

Pakistan Studies

Weekly Assignment 8

MCQs

1. 1973
2. Governor
3. Supreme Court
4. Judiciary
5. President

Short Question

(i)

Citizen Rights

- All the citizens have the freedom of expression.
- Every citizen has right to preach his religion.
- No citizen is punished twice, for a crime
- No citizen is punished for his previous crime.

(ii)

Judiciary Review

- Supreme court has authority to review laws passed by the legislature in the states where written constitution is implemented. If it is brought to the notice of the Supreme court that the law passed by the ~~the~~ legislature is unconstitutional, then it reviews laws. If the law is found against the constitution of the country, it can be declared null and void. This process is called judiciary review.

(iii)

Muslim

For the first time, the definition of Muslim was included in the constitution of 1973. A person who does believe in Oneness of Allah, the absolute finality of (prophethood) of Hazrat Muhammad the day of judgement and the books of

Allah Almighty, is a Muslim.

(iv)

Interpretation of law and constitution

• When the law is not directly applicable in a case, the judiciary decides by interpreting the relevant law. In this way, the judges set such precedents which remain before the judges decided later cases and are considered as the law of the state.

(v)

Sovereignty of Allah Almighty

• The constitution reiterates that sovereignty of the whole world belongs to Allah Almighty. The public representatives will exercise the power within the limits as a sacred trust of Allah Almighty.