email as a parameter. public String getPassword() - This returns password and is of type String. public void setPassword(String password) - This will set the password and takes String password as a parameter. public Integer getCash() - This will return cash and is of type Integer. public void setCash(Integer cash) - This sets cash and takes Integer cash as a parameter. public String getServerAdd()

- This will return serverAdd and is of type String. public void setServerAdd(String serverAdd) - This sets serverAdd and takes String serverAdd as a parameter. public ArrayList<Monster>getMonsters() - This will return a list of monsters of type ArrayList<Monster>. public void setMonsters(ArrayList<Monster>monsters) - This sets monsters and takes ArrayList<Monsters>monsters as a parameter. public ArrayList<User>getFriends() - This will return a list of friends of type ArrayList<User>. public void setFriends(ArrayList<User>friends) - This sets friends and takes ArrayList<User>friends as a parameter. public ArrayList<Request>getRequests() - This will get a list of requests of type ArrayList<Request>. public void setRequests(ArrayList<Request>requests) - This will set requests and takes ArrayList<Request>requests as a parameter.

13 Status class

The Status class is called Status.java and is a public enum class.

13.1 Classes extended and why

N/A

13.2 Public methods

This class is an ENUM class and defines a set of 4 statuses that monsters can have. NORMAL, SICK, DEAD and HAPPY.

14 RequestType class

The Request type class is called RequestType.class and is a public ENUM class.

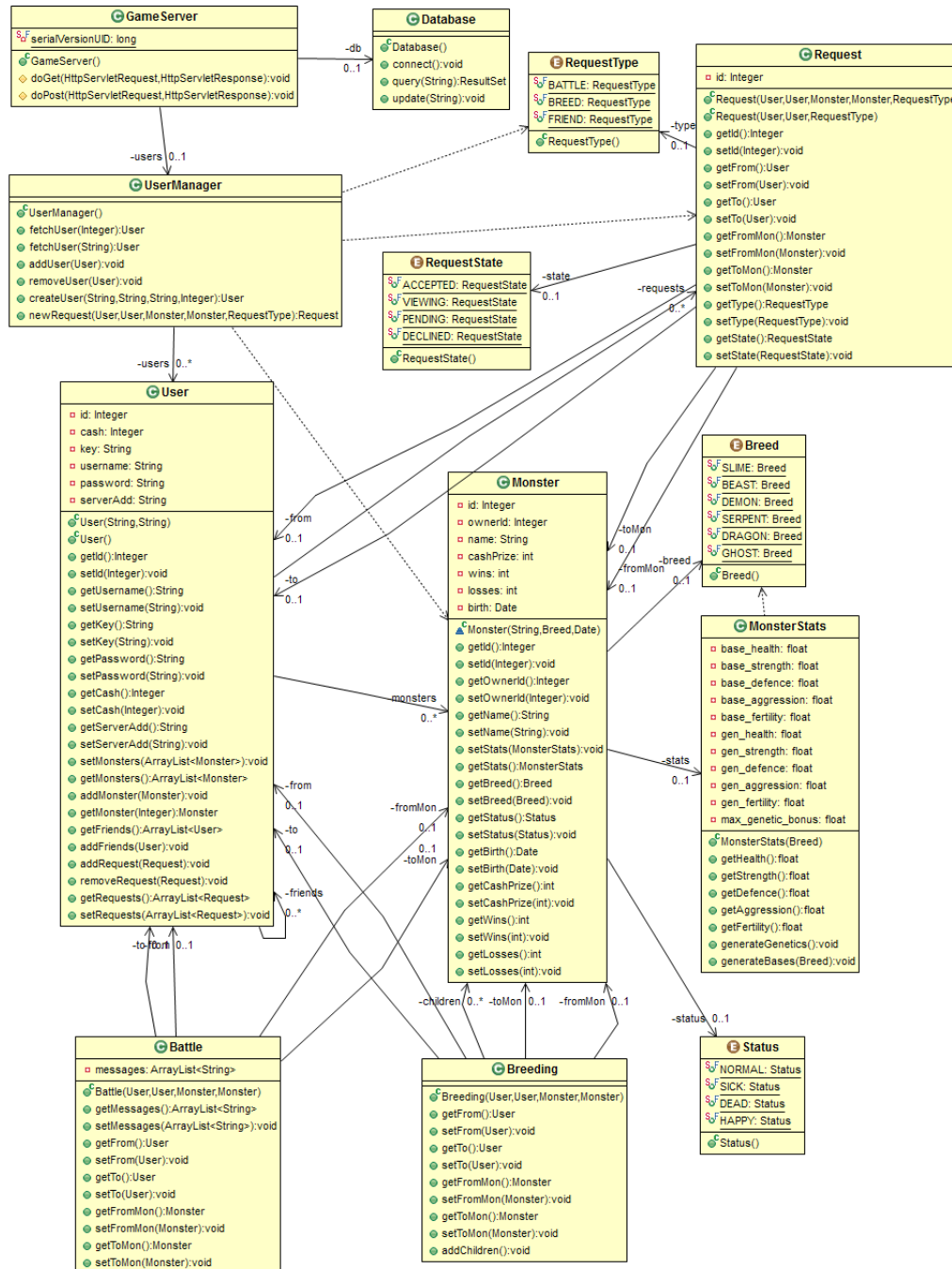
14.1 Classes extended and why

N/A

14.2 Public methods

This class is an ENUM class and defines a set of 3 types for request. BATTLE, BREED and FRIEND.

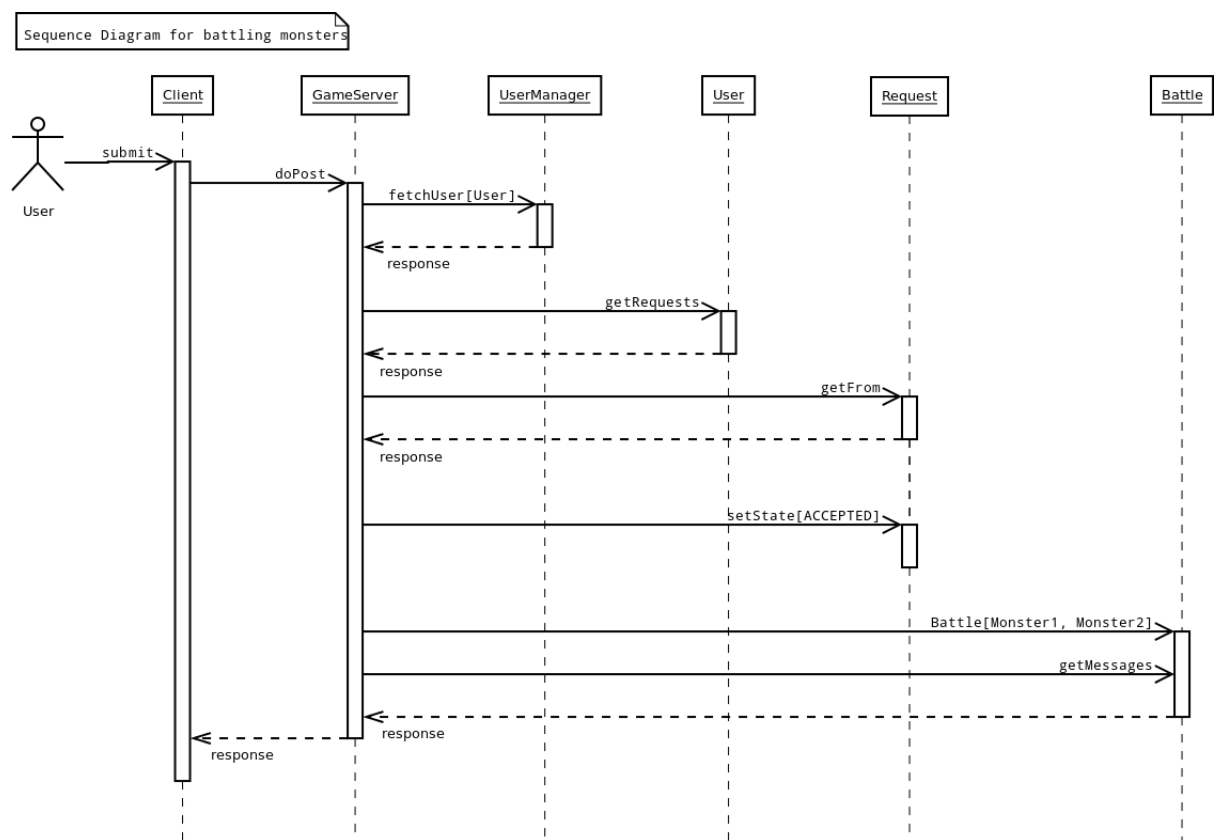
15 Class Diagram



16 Sequence Diagrams

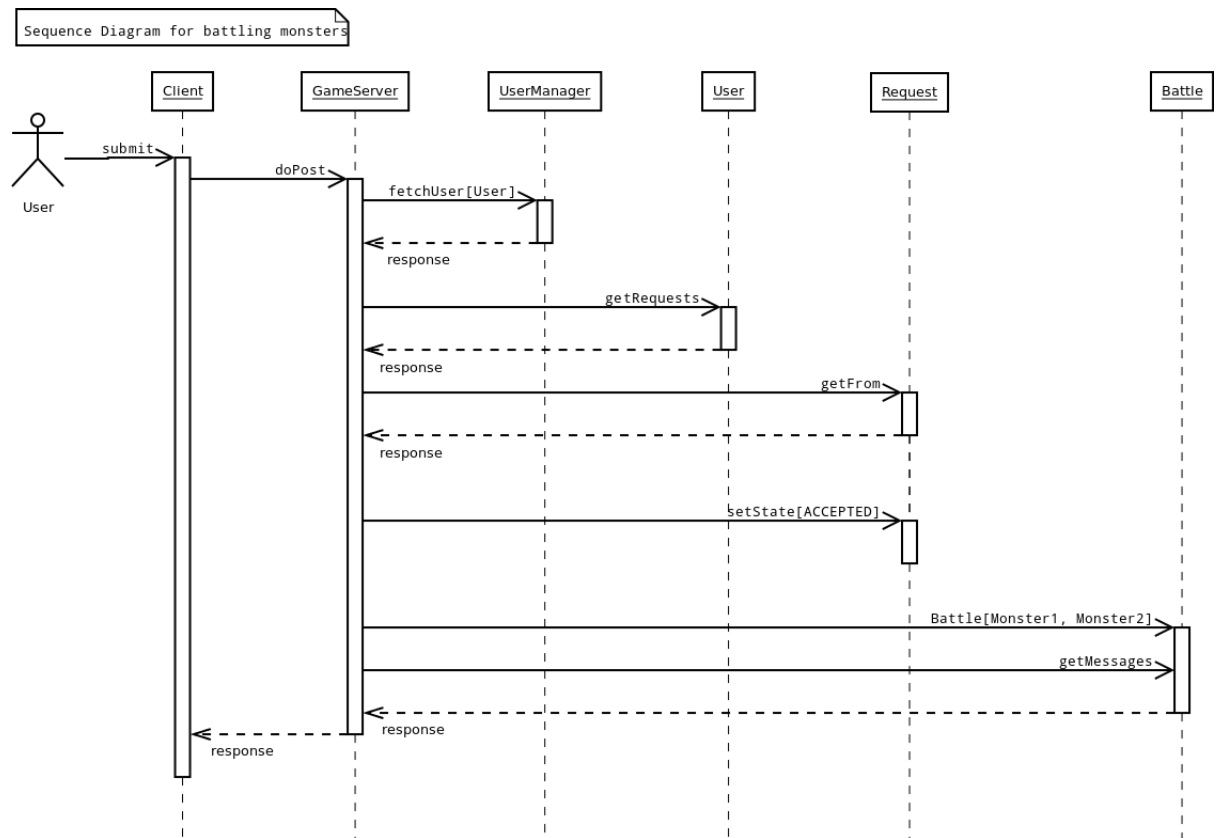
16.1 Accept Battle

This sequence diagram shows a user accepting a battle request that has been sent to them by a friend. The diagram shows the users response being sent to the server using the doPost method. The request then runs through the relevant classes in order to gain the information required.



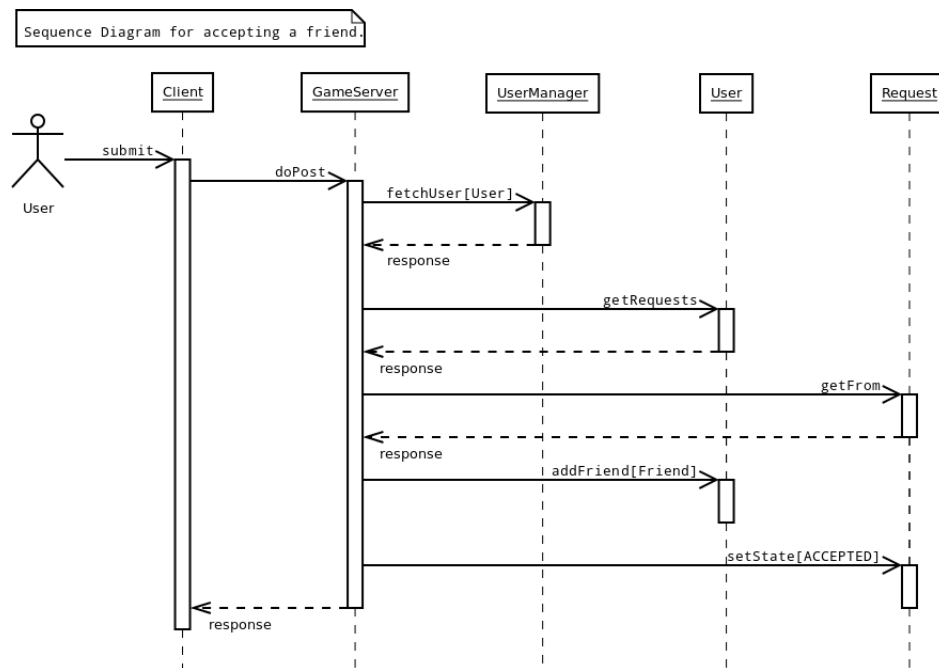
16.2 Accept Breed

This sequence diagram shows a user accepting a breed request that has been sent to them by a friend. The diagram shows the users response being sent to the server using the doPost method. The request then runs through the relevant classes in order to gain the information required.



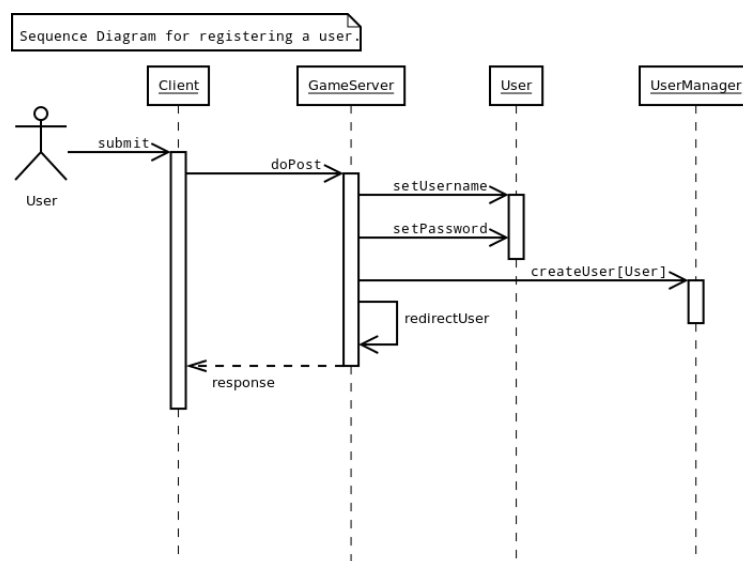
16.3 Add Friend

This sequence diagram shows a user adding a friend. The users request is sent to the server using the doPost method. The request then runs through the relevant classes in order to gain the information required. A request is then sent to the corresponding user using the addRequest method and User class.



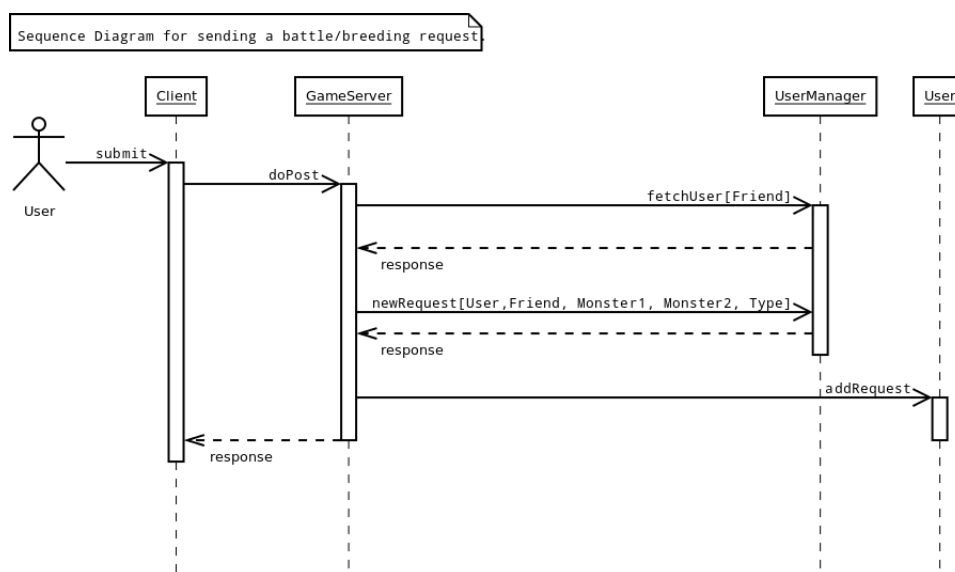
16.4 Register User

This sequence diagram shows a user submitting their password and username to create a monstermash account. The diagram shows the users password and username being sent to the server using the doPost method. The request then runs through the relevant classes in order to process the users details and create the new account.



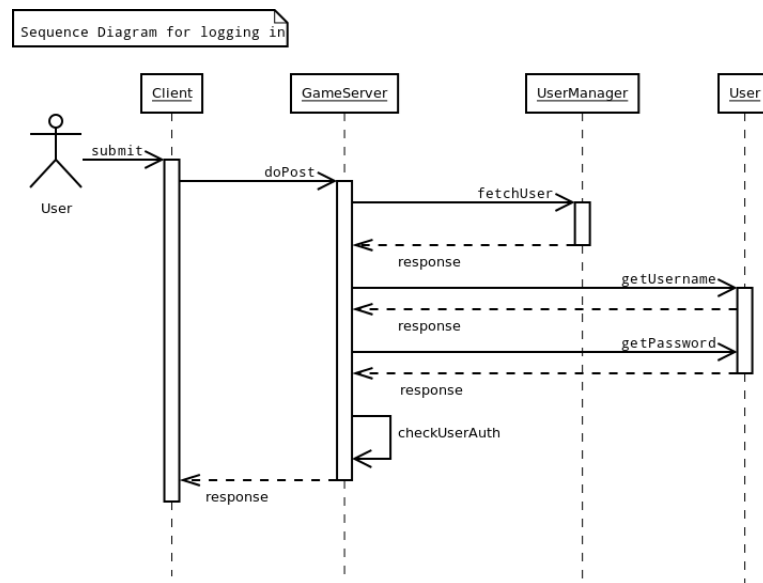
16.5 Send Battle/Breed Request

This sequence diagram shows a user sending a breed or battle request to a friend. The diagram shows the users request being sent to the server using the doPost method. A request is then sent to the corresponding user using the addRequest method and User class.

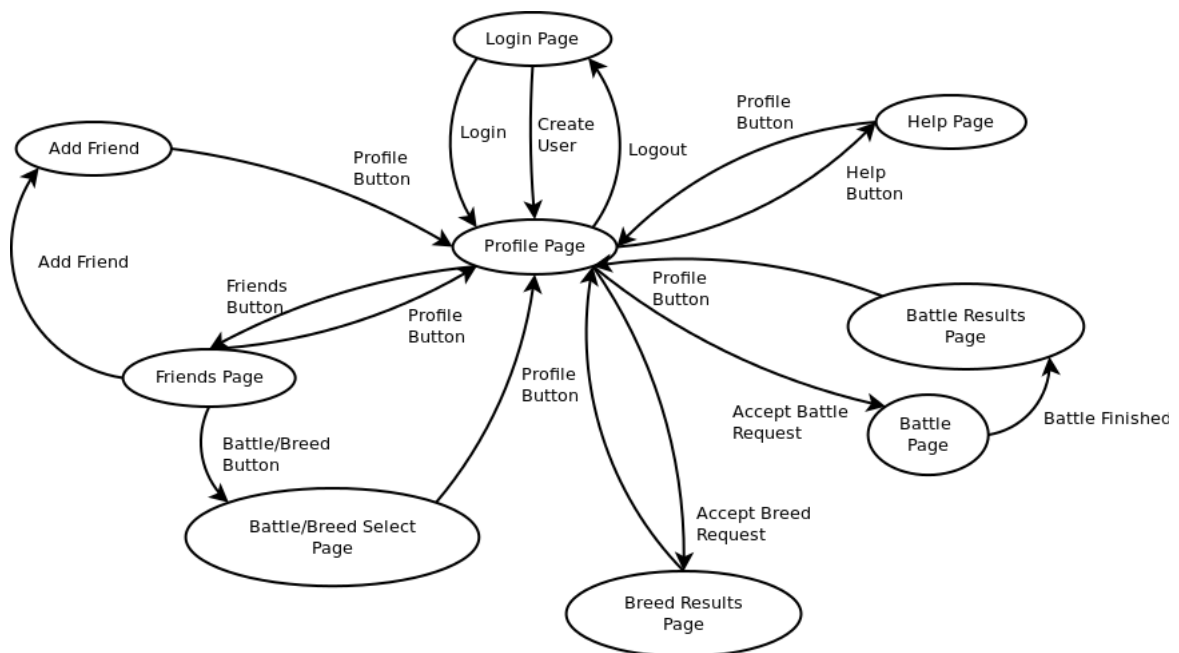


16.6 User Log In

This sequence diagram shows a user logging in to monstermash. The user submits their login information and it is posted to the server using the doPost method. The request then runs through the relevant classes, checking the login details. A response is generated if the login details are invalid or the user is logged in if their details are valid.



17 State Diagram



REFERENCES

- [1] *N/A*

DOCUMENT HISTORY

| Version | CCF No. | Date | Changes made to Document | Changed by |
|---------|---------|------------|--|------------|
| 1.0 | N/A | 2012-10-31 | Initial creation | CPM4 |
| 1.1 | N/A | 2012-11-2 | Added information from Mike | CPM4 |
| 1.2 | N/A | 2012-12-5 | Updated config ref and added other documents | CPM4 |
| 1.3 | N/A | 2012-12-6 | Added missing data and fixed few mistakes | CPM4 |