## Low-Rank Matrix Completion project

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### Problem Statement

#### Task

Given the amount of observed matrix entries to reconstruct low-rank matrix approximation.

## **Applications:**

- recommender systems;
- image-processing;
- imputation of NAs for genomic data;
- rank estimation for SVD.

## Problem Statement

#### **Notations:**

- M n × m unknown matrix;
- $\Omega \in \{1, ..., n\} \times \{1, ..., m\}$  indices of observed elements;

0

$$P_{\Omega}(M) = egin{cases} M_{ij}, & ext{if } (i,j) \in \Omega; \ 0, & ext{otherwise}. \end{cases}$$

### **Optimization Task**

$$\begin{array}{ll} \displaystyle \mathop{\sf minimize}_{X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}} \quad {\sf rank}(X) \\ \\ {\sf subject to} \quad P_{\Omega}(X) = P_{\Omega}(M) \end{array}$$

NP-hard problem!



## Related Works

- Candes E. J., Recht B. Exact matrix completion via convex optimization. 2009.
- 2 Cai J. F., Candes E. J., Shen Z. A singular value thresholding algorithm for matrix completion. 2010.
- Mazumder R., Hastie T., Tibshirani R. Spectral regularization algorithms for learning large incomplete matrices. 2010.
- Jain P., Meka R., Dhillon I. S. Guaranteed rank minimization via singular value projection. 2010.
- Takacs G. et al. Scalable collaborative filtering approaches for large recommender systems. 2009.
- Vandereycken B. Low-rank matrix completion by Riemannian optimization. 2013.

# Convex Relaxation (Candes E. J., Recht B., 2009)

## Original Task

minimize  $\operatorname{rank}(X)$   $X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$ 

subject to  $P_{\Omega}(X) = P_{\Omega}(M)$ 

### Relaxation

 $\begin{array}{ll}
\text{minimize} & \|X\|_* \\
X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m} & P_{\Omega}(X) = P_{\Omega}(M)
\end{array}$ subject to  $P_{\Omega}(X) = P_{\Omega}(M)$ 

#### **Motivation:**

$$\mathsf{rank}(X) = |\{i : \sigma_i(X) \neq 0\}|;$$

$$||X||_* = \sum_{i=1}^k \sigma_i(X).$$

### **Problems:**

- expensive computations
- only for small matrices

# SVP (Jain P., Meka R., Dhillon I. S., 2010)

## Original Task

 $\min_{X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}} \mathsf{rank}(X)$ 

subject to  $P_{\Omega}(X) = P_{\Omega}(M)$ 

### Relaxation

## Steps

- gradient descent for convex function;
- SVD projection on the k-dimensional space;

#### Features:

- sensitive to given rank k;
- guaranteed rank minimization for RIP-matrices.

# SVT (Cai J. F., Candes E. J., Shen Z., 2010)

## Original Task

## Relaxation

## Steps

- proximal gradient descent method;
- soft-thresholding for singular values;

### Features:

- sensitive to noise;
- TO DO

# SoftImpute (Hastie T., Tibshirani R., 2010)

## Original Task

minimize  $_{X\in\mathbb{R}^{n imes m}}$  rank(X) subject to  $P_{\Omega}(X)=P_{\Omega}(M)$ 

### Relaxation

 $\underset{X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}}{\mathsf{minimize}} \quad \|X\|_*$ 

s. t.  $\|P_{\Omega}(X) - P_{\Omega}(M)\|_F \leq \delta$ 

#### **Motivation:**

The method is the same as SVT with  $\delta=0$ . When  $\delta>0$  the overfitting is less possible.

## Steps:

- proximal gradient descent method;
- soft-thresholded SVD;
- warm starts.



## **RIMSF**

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## **Numerical Experiments**

- Synthetic data
   Low-rank matrices with random noise.
- Low-rank images
   Visual demonstration of algorithms.
- Assessment dataset
   Real dataset for collaborating filtering.

# Synthetic Data

# **Images**

## Assessment data