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Math :-

Assignment

Question #2:-

~~:-  $\underline{i}$  ...~~

magnitude = 2 , parallel to =  $-\underline{i} + \underline{j} + \underline{k}$

let  $\underline{v} = -\underline{i} + \underline{j} + \underline{k}$

$$|\underline{v}| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + (1)^2 + (1)^2} = \sqrt{3}$$

$\therefore$  Unit vector is  $\parallel$  to  $\underline{v} = \hat{\underline{v}} = \frac{\underline{v}}{|\underline{v}|}$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (-\underline{i} + \underline{j} + \underline{k})$$

$\therefore$  required vector  $\parallel$  to  $\underline{v} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} (-\underline{i} + \underline{j} + \underline{k})$

$$= -\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \underline{i} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \underline{j} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \underline{k}$$

~~Ex (ii)~~

$$\underline{a} = \underline{i} - \underline{k} \quad , \quad \underline{b} = \underline{j} + \underline{k}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{a} \cdot \underline{b} &= (\underline{i} - \underline{k}) \cdot (\underline{j} + \underline{k}) \\ &= (1)(0) + (0)(1) + (-1)(1) \\ &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\underline{a}| &= \sqrt{(1)^2 + (0)^2 + (-1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\underline{b}| &= \sqrt{(0)^2 + (1)^2 + (1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

projection of  $\underline{a}$  along  $\underline{b}$ :

$$\frac{\underline{a} \cdot \underline{b}}{|\underline{b}|} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

projection of  $\underline{b}$  along  $\underline{a}$ :

$$\frac{\underline{a} \cdot \underline{b}}{|\underline{a}|} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

~~Ex (iii)~~

Sum of Vector  $\vec{AB}$  &  $\vec{CD}$

$$A(1, -1), B(2, 0), C(-1, 3), D(-2, 2)$$

$$\vec{OA} = \underline{i} - \underline{j} \quad , \quad \vec{OB} = 2\underline{i} \quad , \quad \vec{OC} = -\underline{i} + 3\underline{j} \quad , \quad \vec{OD} = -2\underline{i} + 2\underline{j}$$

$$\vec{AB} = \vec{OB} - \vec{OA}$$

$$= 2\underline{i} - \underline{i} + \underline{j}$$

$$= \underline{i} + \underline{j}$$

$$\vec{CD} = \vec{OD} - \vec{OC}$$

$$= -2\underline{i} + 2\underline{j} + \underline{i} - 3\underline{j}$$

$$= -\underline{i} - \underline{j}$$

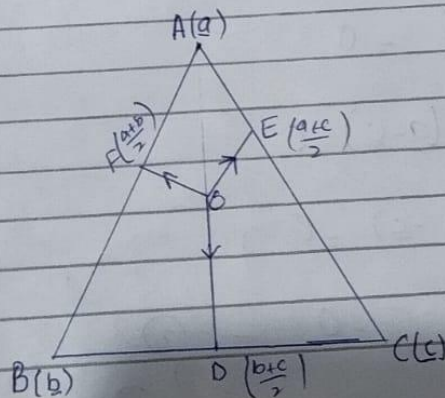
$$\vec{AB} + \vec{CD} = \underline{i} + \underline{j} - \underline{i} - \underline{j}$$

$$= 0$$

### Question # 3:

Perpendicular bisector of sides of  $\Delta$  are concurrent

Diagram :-





$$\begin{aligned}\text{posp vector of } A &= \vec{OA} = \underline{a} \\ \text{posp vector of } B &= \vec{OB} = \underline{b} \\ \text{posp vector of } C &= \vec{OC} = \underline{c}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{posp vector of Midpoint 'D' of } BC = \vec{OD} = \frac{\underline{b} + \underline{c}}{2}$$

$$\text{posp vector of Midpoint 'E' of } AC = \vec{OE} = \frac{\underline{a} + \underline{c}}{2}$$

$$\text{posp vector of Midpoint 'F' of } AB = \vec{OF} = \frac{\underline{a} + \underline{b}}{2}$$

$$\vec{BC} = \vec{OC} - \vec{OB} = \underline{c} - \underline{b}$$

$$\vec{CA} = \vec{OA} - \vec{OC} = \underline{a} - \underline{c}$$

$$\vec{AB} = \vec{OB} - \vec{OA} = \underline{b} - \underline{a}$$

$$\therefore \vec{OD} \perp \vec{BC} \quad \therefore \vec{OE} \perp \vec{CA} \quad \therefore \vec{OF} \perp \vec{BA}$$

$$\rightarrow \vec{OD} \cdot \vec{BC} = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{\underline{b} + \underline{c}}{2} \right) \cdot (\underline{c} - \underline{b}) = 0$$

$$(\underline{b} + \underline{c}) \cdot (\underline{c} - \underline{b}) = 0$$

$$(\underline{c} + \underline{b}) \cdot (\underline{c} - \underline{b}) = 0$$

$$\underline{c}^2 - \underline{b}^2 = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\rightarrow \vec{OE} \cdot \vec{CA} = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{\underline{a} + \underline{c}}{2} \right) \cdot (\underline{a} - \underline{c}) = 0$$

$$(\underline{a} + \underline{c}) \cdot (\underline{a} - \underline{c}) = 0$$

$$\underline{a}^2 - \underline{c}^2 = 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

from eq. ① and ②

$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$

$$-(b^2 - a^2) = 0$$

$$b^2 - a^2 = 0$$

$$(b+a) \cdot (b-a) = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{b+a}{2} \right) \cdot (b-a) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \overrightarrow{OF} \cdot \overrightarrow{AB} = 0$$

$$\overrightarrow{OF} \cdot \overrightarrow{AB} = 0$$

$$\overrightarrow{OF} \perp \overrightarrow{AB}$$

Hence the perpendicular bisector of the  $\Delta$  sides are concurrent.

**Q#1:-**

1. D

2. B

3. BC

4. D